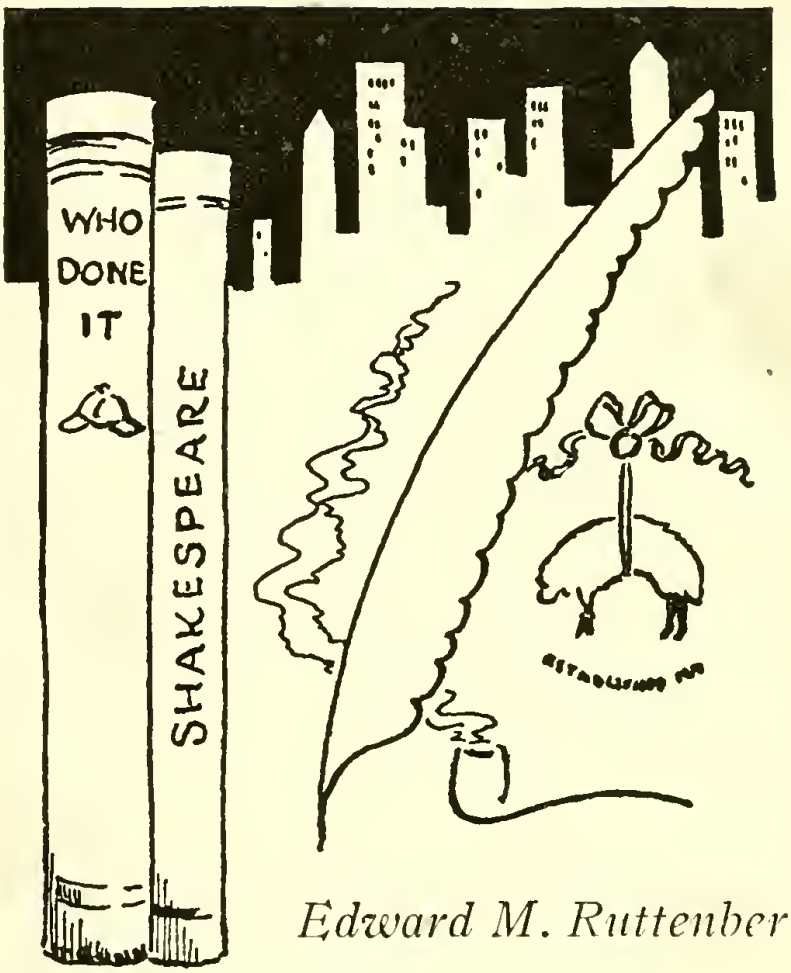


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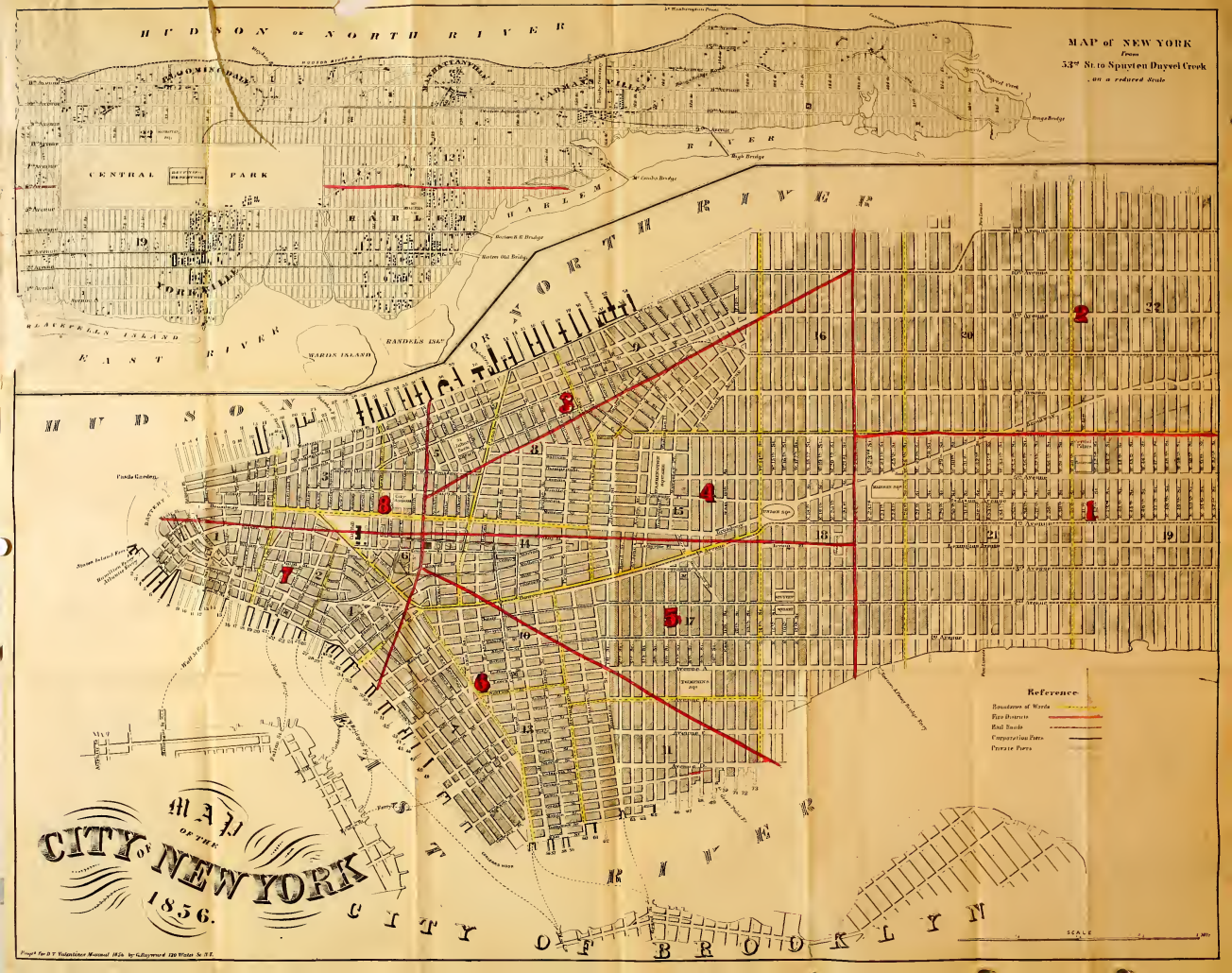
AP of NEW YORK

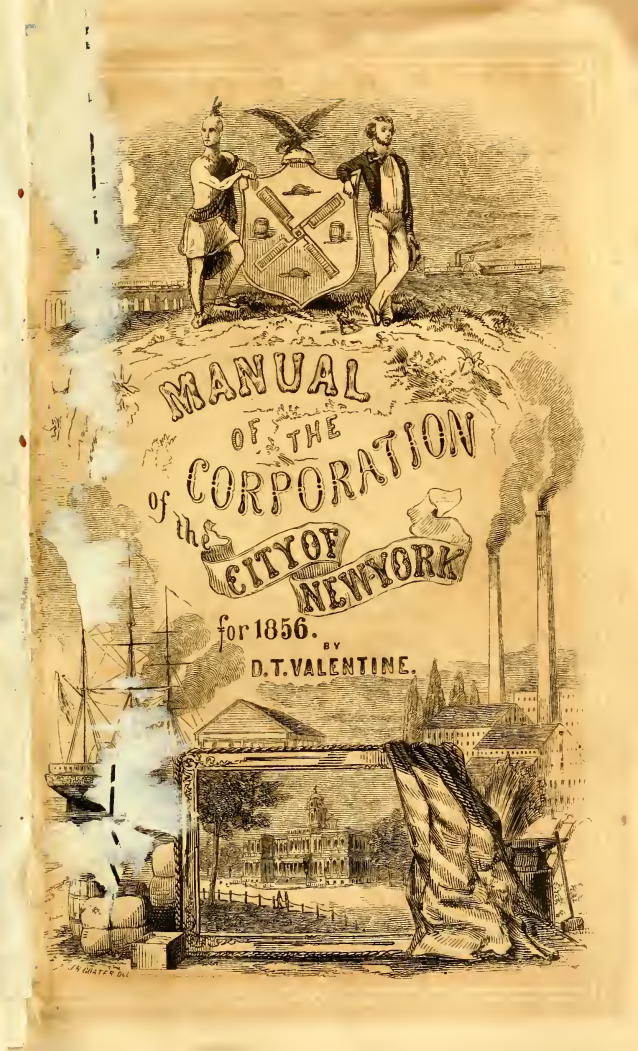
From

St. to Spuyten Duyvel Creek

on a reduced Scale

1 Mile


MAP of NEW YORK
From
53rd St. to Spuyten Duyvel Creek
on a reduced Scale
HUDSON or NORTH RIVER
CENTRAL PARK
HARLEM
HARLEM RIVER
EAST RIVER
BLACKWELLS ISLAND
WARDS ISLAND
RANDELS ISLE
YORKVILLE
MANHATTANVILLE
CARMANSVILLE
MORRISANIA
Reference
Boundaries of Wards
Fire Districts
Hall Bonds
Corporation Parts
Private Parts
MAP OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK 1856.
CITY OF BROOKLYN
SCALE


MANUAL
OF THE
CORPORATION
of the
CITY OF
NEW YORK
for 1856.
BY
D. T. VALENTINE.

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1856, by
D. T. VALENTINE,
in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Southern District of
New York.

McSpedon & Baker, Printers,
29, 31, 33 Beekman Street.

PREFACE.

The Compiler, in presenting this year's Manual, thinks it not improper to advert to the fact of which the proofs are evinced on all sides, that his efforts to perpetuate therein the old landmarks of our city, by engravings and historical sketches of the olden time have excited an approving sentiment in the public mind; and made the successive issues of the Manual a matter of interest to many citizens not immediately connected with the city government. This has, for many years, been anticipated by him, for he has been aware that, in no other way than by establishing a well known medium, through which the relics of the past could be presented to the public, could the many interesting memorials, hidden among the family archives of the descendants of ancient stock, be brought into public notice. It is from such individual resources that many of the views, which have never before been engraved and published, have been furnished; and he has, beside, found several gentlemen who, from love to the subject itself, have lent their active co-operation in searching out, and presenting for publication, such mementos of the past as they were able to discover. But the subject is not, by any means, exhausted; and, indeed, the Compiler has every reason to anticipate still more interesting contributions for any future number of the Manual that may be published, so that it is probable that a full series of this work will present an epitome of our early history, which could not, through any other means, be reasonably expected to be presented to the public. Taking into consideration the interest with which our local history has always been regarded by our community, and the present rapid progress of the city, which promises soon to obliterate all the natural landmarks of the island, the Compiler thinks it not inappropriate to venture his approval of suggestions which have been made in respect to the preservation of views of such localities as now present noticeable features, in the natural formation of the island, of old dwellings, farm-houses, country-seats, etc., as well as of

the more prominent buildings, private as well as public, which denote the present fashions of architecture. It is providing, for future generations, what we greatly wish had been provided for us; for there are many now among us who would look upon a crude sketch of old Burgomaster Van Cortland's residence, or the Damen farm-house, or a line of dwellings in Broadway a century ago; or, indeed, of any picture of localities now obliterated, and of which not even an idea can be satisfactorily formed, than upon the finest gem of modern art. There is much satisfaction in fixing "a local habitation and a name" to those scenes where our imaginations love to wander. The photographic process will facilitate this purpose, and if a gallery of views could be established in the Historical Society, it would be a desirable bequest to the visitors of that worthy institution some ages hence. With respect to the arrangement of the Manual for this year, the Compiler thinks that it will present the list of public officers and of public institutions in an improved form; and that in the engravings and sketches of olden time the reader will find matter of interest and instruction. The views which are presented in this number, of the fortifications erected on this island during the last war, (the traces of which are, at the present time, mostly obliterated,) will be regarded with interest. An historical illustration of the events of that period will be furnished in the next issue of the Manual.

D. T. VALENTINE.

MARCH, 1858.

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1st Month. JANUARY 1856.

BEGINS ON TUESDAY,

AND HATH THIRTY-ONE DAYS.

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.	M.	
New Moon,	6	5	40	morn.	Full Moon,	20	4	44 morn.
First Quarter,	12	9	16	morn.	Last Quarter,	28	8	45 even.

D. M.	DAYS WEEK.	REMARKS.	Sun rises. H. M.	Sun sets. H. M.	High water. H. M.
1	Tues.	Circumcision.	7 25	4 43	2 45
2	Wed.	Battle of Trenton, 1777.	7 25	4 44	3 49
3	Thur.	Bread fruit plant bro't into W. Ind., 1793.	7 25	4 45	4 50
4	Fri.	Roger Ascham died, 1568.	7 25	4 46	5 33
5	Sat.	Devast'n by Gen. Arnold, Rich.Va. 1781.	7 25	4 46	6 57
6	Sun	Jos. Bonaparte born, 1768.	7 25	4 47	7 50
7	Mon.	Stated Session Common Council begins.	7 25	4 48	8 40
8	Tues.	Battle of New Orleans, 1815.	7 25	4 49	9 26
9	Wed.	Francis Drake died, 1569.	7 25	4 50	10 13
10	Thur.	Porter riots in England, 1792.	7 24	4 51	10 58
11	Fri.	First English Lottery drawn, 1569.	7 24	4 52	11 46
12	Sat.	Pestolozzi born, 1746.	7 24	4 53	morn.
13	Sun.	A remarkable comet appeared. 1470.	7 23	4 54	0 31
14	Mon.	Peace with Great Britain ratified, 1784.	7 23	4 55	1 18
15	Tues.	Negroes declared free in Scotland, 1778.	7 22	4 57	2 7
16	Wed.	Charles V. abdicates his throne, 1556.	7 22	4 58	3 0
17	Thur.	Benj. Franklin born, 1706.	7 21	4 59	4 4
18	Fri.	Battle of the Cowpens, 1781.	7 20	5 1	5 15
19	Sat.	Cuidad Rodrigo taken by Welling'n, 1812	7 20	5 2	6 33
20	Sun.	Garrick died, 1779.	7 19	5 3	7 39
21	Mon.	Louis XVI. beheaded, 1793.	7 18	5 4	8 33
22	Tues.	Battle of Frenchtown (Mich.), 1813.	7 18	5 5	9 20
23	Wed.	House of Commons established, 1265.	7 17	5 6	10 2
24	Thur.	Frederick the Great born, 1712.	7 16	5 7	10 38
25	Fri.	Battle of Hawk river, (Fa.), 1842.	7 16	5 8	11 11
26	Sat.	Bonaparte escaped from Elba, 1815.	7 15	5 9	11 42
27	Sun.	Treaty with France, 1832.	7 14	5 11	ev. 13
28	Mon.	Peter the Great died, 1725.	7 13	5 12	0 45
29	Tues.	George III. died, 1820.	7 13	5 13	1 19
30	Wed.	Charles I. beheaded, 1649.	7 12	5 15	1 56
31	Thur.	Massacre of Glencoe, 1692.	7 11	5 16	2 36

2d Month, **FEBRUARY** 1856.

BEGINS ON FRIDAY,

AND HATH TWENTY-NINE DAYS.

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.	M.
New Moon,	6	5	40 morn.	Full Moon,	20	4	44 even.
First Quarter,	12	9	16 even.	Last Quarter,	28	8	45 even.

D. M.	DAYS WEEK.	REMARKS.	Sun rises. H. M.	Sun sets. H. M.	High water. H. M.
1	Fri.	First Clock in Westminster Abbey, 1287.	7 10	5 18	3 34
2	Sat.	Lander died, 1835.	7 8	5 19	4 50
3	Sun.	Ratification of Peace at Paris, 1783.	7 7	5 20	6 12
4	Mon.	Stated Session Common Council begins.	7 6	5 21	7 28
5	Tues.	Earthquake in Sicily, 1780.	7 5	5 22	8 25
6	Wed.	Treaty with France concluded, 1778.	7 4	5 24	9 16
7	Thur.	Congress refuses to treat with Eng. 1778.	7 3	5 25	10 3
8	Fri.	England a Republic, 1649.	7 2	5 26	10 47
9	Sat.	New York surrendered to Eng., 1674.	7 1	5 28	11 29
10	Sun.	Bonaparte leaves Cairo, 1799.	7 0	5 29	morn.
11	Mon.	De Witt Clinton, died, 1828.	6 59	5 30	0 11
12	Tues.	Cholera in London, 1832.	6 58	5 32	0 55
13	Wed.	Capt, Cook killed, 1779.	6 56	5 33	1 35
14	Thur.	St. Valentine's Day.	6 55	5 34	2 20
15	Fri.	Galileo born, 1694.	6 54	5 35	3 17
16	Sat.	Lindley Murray died, 1546.	6 53	5 36	4 39
17	Sun.	Michael Angelo died 1563.	6 51	5 37	6 9
18	Mon.	Martin Luther died, 1546.	6 50	5 38	7 33
19	Tues.	Florida ceded to the United States, 1821.	6 49	5 39	8 29
20	Wed.	Voltaire born, 1694.	6 47	5 41	9 9
21	Thur.	Sidney Smith died, 1845.	6 46	5 42	9 45
22	Fri.	George Washington born, 1732.	6 44	5 43	10 20
23	Sat.	French Revolution commenced, 1848.	6 43	5 45	10 47
24	Sun.	Peacock captured by the Hornet. 1813.	6 41	5 46	11 16
25	Mon.	Queen Eliz. excom., 1670.	6 39	5 47	11 45
26	Tues	Bonaparte leaves Elba, 1815	6 38	5 48	ev. 13
27	Wed.	Battle of Moor's Creek, (N.C.) 1776.	6 37	5 49	0 42
28	Thur.	Battle of Sacramento, 1847.	6 36	5 50	1 13
29	Fri.	Simmons born, 1638.	6 35	5 50	1 52

3d Month, MARCH 1856.

BEGINS ON SATURDAY,

AND HATH THIRTY-ONE DAYS.

MOON'S PHASES

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.	M.
New Moon,	6	3	43 even.	Full Moon,	22	11	9 morn.
First Quarter,	13	9	40 morn.	Last Quarter,	29	9	36 morn.

D. M.	DAYS WEEK.	REMARKS.	Sun rises. H. M.	Sun sets. H. M	High water. H. M.
1	Sat.	Annexation of Texas, 1845.	6 35	5 50	2 42
2	Sun.	Import'n of slaves prohibited after 1807.	6 33	5 51	4 2
3	Mon.	Stated Session Common Council begins.	6 32	5 53	5 38
4	Tues.	First Congress met at New York, 1789.	6 30	5 54	7 12
5	Wed.	Gen. Taylor inaugurated President, 1849.	6 29	5 55	8 10
6	Thur.	James Madison born, 1750.	6 27	5 56	9 0
7	Fri.	Revolution at Warsaw, 1794.	6 26	5 58	9 44
8	Sat.	Earthquake at London, 1750.	6 24	5 59	10 25
9	Sun.	Great fire in New York, 1741.	6 23	6 0	11 5
10	Mon.	Benjamin West died, 1820.	6 21	6 1	11 48
11	Tues.	Irish Volunteers put down, 1793.	6 19	6 2	morn.
12	Wed.	Charter Granted Virginia, 1612.	6 17	6 3	0 26
13	Thur.	Cortez lands in Mexico, 1519.	6 15	6 5	1 5
14	Fri.	Klopstock died, 1803.	6 14	6 6	1 52
15	Sat.	Andrew Jackson born, 1767.	6 12	6 7	2 46
16	Sun.	Bowditch died, 1838.	6 10	6 8	4 41
17	Mon.	St. Patrick died, 464.	6 9	6 9	5 51
18	Tues.	Robert Walpole died, 1745.	6 7	6 10	7 16
19	Wed.	First Lunar Eclipse on record, 721.	6 5	6 11	8 10
20	Thur.	Spring begins.	6 3	6 13	8 49
21	Fri.	Rome taken by Emp. Henry IV. 1085.	6 2	6 14	9 21
22	Sat.	American Stamp Act passed, 1765.	6 0	6 15	9 50
23	Sun.	Penguin taken, 1815.	5 59	6 17	10 18
24	Mon.	Queen Elizabeth died, 1603.	5 58	6 18	10 45
25	Tues.	Hudson river discovered, 1690.	5 56	6 19	11 12
26	Wed.	Cholera in Paris, 1832	5 55	6 20	11 41
27	Thur.	Battle of Tohopeka (Creek nation) 1814	5 54	6 21	ev. 9
28	Fri.	Raphael born, 1483.	5 52	6 21	0 43
29	Sat.	Capture of Vera Cruz, 1847.	5 50	6 22	1 25
30	Sun.	William Hunter died, 1783.	5 49	6 23	2 19
31	Mon.	Lieut. E. T. Pike, of N. H., born, 1823.	5 47	6 24	3 42

4th Month, APRIL 1856.

BEGINS ON TUESDAY,

AND HATH THIRTY DAYS.

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.	M.
New Moon,	5	0	57 morn.	Full Moon,	20	4	18 even.
First Quarter,	11	11	56 even.	Last Quarter,	27	6	31 even.

D. M.	DAYS WEEK.	REMARKS.	Sun rises. H. M.	Sun sets. H. M.	High water. H. M.
1	Tues.	First Congress met, 1789.	5 45	6 24	5 22
2	Wed.	Kotzebue assassinated, 1819.	5 42	6 25	6 51
3	Thur.	Franklin's tr'ty bet. Sweden & U. S. 1783	5 41	6 26	7 49
4	Fri.	Goldsmith died, 1774.	5 39	6 27	8 36
5	Sat.	Robert Raikes died, 1804.	5 37	6 28	9 15
6	Sun.	Alexander the Great died, 325 years B.C.	5 35	6 29	9 57
7	Mon.	Stated Session Common Council begins.	5 33	6 30	10 39
8	Tues.	Petrarch crowned, 1341.	5 31	6 31	11 18
9	Wed.	Lord Bacon died, 1483.	5 30	6 32	11 58
10	Thur.	Prince Eugene died, 1736.	5 28	6 33	morn.
11	Fri.	Peace of Utrecht, 1713.	5 26	6 34	0 41
12	Sat.	Seneca died, 65.	5 25	6 35	1 27
13	Sun.	Riot in New York, 1788.	5 24	6 36	2 27
14	Mon.	Handel the musician died, 1759.	5 22	6 37	3 51
15	Tues.	Mobile taken from Spain, 1788.	5 21	6 38	5 22
16	Wed.	Shakspeare born, 1564.	5 20	6 39	6 40
17	Thur.	Franklin died, 1790.	5 18	6 40	7 34
18	Fri.	Judge Jeffries died, 1689.	5 16	6 41	8 12
19	Sat.	Byron died, 1824.	5 15	6 42	8 46
20	Sun.	Dissolution of the Rump Parliam't, 1653	5 13	6 44	9 13
21	Mon.	Abelard died, 1142.	5 11	6 45	9 43
22	Tues.	Henry VII. died, 1509.	5 10	6 46	10 12
23	Wed.	Shakspeare died, 1616.	5 9	6 47	10 42
24	Thur.	Troy destroyed 1814 years B.C.	5 7	6 48	11 13
25	Fri.	Cowper died, 1800.	5 6	6 49	11 48
26	Sat.	Daniel De Foe died, 1731.	5 5	6 50	ev. 26
27	Sun.	Sir William Jones died, 1794.	5 3	6 51	1 12
28	Mon.	Louisiana admitted into the Union, 1812,	5 2	6 52	2 12
29	Tues.	Trial of Lord Melville, 1806.	5 1	6 53	3 35
30	Wed.	Rufus King died, 1827.	5 0	6 54	5 5

5th Month, MAY 1856.

BEGINS ON THURSDAY,

AND HATH THIRTY-ONE DAYS.

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.	M.
New Moon,	4	9	46 morn.	Full Moon,	19	7	1 even.
First Quarter,	11	3	49 even.	Last Quarter,	27	0	38 morn.

D. M.	DAYS WEEK.	REMARKS.	Sun rises. H. M.	Sun sets. H. M.	High water. H. M.
1	Thur.	Union of England and Scotland, 1707.	4 59	6 55	6 22
2	Fri.	Great Riot in Manchester, Eng. 1469.	4 58	6 56	7 18
3	Sat.	Capt. Ross sailed, 1818.	4 57	6 57	8 4
4	Sun.	Battle of Lutzen, 1813.	4 56	6 58	8 48
5	Mon.	Stated Session Common Council begins.	4 55	6 59	9 33
6	Tues.	Battle of Oswego, 1814.	4 54	7 0	10 15
7	Wed.	Bible Society formed, 1808.	4 53	7 1	10 56
8	Thur.	Gen. Stark died, 1822.	4 52	7 2	11 38
9	Fri.	Ticonderoga taken, 1775.	4 51	7 3	morn.
10	Sat.	All Banks stopped specie payment, 1837.	4 50	7 4	23
11	Sun.	America discovered, 1492.	4 49	7 5	1 11
12	Mon.	Society of Cincinnati founded, 1783.	4 48	7 6	2 7
13	Tues.	Landing at Jamestown, 1607.	4 47	7 7	3 15
14	Wed.	Vaccination first applied, 1796.	4 45	7 8	4 34
15	Thur.	Kean died, 1833.	4 44	7 9	5 43
16	Fri.	Mrs. Hemans died, 1835.	4 43	7 10	6 40
17	Sat.	Foundation of Bowery Theatre laid, 1826.	4 42	7 11	7 25
18	Sun.	Napoleon declared Emperor, 1804.	4 41	7 12	8 1
19	Mon.	James Boswell died, 1795.	4 40	7 13	8 33
20	Tues.	Lafayette died, 1834.	4 39	7 14	9 12
21	Wed.	Columbus died, 1506.	4 38	7 15	9 46
22	Thur.	Battle of Prague, 1757.	4 37	7 16	10 21
23	Fri.	Battle of Sag Harbor, 1778.	4 36	7 17	10 56
24	Sat.	Victoria born, 1819.	4 35	7 18	11 37
25	Sun.	King John surrenders his crown, 1213.	4 35	7 19	ev. 21
26	Mon.	Calvin died, 1564.	4 34	7 20	1 12
27	Tues.	St. Petersburg founded, 1703.	4 33	7 21	2 11
28	Wed.	Victoria crowned, 1838.	4 33	7 22	3 22
29	Thur.	Turks take Constantinople, 1453.	4 32	7 23	4 38
30	Fri.	Voltaire died, 1778	4 32	7 23	5 42
31	Sat.	Wm. Baxter died, 1723.	4 31	7 24	6 41

6th Month, JUNE **1856.**

BEGINS ON SUNDAY,

AND HATH THIRTY DAYS.

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.			D.	H.	M.	
New Moon,	2	6	44	even.	Full Moon,	18	6	56	morn.
First Quarter,	10	8	54	morn.	Last Quarter,	25	5	22	morn.

D. M.	DAYS WEEK	REMARKS.	Sun rises. H. M.	Sun sets. H. M.	High water. H. M
1	Sun.	Eng't. bet. Chesapeake & Shannon, 1813.	4 31	7 24	7 34
2	Mon.	Stated Session Common Council begins.	4 30	7 25	8 27
3	Tues.	Transit of Venus, 1769.	4 30	7 25	9 14
4	Wed.	Goldsmith died, 1774.	4 29	7 26	10 0
5	Thur.	Capture of Fort Cornwallis, S. C. 1781.	4 29	7 27	10 44
6	Fri.	Patrick Henry died, 1799.	4 29	7 27	11 27
7	Sat.	English Reform Bill passed, 1832.	4 28	7 28	morn.
8	Sun.	Thomas Paine died, 1809.	4 28	7 28	0 10
9	Mon.	Cholera first appeared in Quebec, 1832.	4 28	7 29	0 57
10	Tues.	Riot in Boston, 1768.	4 28	7 29	1 44
11	Wed.	Malta taken by Bonaparte, 1798.	4 28	7 30	2 33
12	Thur.	New York incorporated, 1665.	4 28	7 30	3 32
13	Fri.	Battle of Ghent, 1794.	4 28	7 31	4 35
14	Sat.	The Flag of the U.S. ad. by Cong. 1777.	4 28	7 31	5 30
15	Sun.	Calais taken by storm, 1596.	4 28	7 32	6 26
16	Mon.	Buffon died, 1788.	4 28	7 32	7 16
17	Tues.	Battle of Bunker Hill, 1775.	4 28	7 33	8 0
18	Wed.	U. S declares war against Eng., 1812.	4 28	7 33	8 43
19	Thur.	Samuel Chase died, 1811.	4 28	7 34	9 24
20	Fri.	Victoria proclaimed Queen, 1838.	4 29	7 34	10 5
21	Sat.	New Hamp. ad. the New Constitu. 1788.	4 29	7 34	10 47
22	Sun.	Bonaparte's second Abdication, 1815.	4 29	7 34	11 31
23	Mon.	Union of Utrecht formed, 1579.	4 29	7 35	ev. 17
24	Tues.	Torquato Tasso died, 1616.	4 29	7 35	1 7
25	Wed.	Battle of Bannockburn, 1314.	4 30	7 35	2 1
26	Thur.	George IV. died, 1830.	4 30	7 35	3 1
27	Fri.	Cholera first app'red in New York, 1832.	4 30	7 35	4 5
28	Sat.	Battle of Monmouth, 1775.	4 31	7 35	5 5
29	Sun.	Trial of Lord Melville, 1806.	4 31	7 35	6 11
30	Mon.	Montezuma died, 1520.	4 31	7 35	7 14

7th Month. JULY 1856.

BEGINS ON TUESDAY,

AND HATH THIRTY-ONE DAYS.

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.	M.
New Moon,	2	4	35 morn.	Last Quarter,	24	10	6 morn.
First Quarter,	10	2	26 morn.	New Moon	31	4	13 even.
Full Moon,	17	4	35 even.				

D. M.	DAYS WEEK.	REMARKS.	Sun rises. H. M.	Sun sets. H. M.	High water. H. M.
1	Tues.	Battle of the Boyne, 1690.	4 31	7 35	8 12
2	Wed.	Battle of Marston Moor, 1644.	4 32	7 35	9 5
3	Thur.	Capture of Fort Erie, Canada, 1814.	4 32	7 35	9 52
4	Fri.	Jefferson and Adams died, 1826.	4 33	7 34	10 37
5	Sat.	Algiers surrendered to the French, 1830.	4 33	7 34	11 16
6	Sun.	Flaxman born, 1755.	4 34	7 34	11 53
7	Mon.	Stated Session Common Council begins.	4 35	7 34	morn.
8	Tues.	Elihu Yale died, 1721.	4 35	7 33	0 31
9	Wed.	Braddock's defeat, 1755.	4 36	7 33	1 9
10	Thur.	Columbus born, 1447.	4 37	7 33	1 50
11	Fri.	John Q. Adams born, 1767.	4 38	7 32	2 32
12	Sat.	Richard Cromwell died, 1712.	4 39	7 32	3 22
13	Sun.	Peace bet. Gt. Britain and Spain, 1713.	4 39	7 31	4 21
14	Mon.	Bastile destroyed, 1789.	4 40	7 31	5 23
15	Tues.	Crusaders take Jerusalem, 1094.	4 41	7 30	6 30
16	Wed.	Simeon born, 1317.	4 42	7 29	7 9
17	Thur.	Capture of St. Johns, 1756.	4 43	7 29	8 21
18	Fri.	Mackinaw taken, 1812.	4 43	7 28	9 11
19	Sat.	Iturbide shot, 1824.	4 44	7 27	9 56
20	Sun.	Prideaux died, 1650.	4 45	7 27	10 39
21	Mon.	Robert Burns died, 1796.	4 46	7 26	11 22
22	Tues.	Battle of Shrewsbury, 1403.	4 47	7 25	ev. 6
23	Wed.	Battle of Minisink, N. Y., 1779.	4 48	7 24	52
24	Thur.	N. Carolina signed the confederat'n, 1778.	4 49	7 23	1 38
25	Fri.	Battle of Lundy's Lane, 1814.	4 49	7 22	2 28
26	Sat.	Coleridge died, 1834.	4 50	7 22	3 24
27	Sun.	Overthrow of Robespierre, 1794.	4 51	7 21	4 34
28	Mon.	Cowley died, 1667.	4 52	7 20	5 50
29	Tues.	English defeated Dutch fleet, 1653.	4 53	7 19	7 8
30	Wed.	Earthquake at Rome, 1805.	4 54	7 18	8 10
31	Thur.	First Masonic Lodge in U. S., 1773.	4 55	7 17	9 2

8th Month, AUGUST 1856.

BEGINS ON FRIDAY,

AND HATH THIRTY-ONE DAYS.

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.	M.
First Quarter,	8	7	26 even.	Last Quarter,	22	4	12 even.
Full Moon,	16	0	59 morn.	New Moon,	30	6	18 morn.

D. M.	DAYS WEEK.	REMARKS.	Sun rises. H. M.	Sun sets. H. M.	High water. H. M.
1	Fri.	Jonathan Edwards died, 1801.	4 56	7 16	9 46
2	Sat.	Glove tax repealed, 1795.	4 57	7 15	10 23
3	Sun.	Columbus sailed for America, 1492.	4 58	7 14	10 57
4	Mon.	Stated Session Common Council begins.	4 59	7 13	11 29
5	Tues.	Cabul taken, 1839.	5 0	7 12	11 59
6	Wed.	Sir Thomas Moore beheaded, 1535.	5 1	7 11	morn.
7	Thur.	Albany incorporated, 1686.	5 2	7 10	0 32
8	Fri.	Charles I. sold by the Scots, 1646.	5 3	7 9	1 5
9	Sat.	Esquimaux discovered, 1818.	5 4	7 7	1 39
10	Sun.	Louis XIV. cast into prison, 1792.	5 5	7 6	2 20
11	Mon.	Davis' Strait discovered, 1585.	5 6	7 5	3 11
12	Tues.	George IV., born, 1762.	5 7	7 3	4 26
13	Wed.	Gunpowder invented, 1330.	5 8	7 2	5 48
14	Thur.	George Coleman, sen., died, 1794.	5 9	7 0	7 8
15	Fri.	Bonaparte born, 1769.	5 10	6 59	8 7
16	Sat.	Calais besieged and taken, 1347.	5 11	6 58	8 57
17	Sun.	Frederick the Great died, 1786.	5 12	6 57	9 40
18	Mon.	Great hail storm in England, 1802.	5 13	6 55	10 23
19	Tues.	De Kalb died, 1780.	5 14	6 54	11 3
20	Wed.	Battle of Miami Rapids, Ohio, 1794.	5 15	6 53	11 45
21	Thur.	Bernadotte died, 1810.	5 16	6 51	ev. 27
22	Fri.	Battle of Bosworth Field, 1485.	5 17	6 50	1 10
23	Sat.	Com. Perry died.	5 18	6 49	1 55
24	Sun.	Washington City taken, 1814.	5 19	6 47	2 50
25	Mon.	Mother of Washington died, 1789.	5 20	6 45	4 7
26	Tues.	Battle of Cressy, 1346.	5 21	6 43	5 38
27	Wed.	Queen Caroline died, 1821.	5 22	6 41	7 6
28	Thur.	Battle of James Island, S. C., 1782.	5 23	6 40	8 4
29	Fri.	Alexandria taken by the British, 1814.	5 24	6 38	8 51
30	Sat.	Cleopatra died, B.C. 50.	5 25	6 36	9 29
31	Sun.	John Bunyan died, 1688.	5 26	6 34	10 2

9th Month, SEPTEMBER 1856.

BEGINS ON MONDAY.

AND HATH THIRTY DAYS.

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.	M.
First Quarter,	7	11	1 morn.	Last Quarter,	21	0	53 morn.
Full Moon,	14	9	13 morn.	New Moon,	28	10	52 even.

D. M.	DAYS WEEK.	REMARKS.	Sun rises. H. M.	Sun sets. H. M.	High water. H. M.
1	Mon.	Stated Session Common Council begins.	5 26	6 33	10 32
2	Tues.	London burnt, 1666.	5 28	6 32	10 59
3	Wed.	Cromwell died, 1658.	5 29	6 30	11 28
4	Thur.	John Ogilby died, 1676.	5 30	6 29	11 55
5	Fri.	Lafayette born, 1755.	5 31	6 27	morn.
6	Sat.	Shakspeare Jubilee at Stratford, 1769.	5 32	6 26	0 25
7	Sun.	Jerusalem demolished, 70.	5 33	6 24	0 56
8	Mon.	Richard III. Crowned at York, 1483.	5 34	6 23	1 34
9	Tues.	Battle of Plowden, 1513.	5 35	6 21	2 24
10	Wed.	Battle of Lake Erie, 1813.	5 36	6 19	3 45
11	Thur.	Battle of Brandywine, 1777.	5 36	6 18	5 19
12	Fri.	C. J. Fox died, 1806.	5 37	6 16	6 48
13	Sat.	Bombardment of Fort McHenry, 1814.	5 38	6 14	7 47
14	Sun.	Aaron Burr died, 1836.	5 39	6 12	8 37
15	Mon.	French evacuate Portugal, 1808.	5 40	6 10	9 18
16	Tues.	Dark day at Quebec, 1785.	5 41	6 8	9 58
17	Wed.	Matthew died, 1839.	5 42	6 7	10 28
18	Thur.	Sterne died, 1768.	5 43	6 5	11 19
19	Fri.	Battle of Stillwater, 1777.	5 44	6 4	11 57
20	Sat.	Emmet murdered, 1803.	5 45	6 2	ev. 40
21	Sun.	Sir Walter Scott died, 1832.	5 46	6 1	1 25
22	Mon.	George III. crowned, 1761.	5 47	5 59	2 25
23	Tues.	Major Andre taken, 1780.	5 48	5 57	3 52
24	Wed.	Don Pedro died, 1834.	5 49	5 55	5 30
25	Thur.	Arnold deserted, 1780.	5 50	5 53	6 56
26	Fri.	Constantinople founded, 329.	5 51	5 52	7 50
27	Sat.	Earthquake at Mexico, 1717.	5 52	5 50	8 28
28	Sun.	Detroit retaken, 1813.	5 53	5 49	9 1
29	Mon.	South Sea Bubble burst, 1720	5 54	5 47	9 32
30	Tues.	Whitfield died, 1770.	5 55	5 45	9 58

10th Month, OCTOBER 1856.

BEGINS ON WEDNESDAY,

AND HATH THIRTY-ONE DAYS.

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.	M.
First Quarter,	7	0	42 morn.	Last Quarter,	20	1	11 even.
Full Moon,	13	6	3 even.	New Moon,	28	4	59 even.

D. M.	DAYS WEEK.	REMARKS.	Sun rises. H. M.	Sun sets. H. M.	High water. H. M.
1	Wed.	Peter Corneille died, 1684.	5 56	5 43	10 26
2	Thur.	Major Andre hung at Tappan, 1780.	5 57	5 42	10 54
3	Fri.	Black Hawk died, 1838.	5 58	5 41	11 21
4	Sat.	Battle of Red Bank, 1777.	5 59	5 39	11 51
5	Sun.	Riot in Isle of Man.	6 0	5 37	morn.
6	Mon.	Stated Session Common Council begins.	6 1	5 36	0 25
7	Tues.	Zimmerman died, 1795.	6 2	5 34	1 6
8	Wed.	John Haneock died, 1793.	6 3	5 33	1 59
9	Thur.	Battle of Yorktown, 1781.	6 4	5 31	3 18
10	Fri.	Father Matthew born, 1790.	6 5	5 29	4 59
11	Sat.	Battle of Camperdown, 1797.	6 6	5 28	6 26
12	Sun.	Brazil Independence, 1822.	6 7	5 26	7 22
13	Mon.	Murat shot, 1815.	6 8	5 25	8 7
14	Tues.	Tombs of French kings destroyed, 1793.	6 9	5 23	8 47
15	Wed.	Kingston burnt by the British, 1777.	6 10	5 22	9 29
16	Thur.	Napoleon landed at St. Helena, 1815.	6 11	5 20	10 11
17	Fri.	Wolsey deprived of the great seal, 1529.	6 12	5 19	10 52
18	Sat.	Norway and Sweden united, 1814.	6 13	5 17	11 35
19	Sun.	Swift died, 1745.	6 14	5 16	ev. 20
20	Mon.	Ship money first levied, 1634.	6 16	5 15	1 7
21	Tues.	Battle of Trafalgar, 1805.	6 17	5 13	2 8
22	Wed.	Battle of Fort Mercer, N. J., 1777.	6 18	5 12	3 34
23	Thur.	Carthage taken, 439.	6 19	5 10	5 6
24	Fri.	Tieho Brache died, 1601.	6 20	5 8	6 22
25	Sat.	Hogarth died, 1764.	6 21	5 7	7 15
26	Sun.	Philadelphia settled, 1682.	6 22	5 5	7 55
27	Mon.	Cholera appeared in Great Britain, 1831.	6 23	5 4	8 28
28	Tues.	Mormons driven from Missouri, 1838.	6 24	5 3	8 57
29	Wed.	Raleigh beheaded, 1618.	6 26	5 2	9 27
30	Thur.	Maturin died, 1825.	6 27	5 0	9 56
31	Fri.	Reformation, 1517.	6 28	4 59	10 25

11th Month, NOVEMBER 1856.

BEGINS ON SATURDAY,

AND HATH THIRTY DAYS.

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.	M.
First Quarter.	5	0	27 even.	Last Quarter,	19	5	38 morn.
Full Moon,	12	3	59 morn.	New Moon,	27	11	5 morn.

D. M.	DAYS WEEK.	REMARKS.	Sun rises. H. M.	Sun sets. H. M.	High water. H. M.
1	Sat.	Earthquake at Lisbon, 1755.	6 29	4 59	10 56
2	Sun.	James K. Polk born, 1795.	6 30	4 58	11 29
3	Mon.	Stated Session Common Council begins.	6 31	4 57	morn.
4	Tues.	St. Clair's defeat, 1791.	6 32	4 56	0 6
5	Wed.	Gunpowder plot, 1605.	6 33	4 55	0 48
6	Thur.	Sea serpent seen off Milford, Ct., 1817.	6 35	4 53	1 45
7	Fri.	Battle of Tippecanoe, 1811.	6 36	4 52	3 2
8	Sat.	Cortez enters Mexico, 1519.	6 38	4 50	4 31
9	Sun.	Cape Cod discovered, 1620.	6 39	4 49	5 49
10	Mon.	Luther born, 1483.	6 40	4 48	6 47
11	Tues.	St. Martin's Day.	6 41	4 47	7 36
12	Wed.	Battle of Broad river, (S. C.), 1780.	6 43	4 46	8 19
13	Thur.	Curran died, 1817.	6 44	4 45	9 4
14	Fri.	Charles Carroll died, 1832.	6 45	4 44	9 49
15	Sat.	Charles, Lord Mohun, died in a duel, 1725.	6 47	4 43	10 34
16	Sun.	Jas. Ferguson, died 1776.	6 48	4 42	11 18
17	Mon.	Queen Mary died, 1558.	6 49	4 41	ev. 6
18	Tues.	Bonaparte disinterred, 1840.	6 50	4 40	0 55
19	Wed.	The Pope crowns Napoleon, 1804.	6 51	4 40	1 51
20	Thur.	Battle of Black Stocks, (S. C.), 1780.	6 52	4 39	2 57
21	Fri.	Great Fire at St. Johns, N. F., 1817.	6 54	4 38	4 14
22	Sat.	Robert Clive died, 1768.	6 55	4 38	5 21
23	Sun.	Capture of Fort George, N. Y., 1780.	6 56	4 37	6 21
24	Mon.	Lawrence Sterne born, 1713.	6 57	4 36	7 10
25	Tues.	New York evacuated 1783.	6 58	4 36	7 47
26	Wed.	Oliver Ellsworth, died, 1811.	6 59	4 35	8 28
27	Thur.	Great fire in Boston, 1676.	7 0	4 34	8 56
28	Fri.	Polish revolt, 1830.	7 1	4 34	9 32
29	Sat.	Capture of Savannah by the British, 1778	7 2	4 33	10 6
30	Sun.	Jonathan Swift born, 1667.	7 4	4 33	10 42

12th Month. DECEMBER 1856.

BEGINS ON MONDAY,

AND HATH THIRTY-ONE DAYS.

MOON'S PHASES

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.	M.	
First Quarter,	4	10	31	even.	Last Quarter,	19	1	48 morn
Full Moon,	11	3	18	even.	New Moon,	27	3	49 morn.

D. M.	DAYS WEEK.	REMARKS.	Sun rises. H. M.	Sun sets. H. M.	High water. H. M.
1	Mon.	Stated Session Common Council begins.	7 5	4 34	11 19
2	Tues.	Mariner's compass invented, 1300.	7 6	4 34	12 0
3	Wed.	S. De Witt died, 1834.	7 7	4 34	morn.
4	Thur.	Genoa surrendered, 1746.	7 8	4 33	0 47
5	Fri.	Madrid surrendered to Napoleon, 1808.	7 9	4 33	1 40
6	Sat.	Van Buren born, 1782.	7 10	4 33	2 41
7	Sun.	Cicero killed, B. C. 43.	7 11	4 33	3 53
8	Mon.	Henry Laurens died, 1792.	7 12	4 33	5 2
9	Tues.	Milton born, 1608.	7 13	4 33	6 6
10	Wed.	Chalmers died, 1834.	7 14	4 33	7 3
11	Thur.	Landing of Pilgrims at Plymouth, 1620.	7 15	4 33	7 56
12	Fri.	Jeffries thrown into the tower, 1688.	7 15	4 33	8 47
13	Sat.	John Jay born in New York, 1745	7 16	4 33	9 38
14	Sun.	Washington died, 1799.	7 17	4 34	10 26
15	Mon.	Hart, the preacher, born in Lond., 1759.	7 17	4 34	11 12
16	Tues.	Coldest day, 1835.	7 18	4 34	11 55
17	Wed.	Bolivar died, 1830.	7 18	4 34	eve. 41
18	Thur.	Tea destroyed in Boston Harbor, 1773.	7 19	4 35	1 26
19	Fri.	Hair powder tax begun, 1795.	7 19	4 35	2 11
20	Sat.	Louisiana annexed to the U. S., 1803.	7 20	4 36	3 3
21	Sun.	Lafayette escaped from prison, 1815.	7 20	4 36	4 7
22	Mon.	Embargo law passed, 1807.	7 21	4 37	5 6
23	Tues.	Dr. Colton died, 1632.	7 21	4 37	6 7
24	Wed.	Robin Hood died, 1247.	7 22	4 38	7 6
25	Thur.	Christmas.	7 22	4 38	7 51
26	Fri.	Wilkes died, 1797.	7 23	4 39	8 34
27	Sat.	St. John died, 100.	7 23	4 39	9 13
28	Sun.	Battle of Tampa Bay, (Fa.), 1835.	7 24	4 40	9 55
29	Mon.	Java taken, 1812.	7 24	4 40	10 35
30	Tues.	American Steamer Caroline burnt, 1837.	7 25	4 41	11 15
31	Wed.	Montgomery killed, 1775.	7 25	4 42	11 56

A TABLE,

Showing the number of days from any day in one month, to the same day in any other month.

From ..... / To	January....	February..	March.....	April.....	May.....	June.....	July.....	August.....	September..	October....	November..	December..
January....	365	31	59	90	120	151	181	212	243	273	304	334
February..	334	365	28	59	89	120	150	181	212	242	273	303
March.....	306	337	365	31	61	92	122	153	184	214	245	275
April.....	275	306	334	365	30	61	91	122	153	183	214	244
May.....	245	276	304	335	365	31	61	92	123	153	184	214
June.....	214	245	273	304	334	365	30	61	92	122	153	183
July.....	184	215	243	274	304	335	365	31	62	92	123	153
August.....	153	184	212	243	273	304	334	365	31	61	92	122
September..	122	153	181	212	242	273	303	334	365	30	61	91
October....	92	123	151	182	212	243	273	304	335	365	31	61
November..	61	92	120	151	181	212	242	273	304	334	365	30
December..	31	62	90	121	151	182	212	243	274	304	335	365

Example.—Look at April at the left hand, and September at the top, in the angle is 153.



AN ACT TO AMEND

THE

CHARTER OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

PASSED APRIL 7, 1830.—CH. 122.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1. The legislative power of the Corporation of the city of New York shall be vested in a Board of Aldermen and a Board of Assistants, who together shall form the Common Council of the city.

2. Each ward of the city shall be entitled to elect one person, to be denominated the Alderman of the ward, and the persons so chosen, together shall form the Board of Aldermen; and each ward shall also be entitled to elect one person, to be denominated an Assistant Alderman; and the persons so chosen, together, shall form the Board of Assistants.

3. The Aldermen and Assistant Aldermen shall be chosen for one year; and no person shall be eligible to either office, who shall not, at the time of his election, be a resident of the ward for which he is chosen.

4. The annual election for charter officers shall commence on the second Tuesday in April, and the officers elected shall be sworn into office on the second Tuesday in May, thereafter; and all the provisions of law now in force in regard to the notification, duration, and conduct of elections for Members of Assembly, and in regard to the appointment, powers and duties of the inspectors, holding the same, shall apply to the annual election of charter officers.

5. The first election for charter officers, after the passage of this law, shall take place on the second Tuesday in April, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one; and all those persons who shall have been elected under the former laws regulating the election of charter officers, and shall be in office at the time of the passage of this law, shall continue in office until the officers elected under this law shall be entitled to be sworn into office.

6. The Board of Aldermen shall have power to direct a special election to be held, to supply the place of an Alderman whose seat shall become vacant by death, removal from the city, resignation, or otherwise; and the Board of Assistants shall also have power to direct a special election to supply any vacancy that may occur in the Board of Assistants; and in both cases, the person elected to supply the vacancy, shall hold his seat only for the residue of the term of office of his immediate predecessor.

7. The Boards shall meet in separate chambers, and a majority of each shall be a quorum to do business. Each Board shall appoint a President from its own body, and shall also choose its Clerk and other officers, determine the rules of its own proceedings, and be the judge of the qualifications of its own members. Each Board shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and the doors of each shall be kept open, except when the public welfare shall require secrecy; and all resolutions and reports of Committees which shall recommend any specific improvement involving the appropriation of public moneys, or taxing or assessing the citizens of said city, shall be published immediately after the adjournment of the Board, under the authority of the Common Council, in all the newspapers employed by the Corporation; and, whenever a vote is taken in relation thereto, the ayes and noes shall be called and published in the same manner.

8. Each Board shall have the authority to compel the attendance of absent members; to punish its members for disorderly behavior, and to expel a member, with the concurrence of two-thirds of the members elected to the Board; and the member so expelled, shall, by such expulsion, forfeit all his rights and powers as an Alderman or Assistant Alderman.

9. The stated and occasional meetings of each Board of the Common Council shall be regulated by its own ordinances; and both Boards may meet on the same or on different days, as they may severally judge expedient.

10. Any law, ordinance or resolution of the Common Council, may originate in either Board, and when it shall have passed one Board, may be rejected or amended by the other.

11. No member of either Board shall, during the period for which he was elected, be appointed to, or be competent to hold any office for which the emoluments are paid from the city treasury, or by fees, directed to be paid by any ordinance or act of the Common Council, or be directly or indirectly interested in any contract, the expenses or considerations whereof are to be paid under any ordinance of the Common Council; but this section shall not be construed to deprive any Alderman or Assistant of any emolument or fees which he is entitled to by virtue of his office.

12. Every act, ordinance or resolution, which shall have passed the two Boards of the Common Council, before it shall take effect, shall be presented, duly certified, to the Mayor of the city for his approbation. If he approve, he shall sign it; if not, he shall return it with his objections to the Board in which it originated, within ten days thereafter; or if such Board be not then in session, at its next stated meeting. The Board to which it shall be returned, shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and cause the same to be published in one or more of the public newspapers of the city.

13. The Board to which such act, ordinance or resolution, has been so returned, shall, after the expiration of not less than ten days thereafter, proceed to reconsider the same. If, after such reconsideration, a majority of the members elected to the Board shall agree to pass the same, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other Board, by which it shall be likewise reconsidered; and if approved by a majority of all the members elected to such Board, it shall take effect as an act or law of the Corporation. In all such cases the votes of both Boards shall be determined by ayes and noes, and the names of the persons voting for and against the passage of the measure reconsidered, shall be entered on the journal of each board respectively.

14. If the Mayor shall not return any act, ordinance or resolution so presented to him, within the time above limited for that purpose, it shall take effect in the same manner as if he had signed it.

15. Neither the Mayor nor Recorder of the city of New York shall be a member of the Common Council thereof, after the second Tuesday of May, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one.

16. Whenever there shall be a vacancy in the office of Mayor, and whenever the Mayor shall be absent from the city, or be prevented by sickness, or any other cause, from attending to the duties of his office, the President of the Board of Aldermen shall act as Mayor, and shall possess all the rights and powers of the Mayor during the continuance of such vacancy, absence or disability.

17. It shall be the duty of the Mayor,

First—To communicate to the Common Council, at least once a year, and oftener, if he shall deem it expedient, a general statement of the situation and condition of the city, in relation to its government, finances and improvements.

Second—To recommend to the adoption of the Common Council all such measures, connected with the police, security, health, cleanliness, and ornament of the city, and the improvement of its government and finances, as he shall deem expedient.

Third—To be vigilant and active in causing the laws and ordinances of the government of the city to be duly executed and enforced.

Fourth—To exercise a constant supervision and control over the conduct and acts of all subordinate officers, and to receive and examine into all such complaints as may be preferred against any of them for violation or neglect of duty; and generally to perform all such duties as may be prescribed to him by the charter and city ordinances, and the laws of this state and the United States.

18. Annual and occasional appropriations shall be made, by proper ordinances of the Common Council, for every branch and object of city expenditure, nor shall any money be drawn from the city treasury, except the same shall have been previously appropriated to the purposes for which it was drawn.

19. The Common Council shall not have authority to borrow any sums of money whatever on the credit of the Corporation, except in anticipation of the revenue of the year in which such loan shall be made, unless authorized by a special act of the legislature.

20. It shall be the duty of the Common Council to publish, two months before the annual election of charter officers, in each year, for the general information of the citizens of New York, a full and detailed statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Corporation during the year ending on the first day of the month in which such publication was made; and in every such statement the different sources of city revenue, and the amount received from each; the several appropriations made by the Common Council, the objects for which the same were made, and the amount of moneys expended under each; the moneys borrowed on the credit of the Corporation; the authority under which each loan was made, and the terms on which the same was obtained, shall be clearly and particularly specified.

21. The executive business of the Corporation of New York, shall hereafter be performed by distinct departments, which it shall be the duty of the Common Council to organize and appoint for that purpose.

22. It shall be the duty of the Common Council to provide for the accountability of all officers and other persons to whom the receipt or expenditure of the funds of the city shall be intrusted, by requiring from them sufficient security for the performance of their duties or trust, which

security should be annually renewed; but the security first taken shall remain in force until new security shall be given.

23. The Clerk of the Board of Aldermen shall, by virtue of his office, be Clerk of the Common Council, and shall perform all the duties heretofore performed by the Clerk of the Common Council, except such as shall be assigned to the Clerk of the Board of Assistant Aldermen; and it shall be his duty to keep open for inspection, at all reasonable times, the records and minutes of the proceedings of the Common Council, except such as shall be specially ordered otherwise.

24. The division of the Common Council into two Boards shall not take effect until the officers to be elected under this law shall enter on the duties of their office. Each Board shall hold its first meeting, for the purpose of organizing, on the second Tuesday of May in each year, at which time the Mayor, or Clerk of the Common Council shall attend, by whom the oath of office shall be administered to the members elected. In the absence of the Mayor and Clerk, such oath may be administered by the Recorder, or the first Judge of the city, or by any of the Justices of the Superior Court.

25. None of the provisions of this act, except the eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth and twenty-second sections, shall be construed as applying to the Common Council as now constituted.

26. Such parts of the charter of the city of New York, and of the several acts of the Legislature amending the same, as are not inconsistent with the provisions of this law, shall not be construed as repealed, modified, or in any manner affected thereby, but shall continue and remain in full force.

AN ACT TO AMEND

THE

CHARTER OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

PASSED APRIL 2, 1849, "THREE-FIFTHS BEING PRESENT."

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The legislative power of the Corporation of the city of New York shall continue to be vested in a Board of Aldermen and a Board of Assistant Aldermen, who, together, shall form the Common Council of the city. The Board of Aldermen shall consist of one Alderman from each ward, who shall be elected by the people of the respective wards, for two years. The Board of Assistant Aldermen shall consist of one Assistant Alderman from each ward, who shall be elected, in like manner, and shall hold their office for one year.

§ 2. The election for charter officers shall be held on the day of the general state election, when all charter officers, eligible by the people, shall be chosen, and the officers who shall be elected, shall be sworn into office on the first Monday of January thereafter; and the laws of the state, regulating elections, shall apply to elections of charter officers; but the Common Council may, by law, extend the time for the canvass of the vote.

The Mayor shall hold his office for the period of two years.

§ 3. The Common Council, during the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty, may hold its sessions as often as each Board shall, by resolution, appoint, and thereafter the Common Council shall annually hold only three stated sessions of not exceeding one month each, commencing on the first Monday of January, May and September. The Mayor may convene the Common Council, or the Board of Aldermen only, at any time between the sessions, if, in his judgment, any exigency shall have arisen to render such a proceeding necessary, on the request, in writing, of a majority of the members elected to each Board, specifying the purposes for which such meeting is called; in which case, the action of the Common Council shall be confined to the matters in reference to which it shall have been so convened, or to such other matters as may be submitted by the Mayor for its consideration, during such session; and the respective Boards may adjourn from day to day, until such business shall be completed.

§ 4. The Boards shall sit in separate chambers, and the doors shall be kept open, except when the public welfare shall require secrecy. A majority of each shall be a quorum to do business, but a smaller number may

adjourn from day to day, and may compel the attendance of absent members. Each Board shall appoint a President from its own body; shall choose its Clerk and other officers; determine the rules of its own proceedings; be the judge of the election returns and qualifications of its own members; keep a journal of its proceedings and have power to direct special elections to fill its own vacancies; to compel the attendance of members; to punish them for disorderly conduct, and expel a member by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected, after five day's notice, and opportunity of being heard has been given to him; but such resolution of expulsion shall be of no effect unless it contain a provision for a special election within two weeks thereafter to supply such vacancy; provided, however, that such special election shall not be ordered unless there be at least two months of the term of the expelled member unexpired. The Clerk of the Board of Aldermen shall, by virtue of his office, be Clerk of the Common Council, and shall perform all the duties heretofore performed by the Clerk of the Common Council, except such as shall be assigned to the Clerk of the Board of Assistant Aldermen; and it shall be his duty to keep open for inspection, at all reasonable times, the records and minutes of the proceedings of the Common Council, except such as shall be especially ordered otherwise. The two Boards shall have concurrent powers, and a negative on each other's proceedings, and shall in all cases act as separate bodies, and shall not appoint Joint Committees, except a Committee on Accounts. Each Board may originate, amend, concur in, or reject any law, ordinance, or resolution; but no law shall pass either Board, except by a majority of the members elected. Neither Board shall adjourn for a longer period than three days, except by a resolution, to be concurred in by the other body.

§ 5. It shall be the duty of the Clerks of the respective Boards, to publish all ordinances, and amendments of ordinances which shall be passed, and also the proceedings, in the newspapers employed by the Corporation, except such parts as may require secrecy; and whenever a vote shall be taken in either Board upon the passage of a resolution or ordinance which shall contemplate any specific improvement, or involve the sale, disposition or income therefrom, or lay any tax or assessment; such resolution or ordinance shall, before the same shall be sent to the other Board, and immediately after the adjournment of the Board, at which the same shall have been passed, be published, with the ayes and noes, with the names of the persons voting for and against the same, in at least two newspapers, as a part of the proceedings; and no act, resolution or ordinance which shall have passed one Board, shall be acted upon by the other Board on the same day, unless by unanimous consent, except in case of invasion, insurrection, or pestilence.

§ 6. If any ordinance or resolution passed by each Board, as provided by sections twelve and thirteen of the amended charter of one thousand eight hundred and thirty, shall not be returned by the Mayor within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall become a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the close

of the session of the Common Council shall prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law until the expiration of five days after the commencement of the next session of the Common Council, by whom the ordinance or resolution shall be reconsidered, if returned within such time, and be disposed of in the same manner, and with the like effect, as if presented at the preceding session.

§ 7. No money shall be drawn from the city treasury except the same shall have been previously appropriated to the purpose for which it is drawn; and all appropriations shall be based upon specific and detailed statements, in writing, of the several heads of the departments, through the Comptroller.

§ 8. The Board of Assistant Aldermen shall have the sole power of impeachment of all city officers, not otherwise provided for, and pending such impeachment, and until the final disposition thereof, the party impeached shall not exercise any of the functions of his office. The Board of Aldermen shall have the sole power to try all impeachments; when sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation, truly and impartially to try the impeachment, according to evidence; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members elected to said Board. Judgment, in case of impeachment, shall not extend farther than removal from office, and disqualification to hold any office under the city charter; but the party convicted shall be liable to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law.

§ 9. The executive power of the Corporation shall be vested in the Mayor, the heads of departments, and such other executive officers as shall be, from time to time, created by law, and neither the Common Council nor any Committee or member thereof, shall perform any executive business whatever, except such as is, or shall be, especially imposed on them by the laws of the state, and except that the Board of Aldermen may approve or reject the nominations made to them, as hereinafter provided.

§ 10. There shall continue to be an Executive Department, which shall be known as the "Police Department," and the Mayor of the city shall be the head officer thereof. There shall be a bureau in this department, and the chief officer thereof shall be denominated the "Chief of Police."

§ 11. There shall be an Executive Department, which shall be denominated "the Department of Finance," which shall have control of all the fiscal concerns of the Corporation, and shall prescribe the forms of keeping and rendering all city accounts whatever; and all accounts rendered to or kept in the several departments of the city government, shall be subject to the inspection and revision of the officers of this department. It shall settle and adjust all claims whatsoever by the Corporation or against them, and all accounts whatsoever, in which the Corporation is concerned, either as debtor or creditor. The chief officer of this department shall be called "the Comptroller of the City of New York." There shall be a bureau in this department for the collection of revenue accruing from taxes, the chief officer thereof shall be called the "Receiver of Taxes," who shall nomi-

nate, and with the advice and consent of the Board of Aldermen, appoint so many clerks as shall be authorized by the Common Council; provided that nothing in this act contained shall be held to interfere with the tenure of office of the present Receiver of Taxes and Deputy Receiver of Taxes, as established by the act passed April 11, 1848. There shall be a bureau in this department for the collection of the revenue accruing from rents and interests on bonds and mortgages, and for the performance of such other duties as may be directed by the Common Council, the chief officer of which shall be called the "Collector of the City Revenue." There shall be a bureau in this department for the reception of all moneys paid into the treasury of the city, and for the payment of moneys therefrom on the warrant drawn by the Comptroller, and countersigned by the Mayor and Clerk of the Common Council, and the chief officer thereof shall be called the "Chamberlain of the City of New York."

§ 12. There shall be an Executive Department under the denomination of the "Street Department," which shall have cognizance of opening, regulating and paving streets; building and repairing wharves and piers; digging and building wells, and the construction of public roads, when done by assesment; the filling up of sunken lots, under ordinances of the Common Council from the City Inspector's Department. It shall also have cognizance of collecting the assessments connected with such expenditure; the chief officer shall be called the "Street Commissioner." There shall be a bureau in this department for the collection of assessments, and the chief officer thereof shall be called the "Collector of Assessments," and his assistants, "Deputy Collectors." There shall be a bureau in this department, the chief officer of which shall be called the "Superintendent of Wharves."

§ 13. There shall be an Executive Department to be denominated the "Department of Repairs and Supplies," which shall have cognizance of all repairs and supplies of and for roads and avenues, public pavements, repairs to public buildings, to fire engines and apparatus of Fire Department, and the chief officer thereof shall be called the "Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies." There shall be four bureaux or branches in this department, and the chief officers shall be respectively denominated the "Superintendent of Roads," "Superintendent of Repairs to Public Buildings," "Superintendent of Pavements," and "Chief Engineer of the Fire Department."

§ 14. There shall be an Executive Department, to be denominated the "Department of Streets and Lamps," which shall have cognizance of procuring the necessary supplies for, and of lighting the public streets and places, lighted at the expense of the Corporation, and of cleaning the public streets, and of collecting the revenue arising from the sale of manure, and also of the transferring of butchers' stalls in the public markets. The chief officer thereof shall be denominated the "Commissioner of Streets and Lamps." There shall be three bureaux in this department, and the chief officers thereof shall be called the "Superintendent of Lamps and Gas," "Superintendent of Streets," and "Superintendent of Markets."



OLD CITY HALL, WALL STREET, 1776.
Drawn by David Grim.

§ 15. There shall be an Executive Department under the denomination of the "Croton Aqueduct Board," which shall have charge of the Croton Aqueduct, and all structures, and works, and property connected with the supply and distribution of water to the city of New York, and the underground drainage of the same; and of the public sewers of said city; and the collection of the revenues arising from the sale of the water, with such other powers and duties as shall or may be prescribed by law; the chief officers thereof shall be called the President, Engineer and Assistant Commissioner, who, together, shall form the Croton Aqueduct Board, and hold their offices for five years. There shall be a bureau in this department for the collection of the revenues derived from the sale of the water, and the chief officer thereof shall be called the "Water Register."

§ 16. There shall be an Executive Department, under the denomination of "City Inspector's Department," which shall have cognizance of all matters relative to the public health of said city, and the chief officer thereof shall be called the "City Inspector."

§ 17. There shall be an Executive Department known as the "Almshouse Department," which shall have cognizance of all matters relating to the Alms-house and prisons of said city; the chief officers thereof shall be called the "Governors of the Alms-house." They shall consist of the number, derive and hold their offices, and be charged with the duties, powers, and responsibilities as prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to provide for the government of the Alms-house and Penitentiary, in the City and County of New York."

§ 18. There shall be an Executive Department known as the "Law Department," which shall have the charge of, and conduct all the law business of the Corporation, and of the departments thereof, and all other law business in which the city shall be interested, when so ordered by the Corporation; and shall have the charge of and conduct the legal proceedings necessary in opening, widening or altering streets; and draw the leases, deeds, and other papers connected with the Finance Department, and the chief officer thereof shall be called the "Counsel to the Corporation." There shall be a bureau in this department, the chief officer of which shall be denominated the "Corporation Attorney." There shall be a bureau in this department, the chief officer of which shall be called the "Public Administrator."

§ 19. It shall be lawful for the Common Council of said city to establish such other departments and bureaux as they may deem the public interest may require, and to assign to them and those herein created, such duties as they may direct, not inconsistent with this act; but no expense shall be incurred by any of the departments or officers thereof, whether the object of expenditures shall have been ordered by the Common Council or not, unless an appropriation shall have been previously made concerning such expense; and no member of the Common Council, head of department, chief of bureau, deputy thereof, or clerk therein, or other officer of the Corpora-

tion, shall be directly or indirectly interested in any contract, work or business, or the sale of any article, the expense, price, or consideration of which is paid from the city treasury, or by any assessment levied by any act or ordinance of the Common Council, nor in the purchase of any real estate or other property belonging to the Corporation, or which shall be sold for taxes or assessments.

§ 20. The heads of departments, except the Croton Aqueduct Board, shall be elected every three years by the people. In case of vacancy of any of said heads of departments, by removal from office or otherwise, the Mayor, by and with the advice and consent of the Board of Aldermen, shall appoint a person to fill the same until the vacancy shall be filled by the electors at the next charter election. The heads of departments shall nominate, and by and with the consent of the Board of Aldermen, appoint the heads of bureaux in their several departments, except the Chamberlain of the city of New York, the Receiver of Taxes, and the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department. The heads of departments shall also in like manner appoint the clerks in their immediate offices. The heads of bureaux shall nominate, and with the consent of the Board of Aldermen, appoint all clerks in their respective bureaux. The Mayor shall nominate, and by and with the consent of the Board of Aldermen, appoint the Chamberlain of the city of New York, the chief officers of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and the Receiver of Taxes. The Chief of the Fire Department shall be elected in the same manner as is now, or may hereafter be prescribed by law. The number of officers and clerks in the several departments shall be prescribed by the Common Council. The terms of all charter officers, not prescribed by law of the state, shall be fixed by the Common Council. All officers whose appointments are not otherwise provided for, shall be elected or appointed in such manner as the Common Council shall by law prescribe. Any officer of the city government, except the Mayor and members of the Common Council, may be removed from office by concurrent resolution of both branches of the Common Council; provided that no removal shall take place until the party sought to be removed has had an opportunity to be heard in his defence, and unless two-thirds of the whole number of both branches vote therefor; and provided, also, that the cause of such removal shall be entered at large upon the journals of both branches of the Common Council. Any head of the department may remove any clerk in his department, or any bureau thereof, with the consent of the Mayor.

§ 21. The several Executive Departments, and the officers and clerks thereof, shall be subject to the legislative regulation and direction of the Common Council, so far as the same shall not be inconsistent with this act; and the duties thereof shall be performed in accordance with the charter and laws and ordinances of the city. The Mayor, and each Board of the Common Council, may at any time require the opinion in writing of the head of any department, upon any subject relating to his department, or

any information possessed by him in relation thereto. And every head of department shall report in writing to the Common Council, at the commencement of each stated session, the state of his department, with such suggestions in relation to the improvement thereof, and to the public business connected therewith, as he may deem advisable.

§ 22. Whenever a vacancy shall occur in the office of Assessor, by death, removal from the ward, resignation or otherwise, the Board of Assessors shall fill the same by the appointment of a citizen of the ward in which the vacancy shall occur, until the vacancy shall be supplied by the electors of the ward at the next election. And all assessments and awards shall be open to public inspection at least twenty days, by public notice thereof, before being certified to the proper department; and the assessments made by the assessors for all taxes, shall be made between the first day of January and the first day of April in each year.

§ 23. All contracts to be made or let by authority of the Common Council, for work to be done or supplies to be furnished, and all sales of personal property in the custody of the several departments or bureaux, shall be made by the appropriate heads of departments, under such regulations as shall be established by ordinances of the Common Council. Every person elected or appointed to any office under the city government, shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation before the Mayor, faithfully to perform the duties of his office, which oath or affirmation shall be filed in the Mayor's office.

§ 24. All officers or other persons to whom the receipts or expenditures of the funds of the city, or fees or funds payable into the city treasury, shall be intrusted, shall give sufficient security for the faithful performance of their duty, in such form and amount as the Common Council may, by ordinance, prescribe; which shall be annually renewed. No security shall be deemed canceled or lost for want of renewal or reappointment.

§ 25. Any officer of the city government, or person or persons employed in any department thereof, who shall wilfully violate any of the provisions of this charter, or commit any fraud, or convert any of the public property to his own use, or knowingly permit any other person so to convert it, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and in addition to the penalties imposed by law shall forfeit his office, and be excluded forever after from receiving or holding any office under the city charter. And any person who shall wilfully swear falsely in any oath or affirmation required by this act, shall be guilty of perjury.

§ 26. The first election of officers to be elected under this act, shall be held at the next general state election. The Mayor who shall be elected at the charter election, on the second Tuesday in April, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, shall hold his office until the first Monday of January, 1851, and the Aldermen and Assistant Aldermen who shall be elected at that election, shall hold their office until the first Monday of January 1850, and no longer. All officers of said city government who shall be in

office when this act shall take effect, shall hold their offices and execute the duties thereof, until their successors shall be duly qualified.

§ 27. The seventh section of the act, entitled "An act to amend the charter of the city of New York," passed April 7th, 1830, and all provisions of law and of charter, which are inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

§ 28. All such parts of the charter of the city of New York, and the several acts of the legislature amending the same, or in any manner affecting the same, as are inconsistent with this act, are hereby repealed; but so much and such parts thereof as are not inconsistent with the provisions of this law, shall not be construed as repealed, altered or modified, or in any form affected thereby, but shall continue and remain in full force and virtue.

§ 29. This act shall be submitted for the approval of the electors of the city and county of New York, at an election to be held in said city, on the second Tuesday of April, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, for which the Common Council of the city shall make the necessary arrangements. The tickets which shall be polled at the said election, shall contain either the words, "In favor of amendments to charter," or "Against amendments to charter," and if a majority of all the persons voting thereon at the said election shall vote the ticket "In favor of amendments to charter," this act shall become a law; if a majority of such persons shall vote "Against amendments to charter," this act shall be void.

§ 30. In case this act shall be approved of by a majority of the electors of said city, as aforesaid, and become a law, it shall go into effect on the first day of June next; and the terms of office of all the officers elected at such election on the second Tuesday of April next, shall expire on the days and in the manner hereinbefore provided.

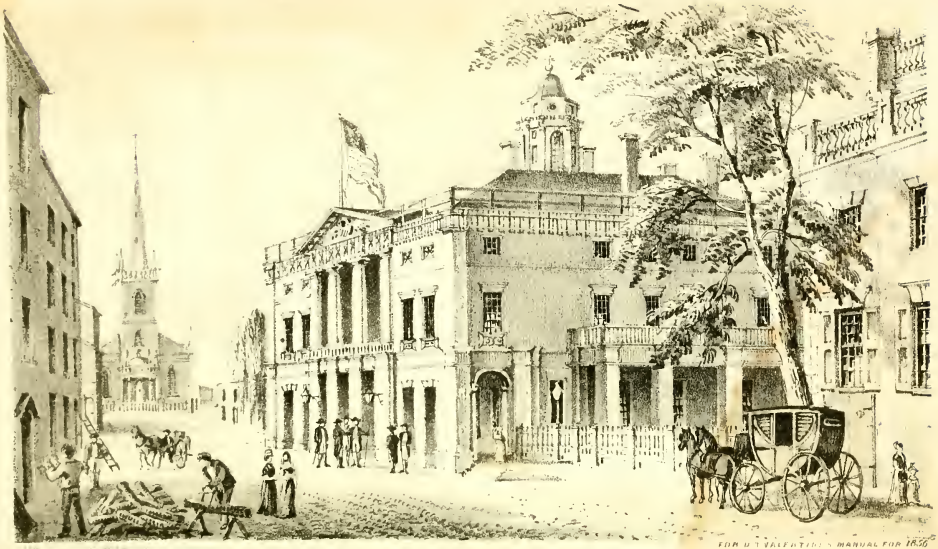
AN ACT

TO AMEND AN ACT ENTITLED "AN ACT TO AMEND THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK," PASSED APRIL 2, 1849.

PASSED JULY 11, 1851.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly do enact as follows:

§ 1. The third section of said act shall be amended by striking out the following words: "and thereafter the Common Council shall annually hold only three stated sessions of not exceeding one month each, commencing on the first Monday of January, May and September," and insert in lieu thereof the following words: "and thereafter the Common Council shall hold their sessions monthly, commencing on the first Monday of each month," but at no such session shall the members be entitled to draw any per diem allowance for a longer period than eight days.



FEDERAL HALL AND THE VERPLANCK MANSION

Wall Street, 1789 Drawn by David Grim

§ 2. Section twenty is hereby amended so as to read as follows: "The heads of departments, except the Croton Aqueduct Board, shall be elected every three years by the people. In case of vacancy of any of said heads of departments, by removal from office or otherwise, the Mayor, by and with the consent of the Board of Aldermen, shall appoint a person to fill the same, until the vacancy shall be filled by the electors at the next charter election. The heads of departments shall nominate, and by and with the consent of the Board of Aldermen, appoint the heads of bureaux in their several departments, except the Chamberlain of the city of New York, the Receiver of Taxes, and the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department; but in case the Mayor shall neglect or refuse to nominate the chief officer of a bureau in the Police Department, designated as the Chief of Police, for five days after the commencement of the session of the Common Council, to be holden in August, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, it shall be the duty of the Board of Aldermen to appoint such officer forthwith. And in case the Mayor shall make such nomination, and it shall be rejected by the Board of Aldermen, the Board of Aldermen shall have power, at any regular session of the Common Council, to appoint such officer, provided that five days of any such session shall elapse without another nomination being made by the Mayor, and that no appointment of such officer shall have been made as heretofore provided; the heads of departments shall nominate, and by and with the consent of the Board of Aldermen, appoint the clerks in their immediate offices. The heads of bureaux shall nominate, and with the consent of the Board of Aldermen, appoint all clerks in their respective bureaux. The Mayor shall nominate, and by and with the consent of the Board of Aldermen, appoint the Chamberlain of the city of New York, the chief officers of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and the Receiver of Taxes. The Chief of the Fire Department, shall be elected in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be prescribed by law. The number of officers and clerks in the several departments shall be prescribed by the Common Council; the terms of all charter officers, not prescribed by the law of the State, shall be fixed by the Common Council."

STATE OF NEW YORK,
Secretary's Office. } I certify that I have compared the foregoing with an original law on file in this office, and that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole of said original.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at the city of Albany,
[L. S.] this seventeenth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty one.

A. G. JOHNSON,
Dep. Secretary of State.

AN ACT

IN RELATION TO THE CHIEF OF POLICE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

PASSED APRIL 10, 1852

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. All that portion of section second of an act entitled "An act to amend the charter of the city of New York," passed July 11, 1851, relative to the appointment of the Chief of Police, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

AN ACT

FURTHER TO AMEND THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

PASSED APRIL 12, 1853.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The legislative powers of the Corporation of the City of New York, shall be vested in a Board of Aldermen and a Board of Councilmen, who, together shall form the Common Council of the city.

The Board of Aldermen shall consist of one Alderman from each ward, who shall be elected by the people of the respective wards for two years. The Board of Councilmen shall consist of sixty members, to be elected from as many districts, who shall be sworn into office on the first Monday of January next succeeding their election, and shall hold their offices for one year, and shall receive the same compensation as the Aldermen.

§ 2. The members of the Board of Aldermen, first elected under this act, shall be classified as follows: on or before the first Tuesday in December, succeeding the next general election, the Clerk of the city and county of New York shall, in the presence of the Mayor, Recorder, and Comptroller, or a majority thereof, draw from a box to be provided for the purpose, in which two ballots shall have been deposited, having thereon, respectively, either the word "Odd," or the word "Even;" one ballot, if the ballot so drawn shall have thereon the word "Odd," then the term of the office of the Aldermen chosen from the wards having an odd numerical designation, shall expire on the first Monday of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five; and in case the ballot having thereon the word "Even" shall be drawn, then the term of office of the Aldermen having an even numeri-

cal designation, shall expire, on the first Monday of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six. At all subsequent elections Aldermen shall be elected for the full term of two years.

§ 3. For the election of Councilmen, the said city shall be divided into sixty districts, of contiguous territory, and as near as may be of equal population, each of which shall choose one Councilman. The Common Council shall so divide the city into such districts, on or before the first Monday in September next; and thereafter, within one year after the State and National Census shall have been completed, the Common Council shall, in like manner, re-district said city.

§ 4. Every act, resolution, or ordinance, appropriating money, or involving the expenditure of money, not rendered imperative under the provisions of any State law, shall originate in the Board of Councilmen; but the Board of Aldermen may propose, or concur with amendments, as in other cases.

§ 5. A vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each Board, shall be necessary to pass any act, ordinance, or resolution of the Common Council, which shall have been returned by the Mayor, with his objections.

§ 6. No Alderman shall hereafter sit, or act as judge in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, or in the Courts of General or Special Sessions, in the city and county of New York; but this section shall not prevent his exercising the powers of a magistrate, in the arrest, commitment, or bailing of offenders, except that he cannot let to bail, or discharge a person arrested or committed by another magistrate.

§ 7. All ferries, docks, piers and slips shall be leased; and all leases and sales of public property and franchises (other than grants of lands under water, to which the owner of the upland shall have a pre-emption right,) shall be made by public auction, and to the highest bidder, who will give adequate security, (no lease hereafter given, except as the same may be required by covenants of the Corporation already existing, shall be for a longer period than ten years; and all ferry leases shall be revocable, by the Common Council, for mismanagement or neglect to provide adequate accommodations.) All persons requiring any ferry lease or franchise, under the provisions of this act, shall be required to purchase, at a fair appraised valuation, the boats, buildings, and other property of the former lessees, actually necessary for the purposes of such ferry. Previous notice of all sales referred to in this section, shall be given under the direction of the Comptroller, for thirty days, in the newspapers employed by the Corporation.

§ 8. No bids shall be accepted from, or contract awarded to, any person who is in arrears to the Corporation, upon debt or contracts, or who is a defaulter, as security or otherwise, upon any obligation to the Corporation.

§ 9. No money shall be expended by the Corporation for any celebration, procession, or entertainment of any kind, or on any occasion, except for the celebration of the anniversary of the National Independence, the

twenty-fifth of November, "Evacuation Day," and the anniversary of the birthday of Washington, unless by the vote of three-fourths of all the members elected in each Board of the Common Council.

§ 10. No additional allowance beyond the legal claim, under any contract with the Corporation, or for any service on its account, or in its employment, shall ever be allowed.

§ 11. The officers of the police and policemen shall hereafter be appointed by a Board of Commissioners, consisting of the Mayor, Recorder, and City Judge.

§ 12. All work to be done, and all supplies to be furnished by the Corporation, involving an expenditure of more than two hundred and fifty dollars, shall be by contract, founded on sealed bids or proposals made in compliance with public notice, for the full period of ten days; and all such contracts, when given, shall be given to the lowest bidder, with adequate security. All such bids or proposals shall be opened by the Heads of Departments advertising for them, in the presence of the Comptroller, and such of the parties making them as may desire to be present.

§ 13. There shall be a bureau in the Department of Finance, to be called the "Auditing Bureau," and the chief officer thereof shall be the "Auditor of Accounts." It shall revise, audit and settle all accounts in which the city is concerned, as debtor or creditor; it shall keep an account of each claim for or against the Corporation and of the sums allowed upon each, and certify the same, with reasons therefor, to the Comptroller. The Comptroller shall report to the Common Council, once in ninety days, the name and decision of the auditor upon the same, together with the final action of the Comptroller thereon. All moneys drawn from the city treasury shall be upon vouchers for the expenditure thereof, examined and allowed by the auditor, and approved by the Comptroller.

§ 14. Every person who shall promise, offer, or give, or cause or aid, or abet, in causing to be promised, offered or given, or furnish, or agree to furnish, in whole or in part, to be promised, offered, or given to any member of the Common Council, or to any officer of the Corporation after his election as such member, or before or after he shall have qualified and taken his seat, any money, goods, right in action, or other property, or any thing of value, or any pecuniary advantage, present or prospective, with intent to influence his vote, opinion, judgment, or action on any question, matter, cause, or proceeding which may be then pending, or may by law be brought before him, in his official capacity, shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned in a state prison for a term not exceeding ten years, or shall be fined not exceeding five thousand dollars, or both, in the discretion of the court. Every officer in this section enumerated, who shall accept any such gift, or any promise or undertaking to make the same, under any agreement or undertaking that his vote, opinion, judgment, or action shall be influenced thereby, or shall be given in any particular manner, or upon any particular side of any question, matter, cause or proceeding then pend-

ing, or which may by law be brought before him in his official capacity, shall, upon conviction, be disqualified from holding any public office, trust or appointment, under the charter of the city of New York, and shall forfeit his office, and shall be punished by imprisonment in a state prison, not exceeding ten years, or by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or both, in the discretion of the court. Every person offending against either of the provisions of this section shall be a competent witness against any other person offending in the same transaction, and may be compelled to appear and give evidence before any grand jury, or in any court, in the same manner as other persons; but the testimony so given shall not be used in any prosecution or proceeding, civil or criminal, against the person so testifying.

§ 15. No contract by the Supervisors shall be valid unless expressly authorized by statute, and such as are authorized must be made in the manner provided in the twelfth section of this act.

§ 16. All ordinary appropriations made for the support and government of the Alms-house Department shall, before the same are finally made, be submitted by the Governors of the Alms-house to a Board of Commissioners, consisting of the Mayor, Recorder, Comptroller, the President of the Board of Aldermen, and the President of the Board of Councilmen; if the said Commissioners approve of the appropriations, they shall immediately report the same to the Board of Supervisors; if they shall disapprove of the same, they shall return them, with their objections, to the Governors of the Alms-house for reconsideration; and in case the said Governors shall, upon a reconsideration, adhere by a vote of two-thirds of all the Governors then in office, to the original appropriations, they shall return them to the Commissioners, whose duty it shall be to report to the Board of Supervisors.

§ 17. The Board of Education shall also submit, in like manner, all appropriations required by them, to the Commissioners named in the last preceding section; and said appropriations shall be subject to all the provisions of said section, so far as the same may be applicable.

§ 18. All such parts of the charter of the city of New York, and the several acts of the Legislature amending the same, or in any manner affecting the same, as are inconsistent with this act, are hereby repealed; but so much and such parts thereof as are not inconsistent with the provisions of this law, shall not be construed as repealed, altered or modified, or in any form affected thereby, but shall continue and remain in full force and effect.

§ 19. The power now vested in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Assistant Aldermen, in granting and revoking tavern licenses, together with all other powers as Excise Commissioners, shall be hereafter vested in the Mayor, with the Alderman and Councilman representing the district in which the premises of the party licensed or to be licensed may be located.

§ 20. This act shall be submitted for the approval of the electors of the

city and county of New York, at an election to be held in said city, on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three. The tickets which shall be polled at such election shall contain either the words "In favor of Amendments to Charter," or "Against Amendments to Charter;" and if a majority of all the persons voting thereon at such election shall vote the ticket "In favor of Amendments to Charter," this act shall become a law; if a majority of such electors shall vote the ticket "Against Amendments to Charter," this act shall be void.

§ 21. The Common Council are hereby authorized and directed to make all necessary arrangements, by ordinance or otherwise, for the conduct and regulation of all elections authorized under the provisions of this act and in conformity, as far as may be, to the general election laws.

STATE OF NEW YORK, }
Secretary's Office. } I have compared the preceding with the orignal law on file in this office, and do hereby certify the same to be a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole of said original law.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at the city of Albany,
[L. S.] this sixteenth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three.

ARCH'D CAMPBELL,
Deputy Secretary of State.

AN ACT

SUPPLEMENTARY TO AN ACT ENTITLED "AN ACT FURTHER TO AMEND THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK;" PASSED APRIL 12, 1853.

PASSED JUNE 14, 1853—THREE-FIFTHS BEING PRESENT.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The second section of the act entitled "An act further to amend the charter of the city of New York," passed April 12, 1853, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

§ 2. The members of the Board of Aldermen first elected under this act shall be classified as follows, on or before the first Tuesday in December succeeding the next general election, the Clerk of the city and county of New York shall, in presence of the Mayor, Recorder and Comptroller, or a majority of them, draw from a box, to be provided for the purpose, in which two ballots shall have been deposited, having thereon respectively either the word "Odd," or the word "Even;" one ballot, if the ballot so

drawn shall have thereon the word "Odd," then the term of office of the Aldermen chosen from wards having an odd numerical designation, shall expire on the first Monday of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five; and in case the ballot having thereon the word "Even," shall be drawn, then the term of office of the Aldermen chosen from wards having an even numerical designation, shall expire on the first Monday of January one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five. At all subsequent elections, Aldermen shall be elected for the full term of office."

§ 2. Until the Aldermen and Councilmen to be chosen at the next general election in and for said city, as in the said act provided, shall enter on their offices, the Aldermen and Assistant Aldermen now in office in said city, shall continue to form the Common Council thereof, subject, however, to all the provisions of the said act.

§ 3. Hereafter, Courts of Oyer and Terminer, in and for said city may be held by a Justice of the Supreme Court, and Court of General Sessions of the Peace in and for said city by the Recorder, or City Judge of said city; and when either of the said courts shall be so held by a single judge, all the powers and jurisdiction appertaining by law to such court, shall be possessed and exercised by such judge.

§ 4. This act, and the act to which it is supplementary, shall commence and take effect as laws immediately.

STATE OF NEW YORK, }
Secretary's Office. } I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole of said original.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at the city of Albany,
[L. S.] this sixteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three.

HENRY S. RANDALL,
Secretary of State.

RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

PASSED JANUARY 7, 1856.

I. UPON the appearance of a quorum, the President, or in his absence a President *pro tem.* shall take the chair as President, and the members be called to order.

II. In case the President shall not attend, the Clerk, on the appearance of a quorum, shall call the Board to order, when a President *pro tem.* shall be appointed by the Board, for that meeting, or until the appearance of the President.

III. After the reading and approving of the minutes, the order of business, which shall not in any case be departed from, except by the consent of twelve members voting therefor, shall be as follows:

1st. Presentation of petitions.

2d Motions or resolutions.

3d. Reports of Committees.

4th. Communications and reports from the Departments or Corporation offices.

5th. Unfinished business.

6th. Special orders of the day.

7th. Messages, papers from the Mayor, or the Board of Councilmen, may be considered at any time.

IV. Whenever the President may wish to leave the chair he shall have power to substitute a member in his place, provided that substitution shall not continue beyond the day on which it is made.

V. The President, in all cases, has the right of voting; and when the Board shall be equally divided, including his vote, the question shall be lost.

VI. Whenever it shall be moved and carried, that the Board go into Committee of the Whole, the President shall leave the chair, and shall appoint a Chairman of the Committee of the Whole, who shall report the proceedings of the Committee. The rules of the Board shall be observed in the Committee of the Whole, except the rules respecting a call for the ayes and noes, and limiting the time for speaking.

VII. On motion in Committee to rise and report, the question shall be decided without debate.

VIII. No amendment shall be allowed in the Board on any question which has been decided in Committee of the Whole, unless by the consent of two-thirds of the members present.

IX. If the question in debate contain several points, any member may have the same divided.

PRESIDENT.

15
ISAAC O. BARKER

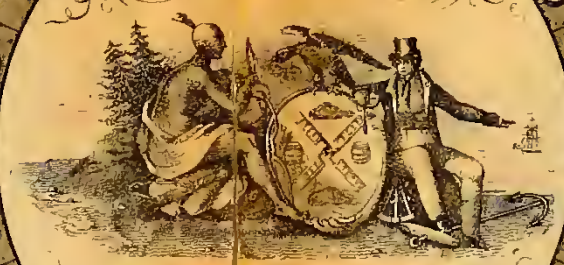
Reporter.

Reporter.

Clerk
&
Assistant.

Sergt at Arms.

DIAGRAM of Aldermens CHAMBER 1856.

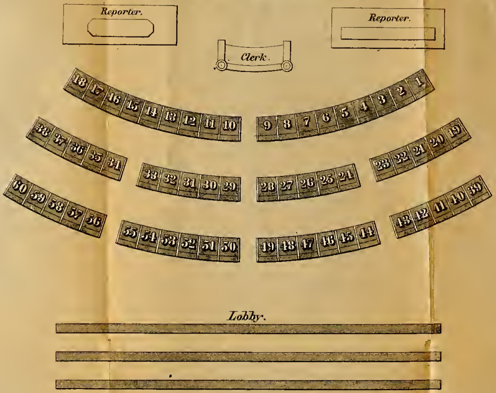


1 Josiah Brow
2 Hiram Corwin
3 Samuel H. Moser
4 Bathalomew Healy
5 H. R. Hoffnaire
6 John Clancy
7 Charles Fox.
8 William Tucker.
9 Peter F. Voorhis.
10 James Grimble
11 James R. Sears
12 David S. Jadson
13 John H. Bruges
14 Peter Monnghan
15 Peter Palmer.
16 Nathan C. Ely.
17 Jacob H. Valentine
18 Anson Herrick.
19 William McConker
20 Geo. W Varian
21 William B. Drake
22

Lobby:



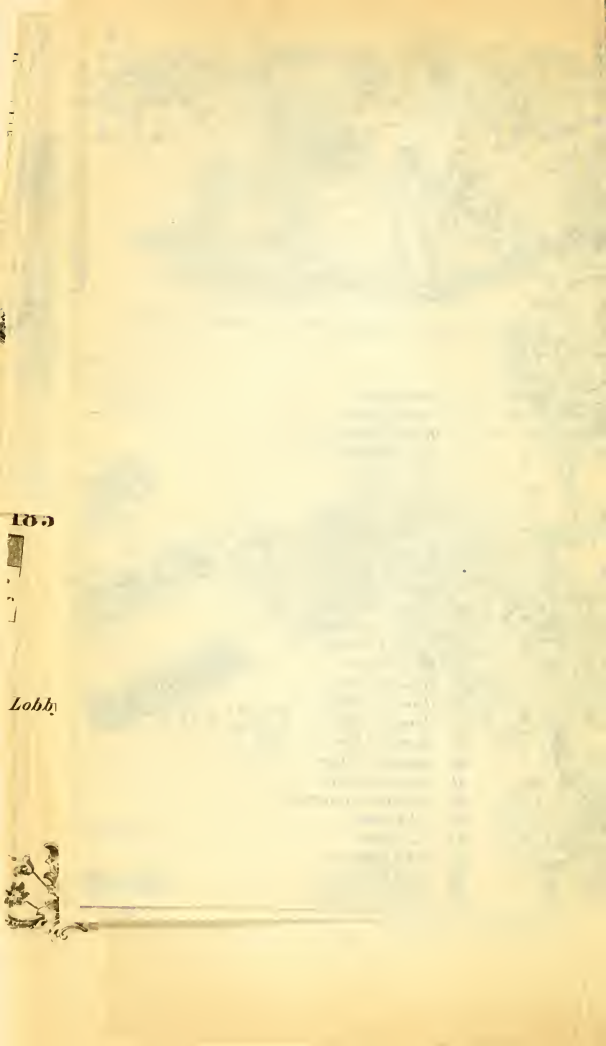
BENJAMIN F. PINCKNEY, President.



1. Henry Smith
2. Jacob L. Smith
3. Gideon Clifton
4. Amos T. Gavitt
5. John Baulch
6. James Reilly
7. George P. Bickford
8. James L. Waugh
9. George A. Barney
10. William H. Crane
11. Mathew Murray
12. George McKinley
13. James F. Kerrigan
14. George W. Warner
15. Michael Barry
16. Orlando Gray
17. Jonas N. Phillips
18. James E. Colgrove
19. Joseph D. Martin
20. Ledyard K. Avery
21. John Kennard
22. Alexander Hemphill
23. C. S. Cooper
24. R. S. Dixon
25. John Roehner
26. John Van Tine
27. Charles Whitlock
28. Henry W. Colyer
29. Isaac B. Skaats
30. F. I. A. Boole
31. George H. Raymond
32. John Hart
33. William Floyd
34. Edward C. McConnell
35. Ephraim Reed
36. Francis O'Reilly
37. Thomas Farran
38. Michael Smith
39. John H. Brady
40. Otis D. Swan
41. Charles E. Appleby
42. Andrew Leary
43. George Merritt
44. Samuel Hopper
45. Charles S. Watrous
46. J. W. T. Van Riper
47. Benjamin F. Pinckney
48. F. J. Miller
49. Andrew J. Odell
50. Bernard Reilly
51. James Wallace, Jr.
52. Dennis Ryer
53. Thomas A. Dunn
54. John L. Noyes
55. Wm. H. Taylor
56. William N. Baxter
57.
58. Hiram A. Maynard
59. Henry A. Cargill
60. Isaac A. Hopper

Diagram of the Councilmen's Chamber

1856.



X. A motion to refer or lay on the table, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendments to the main question.

XI. When a question has been once put and decided, it shall be in order for any member who voted in the majority to move for the reconsideration thereof; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be made after the ordinance, resolution, or act shall have gone out of the possession of the Board; and no motion of reconsideration shall be taken more than once.

XII. No act, resolution, or ordinance sent to this Board from the other Board for concurrence, shall be acted upon the same day it passed the other Board, unless by unanimous consent of the members present, except in case of invasion, insurrection or pestilence.

XIII. It shall be the duty of the Clerk to publish all ordinances and amendments of ordinances which shall be passed, and also the proceedings, in the newspapers employed by the Corporation, except such parts as may require secrecy; and whenever a vote shall be taken upon the passage of a resolution or ordinance which shall contemplate any specific improvement, or involve the sale, disposition or appropriation of public property or lay any tax or assessment, he shall, before the same is sent to the other Board, and immediately after the adjournment, cause the same to be published, with the ayes and noes, with the names of the persons voting for and against the same, in at least two newspapers, as a part of the proceedings, and shall thereafter certify and send to the other Board every act, ordinance and resolution which has originated in and passed this Board, and which requires a concurrent vote of the Board of Councilmen; and to deliver to the Mayor, certified in like manner, all such ordinances and resolutions which shall have been received from the Board of Councilmen, and concurred in by this Board, and which are required to be submitted to him for approval, and shall certify to the other Board the proceedings of this Board, in reference to all acts or business originating with the other Board.

XIV. The President shall preserve order and decorum, and shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Board.

XV. Every member, previous to his speaking, shall rise from his seat and address himself to the President.

XVI. When two or more members shall rise at once, the President shall name the member who is first to speak.

XVII. No person shall speak more than twice to the same question, without leave of the Board; nor more than once, until every member choosing to speak shall have spoken.

XVIII. While a member is speaking no member shall entertain any private discourse, or pass between [illegible] and the chair.

XIX. No question on a motion shall be debated or put, unless the same be seconded. When a motion is seconded, it shall be stated by the President before debate; and every such motion shall be reduced to writing, if any member desire it.

XX. After a motion is stated by the President, it shall be deemed to be in the possession of the Board; but it may be withdrawn at any time by the mover, before decision or amendment.

XXI. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received, unless

1. To amend it.
2. To commit it.
3. To lay on the table.
4. To postpone it.
5. For the previous question, or
6. To adjourn.

XXII. A motion to lay on the table shall be decided without amendment or debate, and a motion to commit, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendments and debate of the main question.

XXIII. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, and shall be decided without debate.

XXIV. The previous question, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendments and debate, and shall be put in this form—"Shall the main question be now put?"

XXV. Every member who shall be present when a question is put, shall vote for or against the same, unless the Board shall excuse him, unless he be immediately interested in the question, in which case he shall not vote; but no member shall be permitted to vote upon a question when a division is called, unless present when his name is called in its regular order.

XXVI. A member called to order, shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain; and the Board, if appealed to, shall decide on the case, but without debate. If there be no appeal, the decision of the Chair shall be submitted to.

XXVII. All questions shall be put in the order they are moved, except in filling up blanks—the longest time and the largest sum shall be first put.

XXVIII. The ayes and noes shall be taken at the request of a member, and the name of the member calling for the division shall be entered on the minutes.

XXIX. Upon a division of the Board, the names of those who vote for, and those who vote against the question shall be entered upon the minutes.

XXX. All appointments of officers shall be by ballot, unless dispensed with by consent of the Board; and a majority of the whole number present shall be necessary to constitute a choice.

XXXI. No member shall absent himself without permission from the President.

XXXII. All Committees shall be appointed by the President, unless otherwise ordered by the Board.

XXXIII. Committees appointed to report on any subject referred to them by the Board, shall report the facts in relation to the subject referred, with their opinion thereon, in writing, and shall attach thereto all resolutions, petitions, remonstrances, and other papers relative to the matter referred; and no report shall be received, except the same be signed by a majority of the Committee; but nothing contained in this rule shall prevent a minority of any Committee from submitting a report. And no report shall be

printed; unless by the express direction of the Board, specifying the number of copies to be printed.

XXXIV. Whenever the doors are directed to be closed, all persons, except the members and the Clerk, shall retire.

XXXV. Every petition, remonstrance, or other written application, intended to be presented to the Common Council, may be delivered to the President or any member of the Board, and the member to whom it shall be given, shall examine the same, and indorse thereon the name of the applicant, and the substance of such application, and sign his name thereto, which indorsement only shall be read by the President, unless a member shall require the reading of the paper, in which case the whole shall be read.

XXXVI. STANDING COMMITTEES, consisting of three members each, shall be appointed on the following subjects:

1. Alms-house Department.
2. Arts and Sciences.
3. Assessments.
4. Cleaning Streets.
5. Ferries.
6. Finance.
7. Fire Department.
8. Joint Committee on Accounts.
9. Joint Committee on Croton Aqueduct.
10. Lamps and Gas.
11. Lands and Places.
12. Law Department.
13. Markets.
14. Ordinances.
15. Police.
16. Public Health.
17. Public Buildings on Blackwell's Island, Randall's Island, and Bellevue establishment.
18. Repairs and Supplies.
19. Roads.
20. Salaries and Offices.
21. Sewers.
22. Streets.
23. Wharves, Piers and Slips.
24. Railroads.

XXXVII. The President shall be, *ex officio*, a member of all Committees; but a majority of such Committee, exclusive of the President, shall be sufficient to agree upon a report.

XXXVIII. The members of the Board shall not leave their places on adjournment, until the President leave the chair

XXXIX. None of the foregoing rules and orders shall be amended or repealed, except by the vote of at least a quorum.

D. T. VALENTINE, *Clerk*.

RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

PASSED JANUARY 7, 1856.

I. UPON the appearance of thirty-one members, the Board shall be called to order by the President, or if he be absent, by the Clerk, and a President *pro tem.* appointed by the Board, for that meeting, or until the President appear.

II. After reading and approving the minutes, the order of business, which shall not be departed from, except by the consent of forty members, shall be as follows:

1. Presentation of petitions.
2. Motions and Resolutions, for which the Wards shall be called in numerical order, beginning at alternate meetings with the First Ward and the Twenty-second Ward.
3. Reports of Committees.
4. Communications and Reports from the Departments.
5. Third reading of acts, resolutions and ordinances.
6. Special orders of the day.
7. General orders.
8. Messages from the Mayor and the Board of Aldermen may be received at any time.
9. Unfinished business may be resumed at any time under the same order upon which it was taken up.

III. Every petition, remonstrance, and other paper presented to the Board shall be presented by a member in his place; and before presenting the same, the person presenting, shall indorse thereon the substance thereof, and sign his name thereto.

IV. No motion or resolution shall be debated or put unless it be seconded, nor until it be stated by the President; and every such motion shall be reduced to writing, if any member desire it.

V. When the Board shall be equally divided, including the vote of the President, the question shall be lost.

VI. A motion or resolution may be withdrawn at any time before action had on it.

VII. Resolutions, giving rise to debate, upon the request of five members, shall lie over one day; after which they may be called up, of course, under that order of business.

VIII. All questions, relating to the priority of business shall be decided by the President, without debate.

IX. The President shall preserve order and decorum, and decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Board.

X. Whenever the President shall wish to leave the chair, he may substitute a member in his place; but such substitution shall not continue beyond the day on which it is made.

XI The President may call special meetings of the Board, whenever, in his judgment, the interests of the city may require it.

XII. Every act, resolution, or ordinance, appropriating money, or involving an expenditure of money, or relating to any lease, or sale, or other disposition or appropriation of any public property, privilege or franchise, shall be referred to the Committee of the Whole, unless otherwise ordered by forty members. Every act, resolution, or ordinance, which may have been referred to the Committee of the Whole, shall receive three several readings previous to its being passed, and the third reading shall not be on the same day on which it is acted on in committee, unless by consent of forty members.

XIII. In forming a Committee of the Whole, the President shall leave the chair and appoint a chairman to preside. The rules of the Board shall be observed in such Committee, except the rules respecting the ayes and noes, the times of speaking, and the previous question.

XIV. On motion in Committee to rise and report, the question shall be decided without debate.

XV. After the report of the Committee, such amendments only shall be in order, as were offered and acted on in Committee.

XVI. When the question in debate contains several distinct propositions, any member may have the same divided.

XVII. All questions shall be put in the order they are moved, except those of privilege. When the blanks are to be filled, the longest time and smallest sum shall be put first.

XVIII. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be entertained, unless,

1. To adjourn.
2. To lay on the table.
3. For the previous question.
4. To postpone to a day certain.
5. To refer.
6. To postpone indefinitely.
7. To amend. Which motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand. A call of the Board may be ordered at any time.

XIX. When a resolution shall be offered, or a motion be made to refer any subject, and different Committees shall be proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order:

1. A Standing Committee.
2. A Select Committee.
3. The Committee of the Whole.

XX. A motion to refer, or lay on the table, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendment and debate of the main question A motion to postpone, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendment to the main question. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order; and that, and a motion for a call of the Board, shall be decided without debate.

XXI. No act, resolution, or ordinance, sent from the Board of Aldermen, shall be called up for final passage on the same day it is presented to this Board, unless by consent of forty members; nor shall it be acted upon on the same day it shall have passed the other Board, unless by unanimous consent; except in case of invasion, insurrection or pestilence.

XXII. It shall be the duty of the Clerk to publish all ordinances and amendments of ordinances which shall be passed; and also, the proceedings in the newspapers employed by the Corporation, except such parts as may require secrecy; and whenever a vote shall be taken upon the passage of a resolution or ordinance, which shall contemplate any specific improvement, or involve the sale, disposition or appropriation of public property, or the expenditure of public money, or the income therefrom, or lay any tax or assessment, he shall, before the same is sent to the other Board, and immediately after the adjournment, cause the same to be published, with the ayes and noes, with the names of the persons voting for and against the same, in at least two newspapers, as a part of the proceedings, and shall thereafter certify and send to the other Board every act, resolution, and ordinance, which has originated in and passed this Board, and which require a concurrent vote of the Board of Aldermen, and shall deliver to the Mayor, certified in like manner, all such acts, ordinances and resolutions which shall have been received from the Board of Aldermen, and concurred in by this Board, and which are required to be submitted to him for his approval; and shall certify to the other Board, the proceedings of this Board, in reference to all acts or business originating with the other Board.

XXIII. It shall also be the duty of the Clerk to make and keep a list of all messages, acts, resolutions, ordinances and reports, not finally or specially disposed of, in order of priority, which list shall be the "General Orders;" also, a like list or "Calendar of matters ordered to the Committee of the Whole;" also, a like list or "Calendar of matters ordered to a Third Reading."

XXIV. Every member who shall be present when a question is put, shall vote thereon, unless the Board shall excuse him, or unless he be immediately interested in the question, in which case he shall not vote. But no member, on a taking of the ayes and noes, shall be permitted to vote, unless present when his name is called in regular order, except by consent of a majority of the members present.

XXV. Any member who shall have voted with the majority, may move for a reconsideration, provided he do so at the same or the next meeting; and whilst the act, resolution or ordinance is in the possession of the Board, such motion having been once put and lost, shall not be renewed, except by the consent of forty members.

XXVI. Every member, previous to speaking, shall rise in his place and address the President.

XXVII. When two or more members rise at the same time, the President shall name the member who is first to speak.

XXVIII. No person shall speak more than twice to the same question, without leave of the Board, nor more than once, till every member, choosing to speak, shall have spoken.

XXIX. A member called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain; and the Board, if appealed to, shall at once decide on the case, without debate. If there be no appeal, the decision of the chair shall be submitted to.

XXX. The previous question shall be admitted only when demanded by a majority of the members present, and until decided, shall preclude all amendment or debate, and must be put in this form: "Shall the main question be now put?"

XXXI. When the previous question shall have been ordered, and there shall be pending amendments adopted in Committee of the Whole, but not acted on in the Board, the question shall be first taken upon such amendments, in their order, and then upon the main question, without further debate or amendment.

XXXII. On taking a vote by ayes and noes, in the cases required by law, as well as when required by five members, the names of those who vote for and those who vote against the question shall be so entered in the minutes; and when so taken, on the call of a member, the name of such member, and the fact, shall also be entered in the minutes.

XXXIII. All appointments of officers shall be by ballot.

XXXIV. All Committees shall be appointed by the President, unless otherwise ordered by the Board.

XXXV. The Standing Committees shall be as follows;

1. Alms-house Department.
2. Arts and Sciences.
3. Assessments.
4. Cleaning Streets.
5. Croton Aqueduct.
6. Ferries.
7. Finance.
8. Fire Department.
9. Lamps and Gas.
10. Lands and Places.
11. Law Department.
12. Markets.

13. Ordinances.
14. Police.
15. Public Health.
16. Public Buildings on Blackwell's Island, Ward's Island, Randall's Island and Bellevue establishment.
17. Railroads.
18. Repairs and Supplies.
19. Roads.
20. Salaries and Offices.
21. Sewers.
22. Streets.
23. Wharves, Piers and Slips.

24. Joint Committee on Accounts—each of which shall consist of five members, except the Joint Committee on Accounts, which shall consist of three members only.

XXXVI. The President shall be *ex officio* a member of all Committees; but a majority of the other members shall be sufficient to agree upon a report.

XXXVII. Committees shall inquire into the matters referred to them, and report, in writing, the facts in relation thereto, with their opinions thereon, and attach to such report all resolutions, petitions, remonstrances, and other papers relating to the matters referred, but no report shall be made without consent first had, unless signed by a majority of the Committee; nor shall any matter reported on, be taken up for final action the same day on which it is reported, unless by the consent of forty members. No report shall be printed unless by the express direction of the Board; specifying the number of copies to be printed.

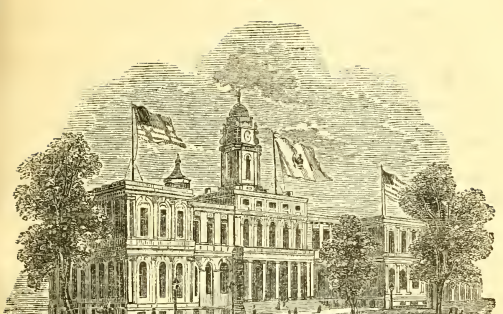
XXXVIII. No member shall absent himself without permission of the President; nor, on adjournment, leave his place, until the President leaves the chair.

XXXIX. Whenever the doors are directed to be closed, all persons, excepting the members and the clerk, shall retire.

XL. No person shall be permitted on the floor of the Council unless in the discharge of official duty, or by special invitation of a member, except the Mayor, Aldermen, Heads of Departments, or officers of the state government, and reporters for the press. The privilege of admission, under any invitation, shall not extend beyond the day for which it is given.

XLI. The regular sessions of the Board shall commence on the first Monday of each month, at five o'clock P.M., and shall continue on each Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at the same hour, until the business of the monthly session is concluded; provided that the Board may, by a vote of a majority of the members present, adjourn for a shorter time. And the first business in order on Friday evenings shall be the third reading of bills.

XLII. No standing rule or order of this Board shall be changed, or rescinded, without one day's previous notice being given of the motion therefor. But any rule or order may be suspended, for a special purpose, by a vote of forty members.



CITY HALL.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

1856.

HON. FERNANDO WOOD, *Mayor*,
Office, No. 6 City Hall; residence, No. 122 Second avenue.

DAVID T. VALENTINE, *Clerk of Common Council*,
Office, No. 8 City Hall; residence, No. 453 Hudson street.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Ward.	Names.	Residence.	Place of Business.
15.	Isaac O. Barker, *Pres't.*	288 Fourth street	cor. Chatham & Mott st.
1.	Josiah W. Brown	16 Greenwich street	48 Broadway.
2.	Hiram Corwin	206 Front street	cor. Fulton & Front sts.
3.	Samuel H. Moser	Manhattan House	293 Washington street.
4.	Bartholomew Healy	39 Oliver street	105 Nassau & 34 Ann st.
5.	H. R. Hoffmire	3 Jay street	3 Jay street.
6.	John Clancy	85 Elm street	65 Bayard street.
7.	Charles Fox	46 Pike street	178 South street.
8.	William Tucker	28 Macdougal street	64 Wall street.
9.	Peter P. Voorhis	44 Hammond street	22 Fourth street.
10.	James Griffiths	14 Ludlow street	14 Ludlow street.

Ward.	Names.	Residence.	Place of Business.
11.	James R. Steers	274 Seventh street	
12.	David S. Jackson	Bloomingdale	
13.	John H. Briggs	2 Attorney street	578 Water street.
14.	Peter Monaghan	6 Prince street	36 Cedar street.
16.	Peter Fullmer	142 West Twentieth st.	139 W. Nineteenth st.
17.	Nathan C Ely	8 Third street	Prest. P. Cooper Ins. Co.
18.	Jacob H. Valentine	94 E. Fifteenth street	288 Second avenue.
19.	Anson Herrick	61st street, near Av. A.	44 Ann street.
20.	William McConkey	348 Tenth avenue	
21.	George W. Varian	30 W. Twenty-ninth st.	
22.	William B. Drake	209 W. Forty-third st.	43d st., near Eighth av.

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Dis't.	Names.	Residence.	Place of Business.
47.	B. F. Pinckney, *Pres't.*	96 Stanton street	
1.	Henry Smith	Hunt's Hotel	16 South street.
2.	Jacob L. Smith	1 Broadway	110 Greenwich street.
3.	Gideon Clifton	77 Beekman street	Washington market.
4.	Amos T. Gavitt	49 Robinson street	251 Greenwich street.
5.	John Baulch	76 Frankfort street	35 Chatham street.
6.	James Reilly	35 Madison street	37 Mulberry street.
7.	George P. Bickford	260 Pearl street	
8.	James L. Waugh	112 Franklin street	112 Franklin street.
9.	George A. Barney	51 North Moore street.	431 West street.
10.	William H. Crane	433 Greenwich street.	433 Greenwich street.
11.	Matthew Murray	124 Leonard street	
12.	George McKinley	116 Centre street	116 Centre street.
13.	James E. Kerrigan	42 Bowery	45 Elm street.
14.	George W. Warner	133 Madison street	
15.	Michael Barry	358 Cherry street	358 Cherry street.
16.	Orlando Gray	317 Henry street	318 Henry street.
17.	Jonas N. Phillips	73 Greene street	85 Pike slip.
18.	James E. Colegrove	179 Prince street	24 Grove street
19.	Joseph D. Martin	68 Charlton street	Ocean Bank.
20.	Ledyard Avery	505 Washington street	2 Clinton market.
21.	John Kennard	692 Greenwich street.	26 Frankfort street.
22.	Alexander Hemphill	17 Morton street	11 Whitehall street.
23.	C. S. Cooper	6 Ninth avenue	Washing'n, cor. Bethune
24.	*R. S. Dixon	Fourth street	254 Broadway.
25.	John Roehner	82 Division street	82 Division street.

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* Deceased February 5, 1856, from injuries received while in discharge of his duties as a fireman. No notice of an election to supply the vacancy at the time of sending this portion of the work to press.

Dis't.	Names.	Residence.	Place of Business.
26.	John Van Tine	331 Broome street	2 Dey street.
27.	Charles Whitlock	106 Essex street	15 Spruce street.
28	Henry W. Colyer..	189 Stanton street	151 Attorney street.
29.	Isaac B Skatts	116 Columbia street...	
30.	F. I. A. Boole	311 Third street	Foot of Seventh street.
31.	George H. Raymond.	187 Sixth street	133 Avenue D.
32.	John Hart	216 Eleventh street	216 Eleventh street.
33.	William Floyd	4 Goerck street	4 Goerck street.
34.	Edward C. McConnell.	11 Ridge street	10 City Hall.
35.	Ephraim Reed	52 Suffolk street	Surrogate's office.
36.	Francis O'Reilly	8 Prince street	8 Prince street.
37.	Thomas Farran	191 Mott street	228 Grand street.
38.	Michael Smith	187 Hester street	
39.	John H. Brady	136 Amity street	122 Amity street.
40.	Otis D. Swan	29 Lafayette place	2 Hanover street.
41	Charles E. Appleby		110 Broadway.
42.	Andrew Leary	293 Eighth avenue.	175 W. Twenty-fifth st.
43.	George Merritt	167 W. Twentieth st.	112 Broad street.
44.	Samuel Hopper	139 Eighteenth street.	158 Eighth avenue.
45	Charles S. Watrous.	118 West Sixteenth st.	202 Chambers street.
46.	J. W. T. Van Riper.	29 First street	29 First street.
48.	F. J. Miller	cor. Av. A and Fifth st.	
49.	Andrew J. Odell	31 Seventh street	First av. & Seventh st.
50.	Bernard Reilly	192 E. Thirteenth st.	211 E. Thirteenth st.
51.	James Wallace, Jr.	280 Tenth avenue	292 West 27th street.
52.	Dennis Ryer	389 Ninth avenue	
53.	Thomas A Dunn	498 Eighth avenue	506 Eighth avenue.
54.	John L. Noyes	Thirty-fifth street	205 Twenty-fifth street.
55.	William H. Taylor.	86 Thirtieth street	37 & 38 Wash'n market.
56.	William M. Baxter.	214 E. Twenty-third st.	E. 22d st., near Av. A.
57.	John J. Bradley	61 Union place	63 Union place.
58.	Hiram A. Maynard.	E. 51st, near Second av.	
59.	Henry A. Cargill	W. 60th st., n'r 10th av.	47 Maiden lane.
60.	Isaac A. Hopper	Carmansville	Carmansville.



STANDING COMMITTEES

OF THE BOARDS OF ALDERMEN AND COUNCILMEN.

1856.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

1. *Alms-house Department:*
   Alderman Griffiths,
   " Tucker,
   " Hoffmire.

2. *Arts and Sciences:*
   Alderman Fullmer,
   " Moser,
   " Brown.

3. *Assessments:*
   Alderman Valentine,
   " Varian,
   " Fox.

4. *Cleaning Streets:*
   Alderman Griffiths,
   " Briggs,
   " Hoffmire.

5. *Ferries:*
   Alderman Fox,
   " Drake,
   " Steers.

6. *Finance:*
   Alderman Voorhis,
   " Herrick,
   " Fullmer.

7. *Fire Department:*
   Alderman Tucker,
   " Voorhis,
   " Clancy.

8. *Joint Committee on Accounts:*
   Alderman Fullmer,
   " Fox,
   " Healy,

9. *Croton Aqueduct:*
   Alderman Ely,
   " Voorhis,
   " Moneghan.

10. *Lamps and Gas:*
    Alderman Fox,
    " Valentine,
    " Clancy.

11. *Lands and Places:*
    Alderman Valentine,
    " Griffiths,
    " Moneghan.

12. *Law Department:*
    Alderman Voorhis,
    " Ely,
    " Varian.

13. *Markets:*
    Alderman Corwin,
    " Briggs,
    " Healy.

14. *Ordinances:*
    Alderman Ely,
    " Tucker,
    " Brown.

15. *Police:*
    Alderman Corwin,
    " Moser,
    " Moneghan.

16. *Public Health:*
    Alderman Griffiths,
    " Steers,
    " Briggs.

17. *Public Buildings on Blackwell's Island, Randall's Island and Bellevue Establishment:*
Alderman Moser,
" Drake,
" Jackson.

18. *Repairs and Supplies:*
Alderman Tucker,
" Fullmer,
" McConkey.

19. *Roads:*
Alderman Drake,
" Corwin,
" Jackson.

20. *Salaries and Offices:*
Alderman Briggs,
" Hoffmire,
" Drake.

21. *Sewers:*
Alderman Fullmer,
" Valentine,
" Varian.

22. *Streets:*
Alderman Briggs,
" Griffiths,
" Brown.

23. *Wharves, Piers and Slips.*
Alderman Moser,
" Corwin,
" Steers.

24. *Railroads:*
Alderman Drake,
" Moser,
" Valentine,
" Herrick,
" McConkey.

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.
1856.

1. *Alms-house Department:*
Councilman J. D. Martin,
" I. B. Skaats,
" J. E. Colegrove,
" F. O'Reilly,
" A. Leary.

2. *Arts and Sciences:*
Councilman I. B. Skaats,
" J. Roehner,
" A. T. Gavitt,
" J. T. Miller,
" J. L. Waugh.

3. *Assessments:*
Councilman H. A. Maynard,
" G. Clifton,
" I. A. Hopper,
" J. J. Bradley,
" D. Ryer.

4. *Cleaning Streets:*
Councilman G. H. Raymond,
" A. Hemphill,
" E. Reed,
" G. W. Warner,
" E. C. McConnell.

5. *Croton Aqueduct:*
Councilman S. Hopper,
" L. Avery,
" Wm. Floyd,
" H. W. Colyer,
" J. Wallace, jr.

6. *Ferries:*
Councilman J. L. Noyes,
" W. Floyd,
" T. Farran,
" J. E. Kerrigan.

7. *Finance:*
Councilman G. A. Barney,
" J. W. T. Van Riper,
" O. D. Swan,
" C. Whitlock,
" O. Gray.

8. *Fire Department:*
Councilman J. H. Brady,
" J. Kennard,
" G. Merritt,
" John Baulch,
" J. L. Smith.

9. *Lamps and Gas:*
Councilman W. Floyd,
" H. Smith,
" C. S. Cooper,
" J. W. T. Van Riper,
" T. Farran.

10. *Lands and Places:*
Councilman C. Whitlock,
" J. L. Noyes.
" S. Hopper,
" J. Reilly,
" J. Hart.

11. *Law Department:*
Councilman O. D. Swan,
" C. E. Appleby,
" J. L. Noyes,
" H. A. Cargill,
" T. A. Dunn.

12. *Markets:*
Councilman G. Clifton,
" E. Reed,
" W. Taylor,
" L. Avery,
" J. W. T. Van Riper.

13. *Ordinances:*
Councilman Chas. S. Watrous,
" O. D. Swan,
" C. E. Appleby,
" Wm. H. Taylor,
" J. N. Phillips.

14. *Police:*
Councilman W. M. Baxter,
" I. B. Skaats,
" H. A. Maynard,
" G. P. Bickford,
" D. Reilly.

15. *Public Health:*
Councilman Wm. H. Crane,
" J. Kennard,
" C. S. Watrous,
" E. Reed,
" G. P. Bickford.

16. *Public Buildings on Blackwell's Island, Randall's Island and Bellevue Establishment:*
Councilman Geo. Merritt,
" J. D. Martin,
" G. H. Raymond,
" M. Barry,
" G. McKinley.

17. *Railroads:*
Councilman G. Warner,
" H. Smith,
" W. H. Crane,
" D. Ryer.

18. *Repairs and Supplies:*
Councilman C. S. Cooper,
" J. W. Roehner,
" J. H. Brady,
" G. A. Barney,
" C. Whitlock.

19. *Roads:*
Councilman I. A. Hopper,
" A. J. Odell,
" C. S. Cooper,
" J. D. Martin,
" J. L. Smith.

20. *Salaries and Offices:*
Councilman A. Hemphill,
" G. Merritt,
" G. H. Raymond,
" H. A. Cargill,
" M. Smith.

21. *Sewers:*

Councilman C. E. Appleby,
" W. M. Baxter,
" J. E. Colegrove,
" S. Hopper,
" M. Murray.

22. *Streets:*

Councilman J. W. T. Van Riper,
" G. Clifton,
" J. W. Rochner,
" J. N. Phillips,
" F. I. A. Boole.

23. *Wharves, Piers and Slips:*

Councilman H. Smith,
" G. A. Barney,
" A. J. Odell,
" O. Gray,
" J. Baulch.

24. *Joint Committee on Accounts:*

Councilman J. Kennard,
" A. T. Gavitt,
" J. Van Tine.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Office, No. 8, City Hall.

David T. Valentine, *Clerk*.....453 Hudson street.
Joseph B. Young, *Deputy Clerk*.....32 Henry street.
Reeves E. Selmes, *First Asst. Clerk*.....730 Greenwich st.
Alfred cooper, *Second Asst. Clerk*.....130 Amity street.
Hart B. Weed, *Sergeant-at-arms*.....148 Spring street.
T. S. Nims, *City Librarian*.....74 Christopher st.
Horatio N. Parker, *Messenger*.....64 Allen street.
Thos. Flender, *Asst. Messenger*.....50 Thomas street.
J. Wilson Greene, *Reader*.....123 Bleecker street.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Office, No. 5, City Hall.

C. T. McClenachan, *Clerk*.....50 West 29th st.
John A. Towle, *Deputy Clerk*.....Sixty-first st., E. R.
Charles A. S. Holder, *Assistant Clerk*.....178 Waverley place.
Nicholas M. Slidell, *Sergeant-at-arms*.....217 Sullivan street.
John E. Green, *Messenger*.....145 Laurens street.
W. H. Peabody, *Door-keeper*.....141 West 35th st.
Jos. E. Hamblin, *Reader*.....241 West 31st st.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

The Board of Supervisors of the county of New York is composed of the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen of the city of New York. The general powers and duties of the said Board of Supervisors are found in the fourth edition of Revised Statutes, vol. 1, pages 675-684.

Those powers and duties in relation to levying taxes and assessments are also defined in the fourth edition of Revised Statutes, vol. 1, pages 760-780.

In pursuance of a call, signed by a majority of the members of the Board of Supervisors, as provided by law, the Board convened on the 8th January, when, on motion to ballot for a chairman for the ensuing year, NATHAN C. ELY, Esq., the Supervisor of the Seventeenth Ward, received the highest number of votes, and was declared duly elected chairman of the Board.

The Standing Committees of the Board, at the time of putting this portion of the work to press, had not been appointed.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS.

HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS.

Police.....Hon. FERNANDO WOOD, Mayor.
Finance.....AZARIAH C. FLAGG, Comptroller.
Streets.....JOS. S. TAYLOR, Street Commissioner.
Repairs and Supplies..NATHANIEL S. SELAH, Com. Repairs and Supplies.
Streets and Lamps....JOSEPH E. EELING, Com. of Streets and Lamps.
Croton Aqueduct....MYNDERT VAN SCHAICK, President.
THEO. R. DEFOREST, Assistant Commissioner.
ALFRED W. CRAVEN, Chief Engineer.
City Inspector.....GEO. W. MORTON, City Inspector.
Alms-house.....BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE ALMS-HOUSE.
SIMEON DRAPER, President.
Law.....LORENZO B. SHEPARD, Counsel to Corporation.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Hon. Fernando Wood, *Mayor*.....122 Second avenue.
Alex. Ming, *Mayor's Clerk*.....204 Monroe place.
Wm. M. Cooke, *Secretary*.....373 Fourth street.
Wm. H. Stephens, *First Marshal*.....119 Orchard street.
Geo. W. Hinchman, *Asst. Clerk & Mayor's Mes*...70 Third street.

POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

Hon. Fernando Wood, *Mayor*.
Hon. James M. Smith, jr., *Recorder*.
Hon. Elisha S. Capron, *City Judge*.

BUREAU OF CHIEF OF POLICE.

Office, No. 1, City Hall.

Geo. W. Matsell, *Chief of Police*.....30 Stanton street.
Wm. McKellar, *Clerk*.....Harlem.

[For list of officers, see another portion of this work.]

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

Office, No. 5, Hall of Records.

Azariah C. Flagg, *Comptroller*.....3 London Terrace, 23d st.
Artemas S. Cady, *Clerk to Comptroller*.....51 West 12th street.
Joseph C. Pinckney, *Book-keeper*.....73 St. Mark's place.
Wakeman H. Dikeman, *Stock Clerk*.....270 Elizabeth street.
James Timpson, *Auditor*.....183 Seventh avenue.
David Groesbeeck, jr., *Assist. Auditor*.....586 Broome street.
Charles Van Tine, *Assist. Auditor*.....cor. Bank and Bleecker sts.

BUREAU OF ARREARS.

Augustus Purdy, *Clerk of Arrears*.....83 Ludlow street.
Phineas H. Kingsland, *Asst.* " .....87 Prince street.
John S. Cady, " " .....51 West 12th street.

BUREAU OF TAXES.

Harvey Hart, *Receiver of Taxes*.....25 W. 24th street.
John P. Hone, *Deputy* " .....50 Great Jones st.
Alfred Vredenburgh, *1st Clk. to Rec. Taxes*.....677 Houston street
Henry K. Frost, *2d* " " .....6 Willett street.
James W. Farr, *3d* " " .....36 Eighth avenue.
J. S. Vredenburgh, *4th* " " .....125th st., Harlem.
Peter Fargis, *Messenger*.....Varick street.

(Six temporary clerks appointed for six months.)

BUREAU OF CITY REVENUE.

Joseph Rose, *Collector of City Revenue*.....72 Catharine street

BUREAU OF DEPOSIT AND DISBURSEMENT.

Robert Kelly, *Chamberlain*.....Mechanics' Bank, Wall street.
F. E. Worcester, *Clerk to Chamberlain*....

BUREAU OF CITY HALL AND PARK.

James Taylor, *Keeper of the City Hall and Park*...9 City Hall.

STREET DEPARTMENT.

Office, No. 4, Hall of Records.

Jos. S. Taylor, *Street Commissioner* .....57th st , nr. 2d ave.
Charles Turner, *Deputy* " .....91 East 29th street.
Olcott Rhines, *Map Clerk* " .....166 Spring street.
Geo. T. Rogers, *Contract Clerk*.....33d street.
Henry V. Lovell, *Copying Clerk*.....Girard House.
Ed. Merritt, *Inspector of Sidewalks*.....

BUREAU OF ASSESSMENTS.

ASSESSORS OF THE STREET DEPARTMENT.

Charles McNiell .....18 East 24th street.
Wm. A. Dooley.....53d st., b. 1st & 2d av.
Jacob F. Oakley.....21 Norfolk street.

BUREAU OF THE COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS.

Office, Basement City Hall, West wing.

Jos. R. Taylor, *Collector of Assessments*.....138 East 19th street.
Horatio N. Sherwood, *Deputy* " .....55 East 28th street.
Ira A. Libby, " " .....163 West 22d st.
Walter Oakley, " " .....Harlem.

BUREAU OF WHARVES.

Rufus E. Crane, *Sup't of Wharves* .....131 Fifth avenue.

BUREAU OF LANDS AND PLACES.

Wm. H. Hibbard, *Sup't of Lands and Places*.....57th st., b. 3d & Lex.
Ambrose K. Pratt, *Messenger to the office of Street Commissioner*.....51st st., b. 2d & 3d av

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BUREAU OF SURVEYING.

CITY SURVEYORS.

Geo. B. Smith .....120 West 28th st.
Edward Ludlam.....8 James street.
Isaac T. Ludlam.....8 James street.
Silas Ludlam .....8 James street.
Daniel Ewen .....9 Chambers street.
Edward Ewen.....9 Chambers street.

John Pollock.....237 West 18th st.
R. Amerman.....Broadway, c. 28th st.
S. S. Doughty.....
F. P. Vidal.....6 City Hall place.
G. A. Sage.....278 Fourth street.
J. E. Serrell.....43 West 26th street.
J. J. Serrell.....72 Murray street.
George W. Smith.....195 West 23d street.
E. Smith.....3 Tryon row.
P. H. Dreyer.....157 Sixth avenue.
R. J. Dodge.....3 Tryon row.
Francis Nicholson.....11 East 30th street.
F. P. Vidal, Jr.....6 City Hall place.
Edward Boyle.....123 Chambers st.
John B. Holmes.....
John T. Dodge.....3 Tryon row.
Norman Ewen.....9 Chambers street.
Geo. Watson, Jr.....Girard House.

DEPARTMENT OF REPAIRS AND SUPPLIES.

Office, Basement City Hall, East wing.

N. S. Selah, *Com. of Rep. and Supplies*.....12 Rivington street.
John O'Toole, *Clerk to* " " .....270 West 46th st.
Isaac G. Seixas, " " " .....93 Sixteenth street.

BUREAU OF ROADS.

Alex. Ward, *Superintendent of Roads*.....702 Eighth avenue.

BUREAU OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Office, No. 74 Ludlow Street.

Elijah H. Purdy, *Sup't of Repairs to Pub. Buildings*.....Bowery.
—— —— *Clerk to* " " " ..

BUREAU OF STREETS PAVING.

Office, corner of Tompkins and Rivington Streets.

Henry C. Woolley, *Sup't of Pavements*.....189 Stanton street.
Henry Arcularius, *Clerk to* " ...

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES FOR THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Office, No. 21 Elizabeth Street.

Alfred Carson, *Chief Engineer of Fire Department*.185 Mott street.

DEPARTMENT OF STREETS AND LAMPS.

Office, Essex Market.

Jos. E. Ebling, *Com. Streets and Lamps*.....200½ Bowery.
John Lynes, *Clerk to* " " .....47 St. Mark's place.

BUREAU OF LAMPS AND GAS.

Office, Essex Market.

James Dewey, *Sup't of Lamps and Gas*.....32 Sheriff street.
Isaac R. Varian, *Clerk to* " " .....1022 Broadway.

BUREAU OF CLEANING STREETS.

Morgan L. Mott, *Sup't of Streets*.....117 Crosby street.
S. T. Webster, *Clerk to* " .....239 Broome street.
—— *Ass't Clerk to* " .....

BUREAU OF MARKETS.

Mathias Gooderson, *Sup't of Markets*.....9 City Hall square.
John Baum, *Clerk of Washington market*.....232 Water street.
Abram H. Williamson, *Dep.* " " .....
Geo. W. Isaacs, *Clerk of Fulton market*.....141 East 27th street
Geo. McKimmons, " *Catharine* " .....
Allen Thomas, " *Essex* " .....108 Essex street.
Hyatt Lyons, " *Union* " .....130 Columbia street.
Peter Vandervoort, " *Jefferson* " .....110 Eighth avenue.
Henry S. Lane, " *Tompkins* " .....
Dewitt Forshay, " *Clinton* " .....
Thomas Cook, " *Franklin* " .....Yorkville.
Lucius F. Hickox, " *Gouverneur* " .....
Jas. S. Egbert, " *Centre* " .....190 Elizabeth street

BUREAU OF INSPECTION.

Ralph Trembly, *Inspector of Weights and Measures*, *1st District*.
T. omas Wainwright, " " " *2d* " 96 Allen.

Geo. Karr, *Sealer of Weights and Measures*.....155 West 18th street.
John H. Embree, " " " ...200½ Bowery.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.

Office, Rotunda, Park.

Myndert Van Schaick, *President* .....Fifth avenue.
Theodore R. De Forest, *Commissioner*.....296 West 22d st.
Alfred W. Craven, *Chief Engineer*.....27 West 19th street.
George A. Lucas, *Assistant* " .....71 London Terrace.
Henry L. Robertson, *Clerk to C. A. Board*.....8 Eldridge street.
Edmund E. Dean, " *Department*... .....298 West 22d street.
Gilbert H. White, " " .....149 Orchard street.
Seymour V. Moody, " " .....1 Milliken Court.
Thomas Hook, " " .....121 Chambers street.
John J. Concklin, *Messenger* " .....498 Hudson street.
John Geary, *Rec. Reservoir* .....7th av. & 85th st.
Benj. G. Roe, *Dis.* " ....92 West 40th street.

BUREAU OF WATER RENTS.

Revo C. Hance, *Register*.....209 West 19th st.
William Fardon, *Deputy Register* .....117 Second street.
John M. Morenus, *Clerk*..... .....123 Allen street.
Jacob E. Howard, " .....25 Tompkins street.

BUREAU OF PIPES AND SEWERS.

John P. Flender, *Water Purveyor*.....575 Third avenue.
Alexander F. Dodge, *Sewer Con. Clerk* .....131 Thirteenth st.
James Gulick, *Sup. Proving Yard* .....24th street, E. R.
Nicholas C. Robertson, *Turncock*.....37 Clinton street.

CITY INSPECTOR'S DEPARTMENT.

Office, 6 Centre Street.

Geo. W. Morton, *City Inspector*.....55 Vandam street.
W. R. W. Chambers, 1st *Clerk to City Inspector*....66 Stanton street.
James S. Hyatt, *Registrar of Records*..... 10th street.
Richard C. Downing, *Sup't San. Insp*.....28th street.
Samuel A. Vanderlip, *Registry Clerk* .....171 Monroe street.
Lemuel W. Parkes, " .....13 Walker street.

HEALTH WARDENS, 1856.

WARD.	NAMES.	RESIDENCES.
1.	Noah B. Stokley	12 Wall street.
2.	Richard S. Gilbert	299 Pearl street.
3.	Charles Hicks	85 Warren street.
4.	W. W. Woodward	51 Madison street.
5.		
6.	Joseph Canning	13 Doyer street.
7.	Wm. A. Haggarty	315 Henry street.
8.	Gamaliel Leaycraft	167 Varick street.
9.	James H. Demarest	54 Leroy street.
10.	John Slowey	112 Essex street.
11.	Elias Green	171 Sixth street.
12.	Henry Force	Harlem.
13.	James P. Abbott	20 Norfolk street.
14.	Wm. S. Wood	169 Mott street.
15.	John S. Vreeland	7 Minetta street.
16.	Chas. Tripp	80 West 20th street.
17.	Lewis J. Kirk	17 Avenue A.
18.	Leidy Bilger	228 Third avenue.
19.	Charles L. Frost	134 East 41st street.
20.	Remans Woolsey	125 Thirty-first street.
21.	Sanford Stanley	265 Fourth avenue.
22.	Wm. Halden	corner 63d street & 9th avenue.

ALMS-HOUSE DEPARTMENT.

The Alms-house Department is organized under an "Act to provide for the government of the Department of Alms and Penitentiary in the city and county of New York," passed April 6, 1849, which was amended by an "Act to explain the powers and duties of the Governors of the Alms-house," passed April 10, 1850.

BOARD OF GOVERNORS.

Office, Rotunda, Park.

Isaac Bell, Jr.,	to serve	1	year from	January	1, 1856.
Simeon Draper,	"	1	"	"	"
Anthony Dugro,	"	2	"	"	"
Washington Smith,	"	2	"	"	"
Isaac Townsend,	"	3	"	"	"
Wm. S. Duke,	"	3	"	"	"
Daniel F. Tiemann,	"	4	"	"	"

Jos. S. Taylor, to serve.....4 years from January 1, 1856.
Isaac J. Oliver, " .....5 " " "
C. Godfrey Gunther," .....5 " " "

Simeon Draper is the President, and C. Godfrey Gunther the Secretary of the Board; Edward B. Corwin, Chief Clerk; Joshua Phillips, Clerk to Governors; Samuel R. Spelman, Supply Clerk; Corns. M. Kellock, Messenger.

COMMITTEES FOR 1856.

Alms-house.....Oliver, Gunther.
Bellevue Hospital.....Smith, Gunther.
City Cemetery.....Smith, Tiemann, Duke.
City Prisons.....Bell, Duke.
Colored Home, and Colored Orphan Asylum.....Duke, Gunther.
Conference.....Duke, Bell, Taylor, Dugro.
Finance.....Smith, Gunther, Oliver.
Lunatic Asylum.....Taylor, Dugro.
Out-door Poor.....Townsend, Smith.
Penitentiary, Penitentiary Hospital and Small Pox, do.....Dugro, Smith.
Randall's Island.....Tiemann, Oliver.
Salaries.....Tiemann, Townsend, Smith, Oliver.
Stores.....Gunther, Oliver, Dugro.
Supplies.....Townsend, Duke, Taylor.
Work-house.....Bell, Duke, Taylor, Tiemann.

The officers of the institutions under their charge, are as follows:

Alms-house.

Jonathan Stearns, *Warden*.
Rev. Hugh T. Brady, *Chaplain*.
Thomas J. Marshall, *Clerk*.
Michael N. Shea, *Register Clerk*.
Elijah T. Simpson, *Engineer*.
Eliza Heaton, *Matron*.
Catharine M. Flynn, *Asst. Matron*.
Margaret Keating, *Help*.
M. Graham, *Captain, Dead Boat*.
John Rourke, *Captain, Ferry Boat*.
Henry Zeh, *Gardener*.
Lawrence Rogers, *Messenger*.

Bellevue Hospital.

Timothy Daly, *Warden*,
A. C. Pinckney, *Clerk*.
John Frey, *Apothecary*.
John King, *Engineer*.
Letitia Frey, *Matron*.
Two House Surgeons.
Three House Physicians.
Five Senior Assistants.
Twelve Orderlies.
Twelve Nurses.
Forty-eight Assistants.

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Consulting Physicians.

J. W. Francis, M.D., *President.*
Isaac Wood, M.D.

Physicians.

A. Clark, M.D.
John T. Metcalfe, M.D.
B. Fordyce Barker, M.D.
Benjamin W. McCready, M.D.
Geo. T. Elliot, M.D.
Isaac E. Taylor, M.D.

Consulting Surgeons.

Valentine Mott, M.D.
Alexander H. Stephens, M.D.

Surgeons.

James R. Wood, M.D.
John A. Lidell, M.D.
Stephen Smith, M.D.
Charles D. Smith, M.D.
Lewis A. Sayre, M.D.
John J. Crane, M.D.

HOUSE STAFF.

House Physicians .....Drs. Galt, Draper, Ives.
House Surgeons ..... " Amerman and Frothingham.
Assistant Physicians..... " James, Hitchcock, Painter.
" *Surgeons*..... " Gentry and Wetmore.
Apothecary.....John Frey.

City Prisons.

John Gray, *Warden.*
John H. Whitmore, *Clerk.*
John C. Covel, *Physician.*
Thomas Mullan, *Deputy.*
Abraham Clearman, "
Thomas Ahearn, "
Robert Cunningham, "
Artemas Kendall, "
Wm. H. Doty, "
Merrit Smith, "
Flora Foster, *Matron.*

Anna J. French, *Assistant Matron.*
Lavinia Phelps, *Night,* "
Mark Finley, *Night Watch.*
Thos. Loughran, "
John Orr, *Keeper 2d District.*
John Brown, " "
Peter Crosby, *Keeper, 3d District.*
Mathew Daly, " "
Edward Genet, *Keeper 4th District.*
Daniel Lusk, " "

Lunatic Asylum.

Moses H. Ranney, *Resident Phys'n.*Thomas Cholwell, *Watchman.*
J. M. Eveleth, *Assistant Physician.* Michael Cordial, "
Wm. H. Burleigh, " " Hester A. Pyle, *Matron.*
James C. Rutherford, *Clerk.* Mary Goodwin, *Attendant.*
Zetus Searle, *Chaplain.* Twenty-eight Female Attendants.
Bernard McCann, *Engineer.* Thirteen Male Attendants.
Allen McLean, *Attendant.* Mary Welsh, *Sewing Room.*

Out-door Poor, Office, Rotunda.

George Kellock, Jr., *Superintendent.*
George B. Gilbert, *Clerk.*
Sparhawk Parsons, "
Wm. B. Parsons, "
Henry W. Boswell, "
John McGrath, *Visitor.*
James Marshall, "
James Quackinbush, "
John Mullane, *Hearse Driver.*
Robert McDade, *Ass't.* "
Wm. Saul, " "
Godfrey Kieffer, *Door-keeper.*
John Brewer, *Inspector of Beef.*
Twenty Temporary Visitors.
Four Keepers Coal and Wood Yard.

Penitentiary.

John Fitch, *Warden.*
John E. Flagler, *Clerk*
Robt. G. Walmsley, *Dep. Warden.*
Robert McGee, *Shoemaker.*
Owen L. Lamb, *Blacksmith.*
William W. Dow, *Carpenter.*
Philip E. Brown, *Quarryman.*
John De Mott, "
James W. Dikeman, *Engineer.*
John Haas, *Gardener.*
Henry Miner, *Coxswain.*
Robert Hunt, "
A. H. Quick, *Mason.*
James Mahoney, *Stone Cutter.*
Twelve Keepers.
Five Guards.
John Schureman, *Asst. Carpenter.*
Ellen H. Halliwell, *Matron.*

Penitentiary Hospital.

Wm. W. Sanger, *Resident Phys'n.*
A. C. Reed, *Assistant Physician.*
Saml. H. Hurd, " "
W. T. Abrams, " "
D. W. Flourney, " "
Wm. Magoffin, " "
Chas. Van Allen, " "
W. T. White, *Assistant Physician.*
C. W. Packard, " "
John Atkinson, *Apothecary.*
Sarah Knox, *Matron.*
Elizabeth Pursell, "
B. B. Sibell, *Steward.*
Samuel G. Butler, *Clerk.*

Randall's Island.

Harmon Eldridge, *Warden.*
John Verhoff, *Coxswain.*
P. S. Dorland, *Farmer.*
Two Watchmen.
W. O. Webb, *Keeper City Cemetery, Ward's Island.*

Play-room.
Sewing-room.
Mary Baldwin, *Nurse.*
Ann Brady, "

Nursery.
Rufus Ripley, *Keeper.*
Ebenezer Jessup, *Engineer.*
John Torrey, *Tailor.*
Jane Ley, *Matron.*

Nursery Hospital.
Henry N. Whittelsey, *Res. Phys'n.*
Chas. C. Knight, *Asst. Physician.*
A. W. Wilkinson, "
Jackson Hart, *Apothecary.*

Emeline Morgan, *Asst. Matron.*
Margaret W. Fort, "
Leah E. Strang, "
Ellen H. Barnette, "
Sixty-five Nurses and Assistants.

Mary Strong, *Matron.*
Bridget Byron, *Asst. Matron.*
Thirty-one Nurses and Assistants.
T. B. Tappan, *Store-keeper and Clk.*

Store-house, B. I.

Nehem'h P. Anderson, *Store-keeper.* S. M. Drew, *Clerk.*

BAKE-HOUSE.

Jas. Kennedy, *Baker.*

Work-house, B. I.

Joseph Keen, *Superintendent.*
Samuel Reynolds, *Dep.* "
Charles W. Smyth, *Clerk.*
Sarah J. Bell, *Matron.*

Two Assistant Matrons.
Isaac Hampton, *Carpenter.*
Lewis Winter, *Shoemaker.*
Twelve Keepers.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

Office, 51 Chambers street.

Lorenzo B. Shepard, *Counsel to Corporation*.....14 East 24th street.
Robert McCarty, Jr., *Assist.* " ..... .
Bernard J. Malone, *Clerk* " .....Staten Island.
Rinaldo H. French. " " .....Williamsburgh
P. C. Lee, " " .....315 10th street.
A. H. Wilson, " " .....Brooklyn.

BUREAU OF CORPORATION ATTORNEY.

Office, 51 Chambers street.

Geo. H. Purser, *Corporation Attorney*.....43 Oak street.
D. McGregor, 1*st Clerk*.....25th street.
John H. Chambers, 2*d* " .....164 Elm street.

BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR.

Office, 51 Chambers street.

Peter B. Sweeny, *Public Administrator*.....69 West 26th street.

TAX COMMISSIONERS.

Office, 43 Chambers street.

Jno. W. Allen, *Tax Commissioner*.....136 Thompson street.
Amor J. Williamson, " .....53 Gold street.
Wm. J. Peck, " .....210 West 31st street.
James McKinley, *Clerk* .....120 Essex street.
George L. Loutrel, " .....576 Broome "
Jas. Andrews, Jr., " .....c. 6th av. and 27th st.
Wm. Coles, *Messenger*.....115 Elizabeth street.

PRINTERS TO THE BOARDS OF ALDERMEN AND COUNCILMEN.

McSpedon & Baker.....25 Pine street.

PRINTERS TO THE DEPARTMENTS.

Bowne & Hasbrouck..... .....174 and 176 Pearl street.

STATIONERS TO THE DEPARTMENTS.

Wm. H. Arthur & Co.....cor. Nassau and Liberty streets.

REGULATOR OF PUBLIC CLOCKS.

William H. Faulkner.....459 Broadway.

WARD OFFICERS.

FIRST WARD.

Assessors.	*Constables.*
John H. Williams,	Alexander Brulte,
Robert Walker.	William Foster.

SECOND WARD.

Isaac Ayers,	Richard D. Marshall,
Julian Botts.	William Thompson.

THIRD WARD.

Isaac P. Olmstead,	Alexander Thompson,
Edwin Meredith.	Thomas D. M. Wright.

FOURTH WARD.

Patrick Crowe,	John T. Fagan,
Thomas Fitzgerald.	Michael Doody.

FIFTH WARD.

John D. Kinsey,	Charles T. Watts,
John M. Bennett.	Stephen J. Jones.

SIXTH WARD.

Edward J, McGloin,	James Glass,
John Martin,	James Nesbitt.

SEVENTH WARD.

Assessors.	*Constables.*
Joseph Crolius,	Christopher T. Klenck.
John Poynton.	Michael Shandley.

EIGHTH WARD.

John Gantz,	William B. Jones,
N. W. Allard.	Abraham Moses.

NINTH WARD.

William Bogart,	William Kluger,
James D. B. Allaire.	Harman B. Goodrich.

TENTH WARD.

Edward H. Dominick,	Lewis H. Vultee,
William Van Doozer.	Denison H. Cornell.

ELEVENTH WARD.

Esek Rym,	Lloyd Bryant,
Enoch Lewis.	Henry Drebner.

TWELFTH WARD.

John S. Austin,	John W. Gent,
Stephen Lutz.	John R. Farrington.

THIRTEENTH WARD.

Lewis Witherington,	John T. Pilgrim,
John B. Ryerson.	David Saffern.

FOURTEENTH WARD.

Henry P. West,	Isaac Jones,
William S. Cole.	Patrick Sexton.

FIFTEENTH WARD.

Isaac M. Phyfe,	James King,
R. Sedgwick, Jr.	George W. Bogart.

SIXTEENTH WARD.

Whitman Phillips,	Thomas McTaggart,
Edward Berrian.	Benjamin J. Carr.

SEVENTEENTH WARD.

James McAllister,	Varnum S. Mills,
Dudley B. Andrews.	Thomas Wallace.

EIGHTEENTH WARD.

Grant H. Adams,	Henry Bishop,
William R. Leonard.	James Britt.

NINETEENTH WARD.

Isaiah Keyser,	James H. Tallman,
John D. Hoyt.	Patrick Flynn.

TWENTIETH WARD.

Daniel Hagencamp,	Lewis Hucker,
Joseph Miller.	William Keenan.



NEW YORK & CITY BANKS AND THE McEVERS MANSION, WALL ST IN 1800

TWENTY-FIRST WARD.

Assessors.	*Constables.*
Thomas O'Davis,	Jeremiah T. Lockwood,
James Dennis.	Augustus Johnson.

TWENTY-SECOND WARD.

John H. Howland,	William Dickerson,
James E. Colter.	Micajah M. Staniels.

NOTE.—The first-named Assessors in each of the wards serves for the term of one year, and the second-named, for the term of two years.

The officers of the Board are, for 1856,

HENRY P. WEST, *President*, 183 Grand street.
WHITMAN PHILLIPS, *Secretary*, 194 West 18th street.

JUSTICES' OR DISTRICT COURTS OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

First District—First, Second, Third and Fifth Wards, 35 Warren street, James Green, *Justice;* I. B. Batchelor, *Clerk.*

Second District—Fourth, Sixth and Fourteenth Wards, the Park, corner Chambers and Centre streets. Bartholomew O'Connor, *Justice;* T. F. Pees, *Clerk.*

Third District—Eighth and Ninth Wards, Greenwich avenue, Jefferson market. William B. Meech, *Justice;* W. E. Smith, Jr, *Clerk.*

Fourth District—Tenth, Fifteenth and Seventeenth Wards, Bowery, corner of Third street. William H. Van Cott, *Justice;* David Seaman, *Clerk.*

Fifth District—Seventh, Eleventh and Thirteenth Wards, Clinton street, corner Grand street. John Anderson, Jr., *Justice;* E. S. McPherson, *Clerk.*

Sixth District—Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-first Wards, Broadway. Anson Willis, *Justice;* John Waite, *Clerk.*

Seventh District—Twelfth, Nineteenth and Twenty-second Wards, corner Eighty-sixth street and Fourth avenue. Thomas Pearson, *Justice.*

Eighth District—For Police Magistrates only, Sixteenth and Twentieth Wards.

Sixth District—For Police Magistrates only, Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards.*

* For Police Magistrates, see another portion of this work.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE.

No. 10 City Hall.

Richard B. Connolly, *County Clerk*.....309 Henry street.
David A. Fowler, *Deputy County Clerk*.....105 Varick street.
William Sinclair, *Clerk Sup. Court in Eq.*.....44 Franklin street.
Horatio P. Carr, " " *Law*.....92 E. Thirtieth street.
Benjamin Cohen, *Assist. Dep. County Clk*.....112 Hamersley street.
W H. Dusenberry, *Clk G. Term S. Crt*.....134 Charles street.
Geo. F. Alden, " *Spec.* " ....98 Madison street.
Allen M. Sniffen, " *Circuit Sup. Crt*.....54 Great Jones street.
Albert G. Wallace, *Assist Dep.* " ....383 Broome street.
Charles W. Kip, *Recording Clerk*.....3d av. bt. 84th & 85th sts.
John Martin, " " .....44 Barclay street.
James Waldron.....161 Grand street.
Thomas Cowen.....86 E. Seventeenth street.
John M. French.....308 Pearl street.
James Nack, *Searcher*.....73 Amos street.
Edward C. McConnell, *Assistant Searcher*....36 Broome street.
James Magary, " " ....4 West Broadway place.
John Hickson, *Book-keeper*.....86 Centre street.
Theodore M. Squire, *Messenger*.....cor. Jackson & South sts.
North West, *Clerk of Records*.....20 Market street.
John Poynton, *Clerk*.....

OFFICE OF CLERK OF COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Benjamin H. Jarvis, *Clerk*.....44 W. Twenty-eighth st.
Nathaniel Jarvis, Jr., *Deputy Clerk*.....Harlem.
Richard J. Clark, *Clerk to General Term*.....84 Greenwich avenue.
R. S Cummings, *Clk, Trial Term, part 1st*...29 Amity street.
H. M. Herrick, " " *part 2d*...106 W. Twenty-fifth st.
Thomas Boese, *Clerk at Chambers*.....242 Elizabeth street.
John Brown, *Naturalization Clerk*.....246 Monroe street.
Thomas H. Landon, *Assistant Clerk*.....Harlem.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

No. 11 City Hall.

James C. Willett, *High Sheriff*.
Frederick L. Vultee, *Under Sheriff*.
James S. Willett, *Assistant Under Sheriff*.

John McKibbin, Jr., *Clerk in Equity and Corresponding Sec. to Sheriff.*
James B. Bensell, *Deputy Sheriff.*
Hugh Crombie, "
Joseph Cornell, "
John T. Stewart, "
John Wilson, "
Thomas Carlin, "
Aaron B. Rollins, "
Solomon Kipp, *Jailor.*
Charles F. Wooster, *Equity Clerk.*

SHERIFF'S JURY FOR 1856.

Will meet for the purpose of taking inquests, and for trial of claims, and such other business as may be brought before them, at 5 o'clock, P.M., during the months of January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November and December.

First Panel—Every	Wednesday	of	each week in	January.
"	"	"	"	March.
"	"	"	"	May.
"	"	"	"	July.
"	"	"	"	September.
"	"	"	"	November.
Second Panel	"	"	"	February.
"	"	"	"	April.
"	"	"	"	June.
"	"	"	"	August.
"	"	"	"	October.
"	"	"	"	December.

REGISTER'S OFFICE.

Office, Nos. 1 and 2 Hall of Records.

John J. Doane, *Register*.....207 Forty-third st.
Thomas C. Acton, *Deputy Register*.....61 W. Thirteenth st.
Lewis H. Watts, *Assitant Dep. Register*.....264 Seventh street.
Henry Miller, *Searcher*.....49 Lexington avenue.
John J. Wilson, " .....27 Irving place.
Edw. W. De Grove, " .....152 Charles street.
J. S. Brownell, *Examiner*.....19 Grove street.
Worthington Hodgkinson, *Record. Clerk*.....176 West 17th street.
Wm. F. T. Chapman, " .....50 Sullivan street.
Benjamin C. Dean, " .....578½ Grand street.
William Jones, Jr., " .....36 Orchard street.
William J. Davis, " .....53 West 21st street.

Alfred E. Crooker, *Record. Clerk*.....5 State street.
Richard Hunt, " .....631 Fourth street.
William Peel, "
Edward Crowell, " .....152 Charles street.
Nelson Sampson, " .....631 Fourth street.
John Ahern, ...274 Spring street.
Peter C. Male, " .....cor. B'way & 8th av.
Charles A. Foot, " .....6 Bayard street.
Henry C. Pratt, " .....424 Hudson street.
L. G. Evans, " .....187 Hudson street.
Abram. C. Dayton, " .....453 Fourth avenue.
William W. Boyle, " .....247 Henry street.
Joseph Gutman, " .....1057 Broadway.
Merwin N. Jones, " .....7 College place.
Ephraim Reed, " .....52 Suffolk street.
George W. Truss, " .....E. 51st st., n'r 4th av.
Jesse Mitchell, (*Messenger*) .....341 Sixth avenue.
Phillip H. Jonas, *Collector*.....271 Elizabeth street.

SURROGATE'S OFFICE.

Office, No 3 Hall of Records.

A. W. Bradford, *Surrogate*.....S.E.c. 9th av. & 20th st
Gabriel Van Cott, *Chief Clerk*.....84 Columbia street.
Cornelius Minor, *General* " .....391 Houston street.
Wm. Ripley, *Recording* " .....20 Suffolk street.
Chas. S. Riblet, " " .....338 4th avenue.
David R. Jaques, *Engross.*" .....310 West 23d street.
Ebenezer Evans, *Porter*.....46 Rose street.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE.

New Court House.

A. Oakey Hall, *Dist. Attorney.* James W. Olsen, *Second Clerk.*
John Sedgwick, *Assist.* " Francis Spicer, *Detailed Officer.*
Ira Floyd, *First Clerk.*

CORONERS' OFFICE.

Office, 37 Chambers street.

Robert Gamble, *Coroner*.....c. Bowery & Houston.
Ed. W. Connery, " .....181 Madison street.
F. W. Perry, " .....33d street, n'r 3d av.
S. A. Hills, " .....125th street, n. 3d av.
John G. Parise, *Deputy Coroner*.....56 Market street.

CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Office, No. 16 City Hall.

Geo. T. Maxwell, *Clerk*.....95 East 31st street.
A. H. Rice, *Dep.* " .....45 East 28th street.
Jesse Oakley, *Dep. in Equity*.....225 West 20th strt.
Robert D. Livingston, *General Term Clk*.....22d street.
William P. Brennan, *Special* " .....103 Columbia street.
Peter Lemon, *Naturalization Clerk* .....335 Eighth street.
Chas. K. Taylor, *Recording* .....68 East 32d street.

COMMISSIONER OF JURORS.

Office, No. 7 New City Hall.

Ulysses D. French, *Commis'r of Jurors*.....16 East 24th street.
William Osborne, *First Assistant* .....————
John Matthews, *Second* " .....68 East 32d street.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF COMMON SCHOOLS.

Henry S. Randall, *Superintendent* .. ..————
Joseph McKeen, *Deputy* " .....35 Fifth street.

FIRE WARDENS.

Michael Eichells .....1 Eldridge street.
Henry Lewis.....49 Ridge street.
Lewis C. Meeks.....336 Front street.
Floyd S. Gregg .....39 Watts street.
John T. Harding.....337 Sixth street.
Isaac T. Redfield.....245 Bleecker street.
Charles L. Merritt .....74 Eldridge street.
William B. Hays.....326 Spring street.
William Wessels.....375 Fourth avenue.
John Crosin.....57 Spring street.
David Theall.....30 Amos street.
Robt. B. Sanderson.....181 Church street.
John B. Leverich, *Clerk*...163 3d avenue.

COMMISSIONERS OF HEALTH.

Mayor's Office, No. 6 City Hall.

PRESIDENT.

Fernando Wood, *Mayor*.

HEALTH OFFICER.

R. H. Thompson.....Quarantine, Staten Island.

RESIDENT PHYSICIAN.

William Rockwell, M.D.....50 East 11th street.

HEALTH COMMISSIONER.

Jedediah Miller, M.D.....313 Third st. & 17 Ave. D.
Isaac O. Barker, *President Board of Aldermen.*
Benj. F. Pinckney, *President Board of Councilmen.*
George W. Morton, *City Inspector.*
Elisha Harris, M.D., Physician to the Marine Hospital, Quarantine
William L. Wiley, *Inspector of Vessels.*

COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION.

ORGANIZED BY ACT OF LEGISLATURE, MAY 5, 1847.

Office, No. 81 Anthony street.

Hon. Gulian C. Verplanck, *President.*

Eleazer Crabtree, *Vice-President.*
E. F. Purdy.
J. A. Kennedy.
John P. Cumming.
James Kelly.
Rud. Garrig, *Pres. Germ. Soc'y.*
A. Carrigan, *Pres. Irish Em. Soc'y.*
E. D. Morgan.

Ex-officio.

Fernando Wood, Mayor, N. Y.
George Hall, Mayor, Brooklyn.

MEDICAL STAFF OF THE EMIGRANT REFUGE HOSPITAL.

Ward's Island.

Dr. H. B. Fay, *Physician in Chief.*
Dr. George Ford, 1*st Assistant.*
Dr. Carl Sinnock, 2*d* "
Dr. J. M. Carnochan, *Surg. in Chief.*
Dr. T. Darling, 1*st Assistant.*
Dr. M. Nelkin, 2*d* "

NAMES OF OFFICERS IN THE EMPLOYMENT OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION, AT THEIR OFFICE, 81 ANTHONY STREET.

G. W. Wheeler, *Accountant.*
B. Casserly, *Secretary.*
M. Walsh, *Chief Clerk.*
N. Fitzpatrick, *Assist. Accountant.*
H. D. Glynn, *Manifest Clerk.*
P. McDonough, *Bond Clerk.*
James Ragan, *Examining Clerk.*
C. H. Webber, "
D. Cooney, *Recording Clerk*
G. Richardson, *Messenger.*
Henry Groh, "
Thomas Guthrie, "
Nicholas Karowitsky, *Porter.*
John D Burns, *Wagon Driver.*
Thomas Jevers, *Assistant.*
A. Pilsbury, *Superintendent.*
Dr. H. B. Fay, *Pres. Medical Board.*
T. B. Vermilyea, *Supt. Mar Hos.*



INSIGNIA OF CHIEF OF POLICE.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

AN ACT

FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT AND REGULATION OF THE POLICE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

PASSED MAY 7, 1844, BY A TWO-THIRD VOTE.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

ARTICLE I—OF POLICE.

§ 3. The Corporation, by ordinance, shall divide the city into two or more Police Districts, in each of which districts shall be established a Police Court and office.

§ 4. The business of the Police Courts, in two of said police districts, shall be conducted by the Police Courts now established by law, in and for said city; and if the city shall be divided into more than two police districts, the Police Court which shall be established for such additional district, shall possess all the powers, and be subject to all the laws relating to the police courts now established in and for said city. The Corporation,

by ordinance, shall prescribe the time and place for holding such courts, and shall designate the magistrates and clerks for such police district.

§ 7. Captains of Police, within their respective districts, shall be Street Inspectors, Health Wardens, Fire Wardens, and Dock Masters; and in the Twelfth Ward, in addition thereto, shall be Superintendent of Roads; such Captains, aided and assisted by the Assistant Captains of Police and policemen, shall do and perform all the duties heretofore performed by the several officers in this section mentioned.

§ 10. In case of the absence of the Captain, the duties required of him shall be performed by the First Assistant Captain, and in his absence, by the Second Assistant Captain, who, while acting in such capacity, shall possess and exercise the powers and rights of such captain.

§ 11. At any alarm of fire, it shall be the duty of the Captain of Patrol, nearest the scene of conflagration, forthwith to proceed to the same, with one half of the number of policemen off duty, to be diligent in preserving order and protecting property. In case of any riot, or any sudden emergency requiring the services of the police, on notice being given, the Captain of Police shall forthwith proceed to the scene of riot, with the whole of the police off duty, or any part thereof, and be vigilant in suppressing the same.

§ 16. A room shall be provided at each Police Court, for the deposit and preservation of property brought to said court. One of the clerks of said court, under the direction of the magistrates, shall be charged with the safe keeping of said property.

§ 17. The Mayor shall detail from the policemen, a sufficient number to attend upon the Police Courts, serve the process of said courts, and to attend upon other courts of the city.

Article II—Of Chief of Police.

§ 1. The offices of Inspector of Hacks, Omnibuses, Cabs, and Public Porters, Inspector and Deputy Inspector of Stages, Inspector of Carts, Keepers of Lands and Places, are hereby abolished; and all the duties performed by said officers, shall be performed by the Chief of Police, aided and assisted by the Captains of Police, Assistant Captains of Police, and by the policemen, in pursuance of the rules and regulations of the Mayor, in accordance with the laws of the State and the ordinances of the Common Council.

§ 2. The Chief of Police, in and for the city and county of New York, shall possess the power of a special justice of the Police Court, to entertain complaints in all cases where crimes have been committed; to issue a precept for the arrest of the person charged with having committed a crime, and to commit the person arrested for examination, such examination to be taken by officers now authorized to take such examinations; and in all such cases shall proceed in the same manner and be governed by all laws relating to Police Justices in like cases; and shall also possess

all the powers now possessed by marshals appointed by the Mayor of the city of New York; he shall (subordinate to the Mayor) be the chief executive of the Police Department; he shall obey, and cause the Police Department under him, to obey the rules and regulations prescribed by the Mayor, in accordance with the laws of the United States, of this State, and the ordinances of the Common Council; he shall repair to the scenes of fires and riots, and take command of the police present, and may direct any or all the police of the city of New York to any place where their services may be deemed necessary.

§ 3. The Chief of Police shall have his office in the Mayor's office.

ARTICLE III—APPOINTMENTS AND REMOVALS.

§ 2. All vacancies in the office of the Chief of Police, shall be filled in the same manner, and for the residue of the term.

§ 5. The Mayor shall, at least every three months, report to the Common Council the state of the police in practical operation, with such information in his possession as may promote the welfare and efficiency of the department, with such suggestions as he may deem proper.

§ 7. There shall be kept in the Mayor's office, a book, in which shall be entered the name of the Chief of Police, of each Captain, Assistant Captain, and policeman of each ward; the time of his appointment; the period for which he is appointed, and the time his office will expire; the time of any removal from office, or the recurring of a vacancy.

§ 8. The Chief of Police, Captains, Assistant Captains, and policemen, shall subscribe and take, before the Mayor, the constitutional oath of office, which oath shall be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Common Council.

ARTICLE IV—COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS.

§ 3. In case of complaints for assault and batteries, the magistrate may require that the complainant pay the fees heretofore authorized by law. In case the examination shows that the complaint is just and legal, the magistrate shall return such fees to the complainant. Should such complaint be frivolous, or malicious and untrue, the magistrate may charge to the complainant, and receive from him, all the costs and fees now authorized in such proceedings, which costs and fees shall be paid to the clerks, who shall monthly pay all such fees into the city treasury, accompanying such payment with an affidavit or affirmation, that the sums so paid, are all the fees received by them, for any matter or cause specified in this section.

§ 4. In the city and county of New York, except by the first and two Associate Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, there shall be no costs or fees charged or received upon any proceedings upon writs of habeas corpus, either by the Judge or Commissioner granting them, or by the officer serving them, or the jailor obeying their order, and the judge, be-

fore whom the matter shall be heard, shall, if the case be bailable, and the amount of bail shall have been fixed by the committing magistrate, only determine whether the party is lawfully committed, or is legally chargeable with the offence imputed, and shall not adjudicate upon the question of bail. The amount of bail ordered by the committing magistrate shall in such cases only, be altered by a court having jurisdiction of the offence for which the prisoner was committed; and any officer violating the provisions of this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be subject to the pains and penalties for such offence; the First Judge and Assistant Judges of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the city of New York, may charge the fees now allowed by law in such cases.

§ 5. The salaries of captains, assistant captains and patrolmen, shall be paid by the Comptroller, by warrant, semi-monthly. The Captains of the Patrol shall receive the pay of the patrolmen, and pay the same over to them as often as received, and immediately on the receipt thereof, and account therefor in such manner as shall be prescribed by ordinance of the Common Council. The captains and assistant captains of patrol, shall give bonds for the faithful performance of all duties enjoined on them by this law, in the sum of three thousand dollars each, to be approved of by the Mayor and Comptroller. The clerks of the police shall give bonds with the like condition, to be approved in the like manner, in the penal sum of one thousand dollars.

§ 6. All ordinances, parts of ordinances, resolutions and acts now in force, and inconsistent with this act, shall be, and the same are hereby repealed.

§ 7. The powers and duties of the officers abolished by this act, shall be possessed and performed by them, until the officers created by virtue of this act are appointed, and enter upon their respective duties.

§ 8. All cognizance given to answer to a charge preferred, or for good behavior, or to appear and testify in all cases cognizable before Courts of Criminal Jurisdiction, on being forfeited, shall be filed by the District Attorney, together with a certified copy of the order of the court forfeiting the same, in the office of the Clerk of the said city and county, and thereupon the said clerk shall docket the same in the book kept by him for docketing of judgments, transcripts whereof are filed with him as such clerk, as if the same was a transcript of a judgment record for the amount of a penalty; and the recognizance, and certified copy of the order forfeiting the recognizance, shall be the judgment record; such judgment shall, in good faith, be a lien on the real estate of the persons entering into such recognizance, from the time of filing said recognizance and copy, order, and docketing the same, as in this section directed; an execution may be issued to collect the amount of said recognizance in the same form as upon a judgment recovered in the Court of Common Pleas, of said city and county, in an action of debt, in favor of the people against the persons entering into such cognizance.

§ 9. All the costs and fees to be charged for entering such judgment and filing the necessary papers, shall be the usual fees to the clerk for filing papers and entering rules; the District Attorney shall receive no fee or compensation for his services in the matter, his salary being deemed compensation for all such services.

§ 10. No member of the Police Department, nor any magistrate or police officer, shall receive any present or reward for services rendered, or to be rendered, unless with the knowledge and approbation of the Mayor; such approbation to be given in writing, and entered in a book to be kept in the Mayor's office Any officer who shall receive any present or reward, in violation of this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall also be removed from office.

§ 11. In cases of offences committed in the city and county of New York, upon persons being, at the time of the offence committed, in the said city and county, and being non-residents of the said city and county, either upon the person of such non-residents, or by taking or receiving from such non-residents money or property, the District Attorney may apply to any judge of said city and county, possessing the power of a Supreme Court Commissioner, for an order to take the testimony, *de bene esse*, of all witnesses in the matter of being in, but not residing in said city and county; such judge, in his discretion, may grant an order so to take such testimony, which order shall specify the length of notice of such examination that shall be given to the accused. The District Attorney shall serve upon the accused the notice so directed by such judge; the witness shall be examined in the presence of the accused; his direct and cross-examination shall be reduced to writing in questions and answers, and shall be signed by the witness, and certified by the judge. The examination shall, by the officer taking the same, be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Sessions in the city and county of New York, and may be used before the Grand Jury, and all courts and tribunals having jurisdiction of the subject matter, in the same manner, and with the like effect, as the witness could be, was he personally present upon the trial of the accused; all questions may be raised to the admissibility of the testimony of the witness, and the questions and answers that could be raised to witness and his examination in open court.

§ 12. Such accused may, in like manner, on his part, on such notice given to the District Attorney, take the examination of non-resident witnesses, to be filed in the same office, and to be used with the like effect, subject to similar objections.

§ 13. There shall be no costs or fees charged by any judge or officers, in ordering, taking or filing such examinations, except by the first Judge and Assistant Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, who may charge and receive the same fees now allowed by law for taking examinations of witnesses.

§ 14. Sections four, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve and thirteen of article IV. of this act, shall take effect immediately.

§ 15. All the other parts of this act shall take effect whenever the Mayor and Common Council of the city of New York, after the 15th day of May, 1844, shall, by ordinance, adopt this act; a certified copy of such ordinance shall be sent to, and filed in the office of the Secretary of State, and a copy of the same shall be filed in the office of the Clerk of the city and county of New York, ten days before this act shall take effect. This act shall not be construed as requiring the Mayor and Common Council to adopt it.

The above includes all of the law not repealed by the provisions of the Act of 1846.

AN ACT

TO AMEND AN ACT, ENTITLED "AN ACT FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT AND REGULATION OF THE POLICE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK." PASSED MAY 7TH, 1844.

PASSED MAY 13, 1846, BY A TWO-THIRD VOTE.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

ARTICLE I—OF POLICE.

§ 1. The Watch Department, as at present organized, is hereby abolished, together with the office of Marshals, Street Inspectors, Health Wardens, Fire Wardens, Dock Masters, Day Police officers, Sunday officers, Inspectors of Pawnbrokers' and Junk shops, and of the officers to attend the polls at the several election districts of the city and county of New York, and the Superintendent of Roads of the Twelfth Ward of said city, except the office of Mayor's or First Marshal.

§ 2. In lieu of the Watch Department, and the various officers mentioned in the foregoing section, there shall be established a night and day police of, not to exceed nine hundred men, including Captains, Assistant Captains, Sergeants and Policemen.

§ 3. The Police Department shall consist of the following officers:—Chief of Police, Captains and Assistant Captains of Police, Sergeants of Police, Policemen and Doormen.

§ 4. Each ward of the city of New York shall be a patrol district. The Corporation shall provide in each patrol district suitable accommodation for the patrol of such district, to be designated "Police Station house." The patrol of each district shall consist of one Captain of Police, a first and second Assistant Captain of Police, two or more Sergeants, and such number of policemen as shall be appointed to the ward or district, by an ordinance of the Common Council.

§ 5. The Captains, Assistant Captains, Sergeants and Policemen, shall, in and for the city of New York, possess all the power now possessed by marshals appointed by the Mayor of the city and county of New York, except they shall not be entitled to execute civil process.

§ 6. The Captains, Assistant Captains, Sergeants and Policemen of each district, in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the Mayor, in conformity to the laws of the State, and the ordinances of the Corporation, shall watch and guard the district, day and night, and protect the polls at elections.

§ 7. The Chief of Police, Captains, Assistant Captains, Sergeants and Policemen shall carry a suitable emblem or device, by which they may, when necessary, make themselves known.

§ 8. It shall be the duty of the Sergeants and Policemen to obey such orders as they may, from time to time, receive from the Chief of Police, Captains and Assistant Captains of Police, respecting their duty; and to report, through the captains and assistant captains, to the Chief of Police, all violations of the Corporation ordinances; to preserve the public peace; and it shall be the duty of the policemen to render every assistance and facility to ministers and officers of justice, and to report to the captains of their respective districts, all suspicious persons, all bawdy houses, receiving shops, pawnbrokers' shops, junk shops, second hand dealing shops, gaming houses, and all places where idlers, tiplers, gamblers and other disorderly and suspicious persons congregate; to caution strangers and others against going into such places, and against pickpockets, watch-stuffers, droppers, mock-auctioneers, burners, and all other vicious persons; to direct strangers and others the nearest and safest way to their places of destination, and, when necessary, to cause them to be accompanied to their destination by one of the police, and to perform all other duties which shall be prescribed to them by ordinance of the Corporation.

§ 9. The clerks in each police office shall keep a proper book or books, in which shall be entered at length, a description of each and every article stolen, or other property which shall be brought to said offices, or which shall be taken from prisoners, and what disposition has been made thereof, and they shall attach a number to each and every article, and enter a corresponding number in said books. They shall also keep a receipt book for property delivered from said office; also a book to contain a statement of known burglaries, larcenies and stolen property; a correct transcript of which last-mentioned book shall be furnished each and every day to the Chief of Police, and perform any official service required of them by the Special Justice.

§ 10. Punctual attendance shall be required of every officer and patrolman connected with the department, on all occasions; sickness and disability only shall be an excuse for absence from duty, to be proved by the affidavit or affirmation in writing of the party, that he was actually sick or disabled, and unable to do duty by reason of such sickness or disability;

and it shall be competent for the captain of the district to administer the oath or affirmation.

§ 11. Any person or persons who shall falsely represent any of the members of the Police Department of the city of New York, or who shall maliciously, with intent to deceive, use or imitate any of the signs, signals or devices adopted and used by the Police Department, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine, not less than five, nor more than two hundred and fifty dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months.

ARTICLE II—OF APPOINTMENTS AND REMOVALS.

§ 1. The Chief of Police shall be nominated by the Mayor to the Common Council, and, with their approval, shall be appointed by the Mayor. The Chief of Police must be a citizen of the United States, a citizen of the State of New York, and an actual resident of the city and county of New York. He shall hold his office for two years, unless sooner removed from office for cause. His removal from the city and county shall vacate his office.

§ 2. All vacancies in the office of the Chief of Police, shall be filled in the same manner.

§ 3. The Alderman and Assistant Alderman of each ward shall nominate to the Mayor, one Captain, one first Assistant Captain, one second Assistant Captain of Police, and as many policemen as the ward may be entitled to; the Mayor may appoint all or any of the persons thus nominated. Should the Mayor reject any such nominations, other persons shall in like manner be nominated to the Mayor for such places. Each of said persons, so nominated, must be a citizen of the United States, of the State of New York, and a resident of the ward for which he may be nominated. All vacancies in any of said offices shall be filled in like manner. Removal from the ward shall vacate either of said offices. The Captains, Assistant Captains and policemen, shall hold their offices for two years from the date of their appointment, unless sooner removed under this act. The Captains of Police of the several Patrol districts shall appoint suitable policemen to perform the duties of Sergeants of Police.

§ 4. The Chief of Police, and the Captains of the Police shall have power to suspend policemen from office for cause; and the judges and justices shall have the like power in reference to policemen attending their courts. In all cases of suspension, the officer making the suspension shall, within twenty-four hours thereafter, notify the Mayor of such suspension, in writing, which notice shall specify the ground of such suspension, and contain the names of the witnesses to establish the charge. The Mayor shall receive from any person complaints for cause against the Chief of Police, Captains, Assistant Captains, Sergeants, Policemen and Doormen. In each case of suspension and complaint, the Mayor shall cause notice to the accused to be given, to afford him an opportunity to be heard in his defence. The Mayor, or in his absence, the Chief of Police, shall examine witnesses

under oath or affirmation, upon the charges and in defence, and the Mayor may, for cause, continue the suspension, remove the accused from office, or restore him to duty. The testimony shall be reduced to writing, which testimony, together with the decision of the Mayor thereon, shall be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Common Council; but in all cases in which the suspension is continued, the party suspended shall be deprived of his pay from the date of his suspension, and during the continuance of the same. The Mayor shall have power to issue subpœnas to require the attendance of witnesses, as on the trial of such cases, and disobedience thereof shall render parties liable to the penalties provided by law in Courts of Record.

§ 5. In making appointments under this article, the Aldermen and Assistant Aldermen in each ward shall transmit to the Mayor a certificate of their nominations, which certificate, with the determination of the Mayor indorsed thereon, shall be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Common Council.

§ 6. No person connected with the Police Department shall be liable to military or jury duty.

§ 7. In case of the refusal or neglect, from any cause, of the Alderman and Assistant to nominate the officers for the said ward, as hereinbefore provided, within twenty days after notice of any vacancy or vacancies occurring in either or all of said offices, then it shall be the duty of the Mayor to proceed forthwith to make said appointment and to fill said vacancy or vacancies.

§ 8. The Mayor, Chief of Police, and the Special Justices, and the Captains of Police, or by their, or by either of their order, shall have power to examine the books of any pawnbroker, and also to examine under oath, the pawnbroker, his clerk or clerks, if they deem necessary, when in search of stolen property; and any person having in his possession a pawnbroker's ticket, shall, when accompanied by a policeman, or by an order from the Mayor, Chief of Police, Captain of Police, or Special Justice, be allowed to examine the property purporting to be pawned by said ticket; but no property shall be removed from the possession of any pawnbroker without process of law, required by the existing laws of the state, or the laws and ordinances of the city of New York, regulating pawnbrokers.

ARTICLE III—OF COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS.

§ 1. The compensation of officers and patrolmen named in this law, shall be fixed by the Common Council, but shall not exceed the following sums, to wit: Chief of Police, one thousand six hundred dollars; Special Justices, one thousand five hundred dollars; Clerks of Police, eight hundred dollars; Captains of Patrol, seven hundred dollars; Assistant Captains, six hundred dollars; Sergeants and Policemen, five hundred dollars; Police officers, when sent out of the county on public business, shall be allowed all necessary expenses, upon the same being sworn to and approved by the Mayor, and allowed by the Board of Supervisors.

§ 2. No fees or compensation shall be charged or received by any magistrate, clerk, officer, policeman or constable, for the arrest of any prisoners, or for mileage, or for receiving any prisoner into the prison, or for discharging him from the same; and no fees or costs shall be charged or received for the issuing of any warrant, subpœna or other process, or for the taking of a complaint, bail, or affidavit, except as hereinafter provided. Any magistrate or officer violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be subject to the pains and penalties for such an offence.

§ 3. The Clerk of the Court of Sessions shall file, with the Chief of Police, a copy of all recognizances given to answer to a charge preferred for any criminal offence, on the same being forfeited; and it shall be the duty of the Chief of Police to cause the same to be registered in a book to be kept for that purpose.

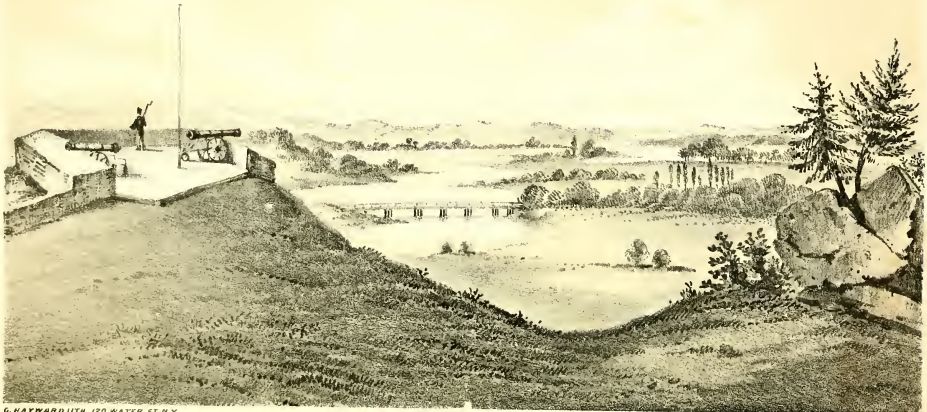
§ 4. It shall be the duty of the sheriff, in all cases of forfeited recognizances, placed by the District Attorney with him for collection, to report to the Chief of Police the moneys collected on such judgments, immediately after the receipt of the same; and in case the amount of the judgment cannot be collected upon any forfeited recognizances, he shall, immediately after the expiration of the time limited by law for making such collections, make a return of the same, with the causes of failure, to the Chief of Police, who shall, in all cases mentioned, enter into the book aforesaid the result thereof, opposite the names of the persons who had become bail in such cases.

§ 5. Upon receiving information from the sheriff of failure to collect the amount of any forfeited recognizances from the person or persons who had become bail in such case, the Chief of Police shall notify the Court of Sessions and the Police Courts, of the names of such persons, and it shall be the duty of the clerks of said courts, to register the same in a book to be kept in said court for that purpose.

§ 6. No person registered, as provided in the last preceding section, shall be received by any judge or magistrate, as bail for any person charged with any offence whatever; and in all cases of bail, taken for persons charged with any criminal offence, the judge or magistrate taking the same, shall require the persons, so becoming bail, to make affidavit, in writing, that they are worth the amount for which they propose to become bail, which affidavit shall also include a description of the property constituting the amount of their liability.

§ 7. No officer authorized to let to bail a person charged with any criminal offence, shall accept as bail any member of the Police Department, keeper, assistant keeper, or turnkey, of any prison, or place of detention, for persons charged with any criminal offence, or any attorney or counsellor practicing in the Court of Sessions.

§ 8. No officer, other than the committing magistrate, shall let to bail any person charged with a criminal offence, unless notice of the application



G. HAYWARD LITH. 120 WATER ST. N.Y.

FOR D. T. VALENTINE'S MANUAL 1854

VIEW AT FORT CLI[illegible] I. Mc GOWAN'S PASS 1812.

to bail such person shall have been given to the District Attorney of the city and county of New York, at least two days before such application, specifying the name of the officer, the time and place when and where such application will be made, and the names and residences of the proposed bail, and the original commitment and proofs upon which it is founded, shall have been presented to the officer to whom the application for bail is made; the persons having the custody of such commitment and proofs shall, when required, in writing, produce the same before the officer last-mentioned.

§ 9. The examination of a non-resident witness, or a witness about to depart beyond the jurisdiction of the court, may, on the application of the District Attorney, or the party accused, upon his giving notice to the District Attorney, be taken in the manner provided in section eleven of article four, of the act hereby amended.

§ 10. Sections twenty and twenty-one of an act entitled "An act relative to the powers of the Common Council of the city of New York, and the Police and Criminal Courts of said city," passed January 23d, 1833, shall apply to carts and cartmen, cabs and cabmen, hackney coaches and hackney coachmen, stages and accommodation coaches, or omnibuses and their drivers, and public porters and hand-cartmen.

§ 11. Sections one, two, five, six, eight, nine, twelve, fourteen and fifteen, of article first, sections one, two, three, four and six, of article third; and sections one, two and twelve, of article fourth, of the law hereby amended, are repealed.

§ 12. Nothing contained in this act shall be construed to prevent the Captains, Assistant Captains and policemen, already appointed under the act hereby amended, from holding their offices one year from the date of their respective appointments.

§ 13. The Board of Supervisors of the city and county of New York, shall have power to raise by tax the sum of fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars, to defray the expense of the increase in the number of policemen provided for in this act, in case the Common Council shall deem such increase necessary.

§ 14. This act shall take effect on the thirteenth day of May, eighteen hundred and forty-six, except section two of article three, which shall take effect ten days after its passage.

AN ACT

IN RELATION TO JUSTICES AND POLICE COURTS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

PASSED MARCH 30, 1848.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The city of New York shall be divided into six judicial districts, in each of which there is hereby established a court, to be called the Justices' Court of the city of New York.

§ 2. The First, Second, Third and Fifth Wards of the said city, shall constitute and be the First Judicial District; the Fourth, Sixth and Fourteenth Wards of said city, the Second Judicial District; the Eighth and Ninth Wards of said city, the Third Judicial District; the Tenth, Fifteenth and Seventeenth Wards of said city, the Fourth Judicial District; the Seventh, Eleventh and Thirteenth Wards of said city, the Fifth Judicial District; and the Twelfth, Sixteenth and Eighteenth Wards of said city, the Sixth Judicial District. In each of said districts hereby created, there shall be elected by the electors thereof, having the necessary qualifications required of a voter at any general election, a Justice to hold the court in said district.

§ 3. There shall be appointed by the Common Council of the city of New York, a clerk of each of the justices' and police courts hereby established by this act, whose compensation shall be fixed by the Common Council and who shall hold his office for four years, from the second Tuesday of May next, and their compensation shall not be increased or diminished during their continuance in office.

§ 4. All the powers and duties which, by any law of this state, now in force, belonging to or are vested in the present assistant justices of the city of New York and their clerks, shall hereafter belong to and be vested in the justices and clerks to be elected or appointed by virtue of this act; and the said justices, so to be elected, shall have jurisdiction over, and authority to hear, try and determine all actions of contracts or tort, where the sum claimed or recovered shall not exceed the sum of one hundred dollars; and actions of replevin, where the goods sought to be recovered do not exceed the sum of fifty dollars; and all suits by and against corporations in the city of New York, where the amount in controversy shall not exceed one hundred dollars; and the said office of Assistant Justice of the city of New York, and clerks of the said Assistant Justices' Court, and the said Assistant Justices' Courts, from and after the second Tuesday of May, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, are hereby abolished.

§ 5. The said justices shall be elected at the next annual charter election, to be held in the city of New York, and once in every four years thereafter, at the annual charter election; they shall hold their respective offices for four years, and shall enter on their duties on the second Tuesday of May, after their election, respectively.

§ 6. The courts in said districts shall be held at such places in the said district respectively, as shall be designated and provided for by the Common Council of the city of New York: and no such court or any justice thereof shall be authorized to make any process of citation returnable, nor to hear or determine any cause or matter at any place than the court-room of said court.

§ 7. There shall also be elected in each of the said districts, at the same election, and in the same manner, one police justice for the city of New York, who shall hold their offices for four years, and shall enter on their

duties on the second Tuesday of May next, after their election. The said Police Justices shall have all powers, and perform all the duties of the Special Justices for preserving the peace in the city of New York, and the said offices of Special Justices for preserving the peace, and Clerks of Police, as heretofore existing, are hereby abolished from and after the time when the Police Justices and Clerks elected or appointed under this act shall enter on their duties.

§ 8. The Common Council shall, by ordinance, assign such police justices and clerks to such police offices and police courts, in rotation or otherwise, as the public business may require.

§ 9. The justices elected under the provisions of this act shall receive such an annual compensation for their services as shall be fixed by the Common Council of the city of New York, which annual compensation shall be in lieu of all fees or other perquisites, and shall not be increased or diminished during their continuance in office, and shall receive no other fees or perquisites whatever, by virtue of their offices. The justices and clerks to be elected or appointed in pursuance of this act, shall, on the first day of every month, or within three days thereafter, account, under oath, for all fees and perquisites, if any, of every kind and description, received by them by virtue of their offices, directly or indirectly, and pay the same into the treasury of the city of New York; and no justice or clerk shall perform any service, for which a fee is allowed by law, until such fee is paid for the use of the city as aforesaid. The provisions of this section shall also apply to the Judges and Clerk of the Marine Court in said city, who shall, after the second Tuesday of May next, receive an annual compensation to be fixed by the Common Council of said city.

§ 10. All the provisions of law now in force, in reference to the commencement of suits, the mode of conducting them, the perfecting and obtaining satisfaction of judgment in the Assistant Justices' Courts of the city of New York, shall extend and apply to the courts established by the first section of this act.

§ 11. All the provisions of law in relation to charter elections in the city of New York, and the notices thereof, shall apply to the officers whose election is hereby provided for; and the said officers shall be voted for on one ballot, to be indorsed "Justices," and which shall be deposited in a separate box, to be provided for that purpose by the Common Council of said city.

§ 12. The present Assistant Justices and Special Justices for preserving the peace, are hereby required, on the second Tuesday of May, eighteen hundredand forty-eight, to deliver to the special justices and police justices, elected under this act, all their official papers and documents, and all papers and documents connected with any suits or proceedings which shall then be pending and undetermined in their respective courts; and the justices and police justices elected under this act, are hereby authorized to receive and demand the same; and such suits and proceedings, so pending and

undetermined, shall be continued before the said justices and police justices so elected, with the same effect and virtue as though before the said Assistant Justices and present Special Justices for preserving the peace; and all judgments rendered, may be executed by process to be issued by said justices. The courts hereby created, may issue all process necessary or proper to carry into effect the purposes of this act; and all constables and other officers are hereby authorized to perform all the duties, and to receive the fees in the courts hereby created, which they were authorized to perform in the courts hereby abolished, and may serve all process issued by said courts hereby created.

§ 13. This act shall take effect immediately.

AN ACT

TO AMEND AN ACT ENTITLED "AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT, ENTITLED AN ACT FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT AND REGULATION OF THE POLICE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, PASSED MAY 13, 1846

PASSED APRIL 11, 1849, "THREE-FIFTHS BEING PRESENT."

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§ 1. The tenth section of article first, of the act entitled "An act to amend an act, entitled an act for the establishment and regulation of the police of the city of New York," passed May 13, 1846, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

§ 10. Punctual attendance shall be required of every officer, patrolman, and doorman, connected with the department, on all occasions; but nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the Mayor from relieving captains, sergeants, policemen, and doormen from duty for a limited time. The Mayor may also authorize captains to relieve sergeants, policemen and doormen from duty for a limited time No compensation shall be allowed to such officers, patrolmen or doormen, for any period during which they may be absent from duty, except by the Mayor, in cases in which he shall be satisfied that the absence was consequent upon disease or injury contracted in the public service.

§ 2. The sixteenth section of article first is hereby amended, so as to read as follows:

§ 16. A room shall be provided at each police court for the deposit and preservation of all property brought to said court. One of the clerks of said courts, under the direction of the magistrates, shall be charged with the safe keeping of said property. It shall be the duty of any magistrate or clerk with whom any such deposit shall be made, to give a receipt, in writing, describing the same, for such property, to any officer or other person making such deposit, or bringing in such property.

§ 3. The first section of article second of said act, is hereby amended, so as to read as follows:

§ 1. The Chief of Police shall be nominated by the Mayor to the Common Council, and with their approval shall be appointed by the Mayor. The Chief of Police must be a citizen of the United States, a citizen of the State of New York, and an actual resident of the city and county of New York. He shall hold his office during the term of the Mayor, and thirty days thereafter, unless sooner removed for cause. His removal from the city and county shall vacate his office.

§ 4. The third section of article second of said act, is hereby amended, so as to read as follows, viz:

§ 3. The Alderman and Assistant Alderman of each Ward, shall nominate to the Mayor, one captain, one first assistant captain, one second assistant captain of police, and as many policemen as the Ward shall be entitled to. The Mayor may appoint all or any of the persons thus nominated. Should the Mayor reject any such nominations, other persons shall in like manner be nominated for such places. Each of said persons, so nominated, must be a citizen of the United States, of the State of New York, and a resident of the Ward for which he may be nominated. All vacancies in any of said offices shall be filled in like manner. Removal from the Ward shall vacate either of said offices. The captains, assistant captains and policemen, hereafter to be appointed, shall hold their offices for four years from the date of their appointment, unless sooner removed under this act. The captains of police of the several patrol districts shall appoint suitable policemen to perform the duties of sergeants of police.

§ 5. The fourth section of article second of said act, is hereby amended so as to read as follows, viz:

§ 4. The Chief of Police and the Captain of the Police, shall have power to suspend policemen from office for cause, and the Judges and Justices shall have like power in reference to policemen attending their courts. In all such cases of suspension, the officer making the suspension shall, within twenty-four hours thereafter, notify the Mayor of such suspension, in writing, which notice shall specify the grounds for such suspension, and contain the names of the witnesses to establish the charge. The Mayor shall receive, from any person, complaints for cause against the Chief of Police, Captains, Assistant Captains, Policemen, and Doormen. In each case of suspension and complaint, the Mayor shall cause notice to the accused to be given, to afford him opportunity to be heard in his defence. The Mayor, or, in his absence, the Chief of Police, (except in cases of charges against himself,) shall examine witnesses, under oath or affirmation, upon the charges and in defence, and the Mayor may, for cause, continue the suspension, remove the accused from office, or restore him to duty. In all cases in which the suspension is continued, the party suspended shall be deprived of his pay from the date of his suspension, and during the continuance of the same; but he shall not, at any time, be exempted from the

performance of duty, unless the officer making such suspension shall so expressly order; unless and until such order be made, a suspension under this section shall only mean a suspension from pay. The testimony to be reduced to writing, and the same, together with the decision of the Mayor thereon, shall be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Common Council. The Mayor shall have power to issue subpœnas to require the attendance of witnesses on the trial of such cases; and disobedience thereof shall render parties liable to the penalties provided by law in Courts of Record.

§ 6. The eighth section of article second of said act, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

§ 8. The Mayor, Chief of Police, and the Police Justices and the Captains of Police, or by their, or by either of their orders, shall have power to examine the books of any pawnbroker, his clerk, or clerks, if they deem it necessary, when in search of stolen property; and any person having in his possession a pawnbroker's ticket, shall, when accompanied by a policeman, or by an order from the Mayor, Chief of Police, Captain of Police, or Special Justice, be allowed to examine the property purporting to be pawned by said ticket; but no property shall be removed from the possession of any pawnbroker without the process of law required by the existing laws of this State, or the laws and ordinances of the City of New York, regulating pawnbrokers. A refusal or neglect to comply, in any respect, with the provisions of this section, on the part of any pawnbroker, his clerk or clerks, shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and punished as such.

§ 7. The first section of article third of said act, is hereby amended, so as to read as follows:

§ 1. The compensation of officers and patrolmen named in this act, shall be fixed by the Common Council, and shall not be increased or diminished during the time for which they are appointed. Police officers, when sent out of the county on public business, shall be allowed all necessary expenses, upon the same being sworn to, and approved by the Mayor, and allowed by the Board of Supervisors.

§ 8. All laws inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

§ 9. This act shall take effect on the first day of June next.

AN ACT

IN RELATION TO THE POLICE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, PASSED APRIL 13, 1853.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

ARTICLE 1.

SECTION 1. The Police Department of the city of New York shall consist of the following named officers: Chief of Police, Captains of Police, Lieutenants of Police, Sergeants of Police, Policemen and Doormen; but the

present Assistant Captains shall be known as Lieutenants after the passage of this bill, and shall continue to hold their offices until the expiration of the terms for which they were appointed such Assistant Captains.

§ 2. Each Ward in the city of New York shall be a patrol district. The Common Council shall provide in each patrol district suitable accommodation for the patrol of such district, to be designated "Police Station House." The patrol of each district shall consist of one Captain of Police, a First and Second Lieutenant of Police, or two or more Sergeants of Police and such a number of Policemen and Doormen as shall be appointed to the district.

§ 3. The Chief of Police, Captains, Lieutenants and Sergeants of Police, and Policemen in and for the city and county of New York, shall possess all the power now possessed by the constables of said city and county, except that they shall not be entitled to execute civil processes.

§ 4. The Chief of Police, Captains, Lieutenants, and Sergeants of Police, Policemen and Doormen, in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed in conformity to the laws of the United States, of this state, and the ordinance of the Common Council, shall watch and guard the city, day and night, and protect all general and primary elections.

§ 5. The Chief of Police, Captains, Lieutenants and Sergeants of Police, Policemen and Doormen, shall wear a suitable emblem or device, to be prescribed by the Commissioners of Police.

§ 6. Captains of Police shall be dock-masters within their respective districts, and aided and assisted by the Lieutenants of Police and Policemen, shall do and perform all the duties heretofore performed by dock-masters.

§ 7. It shall be the duty of Sergeants, Policemen and Doormen, to obey such orders as they may, from time to time, receive from the Chief of Police, Captains or Lieutenants of Police, respecting their duty; to report through the Captains and Lieutenants to the Chief of Police all violations of the Corporation ordinances, who shall report the same, forthwith, to the Corporation Attorney; to preserve the public peace; to render every assistance and facility to ministers and officers of justice; to report all suspicious persons, bawdy houses, receiving shops, pawnbrokers' shops, junk shops, second-hand dealers' shops, gaming houses, all places where idlers, tiplers, gamblers, and other disorderly and suspicious persons congregate; to caution strangers and others against going into such places, and against pickpockets, watch stuffers, droppers, mock-auctioneers, burners, and other vicious persons; to direct strangers and others to the nearest and safest way to their places of destination, and, when necessary, to cause them to be accompanied to their destination by one of the Police, and perform all other duties which shall be prescribed.

§ 8. Punctual attendance shall be required of every officer, sergeant, policeman and doorman connected with the Department on all occasions, but nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the Mayor from relieving Captains, Lieutenants, Sergeants, Policemen and Doormen for any

period during which they may be absent from duty without permission, except in cases of absence consequent upon disease or injury contracted in the public service, and in all cases such officers, Sergeants, Policemen and Doormen, who are absent from duty in consequence of disease and injuries contracted in the public service, shall receive full pay.

§ 9. In case of the absence of the Captain of Police, the duties required of him shall be performed by a first lieutenant of police, and in his absence by a second lieutenant of police, who, while acting in such capacity, shall possess and exercise the powers and rights of such captain. In case of the absence of a lieutenant, by reason of sickness or disability, the captain may, with the consent of the Chief of Police, substitute a sergeant, who shall, for the time being, possess all the powers of a lieutenant of police.

§ 10. Any person or persons who shall falsely represent any of the members of the Police Department of the city of New York, or who shall, with intent to deceive, use, or imitate any of the emblems, signs, signals, or devices adopted and used by the Police Department, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine not less than two hundred and fifty dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months.

§ 11. At any alarm of fire it shall be the duty of the Captain of Police, nearest the scene of conflagration, forthwith to proceed to the same with the reserve force of their command; to be diligent in preserving order and protecting property. In cases of riot, or any sudden emergency requiring the services of the police, the Captain of Police shall forthwith proceed to the scene of riot with the whole police off duty, or any part thereof, and be vigilant in suppressing the same.

§ 12. The Mayor shall detail from the policemen a sufficient number to attend upon and serve the process of criminal courts in said city and county.

ARTICLE II.

§ 1. The Chief of Police shall be nominated and appointed by the Mayor, with the approval of the Board of Commissioners first named in the third article of this bill.

§ 2. He shall, (subordinate to the Mayor,) be the chief executive of the Police Department, and shall obey, and cause the Police Department under him, to obey the rules and regulations prescribed in accordance with the provisions of this act.

§ 3. He shall repair to the scenes of fire, and with the assistance of the police force, use every exertion to save and protect property, and remove, or cause to be removed, all idle or suspicious persons from the vicinity of the fire.

§ 4. He shall repair to the scenes of riot, and all tumultuous or unlawful assemblages, and with the aid of the police force use every exertion to disperse or arrest such persons as he may find engaged in breaking the peace, or who may aid or abet others so to do.

§ 5. He shall direct any or all of the police force to perform such duties as he may deem necessary for the preservation of the public peace, and prevention of crime, and the discipline and efficiency of the department.

§ 6. He shall be aided and assisted by the members of the Police Department, be the superintendent of cabs and cabmen, hackney coaches and hackney cabmen, stages and accommodation coaches or omnibuses, and their drivers, carts and cartmen, and all persons employed to drive carts through the streets and lanes of the city of New York, public porters, handcartmen, venders of charcoal, fire-wood, hard coal and boats and boatmen. He shall also be inspector of pawnbrokers' shops and second-hand dealers' shops, and intelligence offices.

§ 7. He shall, with the approval of the Board of Aldermen, appoint a clerk, who shall be known and designated as Clerk to the Chief of Police and who shall perform all such duties as the Chief of Police shall direct.

§ 8. All vacancies in the office of the Chief of Police shall be filled in the same manner as prescribed section first of article second of this act.

§ 9. In all cases where persons are arrested upon criminal charges, they shall, with as little delay as possible, be conducted before a magistrate, to be dealt with according to law.

ARTICLE III.

§ 1. The Mayor, Recorder and City Judge, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners for the trial of officers, policemen and doormen of the Police department; and all officers, policemen and doormen shall be appointed by the same Board, in the manner herein provided; but no member of the Police Department shall be reappointed, who shall have resigned before the expiration of his term of office.

§ 2. Every officer, policeman and doorman must be a citizen of the United States, of the State of New York, and a resident of the ward for which he may be appointed, and previous to his appointment, shall present to the Mayor a certificate, signed by twenty-five reputable citizens, (two-thirds of whom must reside in the ward at the time of signing the certificate,) certifying that they have been personally acquainted with the applicant for five years last past, and that during that time said applicant has borne a good character for honesty, morality and sobriety. He must also present to the Mayor a certificate from a surgeon of the Police Department, certifying that he has professionally examined said applicant, and that he is a man of sound body, and robust constitution, and is able to sustain the usual labors and exposures of a patrolman. He must also establish, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, that he, the said applicant, can read with ease, and write legibly the English language; that he well understands the first four rules of arithmetic; and that he is a proper person to appoint to said office. All vacancies in any of said offices shall be filled in like manner. Removal from the ward shall vacate either of the said offices. The members of the Police Department, appointed after

this act shall have gone into effect, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall only be removed for cause, as hereinafter provided.

§ 3. The Mayor, Recorder, and Chief of Police of the city and county of New York, shall constitute a Board of Commissioners to prescribe rules for the discipline, conduct and government of police officers and policemen, which shall be binding, under penalty of removal or suspension.

§ 4. The Chief of Police, and captains of police, shall have power to suspend sergeants, policemen and doormen for cause, and judges and justices shall have like power in reference to policemen detailed to their courts. In all such cases of suspension, the officer making the suspension shall notify the Mayor or Chief of Police of such suspension, in writing, which notice shall specify the grounds for such suspension, and contain the names of witnesses to establish the charge. The Mayor may receive from any person complaints for cause, against the Chief of Police, captains, lieutenants, sergeants, policemen and doormen. In each case of suspicion and complaint notice to the accused shall be given, to afford him an opportunity to be heard in his defence. The accused party may in all cases appear by counsel, and compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf. The Board of Commissioners shall examine witnesses, under oath or affirmation, upon the charges, and in defence; and may, from cause, continue the suspension, remove the accused from office, or restore him to duty. In all cases in which the suspension is continued, the party suspended shall be deprived of his pay from the date of his suspension and during the continuance of the same. But he shall not, at any time, be exempted from the performance of duty, unless the officer making such suspension shall so expressly order, and until such order be made, a suspension, under this section, shall only mean a suspension from pay. The testimony, in each case of suspension, shall be reduced to writing, and the same, together with the decision thereon, shall be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Common Council. Either Commissioner shall have power to issue subpœnas to require the attendance of witnesses on the trial of such cases, and disobedienee thereof shall render parties liable to the penalties provided by law in courts of record.

§ 5. The Chief of Police shall, at least every six months, report to the Mayor, the state of the police in practical operation, with such other information in his possession as may promise the welfare and efficiency of the Department, with such suggestions as he may deem proper. The Mayor shall submit the said report to the Common Council within five days thereafter, should the Common Council be then in session, and if not, at the first meeting of the next regular session, accompanying the same with such remarks and suggestions as he may deem proper.

§ 6. There shall be kept in the office of the Chief of Police, a book, in which shall be entered the names of each and every officer, sergeant, policeman and doorman connected with the Police Department, as hereinbefore mentioned, the time of appointment in each case, the time of any removal from office, or the recurring of any vacancy.

ARTICLE IV.

§ 1. The compensation of all officers, policemen and doormen, shall be fixed by the Common Council. Police officers, when sent out of the county on public business, shall be allowed all necessary expenses, upon the same being sworn to by said officers, and approved by the Mayor, and allowed by the Board of Supervisors.

§ 2. The salaries of captains, policemen, sergeants, policemen and doormen, shall be paid by the Comptroller by warrant, semi-monthly, on the same being indorsed as correct by the Chief of Police. The captains of police, and in their absence, the lieutenants of police shall receive the pay of the sergeants, policemen and doormen, and pay the same over to them as often as received, and immediately on receipt thereof, and shall account therefor, under oath, as shall be prescribed by ordinance of the Common Council. The captains and lieutenants of police shall give bonds for the faithful performance of all duties enjoined on them by this act, in the sum of three thousand dollars each, to be approved by the Mayor and Comptroller.

§ 3. All officers, policemen and doormen hereinbefore mentioned, shall subscribe and take, before the Mayor, the constitutional oath of office, which oath shall be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Common Council,

§ 4. No member of the Police Department, no magistrate, clerk of police, nor any person authorized by law to arrest persons charged with criminal offences, shall demand or receive any present or reward for services rendered or to be rendered, unless with the knowledge and approbation of the Mayor; such approbation to be given in writing, and to be entered in a book to be kept in the Mayor's office. Any such officer, who shall demand or receive any present or reward in violation of this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and on complaint being made to the Mayor, he shall forthwith summon the accused, together with the witnesses to establish the charge, to appear before the Board of Commissioners; and on the charge being established by the testimony of competent witnesses, they shall immediately remove the accused from office.

§ 5. Sections twenty and twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act relative to the powers of the Common Council of the city of New York, and the Police and Criminal Courts of said city," passed January 23, 1853, shall apply to all penal ordinances passed by the Common Council of said city.

§ 6. No person connected with the Police Department, shall be liable to military, fire or jury duty.

§ 7. All ordinances, parts of ordinances, resolutions and acts now in force and inconsistent with this act, shall be, and the same are hereby repealed.

§ 8. This act shall take effect immediately.

AN ORDINANCE

REGULATING THE POLICE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New York, in Common Council convened, do ordain as follows:

§ 1. The city is hereby divided into three districts, as follows:

The First District shall comprise the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Wards.

The Second District shall comprise the Eighth, Ninth, Twelfth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth and Eighteenth Wards.

The Third District shall comprise the Seventh, Tenth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Seventeenth Wards.

§ 2. In each of said districts there shall be a Police Court and office. The business of the police offices already established shall continue to be conducted where they are now located, until otherwise directed by the Corporation. The police office for the First District shall continue to be held at the Halls of Justice in Centre street; for the Second District, at the Jefferson market, in the Ninth Ward; and for the Third District, at the Essex market in the Tenth Ward.

§ 3. The magistrates and clerks of the Police Courts are hereby assigned as follows: Justice Osborne and Drinker to the First District; Justices Roome and Merrit to the Second District, and Justices Taylor and Ketchum to the Third District; Clerks, Hesty, Snow and Stewart to the First District; Clerks, Mountfort and Bleakley to the Second District; and Clerks, Frey and Corey to the Third District.

§ 4. The policemen of the various wards of the city of New York, including captains, assistant captains and sergeants, are hereby apportioned as follows:

To the First Ward—Fifty-nine.
To the Second Ward—Forty-three.
To the Third Ward—Forty-three.
To the Fourth Ward—Sixty.
To the Fifth Ward—Fifty-five.
To the Sixth Ward—Sixty-six.
To the Seventh Ward—Sixty-three.
To the Eighth Ward—Fifty-six.
To the Ninth Ward—Fifty.
To the Tenth Ward—Forty-eight.
To the Eleventh Ward—Forty-five.
To the Twelfth Ward—Thirty-three.
To the Thirteenth Ward—Forty-eight.
To the Fourteenth Ward—Fifty-four.
To the Fifteenth Ward—Forty.
To the Sixteenth Ward—Forty-three.
To the Seventeenth Ward—Fifty-one.
To the Eighteenth Ward—Forty-three.

§ 5. The compensation to be paid to the officers mentioned in this ordinance shall be at the following rates:

To the Chief of Police, one thousand six hundred dollars per annum.

To the Special Justices, each one thousand five hundred dollars per annum.

To the Clerk of Police, eight hundred dollars per annum.

To Captains of Police or Patrol, each seven hundred dollars per annum.

To the Assistant Captains, each six hundred dollars per annum.

To Sergeants and Policemen, each five hundred dollars per annum.

§ 6. The compensation of the officers mentioned in the preceding section shall be in the following manner:

To the Captains, Assistant Captains, Sergeants and Policemen, by warrant, semi-monthly. The captains shall receive the pay of policemen and doormen within their districts, and pay the same over as soon as received, taking a receipt in a book to be provided for that purpose by each captain making returns to the Comptroller within two days after each payment which return shall be sworn to by said captains, before some person authorized to administer oaths, as a just and true account of all the moneys received, and that they have paid the same in money, without deduction, to the several policemen and doormen, according to their several receipts, contained in said returns.

§ 7. When any officer mentioned in this ordinance shall die, or forfeit his office, or be removed therefrom, compensation, at the rates hereinbefore prescribed, shall be paid up to the time of such death, forfeiture or removal, to his legal representatives, if he be deceased.

§ 8. The Mayor is hereby authorized to appoint one or more suitable and discreet persons, removable at his pleasure, who shall be known and designated as clerks to the Chief of Police, and shall perform all such duties as may be required by the Mayor and Chief of Police. The salary of such clerk or clerks shall not, together, exceed the sum of one thousand dollars per annum.

§ 9. The Captains, Assistant Captains, Sergeants and Policemen, shall receive a certificate of appointment from the Mayor, and before entering on the duties of their respective offices, shall take and prescribe an oath or affirmation well and truly to perform the duties thereof.

§ 10. The Mayor shall have power to prescribe rules and regulations for the government of the police, and from time to time alter and amend the same, as in his judgment may be deemed necessary.

§ 11. Such portions of the following buildings and places in the city of New York as are hereby designated, are appropriated as a portion of the City Prison and Bridewell of the said city, viz: the building known as the Station-house, near Jefferson market, in the Ninth Ward; the building owned by the Corporation, in the rear of Essex market, in the Tenth Ward, and the various station-houses in the different districts.

§ 12. The Aldermen and Assistant Aldermen shall appoint two persons

for their wards, whose duty it shall be to attend at the station-houses of the wards respectively, to keep the same in order, and act as door-keepers, and do such other duties as may be required of them by the captains of police of said wards respectively, to be paid each seven dollars per week for such services. The said persons so to be appointed to be removable by the said Aldermen and Assistants.

§ 13. Policemen who shall necessarily incur an expense in conveying a person before a magistrate, or to a police station-house, or to the hospital, by the employment of a cart or any other vehicle for that purpose, shall be refunded such expense, upon presenting to the Chief of Police, the certificate of the magistrate or captain before whom the person shall be brought, stating that such person was brought by him to the office on a cart or other vehicle. The certificate shall be in the following words, to wit:

No. Police District, No.

This is to certify, that Policeman
has brought to this office,
in Amount $

New York, 185

To George W. Matsell,
Chief of Police. Special Justice.

§ 14. The Chief of Police is hereby authorized, when the necessity may arise, to draw upon the Comptroller for a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, to defray the expenses necessarily incurred by policemen in conveying persons as aforesaid, and his own traveling expenses, or other purposes provided for in this ordinance. The same to be accounted for to the Comptroller, by a return of the vouchers for the money so expended, as often as he shall have occasion to renew the draft, such draft being first approved by the Mayor.

§ 15. The Captains of Police, or in their absence, the Assistant Captains of Police, are hereby authorized to furnish food to persons in custody in the various police station-houses, who they have reason to believe are in a suffering or starving condition, and the expenses thereof, when duly certified by the Captain or either of the Assistant Captains of Police, shall be paid by the Chief of Police.

§ 16. Policemen who shall necessarily incur an expense by conveying stolen or other property to the office of the Chief of Police, Police Courts or police station-houses, shall be refunded such expense, on presenting to the Chief of Police the certificate of the magistrate or captain of police to whom such property was delivered.

§ 17. The Captain and Assistant Captains of each ward shall be the keepers of the station-house or houses in each ward, and shall be, for that purpose, deemed deputy keepers of the city prison.

§ 18. The several ordinances of the Corporation of the city of New York, now in force, in relation to carts and cartmen, cabs and cabmen, hackney

coaches and hackney coachmen, stages and accommodation coaches, omnibuses and omnibus drivers, public porters and hand cartmen, are hereby confirmed and ordained.

§ 19. It shall be the duty of the officers mentioned in this ordinauce to see that the ordinances hereinbefore mentioned, and all ordinances of the Corporation to prevent evil practices in the city of New York, and in relation to the police of said city, are enforced.

§ 20. The ordinance passed June 15, 1845, entitled "An ordinance regulating the police of the city of New York, and the ordinance passed January 27, 1846, entitled "An ordinance in addition to an ordinance entitled an ordinance to regulate the police of the city of New York," and all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

Adopted by the Board of Assistant Aldermen, June 15, 1846.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, June 22, 1846.

Approved by the Mayor, June 23, 1846.

Resolved, That the ordinance, entitled "An ordinance, regulating the Police of the city of New York," approved by the Mayor, June 16, 1846, be, and the same is hereby amended as follows:

§ 1. The city is hereby divided into four districts, as follows:

The First District shall comprise the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, and Sixth Wards.

The Second District shall comprise the Eighth, Ninth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth Wards.

The Third District shall comprise the Seventh, Tenth, Eleventh, Thirteenth and Fourteenth Wards.

The Fourth District shall comprise the Twelfth, Seventeenth and Eighteenth Wards.

§ 2. In each of said districts there shall be a Police Court and office. The business of the Police offices already established in the Halls of Justice, Centre street; at Jefferson market, in the Ninth Ward; at Essex market, in the Tenth Ward, shall continue to be conducted there, until otherwise directed by the Common Council; and the Police office for the Fourth District, newly created, shall be held at the Police Station-house in Twenty-ninth street, in the Eighteenth Ward.

§ 3. The Magistrates and Clerks for the aforesaid Police Courts or offices are hereby assigned as follows:

Justices Simpson and Lothorp to the First District, (Halls of Justice,) in Centre street.

Justices Bleakley and McGrath to the Second District, Jefferson market.

Justice Osborne to the Third District, Essex market; Justice Mountfort to the Fourth District, in Twenty-ninth street, in the Eighteenth Ward.

The magistrates hereby assigned to the First District, shall, on alternate days, attend at the Third District Police Court, and the magistrates assigned to the Second District, shall, on alternate days, attend at the Fourth District Police Court, hereby established.

Clerks, Stuart and Welsh to the First district Police Court; Clerks Murray and Davison to the Second District Police Court; Riblet to the Third District Court, and Lalor to the Fourth District Police Court.

§ 5. The compensation to be paid to the officers aforesaid, shall be at the following rates:

To the Police Justices, one thousand five hundred dollars per annum each.

To the Clerks of Police, one thousand dollars per annum each.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, May 3, 1848.

Adopted by the Board of Assistants, May 5, 1848.

Approved by the Mayor, May 5, 1848.

The foregoing ordinance was amended, November 24th, 1848, by assigning Justice McGrath to the First District, Justice Mountfort to the Second District, and Justice Timpson to the Third District.

It was also further amended, December 8th, 1848, by assigning John Lalor as Clerk to the Third District.

The effect of these amendments is, that the Fourth District Police office, located by the ordinance, in Twenty-ninth street, has been abolished, and there remains but three Police Courts.

By resolution of Common Council, approved April 21st and 23d, 1852, Justices Osborne and Welsh, and Clerks Rockwell and Nesbitt were assigned at Halls of Justice; Justices Bogart and McGrath, and Clerks Murray and Davison were assigned at Jefferson market; Justices Stuart and Wood, and Clerks, Lalor and Johnson were assigned at Essex market.

The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New York, in Common Council convened, do ordain as follows:

Section sixty-nine of the ordinance organizing the Departments of the Municipal Government of the city of New York, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

§ 69. There shall be appointed for each Ward, by the Mayor, on the recommendation of the Alderman and Assistant Alderman of each Ward, two persons, to be denominated Door-keepers, who shall attend to the station-house of their respective Wards, and shall keep the same in order, and act as Door-keepers thereof, and perform such other duties as may be required of them by the Captains of Police of the Wards, respectively.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, March 4, 1850.

Adopted by the Board of Assistants, March 18, 1850.

Approved by the Mayor, March 22, 1850.



HARLEM PLAINS. 1812.

AN ORDINANCE

CONCERNING THE POLICE OF THE SECOND, THIRD, FOURTH, SIXTH, ELEVENTH, FOURTEENTH, FIFTEENTH, SIXTEENTH, SEVENTEENTH AND EIGHTEENTH WARDS.

Be it ordained, by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York, in Common Council convened, as follows:

§ 1. There shall hereafter be appointed to the Second Ward, forty policemen; to the Fourth Ward, fifty policemen; to the Sixth Ward, fifty-one policemen; to the Fourteenth Ward, fifty policemen; to the Third Ward, forty-nine policemen; to the Fifteenth Ward, forty-six policemen; to the Sixteenth Ward, fifty-three policemen; to the Seventeenth Ward, fifty-three policemen; to the Eighteenth Ward, forty-six policemen, and to the Eleventh Ward, forty-eight policemen, including Captains, Assistant Captains and Sergeants.

§ 2. The foregoing section shall take effect at the time and in the manner following, that is to say, whenever, and as often as one or more vacancies shall occur, by the death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or by the expiration of the term of office of any of the policemen now appointed, and acting in and for the Sixth Ward, this ordinance shall take effect as to such offices so becoming vacant, and the appointment to fill the same shall be for the Third Ward, and until the number of policemen in the Third Ward shall be increased to forty-nine; and when, and as often thereafter as one or more vacancies shall occur, by the death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or by the expiration of the term of office of any of the policemen now acting in and for said Sixth Ward, this ordinance shall take effect as to such offices so becoming vacant, and the appointments to fill the same shall be for the Sixteenth Ward, until the number of policemen for the Sixteenth Ward shall be increased to fifty-three; and when and as often thereafter as one or more vacancies shall occur, by the death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or by the expiration of the terms of office of any of the policemen now acting in and for the said Sixth Ward, the appointment to fill the same shall be for the Fifteenth Ward, until the number of the policemen in the Sixth Ward shall be reduced to fifty-one; and thereafter the first section of this ordinance shall be and continue in full force and effect as to the said Sixth Ward and the Third Ward; and when, and as often as any one or more vacancies shall occur, by the death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or by the expiration of the term of office of any of the policemen now acting in and for the Fourteenth Ward, this ordinance shall take effect as to such offices so becoming vacant, and the appointment to fill the same shall be for the Fifteenth Ward, until the number of the policemen in the Fourteenth Ward shall be reduced to fifty. And thereafter the first section of this ordinance shall be, and continue in full force and effect, as to the said Fourteenth and Fifteenth

Wards, and when and as often as one or more vacancies shall occur, by the death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or by the expiration of the term of office of any of the policemen now acting in and for the Fourth Ward, this ordinance shall take effect as to such offices so becoming vacant, and the appointment to fill the same shall be for the Seventeenth Ward, until the number of the policemen in the Seventeenth Ward shall be increased to fifty-three. And thereafter the first section of this ordinance shall be and continue in full force and effect as to the said Seventeenth Ward; and when and as often thereafter as one or more vacancies shall occur, by the death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or by the expiration of the term of office of any of the policemen now acting in and for the said Fourth Ward, the appointment to fill the same, shall be for the Eleventh Ward, until the number of policemen in the Fourth Ward shall be reduced to fifty-five; and thereafter the first section of this ordinance shall be and continue in full force and effect as to the said Fourth and Eleventh Wards; and when and so often as one or more vacancies shall occur, by death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or by the expiration of the term of office of any of the policemen now acting in and for said Second Ward, this ordinance shall take effect as to such offices so becoming vacant; and the appointment to fill the same, shall be for the Eighteenth Ward, until the number of policemen in the Second Ward shall be reduced to forty. And thereafter the first section of this ordinance shall be and continue in full force and effect as to said Second and Eighth Wards; provided, however, no policeman, now duly appointed and acting according to law, shall be deprived of his office, until the same shall become vacant according to law.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, February 3, 1851.
Adopted by the Board of Assistants, February 5, 1851.
Approved by the Mayor, February 13, 1851.

AN ORDINANCE.

The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York, in Common Council convened, do ordain as follows:

§ 1. The salary of Captains of Police, is hereby fixed at eight hundred dollars per annum.

§ 2. The salary of the Assistant Captains of Police, is hereby fixed at the sum of seven hundred dollars per annum.

§ 3. The compensation of Sergeants of Police and Policemen, performing duty in their respective wards, shall be for each and every day's service, at the rate of six hundred dollars per annum.

§ 4. The salary of Policemen, detailed by the Mayor or Chief of Police, for the performance of any special duty, is hereby fixed at the sum of five hundred dollars per annum.

§ 5. This ordinance shall take effect on the first day of September next.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, August 11, 1851.
Adopted by the Board of Assistants, August 13, 1851.
Approved by the Mayor, August 18, 1851.

AN ORDINANCE

TO ORGANIZE THE POLICE OF THE NINETEENTH WARD.

Be it ordained by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New York, in Common Council convened:

That it shall be lawful for the Alderman and Assistant Alderman of the Nineteenth Ward, to nominate to the Mayor, thirty-seven policemen for the said ward, who shall hold their offices for the term now prescribed by law, and shall form part of the Police force of said city, and be subject to the like rules and regulations, and invested with the same power and authority.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, December 16, 1850.
Adopted by the Board of Assistants, December 31, 1850.
Approved by the Mayor, January 4, 1851.

Resolved, That hereafter there shall be appointed for the Twelfth and Nineteenth Wards, two doormen for each of the Station-houses in the said wards; such appointments to be made in the manner now provided by law, and the compensation to be the same as is allowed to the doormen of the several Station-houses of the other wards, and that all ordinances, or parts of ordinances, or resolutions conflicting herewith be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Adopted by the Board of Assistants, January 20, 1851.
Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, January 22, 1851.
Approved by the Mayor, January 23, 1851.

AN ORDINANCE

TO ORGANIZE THE POLICE DISTRICT OF THE TWENTIETH WARD.

Be it ordained by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New York, in Common Council convened, as follows:

That it shall be lawful for the Alderman and Assistant Alderman of the Twentieth Ward, to nominate to the Mayor, fifty-three policemen in addition to the captain, and first and second assistant captains for the said ward, and who shall hold their offices, for the terms now prescribed by law, and shall form part of the police force of said city, and be subject to the like rules and regulations, and invested with the same power and authority.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, January 12, 1852.
Adopted by the Board of Assistants, January 14, 1852.
Approved by the Mayor, January 15, 1852.

Resolved, That there be, and are hereby appointed to the Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twenty-first and Twenty-second Wards, each forty-eight Policemen, including one Captain and two Lieutenants, to constitute the police force of said wards.

Adopted by the Board of Assistants, December 5, 1853.
Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, December 15, 1853.
Approved by the Mayor, December 16, 1853.

Resolved, That the salaries of the Captains of Police be, and the same are hereby fixed at the sum of one thousand dollars per annum.

Resolved, That the salaries of Lieutenants of Police be, and the same are hereby fixed at the sum of eight hundred dollars per annum.

Resolved, That the salaries of the Sergeants and Policemen be, and the same are hereby fixed at the sum of seven hundred dollars per annum.

Adopted by the Board of Assistants, October 21, 1853.
Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, October 21, 1853.

Board of Aldermen, October 26, 1853, received from his Honor the Mayor with his objections thereto.

Board of Aldermen, November 14, 1853, taken up, reconsidered and adopted, notwithstanding the objections of his Honor the Mayor thereto, two-thirds of all the members elected voting therefor.

Board of Assistants, November 16, 1853, taken up, reconsidered and adopted, notwithstanding the objections of his Honor the Mayor thereto, two-thirds of all the members elected voting therefor; therefore, under the provisions of the amended charter, the same became adopted.

Resolved, That the salaries of the Doormen, at the various Station-houses in the city, be increased to six hundred dollars per annum, to take effect from the first of January next.

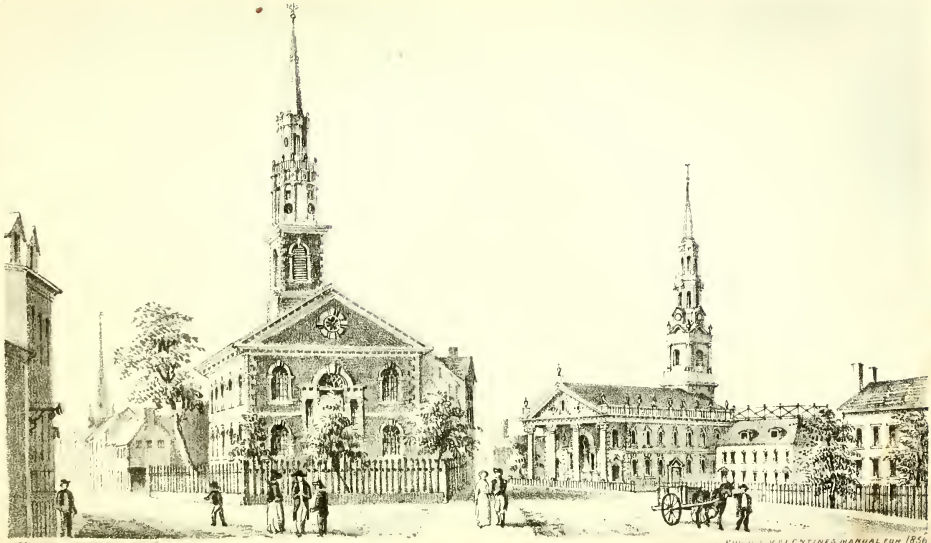
Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, December 23, 1853.
Adopted by the Board of Assistants, December 23, 1853.
Approved by the Mayor, December 29, 1853.

Resolved, That there be, and hereby are apportioned to the Second and Sixth Wards, each, five additional Policemen, in addition to the present police force of said wards.

Adopted by the Board of Councilmen, August 11, 1854.
Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, November 20, 1854.
Approved by the Mayor, November 21, 1854.

Resolved, That there be, and are hereby apportioned to the Ninth Ward, three additional Policemen.

Adopted by the Board of Councilmen, October 9, 1854.
Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, November 27, 1854.
Approved by the Mayor, November 29, 1854.



THE BRICK MEETING LOOKING SOUTH ST PAULS IN THE DISTANCE 1800

PUBLISHED IN VALENTINES MANUAL FOR 1856

POLICE COURTS

OF

THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

POLICE COURT AT MAYOR'S OFFICE.

JUSTICE.

Barnabas W. Osborne.....119 Orchard street.

CLERK.

Robert H. Johnston .....23 Grove street.

FIRST DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

Halls of Justice, Centre Street.

JUSTICES.

James H. Welsh..... ...293 Pearl street.
Michael Connolly ....133 West 49th street.

CLERKS.

James Nesbitt.....27 Frankfort street.

POLICEMEN DETAILED FOR DUTY AT FIRST DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

SQUAD V.

John Jourdan, *Sergeant*	Miles Sullivan.
John McManus.	John Oakford.
Phillip Zeiger.	Demas H. Wade.

SECOND DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

Jefferson Market, Sixth Avenue.

JUSTICES.

Wm. S. Davison.....169 West 20th street.
Jas. M. Flandreau .....493 Third avenue.

CLERKS.

James M. Murray.....158 Wooster street.
John Quackenbush .....

POLICEMEN DETAILED FOR DUTY AT SECOND DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

SQUAD G.

C. J. Van Cleef, *Sergeant.*	John F. Donoho.
John McGuin.	James C. Pell.
Wm. P. Thorne.	

THIRD DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

Essex Market, Essex Court.

JUSTICES.

Wm. L. Wood .....499 Madison street.
Matthew T. Brennan.....94 White street.

CLERKS.

John Lalor.....89 East 22d street.
Wm. Rockwell .....156 East 50th street.

POLICEMEN DETAILED FOR DUTY AT THIRD DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

SQUAD S.

James Durney, *Sergeant*.
Hugh Monahan.
Michael Fitzgerald.
John Tracy.
Wm. Moore.

FOURTH DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

Eighty-sixth Street.

JUSTICE.

Abraham Bogart, Jr.....37 Vandam street.

CLERK.

James M. Byrne.....671 Eighth avenue.

POLICEMEN DETAILED FOR DUTY AT THE FOURTH DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

SQUAD Y.

T. Moxham, *Sergeant*.
Moses J. Decker.

NAMES

OF THE

OFFICERS AND MEMBERS

OF

THE POLICE DEPARTMENT

OF THE

CITY OF NEW YORK.

LOCATION OF THE STATION-HOUSES, ETC.,

MARCH 1, 1856.

Office of Chief of Police, No. 1, Basement of the City Hall, Park.

George W. Matsell, *Chief of Police*.....30 Stanton street.
Wm. Mackeller, *Clerk to* " ....Harlem.
N. L. C. Roome, *Sergeant*.
Wm. Robertson, Jr., } *Scriveners*.
J. W. Herbst, }
Michael Doran, }
R. J. Brown, *Orderly Sergeant, and Inspector of Pawnbrokers*.
Ely De Voe, " " " *Hacks*.
W. H. Lefferts, " "
J. A. Ricard, *Sergeant Major*.
P. Conway, *Drill Sergeant*.
H. Masterson, *Inspector of Carts*.
S. H. Munn, " *Stages*.
J. Keefe.
Chas. L. Chapin, *Sergeant, Telegraph*.
Jas Crowley, " "
A. McManus, *Post Office*.
S. Hasbrouck, *Surgeon General*.
J. K. Hardenbrook, *Assistant*.
A. P. Dalrymple, }
P W. McDonnell, }
E. H. Kimbark, }
A. S. Jones, } *Surgeons*.
H. Sheppard, }
N. C. Husted, }
B. Brandford, }
Alex. Robb, *Governors of Alms-house*.

COURT OF SESSIONS.

W. B. Walsh, *Sergeant.*
Edward Rice.
George Dougherty.
D. S. Tiles.
A. Mincho.
N. Wooldridge.
M. Gaughan.
D. J. Gray.
P. Farley.
M. Flanagan.

RESERVE CORPS.

SQUAD A.

Leroy T. Clark, *Sergeant.*
James Wade.
Robert T. Allason.
Thomas Sampson.

SQUAD B.

R. Van Gieson, *Sergeant.*
John Sharkey.
George C. Crolius.
Moses C. Ryer.
Thomas J. Veldran.
James Chasmer.

SQUAD C.

Thomas Moroney, *Sergeant.*
James Sweeney.
Terrence Reilly.
John Jones.
William H. Sutton.

SQUAD D.

Redmond Roche, *Sergeant.*
Henry Newman.
Theodore C. Frude.
Dominick Crassous.
Hugh Murray.
Michael O'Brien.

SQUAD E.

Swain Lindsley, *Sergeant.*
Joshua Hodgson.
George W. Youngs.
Thomas Dwyer.
Joseph T. Webster.

SQUAD G.

C. J. Van Cleef, *Sergeant.*
John McGinn.
William P. Thorne.
John F. Donoho.
James C. Pell.

SQUAD I.

J. N. Hoffman, *Sergeant.*
Patrick McGrath.
Thomas McDougal.
William H. Sutton.
Thomas Houston.

SQUAD K.

C. V. Hogan, *Sergeant.*
Alexander F. Welsh.
J. H. Smith.
Jesse C. Kinner.

SQUAD M.

William H. Lefferts, *Sergeant.*
Charles C. Jeffery.
Philip Farley.
Samuel Brown.
John L. Van Wart.
Henry C. Hope.

SQUAD N.

James A. McPherson, *Sergeant.*
C. B. Titus.
M. L. Binswanger.
James Bloomer.
Thomas Bradburn.
Henry Brice.
W. C. Anderson.
Joseph Johnson.

SQUAD O.

William McKinney, *Sergeant.*
William Clark.
William Sniffen.
Harris Wines, jr.
R. W. Sampson.
James Brown.

SQUAD P.

Stephen Johns, *Sergeant*.
George Perkins.
Abraham Post.
John Gallagher.

SQUAD S.

James Durney, *Sergeant*.
Hugh Monahan.
Michael Fitzgerald.
John Tracy.
William Moore.

SQUAD V.

John Jourdan, *Sergeant*.
John McManus.
Philip Zeiger.
Miles Sullivan.
John Oakford.
Demas H. Wade.

SQUAD W.

John McCasker, *Sergeant*.
Theodore Rynders.
D. Kelly.
Isaac Wooley.
A. B. Mooney.

SQUAD X.

L. Semter, *Sergeant*.
T. Rothschild.
M. Wallace.

SQUAD Y.

T. Moxham, *Sergeant*.
Moses J. Decker.

DAY STATIONS OF POLICEMEN.

FIRST WARD.

No. 1, Merchants' Exchange, in Wall street; 2, Post-office, in Nassau street; 3, South ferry, foot of Whitehall street.

SECOND WARD.

No. 1, Broadway, corner of Ann street; 2, Fulton ferry.

THIRD WARD.

No. 1, Barclay street ferry; 2, Cortlandt street; 3, Washington market; 4, Hudson River Railroad Depot; 5, Broadway, corner Cortlandt street; 6, West street.

FOURTH WARD.

No. 1, Peck slip ferry; 2, Catharine ferry.

FIFTH WARD.

No. 1, corner of Broadway and Canal street; 2, corner of Hoboken and West streets.

SIXTH WARD.

No. 1, Park; 2, corner of Bowery and Bayard street; 3, at the Five Points, (2 policemen); 4, on the east side of Broadway, from Park to Canal street.

SEVENTH WARD.

No. 1, corner East Broadway and Catharine street; 2, corner of Jackson and Monroe streets.

EIGHTH WARD.

No. 1, corner of West and Spring streets; 2, corner of Laurens and Grand streets; 3, corner of Charlton and Varick streets.

NINTH WARD.

No. 1, Hoboken ferry, foot of Christopher street; 2, foot of Thirteenth street.

TENTH WARD.

No. 1, corner of Grand street and Bowery; 2, corner of Forsyth and Division streets.

ELEVENTH WARD.

No. 1, Dry Dock, at the head of Avenue D; 2, at the ferry, foot of Houston street; 3, at the corner of Columbia and Houston streets.

TWELFTH WARD.

No day stations.

THIRTEENTH WARD.

No. 1, corner of Grand and Clinton streets; 2, corner of Grand and East streets.

FOURTEENTH WARD.

No. 1, corner of Bowery and Broome street; 2, corner of Walker and Mulberry streets.

FIFTEENTH WARD.

No. 1, University place, east side, between Tenth and Eleventh streets; 2, Washington parade ground.

SIXTEENTH WARD.

No. 1, corner of Seventeenth street and Tenth avenue; 2, corner of Twenty-fourth street and Seventh avenue.

SEVENTEENTH WARD.

No. 1, Avenue A and First street; 2, Third avenue and Tenth street.

EIGHTEENTH WARD.

No. 1, Union park; 2, Stuyvesant square; 3, Madison square.

NINETEENTH WARD.

No. 1, Sixty-first street and Third avenue; 2, Forty-second street and Third avenue; 3, Forty-third street and Tenth avenue; 4, Bloomingdale, in Broadway.

TWENTIETH WARD.

No. 1, corner of Thirty-second street and Sixth avenue; 2, corner of Thirtieth street and Seventh avenue; 3, corner of Twenty-ninth street and Eighth avenue; 4, corner of Twenty-seventh street and Tenth avenue; 5, corner of Thirty-eighth street and Ninth avenue; 6, corner of Thirty-sixth street and Eighth avenue; 7, corner of Thirty-fifth street and Seventh avenue; 8, corner of Thirty-first street and Eleventh avenue; 9, corner of Thirty-ninth street and Broadway; 10, corner of Thirty-ninth street and Eleventh avenue; 11, corner of Thirtieth street and Eleventh avenue.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD.

No day stations

TWENTY-SECOND WARD.

No day stations.

POLICE AND STATION HOUSES.

FIRST PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, Franklin Market, Old Slip.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Michael Halpin, *Captain*	January 7, 1853.	January 7, 1857.
Thomas Snodgrass, 1*st Lieut.*	August 11, 1851.	August 11, 1855.
John Dalton, 2*d Lieut.*	January 28, 1853.	January 28, 1857.
John Miller	March 19, 1851.	March 19, 1855.
Isaac E. Wooley	December 2, "	December 2, "
John Cowen	March 10, 1852.	March 10, 1856.
Jeremiah Healy	May 20, "	May 20, "
Thomas Lawler	August 3, "	August 3, "
Walter Walsh	November 9, "	November 9, "
Thomas Breen	" 9, "	" 9, "
Stickler Morrison	" 24, "	" 24, "
John Cavan	March 12, 1853.	March 12, 1857.
Maurice Stack	" 29, "	" 29, "
Cornelius Dwyer	April 7, "	April 7, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
John Fitzgerald	May 11, 1853.
Alexander Thompson	" 18, "
Michael Gilfeather	" 19, "
Francis Callahan	" 25, "
Dennis Murphy	June 6, "
Jeremiah Conley	" 6, "
Patrick Donoghue	" 22, "
James Connor	July 25, "
Hugh Crogan	" 25, "
Godfrey Dorn, *Doorman*	Septemb. 30, "
Michael Sheehan	" 30, "
Michael Hogan	October, 11, "
John Eagan	November 4, "
Philip Markey	" 30, "
James Sullivan	" 30, "
Wm. H. Smith	January 3, 1854.
James Silvey	" 28, "
Robert F. Allason	February 28, "
Timothy Ryan	March 2, "
Jacob Aherns	" 7, "

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Jacob Kliederer	April 26, "
William Caulfield	May 9, "
William Guerker	Septemb. 13, "
John Hays	" 13, "
Stephen Johns	" 13, "
Charles T. Williams	" 13, "
Edward Dwyer	" 19, "
Redmond Roche	December 1, "
Valentine Hinton	" 4, "
Joshua McCabe	" 4, "
Lawrence Kiely	" 4, "
Mathew Lunny	" 26, "
William Hackett, *Doorman*	" 26, "
William Watson	" 29, "
Valentine Neiheisel	January 1, 1855.
Andrew Handley	April 6, "
Robert Hill	" 14, "
Michael Barry	" 14, "
Michael McCormick	May 30, "
John Murphy	" 30, "
James N. Croft	" 30, "
Thomas Cherry	" 30, "
Patrick Scollen, *Doorman*	" 31, "
Michael McCarty	June 4, "
Thomas Roach	" 30, "
William Kuntz	December 31, "
Peter Brady	" 31, "
Richard Murphy	January 2, 1856.
James Marshall	" 3, "

SECOND PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, No. 49 Beekman Street.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
James Finney, *1st Lieut*	January 28, 1853.	January 28, 1857.
Levi De Long	August 13, 1852	August 13, 1856.
John Kennedy, *Doorman*	November 11, "	November 11, "
Edward Carrigan	February 16, 1853.	February 16, 1857.
John Keough	March 19, "	March 19, "
John Birmingham	April 15, "	April 15, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
James Leonard, *Captain*	April 26, 1854.
Arthur Keating, *2d Lieut*	June 21, 1855.
John Henratty	May 19, 1853.
George T. Tracy	June 6, "
Richard Orpheus	" 22, "
John Holland	Septemb. 30, "
Samuel Phillips	" 30, "
Richard Kieley	" 30, "
William Bingham	November 4, "
William Kline	January 3, 1854.
James Gillen	" 9, "
Alexander F. Welsh	February 28, "
Elijah Curtis	" 28, "
Wm. S. Moulton	" 28, "
Thaddeus L. Lewis	April 26, "
John Devin	" 26, "
Jacob L. Codett	July 11, "
Joseph H. Rice	Septemb. 13, "
Nathaniel Cavanagh	" 13, "
George Jackson	" 13, "
John Wintringham	" 13, "
John Williams	" 13, "
Benjamin T. Timpson	December 1, "
Robert J. Finley	" 4, "
Henry O'Brien	" 4, "
Patrick McGrath	" 26, "
William Carrington	" 26, "
Thomas A. Harmons	" 26, "
Patrick Murphy	" 26, "
Matthew Bradley	" 26, "
William H. Simmonds	April 6, 1855.
James W. Hefflin	" 6, "
Thomas Maroney	May 31, "
Robert Walsh	June 1, "
Edward Rice	" 20, "
Samuel Myers, *Doorman*	" 21, "
A. C. Williams	December 13, "
John Donnelley	" 14, "
Michael Waters	" 15, "

THIRD PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house No. 38 Barclay Street.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Neil Kelly	September 17, 1851.	September 17, 1855.
George W. Haviland	December 27, 1852.	December 27, 1856.

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
James A. Hopkins, *Captain*	June 1, 1854.
Ira Goodenow, 1*st Lieut*	December 2, "
John W. Cropsey, 2*d Lieut*	" 1, "
Frederick D. Rosr	July 28, 1853.
Robert Gilmore	" 28, "
Henry C. Hope	" 28, "
John Clark	June 16, "
John Dunbar	Septembr 30, "
Andrew J. Ayres	October 11, "
George Geiren	January 3, 1854.
James L. Metcalf	April 26, "
William Chamberlain	May 3, "
Henry Giraud	" 31, "
Daniel Fordham, *Doorman*	June 1, "
Thomas H. Sease	July 11, "
Charles Wood	" 11, "
Charles E. Van Duser	" 11, "
Richard M. Powell	" 11, "
Samuel W. Mackey	Septembr 13, "
John Mead	" 13, "
Seneca Martindale	" 13, "
William P. Hervey	" 13, "
Henry Verplanck	December 1, "
Robert H. Campbell	" 30, "
John Beam	" 30, "
Edward Kealy	February 15, 1855.
William Bowker	March 1, "
Nicholas Martin, *Doorman*	April 6, "
Henry Spence	" 6, "
Milton Swayze	" 6, "
Jesse C. Kinner	" 9, "
Daniel Murphy	" 14, "
James Farrington	May 30, "
Michael Doran	June 1, "
Abraham Van Winkle	" 21, "
Pearsall Rodermond	" 21, "
John Hamblin	" 30, "
Edward Huestis	" 30, "
Aaron P. Dalrymple	July 16, "
William Osborn	" 18, "
Alexander Crossett	" 24, "
Edward Burke	Novembr 30, "
James G. Folwell	" 30, "
J. N. Vandervoort	" 30, "
William Baxter	" 30, "
Augustus L. Brainard	December 31, "
Henry Dwyer	" 31, "
John W. Elder	January 3, 1856.

FOURTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, No. 9 Oak Street.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
James White	February 2, 1852.	February 2, 1856.
John Witts	" 3, "	" 3, "
Patrick Connor	" 5, "	" 5, "
William Coakley	" 5, "	" 5, "
Richard Hanrahan	" 28, 1853.	" 28, 1857.

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
J. Murray Ditchett, *Captain*	May 10, 1854.
James Langdon, 1*st Lieutenant*	December 1, 1853.
William S. Williston, 2*d Lieutenant*	April 27, 1854.
George Fitzgerald	May 18, 1853.
James O. Deay	" 18, "
Timothy McCarty	" 18, "
Peter Bundes	June 6, "
John Brown	July 25, "
Patrick J. Prendegrast	Septem. 13, "
Thomas J. Folger	" 13, "
Thomas Fitzgerald	" 13, "
David Bartley	" 13, "
Dennis McGuire	" 13, "
William R. Knowles	Novem. 30, "
Edmund Nugent	" 30, "
James McDonnell	" 30, "
John Walsh	December 1, "
Henry Seawood, *Doorman*	" 21, "
Stephen Oran, "	" 21, "
Richard B. Holland	January 3, 1854.
George L. Green	" 24, "
John A. Demming	February 28, "
Charles J. Van Cleef	" 28, "
Hugh Thompson	April 26, "
John P. Murphy	" 26, "
Alexander Smith	" 27, "
Robert J. Brown	June 2, "
Michael Wogan	July 11, "
John L. Peard	" 11, "
Robert Reader	" 12, "
Arthur McManus	Septem. 12, "
Samuel Felleman	" 13, "
Geo. F. Stringer	" 13, "
Fred'k J. Tisdale	" 13, "
Thomas Casey	December 4, "
Patrick Holden	" 4, "
Thomas C. Doyle	" 4, "
George Dougherty	" 9, "
Michael Sullivan	" 26, "
James Durney	" 27, "

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
William Street	December 28, 1854.
Thomas Sullivan	April 6, "
Maurice Kane	May 31, 1855.
William Furlong	" 31, "
James Barr	" 31, "
John Coakley	July 18, "
Thomas Connelly	December 14, "
Cornelius Sullivan	" 14, "
Matthew McGuire	" 31, "
Patrick Murphy	" 31, "

FIFTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, No. 49 Leonard Street.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
William H. Martin, *1st Lieut*	February 24, 1852.	February 24, 1856.
Henry Hutchings, *2d* "	March 25, "	March 25, "
Thomas H. Moneypenny	January 3, "	January 3, "
John J. Willets	March 26, "	March 26, "
Jeremiah G. Kemp	April 5, "	April 5, "
Jeremiah Fowler	Septemb'r 22, "	Septemb'r 22, "
Alexander Condy, *Doorman*	" 22, "	" 22, "
Manuel A. White	Novemb'r 3, "	November 3, "
James Greer	" 26, "	" 26, "
Thomas Bigley	Decemb'r 11, "	December 11, "
Charles Ford	" 20, "	" 20, "
John T. Smith	January 24, 1853.	January 24, 1857.
Lemuel S. Slater	April 2, "	April 2, "
John T. Laughlin	" 15, "	" 15, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Daniel Carpenter, *Captain*	May 31, 1854.
John H. Dazet	May 18, 1853.
Stephen B. Smith	June 16, "
William S. Kizer	" 16, "
William S. Allen	July 5, "
Henry Green	" 25, "
Benjamin E. Hickock	Septemb'r 30, "
Edward Weylan	November 4, "
Gabriel Arguier	" 30, "
Daniel Braniff	December 21, "

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
William Wescatt	January 3, 1854.
Thomas H. Bulmer	February 28, "
Joseph A. Dazet	March 1, "
William H. Martin	April 21, "
Howel Clark	" 26, "
David S. Files	" 26, "
John Givin	May 9, "
Peter Bodine	" 31, "
William Van Tassel	July 11, "
Daniel D. Harrigan	" 11, "
Henry S. Cooke	" 17, "
John McConnell	Septemb'r 13, "
Henry Evans	" 13, "
Stephen W. Maynard	" 13, "
Abraham V. Davis	" 13, "
Wm. Pettit	" 13, "
John G. Goodell	" 13, "
John McCord	" 13, "
Andrew Nesbitt	" 13, "
John Read	" 13, "
Henry C. King	" 13, "
Wm. H. Isaacs	" 13, "
Geo. C. Crolius	" 13, "
Peter A. Burley	December 1, "
Dennis H. Wade	" 7, "
Joseph Keefe	" 26, "
Thomas Bell	" 26, "
Moses Hunt	" 29, "
Joseph T. Webster	March 6, 1855.
Samuel Truex	April 6, "
Theodore U. Story	" 6, "
Thomas D. Conover, *Doorman*	" 7, "
Jacob Webb	December 14, "

SIXTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, Franklin Street, near Baxter.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Dennis McCauley	January 23, 1852.	January 23, 1856.
John McClusky	April 2, "	April 2, "
Patrick H. O'Neil	" 19, "	" 19, "
Michael Gaughan	May 7, "	May 7, "
Dennis O'Connor	August 5, "	August 5, "
Edward O. Barker	September 7, "	September 7, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Joseph Dowling, *Captain*	December 13, 1854.
Alonzo Bingham, *1st Lieutenant*	Septemb. 30, 1853.
Peter L. Feirty, *2d Lieutenant*	July 24, 1855.
Napoleon Wooldridge	May 11, 1853.
John J. McMannus	" 11, "
Thomas N. Martin	" 11, "
John Jourdan	" 11, "
Charles Kenney	July 25, "
Charles W. Gordon	Septemb. 13, "
Dominick Crassous	" 13, "
Thomas W. Quinn	" 14, "
Robert Mahon	" 30, "
John Barrett	October, 11, "
James Lanigan	November 4, "
Adolphus Mincho	January 3, 1854.
Michael Fitzgerald	" 3, "
Hugh McDermott	April 26, "
Chas. J. Quayle	" 27, "
Daniel McHugh	July 11, "
James Martin	" 11, "
John T. Kavcny	" 27, "
James Tucker	Septembr 13, "
Patrick Curley	" 13, "
John Lord	" 13, "
Ennis Geraghty	" 13, "
Edward Gallagher	" 13, "
Thomas Quinn	" 13, "
John F. Donoho	" 13, "
James A. Elder	" 13, "
Robert Connor	" 13, "
John S. Riker	" 14, "
Richard Coote	" 14, "
Patrick Gleeson	December 1, "
John Stacom	" 1, "
John F. Dickson	" 1, "
Patrick Gilmartin	" 2, "
John Ganghan	" 4, "
William Carland	" 4, "
Roger Judge	" 4, "
Wm. H. Mount	" 26, "
Peter Waters	" 26, "
Thomas H. Doran	" 26, "
Jacob Wilsey	" 26, "
William H. McGrath	" 26, "
Peter Riley, *Doorman*	" 26, "
John Bradley	" 29, "
Daniel J. Gray	January 25, 1855.
Francis Owens	" 25, "
Francis Meehan	" 27, "
Robert W. Bowyer	April 6, "
James McDonough	December 31, "
Peter Hunt	" 31, "
John J. Quinn	" 31, "

SEVENTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, Gouverneur Slip.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Walter S. Jarboe	May 29, 1852.	May 29, 1856.
Jeremiah Donovan, *Doorman*	" 29, "	" 29, "
Wm. Dougherty	June 9, "	June 9, "
James Cushing	March 30, 1853.	March 30, 1857.

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Edward Letts, *Captain*	May 30, 1855.
John J. Blair, 1*st Lieutenant*	" 30, "
Augustus Oliver, 2*d Lieutenant*	" 30, "
Horatio B. Park	June 1, 1853.
John Scammell	July 5, "
James McGuire	" 25, "
John W. Austin	Septemb. 13, "
Christopher Fahrer	" 13, "
William Wildey	October 11, "
Dennis Murphy	November 4, "
William Stinson	" 4, "
Charles Lind	" 30, "
Alexander Rothrock	" 30, "
John Ahern	December 21, "
James Darrow	February 28, 1854.
Samuel W. Simpson	April 27, "
John N. Terwilliger	" 27, "
Peter Dunn	" 27, "
Wesley Morgan	May 9, "
Holly Lyon	July 11, "
Henry R. Smith	" 11, "
William Loughran	" 11, "
Jeremiah J. Sullivan	Septemb. 13, "
Patrick Magner	" 13, "
James K. Sammis	" 13, "
George Burras	" 13, "
William V. Turner	" 13, "
William Clark	" 13, "
Levi W. Pierce	" 13, "
James Leary	December 1, "
Wm. Montross	" 1, "
John Callery	" 4, "
Michael Wilkinson	" 20, "
Wm. Woodhull	" 27, "
John P. Coofman	" 29, "
John L. Nelson	January 1, 1855.
Leroy T. Clark	May 30, "
William H. Johnson	" 30, "
Dominick Harn	" 30, "
John Duflon	" 30, "
James Fisher	" 30, "
Timothy Desmond	" 30, "

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Nicholas O'Connell	May 30, 1855.
John T. Flynn	" 30, "
William W. Gregory	" 30, "
John Vanbrakle	" 30, "
Edward B. Holly	June 21, "
Richard Gery	" 21, "
Theron S. Copeland	" 30, "
Thomas Dusenbury	" 30, "
Henry King	July 18, "
John B. Town	" 18, "
John Gillespie	" 18, "
James L. Saffern, *Doorman*	" 18, "
Frederick Grassell	" 18, "
John I. Brower	November 30, "
John Quinlan	" 30, "
John J. Nicolai	December 14, "
Thomas Lynch	" 15, "
John H. Adams	" 17, "

EIGHTH PATROL DISTRICT

Station-house, corner of Wooster and Prince Streets.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Abram Webb	December 30, 1851.	December 30, 1855.
William H. Hill	February 10, 1852.	February 10, 1856.
Frazee Dunham	" 13, "	" 13, "
Daniel Linn	" 13, "	" 13, "
Francis C. Berange	December 6, "	December 6, "
George Rauch	January 14, 1853.	January 14, 1857.
John W. Curtis	" 29, "	" 29, "
Thomas Moore	April 12, "	April 12, "
John F. O'Neil	" 12, "	" 12, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Charles S. Turnbull, *Captain*	September 12, 1853.
Samuel Kohler, *1st Lieutenant*	April 14, 1854.
Furman B. Stage, *2d Lieutenant*	December 13, 1851.
George D. Wiseburn	June 16, 1853.
Hugh Tavlin	" 20, "
John C. Andre	July 5, "
Isaac L. Lent	" 28, "
Richard Burke	November 30, "
Hezekiah P. Glenney	February 28, "

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Isaac Johnson	April 26, 1853.
Nathaniel W. Stilwell	May 31, "
W. E. Carpenter	July 11, "
T. J. Veldran	" 12, "
James M. Miller	September 13, "
L. D. Leighton	" 13, "
Theodore Winchell	" 13, "
Henry F. Jones	" 13, "
Augustus Goodrich	" 13, "
Frederick H. Spear	" 13, "
George Perkins	" 13, "
John McKinnon	December 1, 1854.
Wm. F. Olmstead	" 1, "
Thos. McDougall	" 1, "
Wm. H. Mingay	" 1, "
Lawrence Austin	" 4, "
William West	" 4, "
John J. Mount	" 4, "
Joseph Rogers	" 26, "
James Chasmer	" 26, "
Ezra Beach	" 29, "
John Craft, *Doorman*	April 6, 1855.
Isaac Kayler	" 6, "
Joseph Wark	" 6, "
Joseph Thebo	" 6, "
Theodore Rynders	" 6, "
Thomas Brennan	" 6, "
John S. Van Buren	" 6, "
James Cummings, *Doorman*	" 6, "
Marcus Aufses	" 6, 1855.
John Reynolds	" 19, "
Alexander C. Pearcy	" 25, "
James Z. Bogart	June 21, "
Stephen Hasbrouck	July 18, "
E. Hagan	December 13, "
Thomas Colahn	" 14, "
John L. Henry	" 14, "
Barnard Cavanah	" 15, "
William Roberts	" 15, "

NINTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, No. 94 Charles Street.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Abraham Ackerman, *Captain*...	April 12, 1853.	April 12, 1857.
John L. Van Wart.....	July 8, 1852.	July 8, 1856.
Patrick Kelly	" 27, "	" 27, "
Harrison Redfield	February 16, 1853.	February 16, 1857.

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Jacob L. Sebring, *1st Lieutenant*	December 19, 1853.
William Cargill, *2d Lieutenant*.....	" 19, "
John Sharkey.....	May 18, "
Luke Poole.....	" 25, "
James H. Bryan	" 25, "
James C. Pell.....	June 16, "
Richard Van Giesen	July 5, "
Alexander D. Smith.....	" 5, "
Benjamin Garthwait.....	September 30, "
James Weight.....	October 1, "
Joseph Haring.....	November 4, "
Carpenter Brown.....	" 4, "
Abraham Sharrott	" 4, "
Clark Knapp	February 28, 1854.
Andrew Jackson	April 26, "
John F. Standish	" 26, "
James B. Mead	May 31, "
Wm. H. Lefferts.....	" 31, "
Chauncey Mason.....	" 31, "
Horatio Sanger	September 13, "
Samuel Carpenter.....	" 13, "
Hiram H. Hammond.....	" 13, "
James P. Bennett.....	" 13, "
Daniel B. Wood.....	" 13, "
Ralph Blakelock.....	" 13, "
John Harifen	December 1, "
James Blauvelt.....	" 1, "
Stephen L. Cook.....	November 29, "
Wm. C. Lafbery.....	December 1, "
Algernon Kniffen.....	" 4, "
W. J. Simms.....	" 26, "
James A. De Clark.....	" 26, "
Thomas B. Curry.....	" 26, "
Joshua H. Hyatt	" 26, "
Alexander Fraser	" 26, "
Stephen P. Bardenbrook.....	" 29, "
Ezekiel Maynard, *Doorman*	" 29, "
Charles H. Winans.....	February 17, 1855.
John Oakford.....	April 7, "
John Sands, *Doorman*.....	" 7, "
John W. Herbert	" 13, "

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Francis F. Fower	April 13, 1855.
Wm. B. Paulscraft	" 17, "
Robert R. Colfax	June 1, "
Isaac Edsall	" 1, "
James A. McPherson	July 18, "
Samuel Addington	November 30, "
Henry P. Wolf	" 30, "

TENTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, Essex Market, corner of Ludlow and Grand Streets.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Robert Crooker	April 30, 1852.	April 30, 1856.
John H. Smith	July 8, "	July 8, "
James Wade	December 9, "	December 9, "
Otho Oliver	March 18, "	March 18, "
Charles C. Jeffrey	April 4, "	April 4, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
George W. Norris, *Captain*	September 12, 1854.
John Reed, *1st Lieutenant*	December 16, "
Thaddeus C. Davis, *2d Lieutenant*	April 7, "
Edward C. Hoyt	July 25, 1853.
Robert S. Brown	November 30, "
John A. Ricard	December 17, "
Alonzo Howell	January 16, 1854.
Augustus C. Weed, *Doorman*	March 1, "
James A. Lucas	May 9, "
Abijah Pearsall	" 31, "
James Anderson	September 13, "
Richard Latty	" 13, "
Wm. Jaques	" 13, "
Wm. C. Gover	" 13, "
Josiah McCord	" 13, "
Jacob C. Bumstead	" 15, "
John C. Darby	December 1, 1854.
Charles L. Spaight	" 1, "
Wm. Wright	" 1, "
Samuel Brown	" 4, "
John T. Horton	" 4, "
Henry Miner	" 4, "
Samuel Rothschild	" 4, "
Richard King	" 26, "

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
John F. Gantz	December 26, 1854.
George B. Payne	" 26, "
James Fitzmaurice	" 26, "
Thomas Slowey	February 5, 1855.
Philip Riley	" 17, "
Samuel Hyatt	April 7, "
Philip Freffenger	" 7, "
David Kelley	" 14, "
Bernard Duffy	May 3, "
A. B. Simmons	" 3, "
Samuel T. Warts	" 3, "
Jackson Bumstead	June 1, "
Henry Harper	" 1, "
Peter Trainor	" 1, "
Patrick McMahon	" 4, "
John J. Smith	" 5, "
William Williams	December 14, "
James McHenry	" 14, "
Samuel Abrahall	" 14, "
George Reed, *Doorman*	" 31, "
John Laforge	" 31, "
Charles A. Howe	January 2, 1856.

ELEVENTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, Union Market, Avenue D and Second Street.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Jerome Vermilyea	August 13, 1852.	August 13, 1856.
La Fayette Stoughton	December 11, "	December 11, "
Benjamin Demilt	February 12, 1853.	February 12, 1857.
Isaac Schneittacher	March 12, "	March 12, "
Albert Loomis	" 30, "	" 30, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Peter Squires *Captain*	October 7, 1853.
William D. Craft, *1st Lieutenant*	November 4, "
John Cameron, *2d Lieutenant*	October 7, "
Theodore H. Abbott	June 1, "
Thomas Forbes	July 5, "
Austin H. Lake	August 8, "
Wm. Fargo	September 30, "
Tenas Ivans	November 4, "
James B. Turner	" 4, "
John N. Cornell	" 30, "
Zephaniah C. Smith	January 3, 1854.
John W. Wells	" 9, "
Gilbert Leggett	" 9, "
Oliver Laffin	February 28, "
William Willis	March 1, "
Joshua Marsh	July 11, "
Peter Henratty	" 11, "
S. M. Dyckman	September 14, "
Laurence Delany	" 14, "
Frederick Castine	" 14, "
James Crowley	" 14, "
Alonzo Rozell	December 1, "
Joseph Eustace	" 1, "
Isaac W. Nichols	" 4, "
Alexander Robb	" 4, "
Francis Karst	" 7, "
Wasley Lyon	" 7, "
Benjamin Brush	" 29, "
Thomas Siekels	" 29, "
William H. Sutton	March 1, 1855.
William Boyer	May 31, "
James Whaley	" 31, "
Aaron Brookheim	" 31, "
E. H. Kimbark	" 31, "
Daniel A. Bostwick	" 31, "
Thomas R. Barton	June 1, "
William H. Orr	" 21, "
Henry Woltman	November 30, "
Edward Church	" 30, "
Christian Bleil	December 1, "
Augustus Van Arsdale	" 1, "
Patrick Barry	" 14, "

TWELFTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, One hundred and twenty-sixth Street and Fourth Avenue.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Peter McCusker	March 13, 1852.	March 31, 1856.
Edward Roach	January 19, 1853.	January 19, 1857.

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Galen T. Porter, *Captain*	May 31, 1854.
James Crowe, *1st Lieutenant*	April 6, 1855.
Wm. G. Graham, *2d Lieutenant*	January 9, 1854.
John Roch	May 18, 1853.
Abraham G. Bertholf	June 6, "
Nathaniel Holmes	" 6, "
Simon Elliott	" 6, "
Watson H. Wagner	July 5, "
Matthew Coggey	" 5, "
John McQuaide	September 30, "
Wm. Read	November 30, "
Sylvester Osborne	" 30, "
John Fitzgerald	April 26, 1854
Edward V. Graham	" 26, "
George C. Bingham	" 26, "
Isaac B. Dickerson	July 11, "
Christopher Pabor	September 14, "
Matthew Crowe, *Doorman*	" 14, "
D. B. Harlow, *Doorman*	" 14, "
John McCusker	November 29, "
Somerset Kinnaird	December 1, 1854.
James McCusker	" 4, "
William White	" 4, "
Robert Thompson	" 26, "
Jos. Whiteman	" 26, "
Jas. Hope	January 1, 1855.
Henry Sickels	" 1, "
Samuel B. Ryer	March 1, "
Dennis Falvey	" 1, "
William C. Tone	June 21, "

THIRTEENTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, corner of Attorney and Delancey Streets.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
John C. Smith	January 29, 1852.	January 29, 1856.
Daniel Foiles	February 27, "	February 27, "
George W. Conklin	" 27, "	" 27, "
Michael Smith	April 21, "	April 21, "
Charles Bierfield	August 10, "	August 10, "
John Gerrah	March 29, 1853.	March 29, 1857.
Jonathan Osborn	April 14, "	April 14, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
John F. Russell, *Captain*	September 14, 1854.
Joseph O'Keefe, *1st Lieutenant*	May 31, 1855.
Ira A. Clark, *2d Lieutenant*	September 13, 1854.
Richard H. Williams	June 1, 1853.
Dennis Nevin	" 22, "
Thomas W. Thorne	July 25, "
Terrence Reilly	" 28, "
John C. Abbott	September 13, "
Richard H. Whitehead	" 30, "
Philip Zeiger	November 4, "
William Van Wart	January 5, 1854.
Henry Bedell	May 31, "
Abraham Post	July 11, "
David E. Carpenter	September 14, "
Daniel Acker	" 14, "
James Parish	" 14, "
Benjamin Hallick	" 14, "
Malachi Kelly	" 14, "
John Struck	" 14, "
William McKinney	" 14, "
James Kirk	December 1, "
John Birmingham	" 1, "
Morris L. Binswanger	" 4, "
Joseph Johnson	" 26, "
Patrick Flood	" 26, "
Samuel Elliott	" 26, "
Albert Van Tassel	" 26, "
Thomas Steers	" 26, "
John Nelson	" 26, "
Frederick Firehock, *Doorman*	April 7, 1855.
Moses Brush, *Doorman*	" 7, "
Charles M. Vandervoort	" 7, "
Matthew H. O'Connor	" 14, "
David C. Mealio	May 3, "
Michael Eismenn	" 3, "
John P. Mitchell	" 31, "
Owen Daley	" 31, "
Abraham Drucker	June 2, "
James Carroll	July 18, "
Frederick Morgan	November 30, "
Richard Cornwell	" 30, "
William Churchill	" 30, "
Edward E. Worden	December 31, "

FOURTEENTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, Centre Market, corner Grand and Centre Streets.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Michael O'Brien	March 1, 1852.	March 1, 1856.
Alexander McBride	April 12, "	April 12, "
Patrick Farrell	October 23, "	October 23, "
Patrick Murphy	Novemb'r 9, "	November 9, "
Andrew Brennan	" 13, "	" 13, "
Andrew McGuire	" 17, "	" 17, "
Lewis Herrlich	" 26, "	" 26, "
Thomas Doyle	January 19, 1853.	January 19, 1857.
William Palmer	" 20, "	" 20, "
Thomas Dwyer	February 1, "	February 1, "
Isaac Steinberg	" 4, "	" 4, "
Richard Brady	March 21, "	March 21, "
Dennis Tracy	" 31. "	" 31, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
David Kissner, *Captain*	January 9, 1854.
Philip O'Brien, *1st Lieutenant*	June 1, 1855.
Abraham D. Brower, *2d Lieutenant*	" 8, 1853.
Francis Bradley	May 25, 1853.
David S. Clark	June 7, "
Francis Macklin	July 5, "
John Flynn	Septem. 13, "
James Davin	" 13, "
Michael Timmons	" 13, "
Charles J. Adams	" 30, "
Stephen Boyle	" 30, "
John Gallagher	Novem. 4, "
Francis Kraft	" 30, "
Miles Sullivan	" 30, "
Daniel O'Neill	" 30, "
Patrick McVay	January 4, 1854.
Bernard Conway	April 26, "
William Hayes	" 26, "
Philip Farley	" 26, "
Terrence O'Hare	" 27, "
Daniel Ebbets	May 16, "
Henry Meyer	" 31, "
Alex. Ross	Septem. 14, "
Wm. F. Sniffen	" 14, "
Wm. Gorman	" 14, "
Redmond F. McMannus	" 14, "
Thos. McGuire	" 14, "
James McCune	" 14, "
Richard Lee	" 14, "
James F. Hyde	Decemb'r 1, "
Michael Leamy	" 1, "
Arthur Doyle	" 4, "
Thomas Wallace	April 7, 1855.
Philip Farley	" 7, "
John Hart, *Doorman*	" 7, "
James Dunn	Novemb. 30, "
Patrick W. Cunningham	December 31, "
Ely Devoe	" 31, "

FIFTEENTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, No. 220 Mercer Street.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
George W. Dilks, *Captain*	April 8, 1853.	April 8, 1857.
John R. Scott	March 31, 1852.	March 31, 1856.
Charles C. Tucker	April 10, "	April 10, "
Carlisle N. Roe	Septemb. 30, "	Septemb. 30, "
Henry Duncan	Decemb. 28, "	Decemb. 28, "
John T. Wells	January 18, 1853.	January 18, 1857.

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Peter A. Banta, 1*st Lieutenant*	Decemb. 29, 1854.
James Upham, 2*d Lieutenant*	July 25, 1853.
Wm. B. Walsh	July 25, 1853.
Edward Foster	" 25, "
Edward F. Bowman	Septemb. 30, "
John Demarest	" 30, "
John Frost	" 30, "
Joseph P. Sanford	Novemb. 30, "
Jackson Corsa	January 9, 1854.
Joseph S. Miller	February 14, "
Wm. Robb	March 1, "
Hector Moore	April 27, "
John Littell	May 31, "
W. McDonald	July 11, "
Stewart J. Smith	" 11, "
Stephen Rockwell	" 11, "
Alanson S. Jones	Septemb. 12, "
John W. Bliven	" 14, "
Saml. C. Helmes	" 14, "
Herman B. Lyng	" 14, "
John H. Miller	December 1, "
George H. Tinsdale	" 1, "
William Smart	" 4, "
Horace B. Atherton	" 4, "
Wm. De Lamater	" 4, "
John W. Green	" 15, "
Joseph H. Dye, *Doorman*	" 18, "
Edgar Davis	" 26, "
J. W. Williams	April 7, 1855.
Gustavus G. Bowker	" 7, "
John Jones	" 7, "
William B. Willis	" 9, "
William Wilson	" 13, "
Joshua Dean, *Doorman*	" 13, "
William W. Dilks	June 21, "
John M. Tinsdale	" 21, "
James Speir	" 21, "
Edmond Bodine	July 18, "
William Groat	December 14, "

SIXTEENTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, 20th Street, between 7th and 8th Avenues.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Martin R. Beam, *1st Lieutenant*.	October 14, 1852.	October 14, 1856.
Thomas Cumming	August 16, 1851.	August 16, 1855.
Wm. C. Havens	Septemb. 11, "	Septemb. 11, "
John R. Hardenbrook	January 26, 1852.	January 26, 1856.
John F. Nelle	February 16, "	February 16, "
Alexander W. Ferguson	April 10, "	April 10, "
James Healey	Novemb. 8, "	Novemb. 8, "
Fleetwood Northrop	January 10, 1853.	January 10, 1857.
William Walton	March 25, "	March 25, "
John A. Munroe	" 30, "	" 30, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
John D. McKee, *Captain*	June 2, 1855.
Henry B. May, *2d Lieutenant*	March 1, 1854.
Isaac V. Purdy	May 25, 1853.
John Jackson	" 25, "
Peter Daly	Septemb. 30, "
Joseph D. Apgar	" 30, "
Wm. Jamison	Novemb. 30, "
George Weeks	" 30, "
Cornelius B. Titus	" 30, "
Thomas Houston	" 30, "
Joseph Hoff	April 26, 1854.
James Fisher	" 26, "
George C. Robertson	May 9, "
Wm. Southerland, Jr.	" 31, "
Andrew McConnell	" 31, "
John Thompson	June 19, "
Henry Brice	Septemb. 14, "
Christian Miller	" 14, "
James Sweeny	" 14, "
Stephen Munn	" 14, "
David Lindsay	Decemb. 1, "
James Bird, *Doorman*	" 1, "
George Fisher	" 4, "
Wm. Greig	" 4, "
John G. Endler	" 4, "
Peter Lambert	" 4, "
Nicholas L. C. Roome	" 26, "
Augustus C. Tate	" 26, "
Matthew Butler	" 26, "
Elias Whitehead, *Doorman*	February 1, 1855.
Hugh Lynch	" 3, "
Francis McKenny	" 3, "
David Roach	April 7, "
Philip Conway	" 7, "
Charles Warnock	" 9, "

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
John J. Terhune	April 13, 1855.
Richard Gambling	" 13, "
Isaac B. Smith	June 1, "
Martin Fischer	" 1, "
James H. Crawford	" 1, "
James Bagley	" 1, "
John Murray	" 1, "
Peter Kehoe	" 5, "
Peter O'Niele	Decemb. 31, "
John Gorman	" 31, "

SEVENTEENTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, corner First Avenue and Fifth Street.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Jedediah W. Hart, *Captain*	Decemb. 31, 1851.	Decemb. 31, 1855.
Nathaniel T. Hicks, *1st Lieut.*	" 31, "	" 31, "
Phillip McCluskey	July 14, "	July 14, "
John McMahon	Decemb. 19, "	Decemb. 19, "
William Moore	April 15, 1852.	April 15, 1856.
John Quinn	May 21, "	May 21, "
Jacob Smith	" 29, "	" 29, "
Joseph De Binder	July 21, "	July 21, "
Albert White	Septemb. 6, "	Septemb. 6, "
Dennis Tierney	Decemb. 17, "	Decemb. 17, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Abraham G. Crasto, *2d Lieutenant*	January 24, 1854.
John M. Robbins	June 16, 1853.
Chauncey Edwards	" 22, "
Jacob Jennings	Septemb. 13, "
Robert B. Gilmore	" 30, "
Henry Peck	" 30, "
Wm. Parliman	Novemb. 30, "
Edmond S. Lockwood	" 30, "
Charles McMillin	Decemb. 10, "
George C. Platt	February 28, 1854.
John J. Dunn	May 31, "
John N. Hoffman	July 11, "
Frederick Harsen	" 11, "
David McKirtrick	Decemb. 1, "
Joseph G. Doxey	" 1, "

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Owen Healy	Decemb. 1, 1854.
George G. Odell	" 1, "
John Long	" 4, "
William Raynor	" 4, "
Charles E. Mortimer	" 4, "
John Brewer	" 4, "
John Pousson	" 4, "
Wm. H. McConnell	" 4, "
Geo. W. Youngs	" 26, "
D. W. C. Ward	" 26, "
Wm. P. Thorne	" 26, "
Thomas Wacob	" 26, "
Thomas Hagan	" 26, "
John Clancey	" 29, "
Thos. P. Somerville, *Doorman*	February 17, 1855.
John H. Voss	April 7, "
Frank White	" 7, "
Thomas Pearson	" 7, "
Lyman Crofeet	" 7, "
Francis Spicer	June 1, "
Charles Ebling, *Doorman*	" 30, "
Hugh P. Monahan	" 30, "
Andrew Mulligan	July 19, "
Henry Sheppard	" 17, "
Christopher Nugent	Decemb. 14, "
Edwin K. Robinson	" 14, "
Michael Mallon	" 14, "
Lewis Zeigler	" 31, "

EIGHTEENTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, 22d Street, between 1st and 2d Avenues.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
William Young	January 7, 1852.	January 7, 1856.
Townsend Grovestein	April 19, "	April 19, "
Richard Smith, *Doorman*	August 2, "	August 2, "
John C. Tiemau	September 25, "	September 25, "
Andrew Gerow	October 9, "	October 9, "
Philip Marks	December 20, "	December 20, "
Jacob Sutton	" 20, "	" 20, "
Michael Wallace	" 16, "	" 16, "
Silas F. Sherwood	" 17, "	" 17, "
Benjamin Eastmond	" 18, "	" 18, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
George W. Walling, *Captain*	September 30, 1853.
Theron R. Bennett, 1*st Lieutenant*	May 31, 1854.
Edward B. Brush, 2*d Lieutenant*	January 10, "
Edmond Barrett	May 25, 1853.
Reuben E. Knapp	July 28, "
James L. Van Vliet	September 30, "
Philip Farly	January 3, 1854.
Isaac W. Potter	" 4, "
Harris Wines, Jr	" 9, "
George Burns	" 9, "
Richard W. Sampson	" 24, "
Joseph H. Farrington	" 24, "
Samuel Burden	" 24, "
William Simms	February 28, "
John H. Cowan	" 28, "
Peter D. Huffman	" 28, "
Christopher V. Hogan	April 26, "
Thomas Sampson	" 27, "
John Monroe	May 9, "
Henry Burden	July 11, "
Samuel Areson	" 11, "
John E. Carman	" 11, "
James Brown	September 14, "
John McIntyre	November 29, "
Solomon Birdsall	December 4, "
James P. Sweet	" 26, "
John Kiernan	" 26, "
Joseph H. Sprague	" 26, "
Wm. H. Wilson, *Doorman*	April 7, 1855.
Austin Estabrook	" 13, "
John McGunigle	May 3, "
John H. Arnout	June 1, "
David Heath	" 21, "
John Grogan	December 14, "
Martin Wines	" 14, "
Andrew Hebberd	" 14, "
Henry C. Carey	" 14, "
John Sheridan	" 14, "
Andrew Cassidy	" 15, "
Thomas Moore	January 1, 1856.

NINETEENTH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, Fifty-ninth Street, between Second and Third Avenues.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
William Fulmer	August 31, 1852.	August 31, 1856.
Robert M. Vanderberg, *Doorman*	September 11, "	September 11, "
John Linden, *Doorman*	February 21, 1853.	February 21, 1857.
James E. Mulford	April 14, "	April 14, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Francis J. Twomey, *Captain*	July 16, 1855.
James Brian, *1st Lieutenant*	January 3, "
Michael McCann, *2d Lieutenant*	April 26, 1854.
Elisha R. Fletcher	November 4, 1853.
Elias Ellis	January 3, 1854.
Moses J. Decker	" 3, "
Jeremiah Gehen	" 3, "
Jeremiah Deady	" 3, "
George W. McCoy	" 3, "
Wm. M. Gross	" 3, "
John C. Brewer	" 3, "
Hermon Wyatt	" 5, "
Hugh Smith	" 5, "
John McGuire	" 9, "
Thomas Booth	" 9, "
John B. Peffers	" 9, "
Moses C. Savery	" 9, "
Aaron W. Wyatt	" 9, "
John Clemments	" 9, "
John Kennedy	" 9, "
Thomas Moxhan	" 21, "
Philip Gross	" 21, "
Wm. H. Watson	" 21, "
Patrick Murphy	" 21, "
Mark McCunn	" 24, "
Wm. Hitchman	" 25, "
John Porter	" 28, "
John L. Morrell	" 28, "
Stephen Shangle	" 28, "
Martin M. Green	" 28, "
Ira C. Gardner	March 7 "
Wm. P. Stewart	April 26, "
Peter Jones, Jr.	" 26, "
Joshua Hodgson	" 26, "
Wm. B. Lowery	May 31, "
Thomas Beaty	July 11, "
Theo. Bumstead	September 14, "
Dennis Flynn	February 1, 1855
Geo. W. Rockwell	" 3, "
John A. Cooley	" 3, "
Michael Caughlin	" 3, "

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Richard Lydecker	April 7, 1855.
Thomas Eagin	June 21, "
William Griffiths, *Doorman*	November 20, "
John A. Haggerty	December 14, "
James Crowley	" 14, "
Henry L. Marsh, *Doorman*	January 4, 1856.
James Sadler	" 3, "

TWENTIETH PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, 35th Street, between 8th and 9th Avenues.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Thomas Hannegan, *Captain*	January 7, 1852.	January 7, 1856.
Charles R. Trigler, 1*st Lieut*	" 8, "	" 8, "
Lawrence Harvey	" 20, "	" 20, "
Michael McGinnis	" 24, "	" 24, "
Burritt Lampson	" 21, "	" 21, "
Louis Dumoulin	" 21, "	" 24, "
Alonzo Vredenburg	" 24, "	" 24, "
Hugh Murray	" 24, "	" 24, "
Alexander McCaffery	" 21, "	" 24, "
Benjamin Burnell	" 21, "	" 24, "
Patrick Fitzpatrick	" 24, "	" 24, "
Swain Lindsley	" 24, "	" 24, "
Jacob Moore	" 21, "	" 24, "
Morris D. Underhill	" 21, "	" 24, "
James Crabre	" 24, "	" 24, "
Adam Wegemann	" 24, "	" 24, "
Sylvester Seaman	" 28, "	" 28, "
Francis Powderly	" 28, "	" 28, "
Hugh Martin	" 28, "	" 28, "
Alexander A. Lineback	" 28, "	" 28, "
John McGinn	" 28, "	" 28, "
Philip Christman	" 28, "	" 28, "
John Gillen	" 28, "	" 28, "
Otto Tietyen	" 28, "	" 28, "
Theodore C. Freude	" 28, "	" 28, "
Wiliam A. Wacker	" 28, "	" 28, "
Andrew B. Mooney	" 28, "	" 28, "
Charles Bliss	" 30, "	" 30, "
John Rourke	February 4, "	February 4, "
George Butcher	" 4, "	" 4, "
Moses Ryer	" 4, "	" 4, "
William W. Leroy	" 5, "	" 5, "
Sam'l. W. Henshaw	" 5, "	" 5, "
Matthew W. Munson	" 5, "	" 5, "
Philip Hultz	" 5, "	" 5, "
Barnard Donnelly	" 10, "	" 10, "

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Henry Newman	August 30, "	August 30, "
James S. Ward	November 9, "	November 9, "
Peter V. Johnson	December 4, "	December 4, "
Charles Disch	January 7, 1853.	January 7, 1857,
John Gaw, *Doorman*	" 22, "	" 22, "
Morris Levy	March 5, "	March 5, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Aaron S. Hotchkiss, *2d Lieutenant*	December 14, 1855.
Patk. W. McDonnell	April 27, 1853.
James Bloomer	May 25, "
Isaac Ammerman	June 1, "
Michael Devine	July 28, "
Abraham Allen	" 28, "
Charles Roff	September 13, "
Robert Castle	November 4, "
Andrew Clow	January 9, 1854.
Harvey T Martine	April 27, "
Wm. Doyle	September 14, "
John H. Layman	June 1, 1855.
James Lucas	" 1, "
Peter O'Reilly	December 14, "
Patk. Burke	" 14, "
Clemence Heines, *Doorman*	" 15, "

TWENTY-FIRST PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, 29th Street, between 4th and Madison Avenues.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Joel W. Garthwait	July 6, 1852	July 6, 1856.

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Francis C. Speight, *Captain*	January 3, 1854.
Thomas McParlin, 1*st Lieutenant*	January 1, 1856.
Albert M. Palmer, 2*d Lieutenant*	" 3, 1854.
James G. Forbes	" 3, "
James O'Neil	" 3, "
Thomas Bradburn	" 3, "
Peter Kniffen	" 3, "
Abel Wares	" 3, "
Walter Weeks	" 3, "
Daniel Roff, *Doorman*	" 3, "
Wm. Robertson, Jr.	" 5, "
Aaron Leborvean	" 5, "
Thomas McGuire	" 9, "
Nathaniel B. Abbott	" 9, "
Michael Flanagan	" 3, "
Lorenzo D. Place	" 3, "
John J. Ward	" 3, "
Robert Tucker	" 12, "
Christian F. Cornell	" 24, "
John F. Maines	" 24, "
Southwell D. W. Davis	" 24, "
Charles L. Chapin	" 24, "
Walter L. Sanford	February 28, "
Timothy H. Gleason	" 28, "
Peter S. Fowler	" 28, "
Robert J. Matthews	" 28, "
Benjamin Thomas, *Doorman*	" 28, "
Bryan McCahill	May 9, "
Charles C. Underwood	" 10, "
Alonzo B. Corey	" 31, "
Abraham Stevens	July 11, "
Wm. Peck	September 14, "
George D. Place	" 14, "
Edward J. Earle	" 14, "
Abraham Connor	" 14, "
Edmund Johnson	December 1, "
Alexander M. Manolt	" 1, "
Daniel Doland	" 4, "
John W. Smith	" 26, "
Abram S. Relay	" 29, "
Warren S. Taylor	" 29, "
Bruce Bradford	May 31, 1855.
Thomas McParlin	June 1, "
Peter Hadden	" 21, "
John M. Tracey	" 21, "
Isaac Wolfe	" 30, "
Bernard Bradley	" 30, "
James Gasherie	July 18, "
Hugh McCabe	January 1, 1856.
Wm. H. Busteed	" 3, "

TWENTY-SECOND PATROL DISTRICT.

Station-house, 8th Avenue, corner of 48th Street.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
David Marsh	August 14, 1852.	August 14, 1856.
Edward Kiernan	November 9, "	November 9, "

Appointed under new law, during good behavior.

POLICEMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED
Daniel Witter, *Captain*	January 3, 1853.
Terence Riley, *2d Lieutenant*	May 30, 1855.
Philip Dunn, *Doorman*	June 2, 1853.
George L. Thein	October 1, "
John McGaughan	November 4, "
James Tracey	January 3, "
Francis Kearnan	" 3, "
John Whisker	" 3, "
Wm. Gray	" 3, "
John White	" 3, "
Michael Kelly	" 3, "
John Murphy	" 3, "
John W. Hull	" 3, "
Edward Hossey	" 3, "
Wm. P. Smith	" 3, "
Lorenzo Sebastian	" 3, "
Abraham Depew	" 3, "
George L. Downs	" 3, "
John Cronk	" 3, "
Thomas S. Lear	" 3, "
Edward Sweeney	" 5, "
Charles Read	" 9, "
Abraham Forshay	April 27, "
Hugh Masterson	November 29, 1854.
Ludwig Semler	January 20, 1855.
Monmouth B. Wilson	" 20, "
John Cokeley	" 20, "
Michael Corey	" 20, "
Thomas Fitzsimmons	" 20, "
Wm. A. Ross	" 20, "
Thomas McCracken	" 20, "
Thomas Burris	" 22, "
Michael Schnieler	" 22, "
Jacob Smith	" 22, "
Hugh Roarke	" 29, "
Edward Hoyt	" 25, "
Joseph Cook	April 7, "
Patrick McGuire	May 30, "
John H. Blunt	June 1, "
Joseph Weyer	" 4, "
Daniel Fallon	November 30, "
Charles Albertson	" 30, "
George F. Bord	" 30, "
John Connell	" 30, "
Nathl. C. Husted	December 31, "

ATTENDANTS.

Court of General and Special Sessions.

A. V. Davis.
T. R. Barton.
D. A. Bostwick.
Wm. Peterson.
Francis Spicer.
E. Burkson.
S. Pierce.
R. E. Knapp.

W. B. Lowry.

Court of Oyer and Terminer, and Supreme Court.

Henry Bertholf.
John F. Skidmore.
Nathaniel Hepburn.
Wm. Hartnett.
Joseph P. Smith.
Ambrose De Fries.
Richard Kimmins.
Edward Knight.
Benjamin W. Buchanan.
Samuel Rowland.

Superior Court.

Leonard Hoffman.
Samuel S. Acker.
Chas. U. Combs.
James G. Kent.
James Ryan.
Jonathan Odell.
Thomas F. Jackson.
Thomas Ryan.
Chas. Goldin.
Jesse Wood.

John Reid.

Court of Common Pleas.

Edward A. Davin.
W. H. Brown.
John Meggs.
Stephen W. Dusenberry.
John Major.
Wm. Meehan.
Timothy Weeks.
John Cooper.

Allen McKeachie.

CRIMINAL COURTS,

IN AND FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

OYER AND TERMINER.

Is held by a Justice of the Supreme Court.

Terms for 1856 *and* 1857—First Monday of April and October.

GENERAL SESSIONS.

Held by the Recorder or City Judge of the city of New York.

Terms—First Monday in each Month.

SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Held by the Recorder or City Judge, without a Jury, as often, and at such times as the Judges of said Court may deem expedient.

Hon. James M. Smith, Jr., *Recorder of the city of New York*, and Hon. Elisha S Capron, *City Judge, presiding Judges of the Courts of General and Special Sessions.*

A. Oakey Hall, *District Attorney.*

John Sedgwick, *Assistant District Attorney.*

Henry Vandervoort, *Clerk of Oyer and Terminer, General and Special Sessions.*

John Sparks, *Deputy Clerk.*

CONVICTIONS, ACQUITTALS AND DISCHARGES,

By the Court of Special Sessions in and for the city and county of New York, from the year 1835 to 1855, inclusive.

CONVICTIONS, &c.	1835.	1836.	1837.	1838.	1839.	1840.	1841.	1842.	1843.	1844.	1845.	1846.	1847.	1848.	1849.	1850.	1851.	1852.	1853.	1854.	1855.
Convic'ns, petit larc.	394	341	310	261	349	526	666	744	907	896	991	977	....	1064	1180	1419	1453	1475	1415	1411	2047
Acquittals, "	83	69	49	73	93	97	78	138	142	148	193	220	173	258	261	219	187	214	179	108	196
Conv's, ass'lt & bat'y.	217	191	188	125	163	226	296	287	395	551	615	509	334	436	558	837	662	978	1230	1152	....
Acquittals.....	36	18	14	26	33	32	30	33	54	86	90	87	48	52	59	76	43	51	67	66	929
Discharges.....	407	48	542	429	581	488	396	375	537	838	1158	1109	697	672	938	1382	1194	1167	1120	1184	84
Misdemeanors.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	28
" acquitted	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	6
Totals.....	1127	1067	1133	914	1219	1369	1466	1577	2032	2519	3047	2922	2352	2502	2996	3933	3539	3881	8941	3921	3290
Number of Trials in Spec'l Sess'ns.	650	573	553	434	614	839	1004	1119	1311	1495	1741	1651	1399	1635	1837	2218	2079	2405	2570	1528	1942
Sente'd to co. prisons.	357	318	418	296	241	508	682	737	987	1058	1128	1075	981	1003	1120	1402	1179	1254	1242	1159	1528
" House of Ref.	6	18	20	27	25	28	67	63	55	56	66	56	51	52	71	112	94	97	119	77	9

STATEMENTS OF CONVICTIONS, ACQUITTALS, &c.,

Had in the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Sessions of the Peace, in and for the city and county of New York, from 1839 to 1855, a period of seventeen years.

OFFENCES.	1839.	1840.	1841.	1842.	1843.	1844.	1845.	1846.	1847.	1848.	1849.	1850.	1851.	1852.	1853.	1854.	1855.
Murder	2	....	1	2	....	....	2	1	1	1	1	....	8	4	3	1	1
Arson, first degree, (capital)	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
Manslaughter, (various degrees)	4	3	8	....	3	7	2	2	1	3	6	4	8	6	17	15	9
Ass'lt & bat'y, with int't to kill or maim	7	3	2	3	4	8	4	6	4	3	6	5	9	7	10	11	12
" " " to rob	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	2	2	....	....	1	1	5
Rape and intent to commit rape	1	1	4	....	1	1	5	4	5	1	4	2	1	1	4	4	....
Abandoning a child in public highway	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Robbery, (first degree)	2	6	4	5	....	3	2	3	11	6	4	10	3	15	10	7	5
Riot, with assault	....	8	26	6	8	17	7	2	....	4	13	49	6	17	45	32	....
Assault and battery	54	104	10	73	86	81	52	39	40	47	19	50	41	37	71	63	17
Procuring abortion	....	....	2	....	....	5	....	2	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Bigamy	4	2	2	1	2	....	3	2	5	3	1	3	1	4	....	2	1
Incest	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....
Sodomy	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
Perjury, and subornation of perjury	3	2	....	2	2	2	2	....	....	....	2	....	....	2	....	....	2
Arson, (not capital)	1	1	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	....
Burglary, (various degrees)	22	31	25	55	68	55	43	24	32	31	18	51	17	54	64	52	67
Attempt to commit felonies	4	2	7	2	5	6	4	4	10	6	10	10	9	14	9	19	48
Embezzlement	....	....	....	1	....	1	....	....	1	1	....	....	....	2	....	3	....
Grand larceny, and second offence	78	68	90	71	84	58	73	70	61	91	87	86	105	119	155	112	62
Petit larceny, and attempt to commit do.	90	63	57	48	40	42	40	88	66	54	95	101	76	51	75	91	130
" " second offence	3	3	1	....	....	3	1	3	....	....	....	....	6	8	2	....	....
Obtaining property by false pretences	2	6	4	3	5	7	8	9	10	16	10	11	8	8	12	14	11

Conspiracy	....	....	....	1	2	4	....	....	2	5	....	2	....	....	....	....	....
Carrying slung-shot, (felony)	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	3	3	1	1	4	4	....
Receiving stolen goods, (scienter)	6	3	10	8	3	10	6	5	7	8	15	8	4	9	6	6	10
Accessory to felony	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....
Forgery, (various degrees)	12	9	4	27	22	8	11	9	7	7	12	13	17	15	15	25	19
Receiving challenge to fight a duel	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Breaking prison	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Aiding prisoners to escape	....	1	....	....	....	1	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Keeping gambling and disorderly house	1	4	12	16	12	24	7	36	18	....	16	16	15	16	14	38	7
Nuisance	....	2	13	2	2	1	4	5	....	3	....	1	....	....	....	2	....
Selling, insuring and adv'g lot'ry tickets	7	15	10	4	2	3	....	2	2	4	....	1	1	....	6	10	2
Libel	3	14	2	10	13	2	2	4	....	1	....	2	1	....	6	4	2
Cruelty to animals	1	....	....	....	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....	....
Selling liquor without license	7	....	1	....	....	4	3	1	1	....	....	....	....	14	307	10	1
Misdemeanor	3	1	3	13	7	8	1	4	8	14	1	8	7	1	6	16	10
Acquitted	123	136	153	163	119	103	142	72	78	107	91	102	93	106	155	168	141
Sentenced to be executed	2	....	1	2	....	....	2	1	1	1	2	....	8	4	3	1	1
" to State prison	104	125	138	151	169	127	125	113	121	136	145	168	200	227	252	225	165
" to county prisons	88	99	82	78	60	91	64	115	86	96	124	113	91	80	124	144	151
" to House of Refuge	13	6	11	12	11	11	25	18	19	19	4	21	8	7	23	2	10
Indictments found by Grand Jury	1008	1059	871	909	942	807	765	767	593	631	639	788	833	945	1934	2696	997
Complaints dismissed by "	503	354	312	294	271	213	403	216	182	206	206	413	281	221	220	205	142

Of the thirty persons sentenced to be executed in the above period, twelve were executed; one has been pardoned; the punishment of twelve has been commuted to imprisonment for life; one committed suicide; three had new trials ordered by the Court of Appeals, two of whom were subsequently convicted of manslaughter, and yet to be tried; and in one case a writ of error, with a stay of execution, is now pending.

CIVIL COURTS.

COURT OF APPEALS

Is composed of Eight Judges, of whom four are elected by the people at large, for eight years, and four selected from the Justices of the Supreme Court having the shortest time to serve.

CHOSEN BY THE PEOPLE AT LARGE.

Hiram Denio, of Utica. Term expires December, 1857.
Alexander S. Johnson, of New York. Term expires December, 1859.
Geo. F. Comstock. Term expires December, 1861.
Samuel L. Selden. Term expires December 1863.

SUPREME COURT.

First District.

TERM EXPIRES DECEMBER 31.

William Mitchell, New York.....1857.
James J. Roosevelt, " .....1859.
*Henry E. Davies, " .....1860.
Thomas W. Clerke, " .....1861.
Jas. R. Whiting, " .....1863.

Second District.

John W. Brown, Newburgh .....1857.
Selah B. Strong, Setauket.....1859.
William Rockwell, Brooklyn.....1861.
——— Emot, Poughkeepsie.....1863.

Third District.

William B. Wright, Monticello.....1857.
Ira Harris, Amboy .....1859.
Malbone Watson, Albany .....1861.
——— Gould.....1863.

Fourth District.

A. Rosekrans.....1857.
Cornelius L. Allen, Salem.....1859.
Amaziah B. James, Ogdensburg .....1861.
——— Paige.....1863.

* Contested.

Fifth District.

Frederick W. Hubbard, Watertown.....1857.
Daniel Pratt, Syracuse.....1859.
William J. Bacon, Utica.....1861.
———Allen.....1863.

Sixth District.

William H. Shankland, Ithaca.....1857.
Hiram Gray, Elmira.....1859.
Charles Mason, Hamilton.....1861.
———Balcom.....1863.

Seventh District.

Thomas A. Johnson, Corning.....1857.
Theron R. Strong, Palmyra.....1859.
Henry Welles, Penn Yan.....1861.
———Smith.....1863.

Eighth District

Levi F. Bowen, Lockport.....1857.
James Mullett, Buffalo.....1859.
Benjamin F. Greene, Buffalo.....1861.
———Marvin.....1863.

Assignment of Courts and Judges in the City of New York, for the Years 1856 *and* 1857.

GENERAL TERMS.

1856.

First Monday of	February	Judges	Roosevelt and Clerke.
"	May	"	Roosevelt, Clerke and Whiting.
"	September	"	Roosevelt and Clerke.
"	November	"	Roosevelt and Whiting.

1857.

First Monday of	February	Judges	Mitchell and Roosevelt.
"	May	"	Mitchell, Roosevelt and Whiting.
Second "	September	"	Mitchell and Clerke.
First "	November	"	Mitchell, Clerke and Whiting.

CIRCUITS.

1856.

First Monday of	January	by Judge	
"	February	"	Whiting.
"	March	"	Rooosevelt.
"	April	"	Clerke.
"	May	"	
"	June	"	Roosevelt.

Second Monday of September....by Judge Whiting.
First " October..... "
" November .... " Clerke.
" December ..... " Whiting.

1857.

First Monday of January .....by Judges Roosevelt and
" February ..... " Clerke.
" March..... .. " Mitchell and Whiting.
" April..... " Roosevelt and Whiting.
" May ..... "
" June ..... " Clerke and Whiting.
Second " September..... " Roosevelt.
First " October..... " Mitchell and Clerke.
" November..... "
" December ..... " Clerke.

Where two Judges are to hold the Circuit at the same time, the one last named will take up the Calendar, beginning with the last three hundred causes, and continue with those causes and such as may be added to the Calendar afterward. In such cases, double the usual number of jurors will be summoned, unless the business of the Oyer and Terminer shall prevent the attendance of more than one Judge at the Circuit.

OYER AND TERMINER.

At the same time with the Circuits, in the months of April and October.

SPECIAL TERMS.

1856.

First Monday of January .. ..by Judge Roosevelt.
" March..... . " Clerke
" April..... "
" June..... " Whiting.
" October..... " Clerke.
" December..... " Roosevelt.

1857.

First Monday of January .....by Judge Mitchell.
" March ..... " Roosevelt.
" April..... " Clerke.
" June..... "
" October..... " Whiting.
" December..... " Roosevelt.

And every Saturday for Special Motions. The Saturday Special Motion Terms will be held, when the Special Terms are not in Session, by the Judge assigned to sit in Chambers, during the month. The Judge sitting in Chambers, will at the same time hold Special Term for any *ex parte* business, and for such litigated business as he shall expressly permit.

CHAMBER BUSINESS.

1856.		1857.	
January	by Judge Whiting.	January	by Judge Clerke.
February	" All the Judges.	February	" " Whiting.
March	" Judge	March	" "
April	" " Roosevelt.	April	" " Mitchell.
May	" All the Judges.	May	" " Clerke.
June	" Judge Clerke.	June	" " Mitchell.
July	" " Whiting.	July	" "
August	" "	August	" " Whiting.
September	" All the Judges.	September	" " Whiting.
October	" Judge Whiting.	October	" " Roosevelt.
November	" All the Judges.	November	" " Roosevelt.
December	" Judge Clerke.	December	" "

The Judge at Chambers will begin on the first Monday of the month to which he is assigned, and continue to and including the Saturday preceeding the first Monday of the succeeding month.

REGULATIONS.

All issues of fact already joined and triable in the city of New York, will be noticed to the Clerk, and be put on the Calendar for the ensuing January Circuit.

During the first week of that Circuit, motions to correct the Calendar may be made.

After that week, the Calendar will remain unchanged, and continue the Calendar for every successive Circuit, until all the causes on it shall be tried; each Circuit beginning on the Calendar where the immediately preceding Circuit left off.

Fifteen causes a day, and no more, will be called at General and Special Terms, and before each Judge at Circuit, unless otherwise specially ordered.

No cause will be set down for a particular day at a Circuit, unless sworn off when called, on account of the absence of a witness, and on payment of costs.

If the trial of a cause shall not be moved by either party, when called in its order on the Circuit Calendar, it will go to the foot of the Calendar, and not be called again until it shall be reached in that place.

All new issues will be noticed for the first day of the next Circuit, after the same shall be joined, and be put in their order at the foot of the permanent Calendar.

After the first week of each Circuit, (during which, motions to correct the Calendar may be made,) the Calendar of the causes which may have gone down at the previous Circuit, and the new issues will be entered as part, and in continuation of the permanent Calendar; and so on, from court to court, until the end of the year.

These regulations do not affect the question of noticing the causes for trial to the opposite party, from court to court, as the statute may require.

The blank is in place of the Judge who is to succeed Judge Morris.

SPECIAL CIRCUIT CALENDAR.

At any Circuit, until further orders, any causes belonging to either of the two following classes, may be placed on a Special Circuit Calendar, unless the trial is likely to occupy more than one hour.

1st. Where the action is on contract, and the answer merely denies the allegations in the complaint, without setting up any new matter.

2d. Where the action is on contract, and new matter is set up in the answer, and there shall be reason to believe that the defence is made only for the purpose of delay.

To entitle the cause to be placed on such calendar, the Plaintiff's Attorney must give a notice of four days, to be heard before a Judge at Chambers, that he will move to have the cause placed on such Calendar; and if the motion be granted, the cause may be heard on any subsequent Friday.

If the motion be founded on the belief that the defence is for delay, affidavits must be served at the time of notice.

The Plaintiff's Attorney must deliver to the Clerk of the Circuit a like notice, one day before such Friday, containing also the number of the cause on the General Circuit Calendar.

If the cause shall actually occupy more than one hour on the trial, the trial may be suspended at the discretion of the Court, and the cause be put down at the foot of the Calendar.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Thomas J. Oakley, *Chief Justice.*
Edward Slosson,
Murray Hoffman,
John Duer,
Joseph S. Bosworth,
Lewis B. Woodruff,
} *Justices.*
George T. Maxwell, *Clerk.*

GENERAL TERM.

Held on the first Monday of January, February, March, April, May, June, October, November and December.

TRIAL TERMS.

Held on the first Monday of January, February, March, April, May, June, October, November and December.

During the General Term, one of the Justices will hold a court at Chambers daily, at one o'clock, P.M.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

D. P. Ingraham,
C. P. Daly,
John R. Brady,
} *Justices.*
E. H. Jarvis, *Clerk.*

TERMS OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

For the City and County of New York, for the years 1856 *and* 1857.

GENERAL TERMS FOR ARGUMENTS, &C.

First Monday of March.....Held by all the Judges
" " July..... " " "
" " November..... " " "

Opens at eleven o'clock, A.M.

GENERAL TERMS FOR SUBMISSION OF APPEALS FROM INFERIOR COURTS, AND ORDERS OF SPECIAL TERM.

Fourth Monday of January.....Judges Ingraham and Brady.
" " March..... " Daly and Brady.
" " April..... " Ingraham and Daly.
" " May..... " Ingraham and Brady.
" " September..... " Daly and Brady.
" " November..... " Ingraham and Daly.
" " December..... " Ingraham and Brady.

Appeals may also be noticed and submitted for the first Monday of March, July and November.

Open at eleven o'clock, A.M.

SPECIAL TERMS FOR THE TRIAL OF ISSUES OF FACT.

		Part I.	*Part II.*
First Monday of	January.....	Judge Daly.	Judge Brady.
" "	February.....	" Ingraham.	" Daly.
" "	April.....	" Daly.	" Brady.
" "	May.....	" Ingraham.	" Daly.
" "	June.....	" Brady.	" Ingraham.
" "	October.....	" Daly.	" Brady.
" "	December.....	" Brady.	" Ingraham.

Open at ten o'clock, A.M.

No day Calendar will be made up for Saturday.

SPECIAL TERMS FOR THE TRIAL OF LAW, AND FOR MOTIONS, &C.

1st Monday, Jan.	Judge	Ingraham	1st Monday, July,	Judge	Ingraham.
" Feb.	"	Brady.	" Aug.	"	Brady.
" March	"	Daly.	" Sept.	"	Daly.
" April	"	Ingraham.	" Oct.	"	Ingraham.
" May	"	Brady.	" Nov.	"	Brady.
" June	"	Daly.	" Dec.	"	Daly.

Open at ten o'clock, A.M.

VACATION.

First Week in	January	Judge	Ingraham.
Fifth "	March	"	Daly.
" "	June	"	Brady.
" "	September	"	Ingraham.
" "	December	"	Daly.

MARINE COURT.

A. Thompson,
A. K. Maynard,
Florence McCarthy, } *Justices.*
Moses D. Gale, *Clerk.*

Open every day except Sunday.

UNITED STATES COURT.

Southern District of New York, comprising the following counties: Columbia, Dutchess, Greene, Kings, New York, Orange, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, Suffolk, Sullivan, Ulster and Westchester.

OFFICERS OF THE COURT.

Samuel Nelson, { Associate Justice of U. S. Supreme Court, and Judge of the Circuit Court.
Samuel R. Betts, Judge of the District Court.
John McKeon, U. S. District Attorney.
Abraham T. Hillyer, U. S. Marshal.
John W. Nelson, Clerk of Circuit Court.
Richard E. Stilwell, Deputy Clerk.
George W. Morton, Clerk of District Court.
Joseph Bridgham, Deputy Clerk.
George E. Betts, Clerk.

COMMISSIONERS.

John W. Nelson, George W. Morton,
Richard E. Stilwell, George E. Betts,
Joseph Bridgham.

U. S. COMMISSIONERS TO TAKE AFFIDAVITS, DEPOSITIONS, BAILS, ETC.

The Clerks of the Circuit and District Courts and their Chief Deputies and Commissioners, ex officio, for the city and county of New York; and the County Clerks of the remaining counties, comprising the Southern District of New York, are Commissioners, ex officio, for those counties.

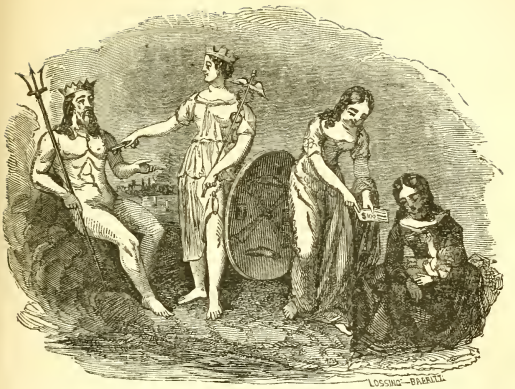
COURT TERMS.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Equity and Criminal Terms, last Monday in February.
General Terms, First Monday in April, and Third Monday in October.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

General Term, first Tuesday in each month.
Special Term, every Tuesday.



FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Alfred Carson, *Chief Engineer*.....185 Mott st., office 21 Elizabeth
Peter N. Cornwell, *Asst.* " .....18 Essex street.
John Baulch, " " .....35 Chatham street.
John A. Cregier, " " .....51 Morton street.
Moses Jackson, " " .....165 West 20th street.
Henry H. Howard, " " .....49 Franklin street.
John Decker, " " .....13 Ann street.
William Simpson, " " .....125 West 31st street.
John H. Brady, " " .....136 Amity street.
Elisha Kingsland, " " .....44 First street.
Noah L. Farnham, " " .....5 Varick place.
Wm. T. Mawbey, " " .....Harlem.

PERSONS EMPLOYED BY THE CHIEF ENGINEER, AT THE PUBLIC YARD, NO. 21 ELIZABETH STREET.

G. W. Wheeler, *Foreman* .....78 Essex street.
Ed. Jollie.....526 Greenwich street.
Wm. R. Edwards.....154 Suffolk street.
Benj. Austin.....15 Suffolk street.
Ebr. Chambers.....104 Orchard street.

David Conlan.....59 Mott street.
John J. Bovras.....10 Ludlow street.
Jacob Miller.....99 Mott street.
Samuel A. Edwards.....154 Suffolk street.

OFFICERS OF THE DEPARTMENT.

John S. Belcher, *President*.....55 Cortlandt st., h. 54 East 11th.
David Milliken, *Vice-President*.....35 Broadway.
John Gillelan, *Secretary*.....Harlem.
John S. Giles, *Treasurer*.....34 Elizabeth st., h. 181 Tenth.
David Theall, *Collector*.....30 Amos street.

TRUSTEES.

James Pryer, *President*.....250 Front st., h. 199 Henry st.
Albert J. Delatour, *Secretary*.....25½ Wall st., h. 10 City Hall pl.

Committee on Donations.

Henry A. Burr.....c. Cliff & Frankfort, h. 33 7th st.
Adam P. Pentz.....39 Burling slip, h. 213 Tenth st.
Peter H. Titus.....38 Market street.
Jonas N. Phillips.....85 Pike slip, h. 73 Green street.
James Y. Watkins.....16 Catharine st., h. 28 Henry st.
Zophar Mills.....144 Front st., h. 207 Madison st.
Samuel B. Thomson.....13 Spruce st., h. 148 Laurens st.

Committee on Schools.

Jonas N. Phillips,
James Y. Watkins,
Samuel B. Thomson.

Committee on Fines and Penalties.

Peter H. Titus,
H. A. Burr,
Samuel B. Thomson.

Committee on Finance.

Adam P. Pentz,
James Y. Watkins,
Zophar Mills.

Committee on Wood and Coal.

James Y. Watkins,
Henry A. Burr,
James Pryer.

Special Committee to solicit Donations.

Zophar Mills, Albert J. Delatour,
Adam P. Pentz.

Places to keep the Book to receive Reports of Chimneys being on Fire.

Fire Warden's Office, No. 21 Elizabeth street; and Chief Engineer's Office, No. 21 Elizabeth street.

All complaints of violation of the laws of the State and of the Corporation, relative to fires, powder, construction of buildings, &c., are to be made to the

FIRE WARDENS.

Michael Eichell.....1 Eldridge street, cor. Division.
Henry Lewis .....49 Ridge street.
Robert B. Sanderson .....181 Church street.
Lewis C. Meeks.....336 Front street.
Floyd S. Gregg .....29 Watts street.
John T. Harding.....c. Bowery & Hester, h. 337 6th st.
Isaac T. Redfield.....39 Downing street.
Charles L. Merritt.....74 Eldridge street.
William B. Hayes .....326 Spring street.
Wm. Wessels .....375 Fourth av., cor. 27th street.
John Crossin.....57 Spring street.
David Theall .....30 Amos street.

And at the Office, No. 21 Elizabeth street.

JOHN B. LEVERICH, *Clerk*, 163 Third avenue.

POLICE STATION-HOUSES,

Where Books are kept to receive Reports of Chimneys being on Fire.

1. Franklin Market.
2. No. 70 Beekman street.
3. No. 39 Robinson street.
4. No. 9 Oak street.
5. No. 48 Leonard street.
6. Old Watch House, Halls of Justice.
7. Corner of Pike and South sts.
8. Old Watch House, cor. Prince and Wooster streets.
9. Jefferson Market.
10. Essex Market.
11. Union Market.
12. 126th street, between 3d and 4th avs., and at Manhattanville.
13. Cor. Attorney and Delancey sts.
14. Centre Market.
15. No. 220 Mercer street.
16. Twentieth street, bet. Seventh and Eighth avenues.
17. Cor. Third street and Bowery.
18. Twenty-ninth street, bet. Fourth and Fifth avenues.
19. Eighth avenue, nr. Forty-eighth street, and at Yorkville.
20. Ninth avenue, nr. Thirtieth st.
21. Twenty-ninth st., bet. Fourth and Fifth avenues.
22. Eighth av., near Forty-eighth street.

FIRE COMPANIES.

There are forty-six engine companies, fifty-seven hose companies, and thirteen hook and ladder companies; nearly all of which are supplied with the necessary apparatus for service.

There are also four hydrant companies, whose duty it is to take charge of the hydrants at fires.

FIRE DISTRICTS.

The city is divided into Eight Fire Districts, as follows:

The First Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city lying north of Twenty-second street, and east of the Sixth avenue.

The Second Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city lying north of Twenty-second street, and west of the Sixth avenue.

The Third Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city bounded and containing as follows: Beginning at the foot of North Moore street, on the North river, and extending easterly in a straight line to the corner of Leonard and Church streets; thence northerly, in a straight line to the corner of Eighth avenue and Twenty-second street; thence westerly, along Twenty-second street to the North river; thence southerly, along the North river, to the place of beginning.

The Fourth Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city bounded and containing as follows: Beginning at the corner of Leonard and Church streets; running thence northerly, in a straight line to the corner of Eighth avenue and Twenty-second street; thence easterly, along Twenty-second street to Lexington avenue; thence southerly, in a straight line to the corner of Elm and Leonard streets; and thence westerly, in a straight line to the corner of Church and Leonard streets.

The Fifth Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city bounded and containing as follows: Commencing at the corner of Elm and Leonard streets; and running thence northerly, in a straight line to the corner of Lexington avenue and Twenty-second street; thence easterly, along Twenty-second street to the East river; thence southerly, and along the East river to Fourteenth street; thence south-westerly, in a straight line to the corner of Leonard and Orange streets; thence westerly, in a straight line to the place of beginning.

The Sixth Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city bounded and containing as follows: Beginning at the corner of Leonard and Orange streets; and running thence easterly, in a straight line to the foot of Market street on the East river; thence along the East river to Fourteenth street; thence south-westerly, in a straight line to the place of beginning.

The Seventh Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city bounded and containing as follows: Beginning at the foot of Market street on the East river; and running thence westerly, in a straight line to the corner of Leonard and Elm streets; thence southerly, along a straight line intersecting Wall street, at the junction of Nassau, Wall and Broad streets, and continued through the Battery to the North river.

The Eighth Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city bounded and containing as follows: Beginning at the foot of North Moore street on the North river, and running thence easterly, in a straight line, to the corner of Leonard and Elm streets; thence southerly, along a straight

line intersecting with Wall street, at the junction of Nassau, Wall and Broad streets, and continued through the Battery to the North river.

In case of fire in the First District, the signal shall be one stroke from the alarm bells.

In the Second District, two strokes.

"	Third	"	three	"
"	Fourth	"	four	"
"	Fifth	"	five	"
"	Sixth	"	six	"
"	Seventh	"	seven	"
"	Eighth	"	eight	"

All the engine, hose, and hook and ladder companies, located in the First and Second Districts, shall be required to do duty in both the said districts.

All the engine, hose, and hook and ladder companies, located in the Third and Fourth Districts, shall be required to do duty in both the said districts.

All the engine, hose, and hook and ladder companies, located in the Fifth and Sixth Districts, shall be required to do duty in both said districts.

All the engine, hose, and hook and ladder companies, located in the Seventh and Eighth Districts, shall be required to do duty in both said districts.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, November 9, 1850.

Adopted by the Board of Assistant Aldermen, November 11, 1850.

Approved by the Mayor, November 25, 1850.

The force in each Fire District is as follows:

First District.

Eleven engines, seven hose carriages, and three hook and ladder trucks.

Second District.

Eight engines, five hose carriages, and two hook and ladder trucks.

Third District.

Four engines, ten hose carriages, and two hook and ladder trucks.

Fourth District.

Six engines, six hose carriages, and two hook and ladder trucks.

Fifth District.

Four engines, five hose carriages, and one hook and ladder truck.

Sixth District.

Eight engines, fifteen hose carriages, and three hook and ladder trucks.

Seventh District.

Four engines, five hose carriages, and one hook and ladder truck.

Eighth District.

Four engines and five hose carriages.

Resolved, That hereafter, all fire companies shall do duty in any two fire districts the Chief Engineer may designate, and that *no* company be allowed to take their apparatus in any other district, except by his permission or direction, or in case of a general alarm.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, June 6, 1855.

Adopted by the Board of Councilmen, June 8, 1855.

Approved June 12, 1855.

Engine companies Nos. 1, 7, 10, 12, 25, 28, 33, 37, 39, 48; hose companies, Nos. 30, 32, 37, 39, 42, 44, 45, 46, 51; and hook and ladder companies Nos. 8 and 9, will attend all fires in the first and second districts.

Engine companies Nos. 3, 11, 23, 24, 29, 34, 50; hose companies Nos. 5, 11, 12, 19, 23, 24, 33, 35, 38, 40, 41, 55, 56; and hook and ladder companies Nos. 3 and 14, will attend all fires in the third and fourth districts.

Engine companies Nos. 6, 17, 19, 26, 32, 44; hose companies Nos. 4, 6, 9, 13, 16, 17, 22, 26, 31, 34, 36, 47; hook and ladder companies Nos. 5, 12 and 13, will attend all fires in the fifth and sixth districts.

Engine companies Nos. 2, 5, 13, 14, 16, 20, 21, 22, 38, 42; hose companies Nos. 1, 2, 3, 8, 10, 18, 20, 21, 25, 27, 28, 49, 50, 53, 60; hook and ladder companies Nos. 1 and 15, and hydrant company No. 1, will attend all fires in the seventh and eighth districts.

Engine companies Nos. 8 and 41; hose company No. 15, and hook and ladder company No. 4, will attend all fires in the sixth and seventh districts.

Engine company No. 9, and hose company No. 14, will attend all fires in the sixth and seventh districts.

Engine company No. 4, hose company No. 7, hook and ladder company No. 6, and hydrant company No. 2, will attend all fires in the fourth and fifth districts.

Engine company No 51, and hose company No. 29, will attend all fires in the first and fifth districts.

Hose company No. 57, hook and ladder company No. 2, and hydrant company No. 3, will attend all fires in the second and third districts.

Hose company No. 54, will attend all fires in the third and eighth districts.

Engine company No. 40, will attend all fires in the fourth and eighth districts.

Hydrant company No. 4, will attend all fires in the first and sixth districts.

The Yorkville and Harsenville companies will not be required below Forty-second street.

The Harlem, Manhattanville and Carmansville companies will be under the direction of the engineer of that district.

Resolved, That hereafter, all hose companies shall carry not less than nine lengths of hose, and the Chief Engineer is hereby directed to notify all hose companies to comply with this resolution immediately after the passage thereof.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, June 5, 1855.
Adopted by the Board of Councilmen, June 5, 1855.
Approved by the Mayor, June 7, 1855.

Return of the Engine, Hose, Hook and Ladder and Hydrant Companies, their Apparatus, Places of Deposit, Condition, &c.

ENGINE COMPANIES.

Hudson engine No. 1—Located, 188 West Forty-seventh street; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; engine second class, piano style, 8 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1850, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 25, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Excelsior engine No. 2—Located, 21 Henry street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order, engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1852, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 31, entitled to 50; 700 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Metamora engine No. 3—Located, 390 Bleecker street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House temporary; engine indifferent, third class, Carson style, 6½ inch cylinders, nine inch stroke; present number of men 22, entitled to 40; 200 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Niagara engine No. 4—Located, 220 Mercer street; performs duty in the fourth and fifth districts. House in good order; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, nine inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1849, by James Smith; rebuilt 1852, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 34, entitled to 50; 600 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Protection engine No. 5—Located, 61 Ann street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; engine third class, old New York style, 6½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, built in 1829, by H. M. Ludlum; rebuilt 1852, by James Smith, indifferent; present number of men 31, entitled to 40; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Americus engine No. 6—Located in Henry street, near Gouverneur street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1849, by James Smith; present number of men 59, entitled to 60; 700 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Lexington engine No. 7—Located in Twenty-fifth street, between Second and Third avenues; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1849, by James Smith; present number of men 41, entitled to 50; 600 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Manhattan engine No. 8—Located, 91 Ludlow street; performs duty in the sixth and seventh districts. House building; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition.

built in 1846, by Rogers, Baltimore, Md.; present number of men 42, entitled to 50.

Marion engine No. 9—Located, 47 Marion street; performs duty in the fifth and seventh districts. House in good order; engine first class, double end, end brakes alternate motion, four 9½ inch cylinders, 4 inch stroke, patent capstan, in good condition, built in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 31, entitled to 60; five hundred feet of hose, all of which is good.

Oceanus engine No. 11—Located, 99 Wooster street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built by Van Ness & Torboss, in 1853; present number of men 38, entitled to 50; 600 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Knickerbocker engine No. 12—Located in Fiftieth street, near Lexington avenue; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; engine third class, piano new style, four six inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, patent capstan, building by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 14, entitled to 40; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Eagle engine No. 13—Located, 5 Duane street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; engine third class, Carson style, 7 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, patent capstan, ordinary condition, built in 1850, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 16, entitled to 40; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Columbia engine No. 14—Located, corner Church and Vesey streets; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1847, by John Agnew, Philadelphia, Pa.; present number of men 56, entitled to 60; 650 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Gotham engine No. 16—Located, 126 West Broadway; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House is small, engine in ordinary condition, second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, built in 1847, by A. Van Ness; rebuilt by ditto, 1851; present number of men 38, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

East river engine No. 17—Located, 38 Mangin street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; engine third class, Carson style, 7 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, patent capstan, in good condition, built in 1852, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 24, entitled to 40; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Lafayette engine No. 19—Located 199 Chrystie street, performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House building; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke; in good condition, built in 1852, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 31, entitled to 50.

Washington engine No. 20—Located, 3 Temple street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order, but small; engine second class, crane neck piano style, 9½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke,

building by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 30, entitled to 40; 600 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Fulton engine No. 21—Located in Worth street, near Broadway; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinder, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1851, by James Smith; present number of men 37, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Protector engine No. 22—Located, corner Centre and Chambers streets; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; engine second class, nearly destroyed by fire in May last, while at the shop of James Smith, for repairs; present number of men 22, entitled to 50; 350 feet of hose, all of which is good.

United States engine No. 23—Located, Twelfth street, near Broadway; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; engine first class, end brakes, patent capstan, four ten inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1853, by John H. Sickels; present number of men 22, entitled to 60; 500 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Jackson engine, No. 24—Located in Seventeenth street, near Ninth avenue; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; engine second class, piano new style, 8½ inch cylinders, 8 inch stroke, patent capstan, building by James Smith; present number of men 40, entitled to 50; 800 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Cataract engine No. 25—Located 1006 Broadway; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; engine second class, piano style; 7 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 18, entitled to 40; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Jefferson engine No. 26—Located 83 Fifth street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; engine third class, piano style, four 7 inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, in good condition; built in 1853, by J. H. Sickels, patent capstan; present number of men 37, entitled to 40; 700 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Fort Washington engine No. 27—Located at Carmansville; performs duty at Carmansville and vicinity. House building; engine third class, piano new style, four 7 inch cylinders, 4½ inch stroke, patent capstan, building by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 24, entitled to 40; 200 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Pacific engine No. 28—Located 377 Fourth avenue; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; engine third class, crane neck piano style, 7½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1854, by James Smith; present number of men 27, entitled to 40; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Guardian engine No. 29—Located 14 Amos street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; engine second class, piano Carson style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, patent capstan, in good con-

dition, built in 1854, by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 43, entitled to 50; 600 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Bunker Hill engine No. 32—Located 101 Hester street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; engine third class, Carson style, 7 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1851, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 24, entitled to 40; 600 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Black Joke No. 33—Located in Fifty-eighth street, near Broadway; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; engine second class, end brakes, new style, four 8 inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, with patent capstan, building by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 37, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Howard engine No. 34—Located in Christopher near Hudson street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; engine second class, crane neck piano style, 8 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, rebuilding by Jas. Smith, present number of men 29, entitled to 50; 500 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Columbus engine No. 35—Located on Third avenue, near One hundred and twenty-first street; performs duty in Harlem and vicinity. House in good order; engine third class, Carson style, 7 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, patent capstan, in good condition, built in 1852, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 23, entitled to 40; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Equitable engine No. 36—Located in Sixty-eighth street, near Broadway, (Harsenville); performs duty above Forty-second street. House in good order; engine third class, piano new style, four 7 inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, patent capstan, building by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 12, entitled to 40; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Tradesmen engine No. 37—Located in Fifty-ninth street, between Second and Third avenues; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; engine second class, piano Carson style, 8 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, patent capstan, building by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 16, entitled to 50; 200 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Southwark engine No. 38—Located 28 Ann street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; engine first class, Philadelphia style, 9½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1842, by John Agnew, Philadelphia, Pa.; patent running gear, built 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 39, entitled to 60; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Franklin engine No. 39—Located in Thirty-first street, near Seventh avenue; performs duty in the first and second districts. House building; engine building by John H. Sickels, third class, piano, four 7 inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, patent capstan; present number of men 32, entitled to 40.

Lady Washington No. 40—Located in Elm street, near Broome; performs duty in the fourth and eighth districts. House in good order; engine third

class, "old New York" style, 7 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, patent capstan, in good condition, built in 1853, by William H. Torboss. present number of men 36, entitled to 40; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Clinton engine No. 41—Located in Delancey street, corner Attorney street; performs duty in the sixth and seventh districts. House in good order; engine second class, piano Carson style, 8 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, patent capstan, in good condition, built in 1853, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 46, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Empire engine No. 43—Located 2 Murray street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; engine second class, crane neck, piano style, 8½ inch cylinders, 8½ inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1851, by Jas. Smith; present number of men 38, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Manhattan engine No. 43—Located at Manhattanville; performs duty at Manhattanville, Harlem and vicinity. House in good order; engine third class, piano style, 7 inch cylinders, 8 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1853, by James Smith; present number of men 27, entitled to 40; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Live Oak engine No. 44—Located 92 Houston street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1851, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 32, entitled to 50; 700 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Aurora engine No. 45—Located at Yorkville; performs duty above Forty-second street. House building; engine third class, piano new style, four 7 inch cylinders, 5½ inch stroke, patent capstan, in good condition, built in 1854, by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 21, entitled to 40; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Aqueduct engine No. 47—Located in Eighty-second street, between Third and Fourth avenues. Performs duty above Forty-second street. House in good order; engine second class, double end brakes, alternate motion, four 8½ inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, patent capstan, in good condition, built in 1855, by Messrs. Burnham, Yorkville; present number of men 15, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Mazeppa engine No. 48—Located in Twenty-fourth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; engine second class, new style, end brakes, four 8½ inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, patent capstan, building by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 18, entitled to 50; 600 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Pocahontas engine No. 49—Located in One hundred and twenty-sixth street, between Third and Fourth avenues; performs duty in Harlem and vicinity. House in good order; engine third class, piano style, four 7 inch cylinders, 4½ inch stroke, patent capstan, in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 18, entitled to 40; 600 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Lone Star engine No. 50—Located, 165 West Twentieth street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; engine third class, piano new style, four 7 inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, patent capstan, building by James Smith; present number of men 27, entitled to 40; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Mutual engine No. 51—Located in Twenty-second street, near First avenue; performs duty in the first and fifth districts. House ordinary; engine in good condition, old New York style, third class, 7 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, patent capstan, built in 1851, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 15, entitled to 40; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

HOSE COMPANIES.

Eagle hose No. 1—Located in Madison, near Pike street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1852, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 18, entitled to 25; 900 feet of hose, 600 feet of which is good.

Knickerbocker hose No. 2—Located, 5 Duane street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage building by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 12; entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 700 feet of which is good.

Independence hose No. 3—Located, 211 Hester street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 17, entitled to 25; 900 feet of hose, 400 feet of which is good.

Marion hose No. 4—Located, corner of Delancey and Attorney streets; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 25, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 300 feet of which is good.

New York hose No. 5—Located, Firemen's Hall, Mercer street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1849, by Pine & Hartshorn; rebuilt in 1852, by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 23, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 250 feet of which is good.

Croton hose No. 6—Located, 23½ Gouverneur street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1852, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 21, entitled to 25; 900 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good

Ringgold hose No. 7—Located in Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue; performs duty in the fourth and fifth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 16, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 400 feet of which is good.

City hose No. 8—Located, 74 Cedar street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1853, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 10, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 400 feet of which is good.

Columbian hose No. 9—Located, 174 Mulberry street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 21, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good.

Liberty hose No. 10—Located, 3 Dover street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by Jesse H. Ludlum; present number of men 14, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Gulick hose No. 11—Located, 14 Amos street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1846, by Woodruff, Newark; rebuilt in 1852, by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 20, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Washington hose No. 12—Located in Horatio street, near Hudson, temporarily; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. A new location was purchased for this company in West Thirteenth street, near Ninth avenue, nearly two years since, but no building has been erected; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 15, entitled to 25; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Jackson hose No. 13—Located, 34 Mangin street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 16; entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 450 feet of which is good.

Atlantic hose No. 14—Located, 19 Elizabeth street; performs duty in the fifth and seventh districts. House in good order; carriage building by Jesse H. Ludlum; present number of men 20, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Fulton hose No. 15—Located, 1½ Eldridge street; performs duty in the sixth and seventh districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1853, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 18, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 400 feet of which is good.

Tompkins hose No. 16—Located in Norfolk, near Houston street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House building; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 24, entitled to 25; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Clinton hose No. 17—Located, corner of First avenue and Fifth street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; carriage ordinary, built in 1853, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 11, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good.

Franklin hose No. 18—Located, 28 Beaver street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order, carriage ordinary, built in 1850, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 19, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 706 feet of which is good.

American hose No. 19—Located, 52 Greene street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; carriage in good

condition, built in 1855, by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 18, entitled to 25; 900 feet of hose, 450 feet of which is good.

Humane hose No. 20—Located, 30 Ann street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House indifferent and small; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 11, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 400 feet of which is good.

Hudson hose No. 21—Located, 304 Washington street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1853, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 18, entitled to 25; 900 feet of hose, 550 feet of which is good.

Phœnix hose No. 22—Located, 101 Hester street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1849, by A. Van Ness; rebuilt in 1855, by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 21, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good.

Perry hose No. 23—Located in Horatio, between Hudson and Fourth streets; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House ordinary; carriage in good condition, built in 1849, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 11, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good.

National hose No. 24—Located, 315 Spring street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House ordinary; two wheeled carriage in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 20, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 700 feet of which is good.

United States hose No. 25—Located in Worth street, near Broadway; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage building by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 12, entitled to 25; 900 feet of hose, 600 feet of which is good.

Rutgers hose No. 26—Located, 6 Norfolk street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 22, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 600 feet of which is good.

Neptune hose No. 27—Located, 106 Reade street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage ordinary, built in 1849, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 11, entitled to 25; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Pearl hose No. 28—Located corner of Chambers and Centre streets; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1852, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of 21, entitled to 25; 450 feet of leather and 1,000 feet of hemp hose, all of which is good.

Metamora hose No. 29—Located in Nineteenth street, west of Third avenue; performs duty in the first and fifth districts. Temporary house; carriage ordinary, built in 1849, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 13, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 400 feet of which is good.

Laurel hose No. 30—Located in Twenty-seventh street, near Ninth ave-

nue; performs duty in the first and second districts. House ordinary; carriage ordinary, built in 1849, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 24, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 600 feet of which is good.

Putnam hose No. 21—Located, 7 Jackson street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; carriage building by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 12, entitled to 25; 900 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good.

Index hose No. 32—Located corner Forty-eighth street and Ninth avenue; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; old two wheel carriage, built in 1846, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 16, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 400 feet of which is good.

Warren hose No. 33—Located, 118 Sullivan street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; carriage building by Jesse H. Ludlum; present number of men 15, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good.

Star hose No. 34—Located, 439 Tenth street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts; house indifferent; carriage ordinary, built in 1850, by Pine & Hartsborn; present number of men 10, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 700 feet of which is good.

Baltic hose No. 35—Located, 199 Mercer street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 18, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 600 feet of which is good.

Oceana hose No. 36—Located, 205 Madison street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1848, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 20, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Madison hose No. 37—Located in Broadway, near Twenty-sixth street; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1849 by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 13, entitled to 25, 800 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good.

Amity hose No. 38—Located, 132 Amity street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn, present number of men 19, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 600 feet of which is good.

Metropolitan hose No. 39—Located, 346 Third avenue; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by J. H. Ludlum; present number of men 14, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 400 feet of which is good.

Empire hose No. 40—Located, 70 Barrow street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1851, by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 23, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 600 feet of which is good,

Alert hose No. 41—Located, 67 Watts street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. In December last the Common Council directed the Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies to advertise for proposals to repair

this house. The work was commenced, but about two months since was left, unfinished. Carriage in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 20, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 400 feet of which is good.

Mazeppa hose No. 42—Located, 286 West Thirty-third street; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 21, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 600 feet of which is good.

Pioneer hose No. 43—Located on Third avenue and One hundred and twenty-first street; performs duty in Harlem and vicinity. House in good order; carriage in good condition; built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 16, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Washington hose No. 44—Located in Thirty-first street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 17, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good.

Red Jacket hose No. 45—Located in Thirty-third street, near Third avenue; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 12, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good.

Valley Forge hose No. 46—Located, 185 West Thirty-seventh street; performs duty in the first and second districts. House temporary; carriage ordinary, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 18, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 600 feet of which is good.

Howard hose No. 47—Located in Fourth street, between Avenue D and Lewis street; performs duty in fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; carriage ordinary, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 20, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good.

Americus hos No. 48—Located in Eighty-fifth street, near Third avenue; performs duty above Forty-second street. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 16, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good.

Lady Washington hose No. 59—Located, 126 Cedar street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1852, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 14, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good.

Hope hose No. 50—Located, 10½ Mott street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 15, entitled to 25; 850 feet of hose, 400 feet of which is good.

Relief hose No. 51—Located in Fiftieth street and Lexington avenue;

performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 12, entitled to 25; 1,000 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good.

Undine hose No. 52—Located in One hundred and twenty-second street, near Third avenue; performs duty in Harlem and vicinity; House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1852, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 13, entitled to 25; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Naiad hose No. 53—Located, 179 Church street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1853, by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 17, entitled to 25· 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Eureka hose No. 54—Located, 153 Franklin street; performs duty in the third and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1853, by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 24, entitled to 25; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Harry Howard hose No. 55—Located in Christopher, near Hudson street, performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; carriage building by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 16, entitled to 25; 700 feet of hose, 400 feet of which is good.

Equitable hose No. 56—Located, 123 Wooster street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition; built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 15, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, 500 feet of which is good.

Paulding hose No. 57—Located in Eighteenth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues; performs duty in the second and third districts. House temporary; carriage indifferent, built in 1844, by T. Shepherd; present number of men 13, entitled to 25; 800 feet of hose, all of which is good.

M. T. Brennan hose No. 60—Located, corner of Leonard and Elm streets; performs duty in the Seventh and Eighth districts. House temporary; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 16, entitled to 25; 550 feet of hose, all of which is good.

HOOK AND LADDER COMPANIES.

Mutual hook and ladder No. 1—Located in Chambers, corner of Centre street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; truck in good condition, built in 1848; rebuilt in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 15, entitled to 40.

Chelsea hook and ladder No. 2—Located in Twenty-fourth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues; performs duty in the second and third districts. House in good order; truck in good condition, built in 1852, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 32, entitled to 40.

Phœnix hook and ladder No. 3—Located 132 Amity street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; truck building by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 23, entitled to 40.

Eagle hook and ladder No. 4—Located, 20½ Eldridge street; performs duty in the sixth and seventh districts. House in good order, truck building by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 17, entitled to 40.

Union hook and ladder No. 5—Located, 91 Ludlow street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House building; truck in good condition, built in 1852, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 22, entitled to 40.

Lafayette hook and ladder No. 6—Located, Firemen's Hall, Mercer street; performs duty in the fourth and fifth districts. House in good order; truck in good condition, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 24, entitled to 40.

Mechanics' hook and ladder No. 7—Located in One hundred and twenty-sixth street, between Third and Fourth avenues; performs duty in Harlem and vicinity. House ordinary; truck indifferent; present number of men 8, entitled to 40.

Empire hook and ladder No. 8—Located corner Eighth avenue and Forty-eighth street; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; truck in good condition, built in 1851, by Pine & Harthorn; present number of men 24, entitled to 40.

America hook and ladder No. 9—Located, 337 Fourth avenue; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; truck in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 11, entitled to 40.

Naraganset hook and ladder No. 10—Located at Yorkville, performs duty above Forty-second street. House building, truck in good condition, built in 1848, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 21, entitled to 40.

Friendship hook and ladder No. 12—Located in Fifth street, near Second avenue; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House ordinary; truck temporary; present number of men 17, entitled to 40.

Marion hook and ladder No. 13—Located in Third street, near Lewis; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. A lot was purchased and a house ordered to be built for this company nearly two years since, but no steps have been taken to erect a building as directed by the Common Council. Truck in good condition, built in 1855, by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 39, entitled to 40.

Columbian hook and ladder No 14—Located 697 Greenwich street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House and truck both temporary; present number of men 31, entitled to 40.

Baxter hook and ladder No. 15—Located in Franklin, near Hudson street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good

order; truck in good condition, built in 1853, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 21, entitled to 40.

NOTE.—This company, organized August 13th, 1855, has been attached to the report since it was presented to the Common Council, in order to show the whole force of the department.

☞ The hook and ladder trucks are all supplied with the necessary ladders, hooks, axes, picks, lanterns, &c.

HYDRANT COMPANIES.

Hydrant company No. 1—Performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. Present number of men 10.

Hydrant company No. 2—Performs duty in the fourth and fifth districts Present number of men 10.

Hydrant company No. 3—Performs duty in the second and third districts. Present number of men 7.

Hydrant company No. 4—Performs duty in the first and sixth districts. Present number of men 11.

Exempt engine company—Located, 202 Centre street. House in good order; engine, formerly No. 42, double brake, piano style, 10 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, built in 1842, by Henry Waterman, Hudson, New York; rebuilt in 1850, by Pine & Hartshorn.

This company was organized by the Common Council, December 27th, 1854, as a reserved corps, composed exclusively of exempt members of the department, and performs duty only in case of a general alarm of fire, or when directed by the engineers.

FIRE COMMISSIONERS.

Chas. McDougall, *President*.....62 West 38th street.
Edward Brown.....489 Houston street.
Benj. Cartwright.....211 Clinton street.
Wm. Wright.....270 West 22d street.
Wm. A. Freeborn.....238 Madison street.
Wm. M. Randell, *Clerk*.....77 East 31st street.

The above Commission was authorized in pursuance of the act of the Legislature, passed March 29th, 1855, which specifically defines their powers and duties.

ASSOCIATION OF EXEMPT FIREMEN.

This association is composed of persons who have served the time prescribed by law, in the New York Fire Department. They meet on the third Tuesday of January, April, July, and October, at Firemen's Hall, Mercer street, between Prince and Houston.

OFFICERS FOR 1856.

Philip W. Engs, *President*.....131 Front; h., 70 West 14th str.
Zophar Mills, 1*st Vice-President*.....144 Front; h., 207 Madison street.
Adolphus Ockershausen, *Recording Sec.*21 Elizabeth st.; h., 78 Essex st.
Francis Hagadorn, *Financial Secretary*,59 Barelay st.; h.,Williamsburgh.
Joseph M. Price, *Treasurer*.....Oriental Bank.
David Theall, *Sergeant-at-arms*.....30 Amos street.

FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND.

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR 1855.

In pursuance with the invariable custom, and of the requirements of the Department, the Trustees have the honor to submit herewith, a detailed statement of the operations of the Board, during the past year, together with such observations and recommendations as their reflection and experience would seem to suggest, in order to render more perfect that benevolence, it is the object of this charity to bestow, upon those entitled to its benefits.

Among the many charities of this city, there is none which enjoys in a higher degree the confidence and regard of its citizens, than the Fire Department Charity. It is one of the oldest, most useful, and extensive institutions of the kind, in this city, and differs from every other in its most essential feature—that of being organized upon an entirely voluntary basis, supported by the voluntary subscriptions of the generous and benevolent-hearted, and administered by the voluntary services of every officer connected with its management.

In this connection, the Trustees beg leave to state that, during the past year, various friends and members of the Department have nobly contributed to aid them in increasing the measures of relief. Prominently among these will be found the names of William B. Astor, Esq., whose philanthropy is substantially and annually exhibited by a most liberal donation.

To Messrs. Bowman & Co., the Department is under obligations for a liberal donation, besides other benevolent individuals, who have liberally contributed, as well as the regular city fire insurance companies, which, together with other important items, will be found faithfully and correctly enumerated under their proper heads, in the Treasurer's Report, to which your attention is most respectfully invited. That officer had remaining in his hands, last year, a balance of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-one dollars and two cents, since which time he has received, from various sources, the sum of twenty-four thousand two hundred and eleven dollars and eighty-three cents, which in the aggregate, amounts to twenty-five thousand nine hundred and thirty-two dollars and eighty-five cents; out of which there has been expended, for widows' pensions, relief to the sick and disabled firemen, &c., the sum of twenty-four thousand eight hundred and ninety-four dollars and forty cents; re-invested one thousand dollars—leav-

ing a balance deposited in the Butchers' and Drovers' Bank, to the credit of the Fire Department Fund, of thirty-eight dollars and forty-five cents. The permanent fund (including trust and special trust funds) now amounts to ninety-three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars, invested as follows: ninety-three thousand five hundred dollars, on bond and mortgage, and two hundred and fifty dollars in Manhattan Bank stock.

This large expenditure has been occasioned by a variety of circumstances. Prominent among them, is the unexampled severity and protracted duration of the past winter, and the depression of nearly all kinds of business, causing great distress, and multiplying the number of applicants for aid, in a ratio unprecedented in the history of the Fire Department. The Trustees, while exercising a sound discrimination, in order to guard this inestimable charity from unjust exactions, have not been unmindful of those feelings of delicacy and humanity which should influence them in the distribution of aid, and in their visitations to the sick and indigent; but have liberally supplied the necessities of the recipients with that relief which the institution was established for, and especially designated to accomplish. It has always been a grateful task of the Trustees, to make known to you the fact, that they had been enabled, by the blessing of Providence, to increase the amount of the permanent fund; but this year, owing to the unusually heavy expenditures, they have been unable to do so. This, although a source of disappointment in some respects, is relieved by the pleasing reflection that the charities of the Department were never more seasonably or beneficially exerted, and that, while ministering to the wants of the sick, or superintending the interment of the dead fireman, they felt thankful that the Department had the ability, in the hour of painful adversity, to stretch forth its right hand without turning away the needy and distressed.

Since the last annual report, three members of this Department, when in the voluntary exercise of their duties, and impelled by the noblest impulses, have lost their lives, in defending the property of our citizens; struck down in the midst of a life of usefulness, an early grave has closed over their career, but their heroism is still held in grateful remembrance by their friends and associates. To their afflicted families the Trustees tender their sincerest expressions of sorrow and regret.

The School Committee, of this Board, upon whom devolves the duty of distributing shoes, and such other assistance as may be required, to the children of firemen attending the public schools, have discharged their duty to these interesting objects of their care; with patient fidelity and devotion. There have been distributed among these children, and the widows of firemen, sixteen hundred and sixty-three pairs of shoes—a much larger number than in any previous year; besides this, there have been distributed three hundred and thirty tons of coal. It can readily be imagined how much real good has been accomplished by the Department Fund, when the severity of the past winter is taken into consideration.

The School Committee also report, that the Van Schaick scholarship, at the New York University, are filled by Masters Edward L. Snyder, and James W. Miller, the sons of old and distinguished members of this Department.

It gives the Trustees much pleasure to state, that, by the recent appointment of Fire Commissioners, under the law passed by the legislature, at the last session, the Department has been benefited to an extent more favorable, than even its best friends could have hoped for. The Commissioners were elected in the month of May last, by the firemen themselves; and the effect of their decisions, unbiassed by political prejudices or pretensions, has effectually rid the Department of the riotous and disorderly, which has at this moment, placed it in a position not only worthy of its best days, but in strength, efficiency, discipline and good order, never before surpassed. This separation of the Department from the political action of the Common Council, we trust, will forever exclude the political and every other rioter from our ranks—as political influence can no longer embolden or protect them.

The law, also, requiring every fireman, when on duty, to wear either a badge or a fire-cap, and prohibiting any but firemen from wearing them, went into operation in the early part of the present month. The intention of the law is to keep all persons but firemen from the vicinity of fires; especially thieves, and other bad characters; for this, the law gives the police absolute power of arrest and expulsion, and it requires their active co-operation to carry it out; but it is to be regretted, that the police have not given that co-operation which the Department had a right to expect, and the orders of the Mayor, to that effect, are in a great measure disregarded. The members of this department will cheerfully sustain the police in the discharge of their duty; and it is to be hoped that if the latter fail, the former will not be held responsible for the acts of such thieves and vagabonds as the police may hereafter permit to prowl around the neighborhood of fires.

The Trustees would do injustice to their own feelings, as well as imperfectly discharge the duties assigned to them, if they failed to direct attention to the Charitable Fund, in its relation to the number and character of its beneficiaries, and its strong claims to the consideration of the benevolent. To visit the widow and fatherless in their affliction is enjoined upon all, by inspired authority, and this without limitation as to persons, or to the casualties by which they have been deprived of their natural protectors. But those who have been thrown upon the relief afforded by our fund, are the widows and orphans of our friends and associates; many of whom have been personally connected with us, as members of the Fire Department, all of whom have honorably discharged its duties. Surely their destitute wives and children make no common appeal, not merely to our sympathy, but to that of the community at large, who have received the benefit of their services. Other charities, in no sense more public in

their character than that of the Fire Department, have had their funds largely increased by direct appropriations from the legislature, and by frequent and large bequests of private individuals, and by the substantial results which have uniformly attended their appeals for aid, at meetings called for the purpose. In view of the increasing numbers of those who will be hereafter entitled to relief, the suggestion is worthy of consideration, whether a resort to some means which have proved so efficient heretofore in aid of our charity, might not be attended with corresponding results again. We live in a community distinguished for its many noble charities, and not accustomed to overlook the sick and destitute, the widow and the orphan, and the conviction is irresistible, that an additional appeal would strike a responsive chord in many hearts.

Suits have been commenced, and are still pending, against the following foreign insurance agents, for refusing to pay the tax for the benefit of this Department, passed by the Legislature, viz: Alfred Pell, the British agent and resident secretary of two English insurance companies—the one located in London, and the other in Liverpool; and yet the agent of these foreign companies, doing an immense business here, and dividing large profits among its foreign stockholders, and sharing in the ample protection of the Fire Department, refuses to comply with the provisions of a most just and righteous law, passed to aid the Fire Department of the city in support of their Widow and Orphans' Fund. The other delinquents, besides Alfred Pell, are Asa Bigelow and William Wright. All the other companies, with these exceptions, have faithfully complied with the law.

The Firemen's Ball Committee still continue their indefatigable exertions, and realized from their last annual ball, at the Academy of Music, the very large sum of three thousand nine hundred and fifty-six dollars and thirty-four cents, which was duly paid over to our Treasurer, and suitably acknowledged by him through the daily papers.

Handsome donations have been received from the editor of the New York Herald, and other public journals, for which the Department is under many obligations.

The terms of service of Peter H. Titus, John B. Peck and James Kelly, will expire this year; it will be necessary, therefore, to elect three Trustees, for three years each.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

By order of Board of Trustees,

Dec. 30, 1855. JAMES KELLY, *Secretary*.

PERSONS APPOINTED BELL RINGERS AT THE SEVERAL DISTRICT FIRE ALARM BELLS (EXEMPT FIREMEN.)

In pursuance of Ordinance of Common Council, approved October 15th, 1853.

City Hall Cupola.

George Bevins. Wm. F. Crumwell.
Jno. R. Hopper.

Essex Market Cupola.

Wm. A. Waterbury. —— Hempstead.
Wm. B. Belch.

Jefferson Market Cupola.

Wm. Y. Taft. Abm. D. Carlock.
John W. Stinman.

Union Market Cupola.

Charles Parks. Griffith Griffiths.
Thos. Megsore.

Bell Tower in Twenty-second Street.

John A. Forman. P. H. Waters.
W. W. Tinkler.

Bell Tower in Thirty-third Street.

Samuel H. Waugh. John H. Sleight.
Daniel Curry.

Bell Tower in Macdougal Street.

Napoleon Hayman. John Clements.
George Wiebelt.

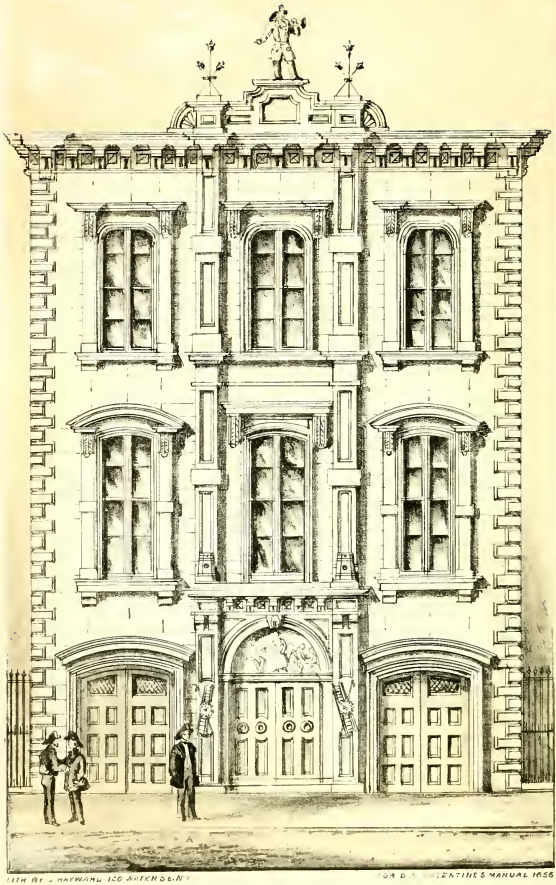
Bell Tower in One hundred and ninth Street.

Simon Pabor. Christian Seaman.
Wm. H. Ackerman.

Bell Tower in Marion Street.

David Fenton. Charles Bauleh.
John W. Garside.

Total Number..... 27



LITH BY J. HAYWARD, 100 NASSAU ST. N.Y. ON D... VALENTINE'S MANUAL 1856

FIREMAN'S HALL, MERCER ST. N.Y. 1856

FIREMEN'S HALL.

Description of the new Firemen's Hall, which is located on lots Nos. 127 and 129 Mercer street, which was formerly occupied by the old Firemen's Hall and the City Oil House, the general dimensions of which ars as follows:

The whole depth of the building from front to rear is ninety-five feet, and the breadth is forty-one feet. The whole height of the front elevation is fifty-five feet from the level of the sidewalk. The building is three stories high above the cellar. The first story, which is level with the sidewalk, and eleven feet in height, is appropriated for the use of New York hose company No. 5, and Lafayette hook and ladder company No. 6; the former on the south side, and the latter on the north side of the main entrance. Each company has fifteen by ninety feet, which is divided in three rooms, the front room for the apparatus, the centre room for their meetings, and the room in the rear for sitting and reading. The main entrance hall will be eight feet in width, and is divided from the stairs by a pair of folding-doors, which forms a large receiving vestibule.

The second story is thirty feet in height, and contains three rooms. One large room for the meetings of the representatives, the engineers and foremen, and the Exempt Firemen's Association. This room is thirty-eight feet wide and seventy-one feet deep. It is well ventilated, having large windows on all sides, and the side wall recedes from the adjoining buildings three feet. On each side of the stairway is a room fifteen feet by twenty feet, for committee rooms.

The third story is fifteen feet in height, and contains the same number of rooms and of the same size as the second story. The large room is used for a library and reading room, and the small rooms for the librarian and committees. All the rooms above the first story are heated with hot air furnaces.

The front of the building is of Connecticut brown stone, cut in the best manner. The style of architecture is Italian, or in other words a composition of Greek and Roman details applied by the Italians to modern building. The two outer angles are formed with rusticated quoins. The doors and windows are trimmed with architraves, pilasters and cornices, supported on ornamental brackets. Two vertical lines of pilasters extend the height of the elevation on each side of the entrance doorway and the centre windows. Upon the face of these antes on the first story is cut in relief the emblems of the Fire Department, such as hooks and ladders, torches, axes, trumpets, &c., and the tops of these antes are surmounted with a fire-hydrant. The name of the building, Firemens' Hall, is cut on the stone over the second story windows. The main corner of the front is

an elaborate pattern, and is supported by heavy truss brackets. On the top of the cornice is a blocking course with three pedestals, the two side ones surmounted with a cluster of torches, and the centre one with the full size statue of a fireman—the same one who stood sentry so many years in front of the old hall. In a semi-circle arch over the front entrance door is carved in bas-relief the figures of Protection and Benevolence, as represented on the initiation certificate of the New York Fire Department; and upon the key-stone of the arch is cut a full size fire cap. The whole building is constructed in the most substantial manner. The cellar wall is twenty-eight inches thick, the first story walls twenty inches thick, and the second and third story walls sixteen inches thick. The floor-beams of the third story are supported by five massive iron girders, twenty-four inches wide, resting on and anchored in the side walls, and which are to support the ceiling of the representatives hall, which has a space of thirty-eight feet, and is most beautifully ornamented with stucco work.

The plans for the building were drawn under the direction of Mr. James L. Miller, the chairman of the building committee from the Board of Representatives, by Messrs. Field & Correja, architects, the same gentlemen to whom was awarded the first premium for the plans of the new City Hall, by the unanimous vote of the Common Council Committee.

The whole cost of the building, which was paid for by the city, (and the estimates were advertised for, and awarded to the lowest bidder,) is as follows:

Messrs. Platt & Fisher, for the mason work, $13,311.

Messrs. James L. Miller & Co., for the carpenter work, $11,500.

Total, $34,811.

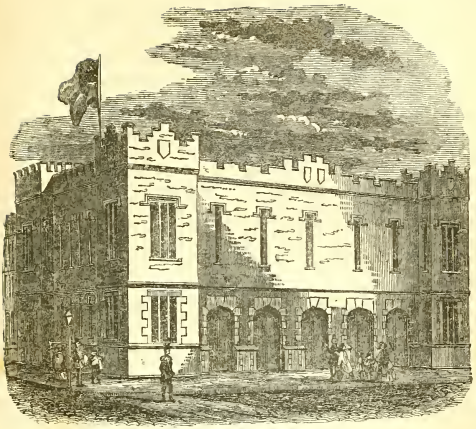
The stone cutting was sub-contracted to Messrs. Gayette & M'Garigal, two enterprising young firemen, who have been but a short time in business, but who have already given evidence of their superior ability on several engine and hose houses recently erected.

The iron work is from the works of Messrs. Cornell; the painting by Mr. James Gilmore; the carved work by Mr. Dewitt C. Mott, and the ornamental plastering by Mr. Martin.

All of the above gentlemen are connected with the Fire Department of this city, and each one of them endeavored to excel the other in the superior manner in which the work was executed in their respective branches.

The building committee from the Board of Representatives consisted of

Messrs. James L. Miller,
James F. Wenman,
William D. Wade,
John S. Belcher,
James Donahue.



THE NEW ARMORY, OR DOWN-TOWN ARSENAL.

This edifice is situated on the corner of White and Elm streets. It is one hundred and thirty-one feet on White street, and eighty-four feet on Elm street. It is built of blue stone, only two stories high, the first being thirteen feet, and the second thirty feet high. The windows are very narrow, being only eighteen inches wide, so that in case of an assault by a mob outside, the building could be defended with success by fifty men. The first floor is used as a gun room and meeting room, the second as a drill room, and a rendezvous in case of a riot. The style is Gothic, and on the three corners of the building are situated towers; there are five doors on White street and one on Elm, which are made of boiler iron. It is built on piles driven into the ground. This building is used as a receptacle for a portion of the artillery of the first division of the New York State Militia. It is a very handsome building, and is constructed on the very best plan for defence. On the centre of the roof will be erected a large flag staff, by which communication from this building and the arsenal uptown may be carried on by signal telegraph.

NEW YORK CITIZEN SOLDIERY.

FIRST DIVISION NEW YORK STATE MILITIA.

CHARLES W. SANDFORD, *Major General Commanding.*

FIRST BRIGADE.

Commanded by Brigadier General CHAS. B. SPICER.

	Men.
First Regiment, Colonel Ryer	279
Second Regiment, Colonel Bogart	519
Third Regiment, Colonel Postley	635
Seventy-first Regiment, Colonel Vosburgh	391
Seventy-third Regiment (on Staten Island), Colonel Osgood	267
Veteran Corps Artillery, Captain Richard Raynor	81

SECOND BRIGADE.

Commanded by Brigadier General CHAS. YATES.

Fourth Regiment, Colonel Hincken	308
Fifth Regiment, Colonel Schwarswaelder	567
Sixth Regiment, Colonel Pinckney	302

THIRD BRIGADE.

Commanded by Brigadier General WM. HALL.

Seventh Regiment, Colonel Duryee	643
Eighth Regiment, Colonel Lyons	400
Ninth Regiment, Colonel Pitkin	600

FOURTH BRIGADE.

Commanded by Brigadier General JOHN EWEN.

Tenth Regiment, Colonel Halsey	290
Eleventh Regiment, Colonel Van Buren	508
Twelfth Regiment, Colonel R. French	667
Sixty-ninth Regiment, Colonel J. J. Ryan	329
Total	6786
Infantry	3906
Cavalry	1291
Artillery	1589
Total	6786

FINANCIAL TABLES.

Expenditures and Receipts of City Government, from January 1st to December 31st, 1855.

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	EXPENDITURES.	RECEIPTS.
Alms-house	$613,450 00	
Aqueduct Repairs	19,994 55	
Battery Enlargement	5,964 00	
Board of Health	5,130 44	$768 64
City Inspector's Department	64,761 01	
Coroners' Fees	21,537 21	
Cleaning Corporation Docks and Slips	18,787 78	
County Contingencies	118,170 63	3,686 57
Contingent Expenses of Common Council	39,387 51	
Cleaning Streets	278,262 42	4,745 12
Donations	52,624 78	148 22
Elections	15,667 39	72 75
Errors and Delinquencies	4,638 69	181 95
Fire Department	75,221 60	1,496 56
Interest on Revenue Bonds	237,347 73	
Interest on Assessment Bonds	16,173 21	
Intestate Estates	937 91	7,048 55
Lamps and Gas	330,101 93	5 00
Lands and Places	17,965 18	
Markets	7,000 00	
Police	812,559 27	103 42
Police Fire Telegraph	4,865 44	
Roads and Eighth avenue	1,964 11	
Printing	94,174 10	85 31
Repairs and Supplies	162,828 08	
Rents	19,265 16	
Real Estate	22,925 00	
Roads and Avenues	49,967 97	320 13
Real Estate Expenses	13,093 61	
Stationery	19,899 88	
Deghue or Belgian Pavement	113,563 72	
Street Expenses	80,520 70	
Removing Sunken Vessels	1,396 00	
Sewers, Repairing and Cleaning	16,179 45	27,251 20
Salaries	331,817 68	863 31
Statistical Tables	1,500 00	4 00
Officer's Fees	39,544 21	1,631 84
Water Pipes	119,719 24	
Docks and Slips, (new work)	28,657 52	7,175 90
Docks and Slips, (repairs)	26,587 78	
New York Juvenile Asylum	30,526 70	
Carried forward	$3,956,144 29	$55,588 47

Expenditures and Receipts on Trust and Special Accounts, from January 1st to December 31st, 1855.

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	EXPENDITURES.	RECEIPTS.
Brought forward	$3,956,144 29	$55,588 47
Revenue Bonds of 1854	3,569,009 00	
Revenue Bonds of 1855	1,984,300 00	5,584,900 00
Assessment Bonds of 1854	165,000 00	
Assessment Bonds of 1855	205,500.00	1,170,800 00
Moneys refunded on Sales for Taxes	554 06	
Moneys refunded on Assessment Sales	3,755 96	5,144 17
Charges on Arrears of Taxes	1,474 90	607 75
Fencing Vacant Lots	1,909 83	505 06
Interest on Assessments	9,052 00	30,967 56
Streets Opening	1,204,236 80	817,481 98
Streets Paving	1,174,580 36	781,847 26
Wells and Pumps	895 00	501 83
City Inspector's Liens on Lots	1,032 55	12,278 05
Common Schools for State	161,968 05	
Common Schools out of Levy	956,000 00	37,063 62
State Mill Tax	346,678 16	
Building Loan Stock, No. 2	50,000 00	
Croton Water Extension and Construction	170,325 27	
County Clerk's Office	21,640 71	14,390 84
Surrogate's Office	12,543 20	14,926 20
Superior Court	7,535 92	7,687 77
Common Pleas	11,720 66	5,125 03
Union Market	20,159 90	
Census of 1855	17,462 08	
Commissioners of Record	50,000 00	
Reimbursement to City Treasury	11,375 00	
Taxes of 1854, and previous		549,627 97
Taxes of 1855		4,729,868 52
Interest on Tax of 1854, and previous		52,127 03
Interest on Tax of 1855		5,907 70
Collecting Fee, State Mill Tax		17,333 90
Public Building Stock, No. 3		100,000 00
Building Loan Stock, No. 4		40,000 00
Dividend on Bank Stock		140 00
Charges on Arrears of Assessments		966 00
Catharine Market	5,764 00	
Firemens' Hall	6,511 00	
	$14,117,987 60	$14,035,586 67

Appropriations, Expenditures and Receipts of City Government, from January 1st to December 31st, 1855.

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	APPROPRIATIONS.	EXPENDITURES.	RECEIPTS.
Alms-house	$613,450 00	$613,450 00	
Aqueduct Repairs	20,000 00	19,994 55	
Battery Enlargement	25,000 00	5,964 00	
Board of Health	10,000 00	5,130 44	768 64
City Inspector's Department	60,000 00	64,761 01	
Coroners' Fees	22,625 44	21,537 21	
Clean'g Cor'n Docks & Slips	6,000 00	18,787 78	
County Contingencies	120,000 00	118,170 63	3,686 57
Contingent Exp. C. Council	38,000 00	39,387 51	
Cleaning Streets	278,278 00	278,262 42	4,745 12
Donations	49,150 00	52,624 75	148 22
Elections	18,000 00	15,667 39	72 75
Errors and Delinquencies	5,000 00	4,638 39	181 95
Fire Department	75,000 00	75,221 60	1,496 56
Interest on Revenue Bonds	231,766 91	237,347 73	
Interest on Assessment Bonds	30,000 00	16,173 21	
Intestate Estates	3,000 00	937 91	7,048 55
Lamps and Gas	330,380 00	330,101 93	5 00
Lands and Places	18,000 00	17,965 18	
Markets	7,000 00	7,000 00	
Mayoralty Fees	150 00		
Police	819,400 00	812,559 27	103 42
Police Fire Telegraph	5,000 00	4,865 54	
Roads and Eighth avenue	8,717 29	1,694 11	
Printing	93,924 05	94,174 10	85 31
Repairs and Supplies	100,000 00	162,828 00	
Public Build'gs contracted for	44,000 00	21,734 00	
Rents	20,000 00	19,265 16	
Real Estate	25,000 00	21,925 00	
Roads and Avenues	50,000 00	49,967 97	320 13
Real Estate Expenses	133,557 30	13,093 61	
Stationery	20,000 00	19,899 88	
Deghue or Belgian pavement	165,000 00	115,564 72	
Street Expenses	25,000 00	80,520 70	
Repairing Streets by contract	50,000 00		
Removing Sunken Vessels	2,000 00	1,396 00	
Sewers, Repair'g and Clean'g	17,000 00	16,179 45	27,251 20
Salaries	332,000 00	331,817 68	863 31
Statistical Tables	1,500 00	1,500 00	
Officers' Fees	40,000 00	39,544 21	4 00
Water Pipes	123,500 00	119,719 24	1,631 84
Docks and Slips, (new work)	100,000 00	28,657 52	7,175 90
Docks and Slips, (repairs)	20,000 00	26,587 71	
N. Y. Juvenile Asylum	35,500 00	30,526 70	
Totals		$3,934,410 29	$55,588 47

Appropriations, Expenditures and Receipts on Special Accounts, from January 1st to December 31st, 1855.

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	APPROPRIATIONS.	EXPENDITURES.	RECEIPTS.
Revenue Bonds of 1854	$3,692,009 00	$3,569,009 00	
Revenue Bonds of 1855	650,000 00	1,984,300 00	$5,584,900 00
Assessment Bonds of 1854	370,800 00	{ 165,300 00 { 205,500 00	1,170,800,00
Moneys Refunded on Sales for Taxes	3,000 00	554 06	
Moneys Refunded on Assessment Sales	5,000 00	3,765 90	
Charges on Arrears of Taxes	2,000 00	1,474 50	607 75
Fencing Vacant Lots	2,000 00	1,909 83	505 06
Closing Assessment Contracts	100,000 00		
Interest on Assessments	20,000 00	9,052 00	30,967 56
Streets Opening	1,251,600 00	1,204,236 80	817,481 98
Streets Paving	1,498,300 00	1,174,580 36	781,847 26
Wells and Pumps	1,000 00	895 00	301 83
City Inspector's Lien on Lots	5,000 00	1,032 55	12,278 05
Common Schools for State	161,968 05	161,968 05	
Common Schools out of Levy	956,000 00	956,000 00	37,063 62
State Mill Tax	346,678 20	346,678 16	
Building Loan Stock, No. 2	50,000 00	50,000 00	
Croton Water Extension and Construction	215,500 00	170,325 27	
County Clerk's Office	20,000 00	21,649 91	14,390 80
Surrogate's Office	13,820 00	12,543 20	14,926 20
Superior Court	7,000 00	7,535 92	7,687 77
Common Pleas	7,000 00	11,720 66	5,125 03
Union Market	34,840 00	20,159 00	
Census of 1855	20,000 00	17,462 00	
Commissioners of Record	50,000 00	50,090 00	
Reinburs't to County Treas'y	11,375 00	11,375 00	
Catharine Market	36,980 00	5,764 00	
Firemens' Hall	24,810 00	6,511 00	
Totals		$10,171,302 31	$8,484,627 08

Permanent City Debt, redeemable from the Sinking Fund, January 1st, 1856.

5 per cent.	Water Stock, redeemable	January 1, 1858.....	$3,000,000 00
5 "	" " " "	January 1, 1860.....	2,500,000 00
5 "	" " " "	Nov. 1, 1870.....	3,000,000 00
5 "	" " " "	July 12, 1875.....	255,600 00
5 "	" " " "	Nov. 1, 1880.....	2,147,000 00
5 & 6 "	Croton Water Stock "	February 1, 1890.....	1,000,000 00
7 "	Water Loan Stock "	February 1, 1857.....	990,488 00
5 "	Public Building " "	May 6, 1856.....	515,000 00
5 "	Fire Indemnity " "	May 10, 1868.....	402,768 00
5 "	Building Loan " "	Nov. 1, 1870.....	75,000 00
5 "	" " " No. 3 "	Nov. 1, 1873.....	115,000 00
	Total Amount January 1st, 1856.....		$14,000,856 00
	LESS		
	Amount of Corporation Stocks and Bonds held by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund on account of Redemption of City Debt....	$4,459,654 00	
	Bonds and Mortgages held as above.....	913,682 96	
	Balance in Bank, January 1st, 1856.....	221,383 01	$5,594,719 97
	Actual amount of Permanent Debt, January 1,1856		$8,406,136 03
	Which is a decrease, as compared with the amount of Debt January 1st, 1855, of.....	$383,411 35	

Funded Debt redeemable from Taxation, January 1st, 1856.

This debt is payable, with the exception of the Public Education Stock, in annual instalments of $50,000, as follows:

6 per cent.	Building Loan Stock No. 2...due February 1,	1856	$50,000
5 "	Public Building Stock, No. 3. due Novemb'r 1,	1857	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1858	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1859	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1860	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1861	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1862	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1863	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1864	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1865	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1866	50,000
5 "	N. Y. City Stocks for Docks and Slips "	1867	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1868	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1869	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1870	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1871	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1872	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1873	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1874	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1875	50,000
5 "	" " " " "	1876	50,000
5 "	*Public Education Stock.....	due May 1873	154,000
	Total amount January 1st, 1856.....		$1,204,000

* The sum of $4,657 36 is to be raised by Tax annually, for twenty years, commencing with the year 1854, to constitute a fund for the redemption of the Public Education Stock, when it becomes due.

Stocks and Securities held by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, for the Redemption of the City Debt, January 1, 1856.

5 per cent.	Water Stock, redeemable in	1858	$108,780 00
5 "	" " "	1860	340,001 00
5 "	" " "	1870	81,545 00
5 "	" " "	1875	55,600 00
5 "	" " "	1880	2,087,025 00
5&6 "	Croton Water Stock, redeemable in	1890	500,000 00
5 "	Public Building " "	1856	31,175 00
5 "	Fire Indemnity " "	1868	169,268 00
5 "	Public Building " No. 3, "	1863-1866	200,000 00
5 "	Building Loan " No. 4, "	1873	40,000 00
5 "	Public Education " "	1873	104,000 00
	Total Amount of Stocks, Janunry 1, 1856		$3,717,394 00
	Revenue and Assessment Bonds of 1855		742,260 00
	Bonds and Mortgages taken on sales of Real Estate, &c		903,682 96
	Bond of Hudson River Railroad Company		10,000 00
	Balance in Bank, January 1, 1856		221,383 01
	*Total Stocks and Securities, January 1, 1856		$5,594,719 97

* In addition to these Assets and the Annual Revenues, by law appropriated to this fund, the Real Estate belonging to the Corporation, estimated as worth (exclusive of the Croton Aqueduct and Reservoirs,) more than twenty-two millions of dollars.

Treasury Loan Account, 1855.

Revenue Bonds of 1855, issued in anticipation of the Revenues of the year ending December 31, 1855, and bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum	$5,084,900 00
Temporary Loan, at 7 per cent	500,000 00
Total Amount of Loans for the year 1855	$5,584,900 00

There have been paid off during the same period, as follows, viz:

Revenue Bonds of 1854, at 5 per cent	$511,000 00	
" " 1854, at 6 "	366,000 00	
" " 1854, at 7 "	2,692,009 00	
		3,569,009 00
" " 1855, at 6 "		1,484,300 00
Temporary Loan " 7 "		500,000 00
Total Amount of Loans paid off in the year 1855		$5,553,309 00

Receipts of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, for the Redemption of the City Debt, for the year 1855.

Received from Butchers' Stands		$15,236 00
" Bonds and Mortgages		29,995 43
" Corporation Counsel (Real Estate)		3,510 89
" Commutation of Water Lot Rents		1,629 35
" Fire Loan Property		1,475 00
" Interest on Stocks		179,200 68
" Interest on Bonds		49,261 68
" Licenses from Clerk of Common Council		36,458 75
" Market Fees		70,665 07
" Market Cellar Rents		16,188 35
" Real Estate		26,158 00
" Revenue Bonds		810,000 00
" Street Vaults		11,529 73
" Water Lot Rents		63 68
Check for Advertising returned		3 78
Total Receipts for year 1855		$1,251,376 39
Balance in Bank, January 1, 1855		17,403 23
		$1,268,779 62

Investments and Payments during the year 1855.

Invested in Revenue Bonds of the city of N.Y.	$625,550 00	
" Assessment " " "	116,710 00	
" City Stocks	275,105 00	
Paid for Assessed Value of Buildings in Brooklyn	20,080 58	
" Advertising and Posting Notices	2,221 78	
" Surveys and Maps	675 00	
" Assessment on lots at Manhattanville	644 00	
" Appraisers	231 00	
" Salary of Clerk	300 00	
" Recording Deeds	10 45	
Refunded on account of Sales of Lots in Central Park	5,634 55	
Refunded on account of Property leased at Auction	224 25	
		1,047,396 61
Balance in Bank, January 1, 1856		$221,383 61

Receipts of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, for Payments of Interest on City Debt, for the year 1855.

Received from Croton Water Rents		$708,806 43
" Fines and Penalties		10,067 80
" Interest on Bonds and Mortgages		35,054 05
" Interest on Revenue Bonds		20,739 72
" Justices' Courts		10,901 46
" Marine Court		8,829 36
" Mayoralty Fees		408 00
" Police Courts		3,611 84
" Rents on Real Estate		322,227 81
" Revenue Bonds		600,000 00
" Licenses, from First Marshal		12,480 50
Total Amount of Receipts for year 1855		$1,733,126 97
Balance in Bank, January 1, 1855		316,940 33
		$2,050,067 30
Investments and Payments during the year 1855.		
Invested in Revenue Bonds of the city of New York	$600,000 00	
Paid Interest on City Stocks	778,802 56	
" for preparing Returns of Arrears of Water Rents	102 00	
" for Advertising and Posting Notices	980 69	
Refunded amount paid for forfeited recognizances	400 00	
Refunded on account of Water Rents paid in error	14 05	
		1,380,299 30
*Balance in Bank, January 1, 1856		$669,768 00

* In addition to this Cash Balance, the Commissioners have invested $600,000 on account of this Fund in Revenue Bonds of the city of New York, payable in 1856.

Loans for Payments of Assessments, 1855.

Assessment Bonds issued in anticipation of Assessments confirmed by the Common Council, during the year ending December 31, 1855, viz:	$1,170,800 00
There have been paid off during the same period, as follows, viz:	
Assessment Bonds of 1851, at 7 per cent	$100,000 00
" " 1855, at 6 "	270,800 00
Total Amount paid off in the year 1855	$370,800 00

Expenditures and Receipts on account of Public Building Stock No. 3, (for the Erection and Repairs of Public Buildings,) during the year 1855.

Advance from Treasury, January 1, 1855, (corrected)	$93,843 15
Paid on account of Rebuilding Union Market	20,159 00
" " " Catharine Market	5,764 00
" " Building Firemen's Hall	6,511 00
Total Expenditures	$126,277 15

RECEIPTS.

Proceeds of $100,000 Stock, issued May 1, 1855	100,000 00
Treasury advance, January 1, 1856	$26,277 15

A Statement of Valuation of Property in the City and County of New York, from 1805 to 1825, both inclusive.

DATE.	VALUATION.	CITY AND COUNTY TAX.	STATE TAX.	TOTAL OF CITY AND STATE TAX.	CENTS.	DOLLS.
1805..	$25,645,867	$127,094 87	.....	.....	50	per 100
1806..	26,529,630	127,814 97	.....	.....	48½	"
1807..	24,959,955	129,155 09	.....	.....	52	"
1808..	25,118,720	138,984 18	.....	.....	55	"
1809..	24,782,267	139,027 39	.....	.....	56	"
1810..	25,486,370	129,727 15	.....	.....	51	"
1811..	26,045,730	176,978 25	.....	.....	68	"
1812..	26,240,040	174,920 17	.....	.....	67	"
1813..	27,650,230	174,727 94	.....	.....	63	"
1814..	28,091,497	214,225 09	.....	.....	26	"
1815..	81,636,042	197,613 38	$163,372 08	$361,285 46	44½	"
1816..	82,074,200	180,652 94	164,148 50	344,802 44	42	"
1817..	78,895,735	216,720 44	157,591 27	374,311 71	47	"
1818..	80,251,091	255,740 79	80,254 09	335,994 88	42	"
1819..	79,113,061	250,140 21	79,113 61	329,253 82	41½	"
1820..	69,530,753	270,361 19	69,530 75	339,891 94	49	"
1821..	68,285,070	299,430 30	68,285 07	367,715 37	49½	"
1822..	71,285,144	303,105 61	71,289 14	374,397 75	52½	"
1823..	70,940,820	351,814 36	70,940 80	422,755 16	59½	"
1824..	83,075,676	353,329 89	41,537 84	394,857 73	47½	"
1825..	101,160,046	336,868 82	50,580 03	387,448 85	38¾	"

Statement of the Value of Real and Personal Estate in the City and County of New York, with the amount raised by Tax, from the year 1826 *to* 1855, *both inclusive.*

DATE.	VALUE OF REAL ESTATE.	VALUE OF PERSONAL ESTATE.	TOTAL VALUE, REAL & PERSONAL.	AMOUNT RAISED BY TAX.
1826.....	$84,804,050	$42,434,981	$107,238,931	$383,758 89
1827.....	72,617,770	39,594,156	112,211,926	437,692 02
1828.....	77,138,880	36,879,633	114,019,533	485,751 72
1829.....	76,130,430	35,672,636	111,803,066	507,107 24
1830.....	87,603,580	37,684,938	125,288,518	509,178 44
1831.....	95,594,335	41,966,194	137,560,259	562,104 05
1832.....	104,160,605	40,741,723	144,902,328	665,385 74
1833.....	114,124,566	52,366,976	166,491,542	971,854 61
1834.....	123,249,280	63,299,231	186,548,511	835,605 49
1835.....	143,742,425	74,991,278	218,723,703	965,602 94
1836.....	233,732,303	75,758,617	309,500,920	1,085,130 44
1837.....	196,450,109	67,297,241	263,747,350	1,244,972 15
1838.....	194,543,359	69,609,582	264,152,941	1,486,993 73
1839	196,940,134	73,920,885	270,869,019	1,352,826 51
1840.....	187,221,714	65,011,801	252,233,515	1,354,835 29
1841.....	186,359,948	64,843,972	251,194,920	1,394,136 65
1842.....	176,513,092	61,292,559	237,805,651	2,031,382 66
1843.....	164,955,314	64,274,765	229,229,079	1,747,516 59
1844.....	171,937,591	64,789,552	236,727,143	1,988,818 56
1845.....	177,207,990	62,787,527	239,995,517	2,096,191 18
1846.....	183,480,534	61,471,470	244,952,004	2,526,146 71
1847.....	187,315,386	59,837,913	247,153,299	2,581,776 30
1848.....	193,029,076	61,161,447	254,163,523	2,715,510 25
1849.....	197,741,919	58,455,224	256,197,143	3,005,762 52
1850.....	207,142,576	78,919,240	286,061,816	3,230,085 02
1851.....	227,015,856	93,095,001	320,110,857	2,924,455 94
1852.....	253,278,384	98,490,042	351,768,426	3,380,511 05
1853.....	294,637,296	118,994,137	413,631,382	5,066,698 74
1854.....	330,300,396	131,721,338	462,021,734	4,845,386 07
1855.....	336,975,866	150,022,412	486,998,278	

Receipts and Expenditures on account of Building Loan Stock Nos. 3 & 4, *(for the erection of Work house Buildings,) for the year* 1855.

RECEIPTS.

Proceeds of $40,000 Stock, issued May 1, 1855.....	$40,000 00

EXPENDITURES.

Treasury Advance, January 1, 1855	35,497 55
Due from Treasury, January 1, 1856.....	$4,502 50

Relative value of the Real and Personal Estate in the City and County of New York, as assessed in 1854 and 1855.

WARDS.	ASSESSMENTS OF 1854.		ASSESSMENTS OF 1855.		TOTAL.		INCREASE.		DECREASE.	
	REAL ESTATE.	PERSONAL ESTATE.	REAL ESTATE.	PERSONAL ESTATE.	1854.	1855.	REAL ESTATE.	PERSONAL ESTATE.	REAL ESTATE.	PERSONAL ESTATE.
1	$35,669,850 00	$53,814,227 34	$35,975,750 00	$55,177,896 89	$89,484,077 34	$91,153,646 89	$305,900 00	$1,363,669 55		
2	23,215,107 50	6,320,144 86	22,448,157 00	5,118,630 13	29,535,252 36	27,566,787 13			$766,950 50	$1,201,514 73
3	20,931,800 00	9,399,744 75	21,745,650 00	8,420,022 47	30,331,544 75	30,165,672 47	813,850 00			979,722 28
4	9,176,129 00	1,669,672 00	9,378,970 00	1,644,430 00	10,845,792 00	11,023,400 00	202,850 00			25,242 00
5	13,551,850 00	2,518,103 00	13,865,300 00	2,150,553 00	16,069,953 00	16,015,853 00	313,450 00			367,550 00
6	9,591,900 00	2,170,369 97	9,506,550 00	1,700,357 70	11,765,209 97	11,206,907 70			88,350 00	469,952 27
7	12,247,474 00	3,521,484 62	12,475,958 00	3,185,516 12	15,771,918 62	15,661,474 12	228,524 00			338,968 50
8	15,153,160 00	2,045,960 00	15,251,500 00	1,823,726 00	17,199,060 00	17,075,226 00	98,400 00			222,234 00
9	13,384,350 00	2,255,799 38	13,767,700 00	2,602,804 20	15,643,149 38	16,370,504 20	383,350 00	344,064 82		
10	7,993,000 00	1,153,000 00	8,144,400 00	1,121,385 11	9,152,000 00	9,265,785 11	145,400 00			31,614 89
11	7,350,400 00	589,554 75	7,564,700 00	521,987 46	7,731,254 75	8,086,687 46	214,000 00	141,432 71		
12	8,741,551 67	843,100 00	8,462,635 00	905,800 00	9,592,651 00	9,368,435 00		57,700 00	281,916 00	
13	5,068,459 05	674,558 23	5,093,991 00	740,664 92	5,743,208 23	5,834,655 92	25,341 00	66,106 69		
14	9,674,600 00	2,230,507 93	9,875,300 00	2,319,645 23	11,966,507 93	12,194,945 23	201,300 00	27,137 30		
15	24,694,600 00	17,245,803 36	25,357,350 00	20,042,047 00	42,549,393 36	45,399,397 00	663,350 00	2,186,653 64		
16	14,263,150 00	2,508,222 82	14,871,850 00	2,602,800 00	16,898,372 82	17,474,650 00	603,700 00			27,422 82
17	15,463,903 00	3,196,470 21	15,562,400 00	4,798,230 00	18,320,074 21	20,360,630 00	398,496 00	1,642,059 79		
18	30,431,800 00	1,444,085 00	31,921,405 00	14,296,650 00	43,905,885 00	46,218,055 00	1,489,605 00	822,565 00		
19	9,364,645 00	370,000 00	9,382,886 00	137,000 00	9,755,645 00	9,519,886 00	18,241 00			254,000 00
20	13,291,600 00	557,500 00	13,933,900 00	445,200 00	13,879,100 00	14,379,100 00	642,300 00			142,300 00
21	20,132,095 00	4,203,500 00	21,796,375 00	5,037,700 00	24,335,595 00	26,834,075 00	1,664,280 00	833,900 00		
22	11,456,825 00	553,000 00	10,593,139 00	738,175 90	11,809,846 00	11,331,314 90		385,175 90	863,700 00	
Non-residents,				14,491,130 00		14,491,130 00		14,491,130 00		
	$330,564,452 50	$151,721,338 22	$336,975,866 00	$150,022,412 13	$462,285,790 72	$486,998,278 13	$8,412,337 00	$22,361,595 40	$2,000,923 50	$4,060,521 49
						Loss Decrease,			3,919,524 38	
						Total Increase,			$24,712,487 41	

Total Valuation in County,.....$486,998,278 13
" " " Lamp District,..... 466,697,217 23
" " south of Forty-second street,..... 458,624,502 23

FERRY RENT.

LESSEE.	LOCATION.	RENT.	EXPIRES.
S. Bowne & Son..... } Jos. Smith & Bulkley }	Catharine st., East river	$16,000 00	1863
H. F. & S. Blackwell..	Hell Gate.....	190 00	1857
Fulton Ferry Company	Fulton & Whitehall sts.	35,000 00	1861
W'msburgh Ferry Co..	Grand st. and Peck slip	5,000 00	1859
Houston st. Ferry Co..	Houston st. Ferry Co..	6,500 00	1863
ersey City Ferry Co..	Cortlandt street.....	5,750 00	1856
C.,R.L.&E.A.Stevens	Barclay street, N. R...	100 09	1847
" "	Hoboken street.....	600 00	1860
" "	Christopher st., N. R..	350 00	1862
Ex'rs of J. G. Coster. } Jos. Smith & Bulkley }	Gouverneur slip, E. R.	1,050 00	1856
A. H. Schultz.....	Green Point & 14th st.	200 00	1865
C. Vanderbilt.....	Staten Island.....	1,000 00	1865
S. V. D. Laing.....	39th street, North river	100 00	1862
John H. Martine.....	Roosevelt street.....	3,000 00	1867
St. Patrick's Cathedral	23d street, East river..	100 00	1863
Berry & Hicks.....	{ Pier 35, East river to Williamsburgh }	3,000 00	1868
J. H. Youmans.....	North half pier 45, E.R.	1,250 00	1859
Henry Conklin.....	{ 86th st., N. R., and Bull's Ferry..... }	{ 1st 5 years. 100 00 2d 5 years. 200 00 }	Rent to commence 1 ye'r after 86th st. is regulated.
Jacob Sharpe.....	Wall street.....	20,000 00	*1862
Pavonia Ferry Co.....	{ Chambers street & Pavonia avenue.. }	9,000 00	1864

*Rent of Wall street ferry to commence fifteen months from July 1, 1852.

Real Estate in use by Fire Department.

		Estimated value.
No.	24 Beaver street, near Broad	$15,000
"	74 Cedar street, near Nassau	3,000
"	176 Cedar street, near Washington	1,500
"	5 Duane street, near William	4,000
	West Broadway, corner of North Moore street	3,500
"	5 Jackson street	3,000
"	189 Madison street, near Rutgers	3,500
	Gouverneur street, near Henry	3,000
"	127 & 129 Mercer street, near Prince, (Firemen's Hall)	35,000
"	99 Wooster, near Prince	7,000
	Horatio street, near Prince	4,000
"	107 Barrow street, near Bedford	3,000
"	91 Ludlow street	3,500
"	101 Hester street, near Eldridge	3,500
"	49 Chrystie street	4,000
	Eldridge street, near Walker, two lots	5,000
"	92 Houston street	5,000
	Tenth street, near Avenue D	1,000
"	707 Fourth street	5,000
	Lawrence street, near Tenth avenue, Manhattanville	1,000
"	47 Marion street	6,000
"	174 Mulberry street	4,000
"	132 Amity street	6,000
"	225 Seventeenth street, near Ninth avenue	5,000
"	165 West Twentieth street	3,500
	Twenty-fourth street, near Seventh avenue	3,000
"	199 Chrystie street, near Stanton	6,000
	Thirteenth street, south side, between Third and Fourth avenues	5,000
	Twenty-second street, near Second avenue, three lots	10,000
"	1006 Broadway, near Twenty-sixth street	5,000
	Twenty-fifth street, near Third avenue	3,000
	Thirty-third street, between Third and Fourth avenues	2,000
	Third avenue, corner of Eighty-fifth street	6,000
	Sixty-eighth street, north side, between Tenth avenue and Bloomingdale road	1,000
"	152 Norfolk street, between Houston and Stanton	5,000
"	118 Sullivan street	6,500
	Tenth avenue, between One hundred and fifty-fourth and One hundred and fifty-fifth streets	1,200
	Third avenue, between Avenue D and Lewis street	3,300
	Thirteenth street, between Greenwich and Seventh avenues	7,000
"	223 Twelfth street	6,000

	Estimated value.
Thirteenth street, between Avenues B and C	$4,000
Twenty-seventh street, bet. Ninth and Tenth avenues	4,000
" 131 Christopher street, near Hudson	2,000
" 19 Elizabeth street	8,000
Elm street, near Broome	6,000
Eighty-second street, south side, between Third and Fourth avenues	1,000
Fourth avenue, between One hundred and twenty-sixth and One hundred and twenty-seventh streets	5,000
Henry street, near Gouverneur	8,000
One hundred and twenty-second street, near Third avenue	2,500
One hundred and twenty-first street, near Third avenue	1,000
Forty-seventh street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues	3,000
Fiftieth street, near Third avenue	5,000
Thirty-first street, near Seventh avenue	3,000
Thirty-third street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues	3,000
" 6 Norfolk street	6,000
Fifty-eighth street, near Third avenue	5,566
" 179 Church street	9,500
" 115 Christopher street, between Bleecker and Hudson	4,000
" 22 Eldridge street, (jail)	7,000
" 40 Fifth street, between Second and Third avenues	1,066
Houston street, north side, between Lewis and Columbia	1,500
Total	$298,800

Public Parks.

	Estimated value.
Bowling Green, foot of Broadway	$135,000 00
Battery, fronting the harbor, foot of Broadway	3,000,000 00
Castle Garden	100,000 00
Park, bounded by Broadway, Chatham and Chambers streets	3,000,000 00
Buildings in the Park	000,000 00
Duane Park	15,000 00
Park at Cross, Anthony and Little Water streets	15,000 00
Washington square, bounded by Waverley place and Fourth, Macdougal and Wooster streets	816,000 00
Abingdon square, bounded by Hudson street, Eighth avenue and Troy street	12,000 00
Triangular Park, Fourth, Christopher and Grove streets	15,000 00
Central Park, Fifty-ninth and One hundred and sixth streets, Fifth and Eighth avenues	5,111,526 30
Union Park, bounded by Fourth and Fifth avenues, and Fourteenth and Seventeenth streets	504,000 00

Tompkins square, bounded by Avenues A and B, and Seventh and Tenth streets	337,000 00
Stuyvesant square	196,000 00
Madison square, bounded by Fourth and Fifth avenues, and Twenty-third and Twenty-sixth streets	520,000 00
Triangular Park, bounded by Fifth avenue, Broadway and Twenty-fifth street	10,000 00
Reservoir square	150,000 00
Manhattan square	88,000 00
Hamilton square, Yorkville	97,000 00
Mount Morris square	40,000 00
	$14,761,526 30

The ground fronting on Beekman, Nassau, Spruce and Chatham streets, leased to the Trustees of the Presbyterian Church.

Bulkheads, Wharves and Piers belonging to the Corporation of the city of New York.

NORTH RIVER.

No. of Piers.		Estimated value.
	Bulkhead, Battery place	$2,000
½12, 13, ½14	Albany street, and Cedar street	100,000
20	Dey street	50,000
21, 22, ½ 23	Fulton street, and Vesey street	115,000
29	Warren street	90,000
30	Chambers street	60,000
31	Duane street	110,000
32, ½33	Between Duane and Jay streets	45,000
½34	Harrison street	15,000
35	Franklin street	40,000
36	North Moore street	30,000
37	Beach street	40,000
38	Hubert street and North Battery	100,000
39	Vestry street	36,000
40	Watts street	20,000
41, ½42	Canal street	125,000
½42, 43	Canal street	50,000
*44	Between Spring and Charlton streets	22,500
45, 46	Charlton street and King street	45,000
47	Hamersley street	20,000
48	Clarkson street	30,000
49	Leroy street	20,000
50	Morton street	20,000

* Half of Pier No. 44, North river, conveyed by resolution of Common Council to Jonathan Wilt, and the other half to J. N. Danforth.

No. of Piers.		Estimated value.
51, 52, 53	Christopher, Amos and Charles street	$5,000
54	Perry street	15,000
55	Hammond street	20,000
	Troy street	10,000
	Eighteenth street	10,000
	Twenty-first street	10,000
	Twenty-sixth street	10,001
	Forty-third street	10,000
	Fifty-third street	10,000
	Fifty-fifth street	10,000
	Manhattanville, One hundred and thirtieth and One hundred and thirty-first streets	10,000
	One hundred and fifty-fifth street	1,000
	Pier foot of Twentieth street	11,000
	" Twenty-second street	11,000
		$1,428,000

EAST RIVER.

	Vanderbilt pier	$10,000
1 & ½ short pier	Whitehall	50,000
½4, 5, 6, 7, ½	Broad street and Coenties slip	450,000
½12	Old slip and bulkhead	50,000
½15	Coffee-house slip and bulkhead	50,000
½20, ½21	Burling slip and bulkhead	85,000
½22, ½23	Fulton street and Beekman street	100,000
½24, ½25	Between Beekman street and Peck slip	70,000
½29, 30, 31, ½32	Roosevelt street and James slip	120,000
½33, ½34	Oliver street	50,000
37, 38	Market slip	100,000
40, 41	Pike slip	90,000
1–9, 42	Between Pike and Rutgers slips	5,000
43, 44	Rutgers slip	90,000
46	Jefferson street	30,000
48	Clinton street	45,000
½ short pier, ½53	Gouverneur slip	45,000
½56, ½57	Jackson street	25,000
	Broome street—2 piers	45,000
	Delancey street—2 piers	45,000
	Bulkhead along Rivington street, and from Rivington to Stanton street, and pier in the slip	54,000
	Pier foot of Stanton street	15,000
	" Third "	10,000
	" Fifth "	10,000
	" Twenty-third street and bulkhead	50,000

No. of Piers.		Estimated Value
	Pier foot of Twenty-fifth street	20,000
	" Twenty-sixth "	20,000
	" Twenty-eighth "	10,000
	" Twenty-eighth "	10,000
	" Fifty-third "	4,000
	" Sixty-first "	4,000
	" One hundred and sixth street	3,000
	" One hundred and thirtieth street	3,000
	Total valuation of East river	$1,829,000
	" " North river	1,428,500
		$3,257,500

Real estate bounded by Park row, Beekman, Nassau and Spruce streets.

Real Estate occupied for Market Purposes.

Markets.	Bounded by.	Estimated Value.
Centre	Grand, Centre, Broome and Orange streets	$100,000 00
Clinton	Canal, Washington, Spring and West streets	75,000 00
Catharine	Cherry and South streets	60,000 00
Essex	Ludlow, Grand and Essex streets	95,000 00
Fulton	Beekman, South, Fulton and Front streets	210,000 00
Franklin	Front and South streets	30,000 00
Gouverneur	Front, South and Gouverneur streets	6,000 00
Harlem	Third av., west side, bet. 120th & 121st streets	10,000 00
Jefferson	Greenwich lane, Amos street, and Sixth ave.	75,000 00
Tompkins	Sixth and Seventh sts., Third av. and Hall pl.	50,000 00
Union	Houston, Sheriff, Columbia and Second streets	18,000 00
Washington	Fulton, West, Vesey and Washington	385,000 00
	Total	$1,109,000 00

Real Estate used by the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Croton Aqueduct	$15,000,000 00
Distributing Reservoir and Reserveir square, 40th and 42d streets, 5th and 6th avenues	300,000 00
Receiving Reservoir, 79th and 86th streets, 6th and 7th av.	150,000 00
10 lots, 7th avenue, West 84th and 85th streets	4,000 00
8 lots, Avenue A, 24th and 25th streets	20,000 00
	$15,474,000 00

Real Estate used by the Police Department.

49 Beekman street, south, Gold and William	$20,000 00
94 and 96 Charles street, south, Bleecker and Hudson	18,000 00
Delancey street, north, Attorney	10,000 00
8th avenue, east, south east corner 48th street	6,000 00
First avenue, west, 4th and 5th streets	15,000 00
59th street, south, Second and Third avenues	7,000 00
9 and 11 Franklin street, south, Baxter and Centre	20,000 00
49 Leonard street, north, Church and West Broadway	10,000 00
221 Mercer street, west, Amity and 4th streets	10,000 00
9 Oak street, south, Pearl and Roosevelt	14,000 00
126th street, south, Third and Fourth avenues	8,000 00
Prince street, south, Laurens and Wooster	10,000 00
20th street, south, Seventh and Eighth avenues	7,000 00
35th street, south, Eighth and Ninth avenues	7,000 00
53 Spring street, north, Marion and Mulberry	10,000 00
	$172,000 00

Estimated Value of the Real Estate belonging to the Corporation of the City of New York.

1855.

Uncommuted Quit-rents, reserved on property when sold, and Water Grants yet to be issued	$900,000
Lots under lease, without covenants of renewal	325,000
Lots under lease, with covenants of renewal	500,000
Real estate in Brooklyn, owned by the city of New York	50,000
Common lands	500,000
Sundry lots and gores of land	250,000
Real estate in use by the Police Department	172,000
" " Fire Department	298,000
" " Governors of Alms-house	1,250,000
Real estate in use for Common School purposes	1,200,000
" " Market purposes	1,150,000
" " Public Parks	14,761,526
Bulkheads, Wharves and Piers belonging to the Corporation	3,400,000
Property in use for ferry purposes	1,200,000
Property used for Croton Aqueduct Department	15,475,000
Total	$41,432,326

Rates of Wharfage of the Port of New York, as established by the Legislature of the State of New York, April 9th, 1813.

[See Laws of the state of New York, revised and passed at the Thirty-sixth session of the Legislature, Vol. 2, sec. 212, page 429.]

For every vessel under 50 tons, at the rate of.....							$0 50	per day.
For every ship or vessel over 50 tons and under 100 tons..							0 62½	"
"	"	100	"	"	150	" ..	0 75	"
"	"	150	"	"	200	" ..	0 87½	"
"	"	200	"	"	250	" ..	1 00	"
"	"	250	"	"	300	" ..	1 12½	"
"	"	300	"	"	350	" ..	1 25	"
"	"	350	"	"	400	" ..	1 37½	"
"	"	400	"	"	450	" ..	1 50	"
"	"	450	"	"	500	" ..	1 62½	"
"	"	500	"	"	550	" ..	1 75	"
"	"	550	"	"	600	" ..	1 87½	"

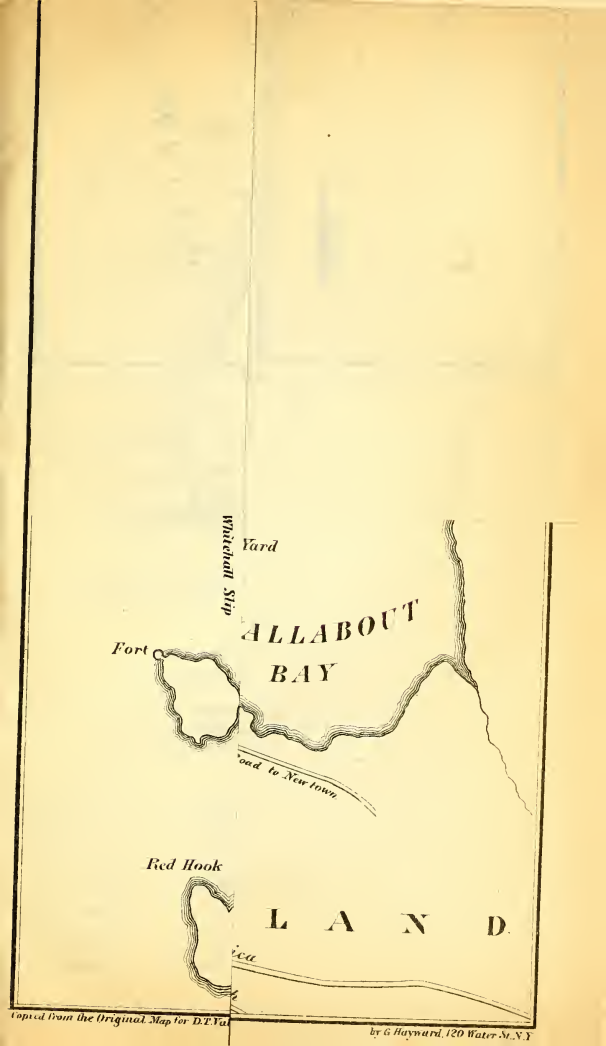
☞ For every ship or vessel of 600 tons and upward, 12½ *cents in addition for every 50 tons*, in addition to the rate last mentioned, ($1 87½,) for every day such ship or vessel shall use, or be made fast to any of the wharves in the city of New York.

"Every ship or other vessel which shall make fast to any other ship or vessel that shall be fastened to any wharf, and being so fastened, shall load, unload or careen, shall pay the *one half* of the rate of wharfage such ship or vessel would have been liable to pay, if fastened to such wharf, and there loaded, unloaded or careened." *Sec.* 215.

COMPTROLLER'S PAY DAYS.

1856.

APPLICATION DAYS, 1856.	PAY DAYS, 1856.
January 2	January 9
" 10	" 23
" 30	February 6
February 13	" 20
" 27	March 5
March 12	" 19
" 26	April 2
April 9	" 16
" 23	" 30
May 7	May 14
" 21	" 28
June 4	June 11
" 18	" 25
July 2	July 9
" 16	" 23
" 30	August 6
August 13	" 20
" 27	September 3
September 10	" 17
" 24	October 1
October 8	" 15
" 22	" 29
November 5	November 12
" 19	" 26
December 3	December 10
" 17	" 24
" 31	


Whitehall Slip
Yard
ALLABOUT
BAY
Fort
oad to New town
Red Hook
L A N D
ica
Copied from the Original Map for D.T.Val
by G Hayward, 120 Water St. N.Y.

COMPTROLLER'S PAY DAYS.

1856.

APPLICATION DAYS, 1856.	PAY DAYS, 1856.
January..... 2	January..... 9
" 10	" 23
" 30	February..... 6
February 13	" 20
" 27	March..... 5
March.....12	" 19
" 26	April 2
April..... 9	" 16
" 23	" 30
May..... 7	May.....14
" 21	" 28
June 4	June.....11
" 18	" 25
July..... 2	July..... 9
" 16	" 23
" 30	August..... 6
August 13	" 20
" 27	September..... 3
September.....10	" 17
" 24	October..... 1
October..... 8	" 15
" 22	" 29
November 5	November.....12
" 19	" 26
December..... 3	December.....10
" 17	" 24
" 31	

PLAN of the CITY of NEW YORK.

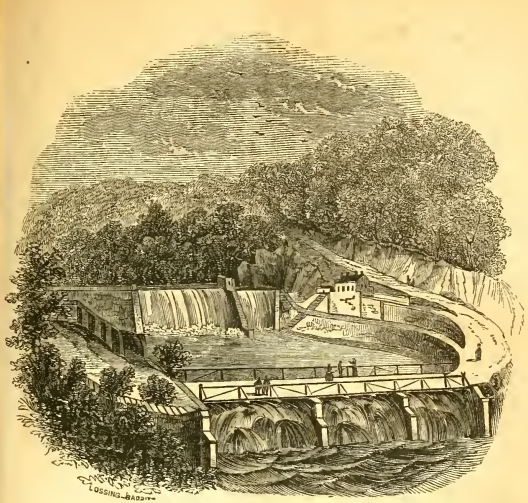
Showing the made and swamp Land.



Copied from the Original Map for D T Valentines Manual 1856

by G Hayward, 120 Water St N Y





CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.

TABULAR STATEMENT

OF PIPE LAID FOR THE DISTRIBUTION AND SUPPLY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK WITH CROTON WATER DURING THE YEAR 1855.

Six inch.

STREET.	BETWEEN.	FEET.
Lexington avenue	Thirty-sixth and Thirty-eighth streets	525
Fourth avenue	Eighty-third and Eighty-sixth streets	762
Fifth avenue	Forty-second and Forty-sixth streets	1,050
Thirty-second	Second and Third avenues	624
Thirty-sixth	Lexington and Fourth avenues	255
Thirty-seventh	Lexington and Fourth avenues	245
Thirty-ninth	Fifth and Sixth avenues	518
Forty-second	Sixth and Seventh avenues	1,040
Forty-fourth	west of Third avenue	214
Forty-fourth	east of Fifth avenue	285

STREET.	BETWEEN.	FEET.
Forty-fourth	Fifth and Sixth avenues	605
Forty-fourth	Ninth and Tenth avenues	920
Forty-fifth	Fifth and Sixth avenues	560
Forty-sixth	Broadway and Eighth avenue	525
Forty-sixth	Ninth avenue, westerly	90
Forty-ninth	Ninth avenue, westerly	415
Fifty-second	Broadway and Eighth avenue	738
Sixtieth	Broadway and 405 feet west	405
Sixty-seventh	Broadway and Tenth avenue	490
Sixty-eighth	Broadway and Tenth avenue	431
Seventieth	Third avenue and 250 feet west	250
Seventy-first	Third and Fourth avenues	893
Eighty-second	Third and Fourth avenues	790
Eighty-third	Fourth and Fifth avenues	855
Eighty-fourth	Third avenue and Avenue B	2,875
Eighty-fifth	Fourth and Fifth avenues	843
Ninetieth	Third and Fourth avenues	741
Ninety-second	Third and Fourth avenues	790
Total length in feet		18,784

Twelve inch.

Avenue C	Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets	195
Second avenue	Fifty-ninth and Sixty-first streets	480
Third avenue	Sixty-second and Seventy-ninth streets	4,550
Thirty-eighth	Eleventh and Twelfth avenues	838
Total length in feet		6,063

Twenty inch.

Twenty-ninth	First and Second avenues	822
Thirty-eighth	Second avenue and 500 feet east	500
Thirty-eighth	intersection Third avenue	68
Thirty-eighth	intersection Fifth avenue	102
Total length in feet		1,492

Thirty inch.

Eighth avenue	Forty-second and Eighty-first streets	10,582
Eighty-first	Seventh and Eighth avenues	

RECAPITULATION.

	FEET.
Six inch mains	18,784
Twelve inch mains	6,063
Twenty inch mains	1,492
Thirty inch mains	10,582
Total	36,921

SEWERS.

CONSTRUCTED BY ORDINANCE OF THE COMMON COUNCIL, UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.

1849.	Number of Sewers	25	
	" Basins and Culverts	58	
	Lineal length in feet		16,165
1850.	Number of Sewers	70	
	" Basins and Culverts	173	
	Lineal length in feet		61,579
1851.	Number of Sewers	105	
	" Basins and Culverts	157	
	Lineal length in feet		63,009
1852.	Number of Sewers	100	
	" Basins and Culverts	196	
	Lineal length in feet		65,689
1853.	Number of Sewers	85	
	" Basins and Culverts	256	
	Lineal length in feet		73,542
1854.	Number of Sewers	88	
	" Basins and Culverts	244	
	Lineal length in feet		73,519
1855.	Number of Sewers	65	
	" Basins and Culverts	110	
	Lineal length in feet		38,679

Total.....74 miles, 462 feet.

PIPE OF ALL SIZES, FOR THE SUPPLY AND DISTRIBUTION OF CROTON WATER, TO DECEMBER 31, 1855.

TIME.	48	36	30	24	20	16	12	10	6	4	TOTALS.
Previous to July, 1849.		60333	25796	5400	20275	13125	225140	5875	668107	....	1,024,051 feet, or 193 miles, 5,011 feet.
July to Decemb'r, 1849.		.....	.....	....	.....	958	2430	....	9402	7451	20,236 " 3 " 4,396 "
January to " 1850.		545	2040	....	4860	.....	2375	....	30539	969	41,328 " 7 " 4,368 "
" " 1851.		.....	.....	....	2721	.....	18739	....	42817	923	65,199 " 12 " 1,839 "
" " 1852.		.....	.....	....	3650	....	12171	....	47714	....	63,535 " 12 " 175 "
" " 1853.	3500	.....	5125	....	.....	.....	996	....	24161	....	33,782 " 6 " 2,102 "
" " 1854.	587	.....	.....	....	1765	.....	5000	....	23223	....	30,575 " 5 " 4,275 "
" " 1855.		.....	10582	....	1492	.....	6063	....	18784	....	36,921 " 6 " 5,141 "
	4087	60878	43543	5400	34762	14078	272914	5875	864747	9343	1,315,627 feet, or 249 miles, 907 feet.

The Department was organized in July, 1849. The first line in the table gives the quantity in use at that time; the others, the quantity laid in each year since. The figures at the head of the columns indicate the internal diameter of the pipe, in inches.

The following Table exhibits the yearly Revenue derived from Croton water, from its introduction into the city, in 1842, *with the annual increase or decrease thereof.*

TIME.	RECEIPTS.	INCREASE.	DECREASE.
Oct. 5, 1842, to May 1, 1843..	$32,053 74	.....	.....
May 1, 1843, to " 1, 1844..	84,444 68	$52,390 94	.....
" 1, 1844, to " 1, 1845..	117,277 86	32,833 18	.....
" 1, 1845, to " 1, 1846..	163,900 52	46,622 66	.....
" 1, 1846, to " 1, 1847..	193,346 24	29,445 72	.....
" 1, 1847, to " 1, 1848..	219,416 72	26,070 48	.....
" 1, 1848, to " 1, 1849..	250,081 51	30,664 79	.....
" 1, 1849, to Dec. 31, 1849..	259,532 97	9,451 46*	.....
Jan. 1, 1850, to " 31, 1850..	458,951 87	199,418 90†	.....
" 1, 1851, to " 31, 1851..	458,789 78	.....	$162 09‡
" 1, 1852, to " 31, 1852..	533,965 16	75,175 38	.....
" 1, 1853, to " 31, 1853..	579,956 30	45,991 14	.....
" 1, 1854, to " 31, 1854..	608,966 15	29,009 85	.....
" 1, 1855, to " 31, 1855..	674,736 42	65,770 27	.....
Total.....	$4,635,419 92		

* Eight months.

† Under the operation of the laws of 1849.

‡ A reduction in the rents, equal to about 10 per cent., was made this year.

CITY INSPECTOR'S DEPARTMENT.

BIRTHS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK, IN 1855.

Monthly Returns of the City Inspector to the Secretary of State.

MONTHS.	TOTALS.	SEXES.		COLORS.			
				WHITE.		BLACK.	
		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
January	1,705	874	831	859	812	15	19
February	1,549	804	745	796	734	8	11
March	1,617	864	753	851	744	13	9
April	1,338	693	645	691	640	2	5
May	1,558	797	771	789	764	8	7
June	1,287	668	619	658	614	10	5
July	1,696	879	817	869	809	10	8
August	1,568	804	764	793	757	11	7
September	1,436	766	670	758	663	8	7
October	1,361	720	641	710	636	10	5
November	1,428	714	714	701	710	13	4
December	1,426	712	714	707	708	5	6
General totals	17,979	9,295	8,684	9,182	8,951	113	93

MARRIAGES IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK. IN 1854.

Monthly Returns of the City Inspector to the Secretary of State.

MONTHS.	TOTALS.	COLORS.				CONDITIONS IN LIFE.								AGES.																					
		WHITE.		BLACK.		SINGLE.		WIDO'D.		DIVORCED.		UNKN'N.		UNDER 20.		20—25.		25—30.		30—35.		35—40.		40—45.		45—50.		50—55.		55—60.		60—65.		65—70.		70—75.		75—80.		80—90.		Unknown Ages.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
January..	516	506	506	10	10	452	469	50	31	..	..	14	16	16	14	195	216	160	97	65	29	36	14	16	7	4	1	1	..	1	..	2	..	1	1	..	..	12	10
February..	389	382	382	7	7	341	352	42	30	1	1	5	6	9	7	125	177	136	76	72	31	10	7	15	9	8	3	2	..	5	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	6	8
March....	404	396	396	8	8	345	349	41	37	..	..	18	18	2	2	71	142	186	135	64	65	34	23	21	7	9	4	1	3	2	5	..	2	2	..	..	..	14	14
April.....	459	451	451	8	5	408	413	42	36	..	..	9	10	4	2	92	154	207	155	87	87	49	26	15	21	6	4	2	5	1	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
May.....	578	572	572	6	6	521	539	49	30	..	1	8	8	..	..	112	171	263	212	120	117	51	28	10	45	9	8	3	3	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	11	9
June.....	548	538	542	10	6	486	515	56	27	1	1	5	5	8	8	96	169	245	189	128	110	44	26	12	25	6	5	3	4	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	10	13
July.....	486	476	480	10	6	444	445	42	41	..	..	..	..	1	1	104	169	207	182	107	76	35	24	12	13	10	5	2	7	2	2	1	..	..	1	..	..	6	6
August...	410	402	404	8	6	366	380	39	25	..	..	5	5	3	3	81	114	151	171	120	75	28	21	17	19	7	1	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	6
September.	468	459	461	9	7	411	434	44	31	..	..	5	3	4	4	84	156	192	157	121	94	42	30	13	11	8	5	2	5	2	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	4
October....	465	453	454	12	11	404	410	46	41	..	..	15	14	6	8	85	166	183	146	107	64	36	25	14	16	7	5	8	8	1	4	1	2	1	1	..	..	19	22
November.	405	399	400	6	5	351	363	49	36	..	1	5	5	2	2	69	122	178	135	88	78	32	26	17	24	6	5	2	4	1	1	1	2	..	1	..	1	5	11
December..	467	461	462	6	5	400	403	46	45	2	..	19	19	10	8	87	143	186	154	111	83	46	31	17	19	6	11	5	6	1	3	..	1	..	1	..	..	5	8
TOTALS..	5595	5495	5510	100	85	4939	5072	544	410	4	4	108	109	65	1099	1827	2391	1941	1226	986	458	306	169	211	90	65	32	51	10	29	4	15	4	5	3	1	91	111

Total Number of Deaths in each Ward in 1854

WARDS.	NUMBER OF DEATHS.	WARDS.	NUMBER OF DEATHS.
First	927	Twelfth	2355†
Second	117	Thirteenth	1178
Third	241	Fourteenth	1128
Fourth	1143	Fifteenth	527
Fifth	1488*	Sixteenth	1495
Sixth	1538	Seventeenth	2480
Seventh	1264	Eighteenth	1601‡
Eighth	1155	Nineteenth	1397‡
Ninth	1111	Twentieth	2085
Tenth	843	Twenty-first	1407§
Eleventh	1895	Twenty-second	1229
	Total number of Deaths		28568

Table showing the Mortality of the White and Colored Persons during 1854, *in Monthly Statements.*

MONTHS.	TOTALS.	COLORED.			WHITES.		
		Male.	Fem.	Totals	Male.	Fem.	Totals
January	2122	1150	919	2069	29	24	53
February	2042	1058	927	1985	30	28	58
March	2117	1096	961	2057	30	30	60
April	1948	1051	841	1892	27	29	56
May	1779	917	803	1720	32	27	59
June	1931	1035	840	1875	28	28	56
July	4124	2202	1844	4046	27	51	78
August	4187	2136	1953	4089	39	59	98
September	2786	1454	1275	2729	26	31	57
October	2079	1062	963	2025	28	26	54
November	1572	786	747	1533	16	23	39
December	1880	988	859	1847	18	15	33
Totals	28568	14935	12932	27867	330	371	701

* Includes City Hospital. † Includes Randall's and Ward's Island Hospitals.
‡ Includes Blackwell's Island Hospital, and Colored Home Hospital. § Includes Bellevue Hospital.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

Total number of deaths reported for interment during 1854		28,568
Deduct the number of *Still-born*	1,615	
" " of *Premature Births*	435	
		2,050
" " of *Malformation (various)*	146	
" " of *Old age*	180	
	2,377	
" " of *Other causes (sudden)*	123	
		2,500
Leaves the number of deaths occurring from *disease* and *casualties*		26,068
Deduction made of the number of deaths from various *casualties, suicides,* &c., noted as *injuries,* as per table of "*External causes,*" amounting in all to		743
Leaves remainder to represent the total number of deaths from *disease* alone, amounting to		25,325
The divisions of the total number, appear thus:		
The total number of *whites* reported	27,867	
" " " *blacks* "	701	
		28,568
The number of *male adults* is	5,746	
" " " " *children* is	9,519	
Total *males*		15,265
The number of *female adults* is	4,936	
" " " " *children* is	8,367	
Total *females*		13,303
The total number of *adults* is	10,682	
" " " " *children* is	17,886	
Grand total		28,566

SCHEDULE OF OFFICERS,

WHOSE SALARIES ARE PAID FROM THE CITY TREASURY.

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Fernando Wood	Mayor	The People	.....	.....	$3000 00
James M. Smith, jr.	Recorder	do	.....	.....	5000 00
Elisha S. Capron	City Judge	do	.....	.....	5000 00
Office Clerk Com. Council.					
David T. Valentine	Clerk of the Common Council	Board of Aldermen	.....	.....	1500 00
Do	do Board of Supervisors	Board of Supervisors	.....	.....	200 00
Do	Preparing Minutes for publication	Board of Aldermen	.....	.....	150 00
Do	Allowed by virtue of resolution of Common Council, approved July 25, 1848	do do	.....	.....	500 00
Joseph B. Young	Deputy Clerk of Board of Aldermen	do do	.....	.....	1500 00
Reeves E. Selmes	First Assistant do do	do do	.....	.....	1000 00
Alfred Cooper	Second do do do	do do	.....	.....	1000 00
T. S. Nims	Librarian	Clerk of Common Council	.....	.....	250 00
Do	Temporary Clerk	do do	.....	.....	650 00
Gustavus A. Valentine	Engrossing Clerk	do do	5c. p.f	.....	
Hart B. Weed	Sergeant-at-arms	Board of Aldermen	.....	.....	600 00
Horatio N. Parker	Messenger to Board of Aldermen	do do	.....	.....	750 00
Thomas Flender	Assistant Messenger do	do do	.....	.....	500 00
J. Wilson Greene	Reader to do	President Board of Aldermen	.....	.....	250 00
Office of Clerk of Board of Councilmen.					
C. T. McClenachan	Clerk of Board of Councilmen	Board of Councilmen	.....	.....	2000 00
John A. Towle	Deputy Clerk do	do do	.....	.....	1000 00
Charles A. S. Holder	Assistant do do	do do	.....	.....	900 00

N. M. Slidell	Sergeant-at-arms	do	do do		700 00
Joseph E. Hamblin	Reader	do	President Board of Councilmen		250 00
William H. Peabody	Door-keeper	do	Board of Councilmen	$4 00	
John E. Green	Messenger	do	do do		600 00
Mayor's Office.					
Alexander Ming	Mayor's Clerk		Mayor		1250 00
William H. Stephens	First Marshal		do		1250 00
George W. Hinchman	Assistant Clerk and Mayor's Messenger		do		1000 00
William Cook	Mayor's Secretary		do		1250 00
Wilson Small	Assistant Clerk		do		1250 00
Charles F. Conklin	do		do		800 00
William L. Wiley	Inspector of Vessels		do	Fees	
Finance Department.					
Azariah C. Flagg	Comptroller		The People		3000 00
Artemas S. Cady	Clerk to Comptroller		Comptroller and Board of Aldermen		1500 00
Wakeman H. Dikoman	Stock Clerk		do do		1700 00
Joseph C. Pinckney	Book-keeper		do do		1200 00
James Timpson	Auditor		do do		2000 00
David Groesbeck, jr.	Assistant Auditor		do do		1200 00
Charles Van Tine	do		do do		1000 00
Bureau of Clerk of Arrears.					
Augustus Purdy	Clerk of Arrears		do do		2000 00
Phineas H. Kingsland	Assistant do		do do		1000 00
John S. Cady	do		do do	$3 00	
	First Assistant Clerk of Arrears		Clerk of Arrears & B'd of Aldermen		1500 00
	Second do	do	do do		1200 00
	Third do	do	do do		1200 00
	Fourth do	do	do do		1000 00
	Messenger		do do		500 00
J. B. Smith	Assistant Clerk to Comptroller		Comptroller and Board of Aldermen	$3 00	
Joseph Rose	Collector of City Revenue		do do	Fees	
Ebenezer Evans	Messenger		do do		500 00
Bureau of Taxes.					
Harvey Hart	Receiver of Taxes		Mayor and Board of Aldermen		3000 00
John P. Hone	Deputy Receiver of Taxes		do do		2500 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
A. F. Vredenburgh	First Clerk to Receiver of Taxes	Receiver and Board of Aldermen			$2000 00
James W. Farr	Second do do	do do			1200 00
Henry K. Frost	Third do do	do do			1200 00
John S. Vredenburgh	Fourth do do	do do			1200 00
Peter Fargis	Messenger	do do			700 00
Six Temporary Clerks		do do		$3 00	
Bureau of Deposit.					
Robert Kelly	City Chamberlain	Mayor and Board of Aldermen			500 00
Do	Allowed for Clerk hire	Chamberlain			400 00
Bureau of City Hall and Park.					
James Taylor	Keeper of the City Hall and Park	Comptroller and Board of Aldermen			1000 00
Fifteen persons	To clean, &c., City Hall and Courts	Keeper		$1 50	7142 50
Tax Commissioners.					
Jonathan W. Allen	Tax Commissioner	Board of Supervisors			2500 00
Amor J. Williamson	do	do do			2500 00
William J. Peck	do	do do			2500 00
James McKinley,	Clerk to Tax Commissioners	do do			1000 00
James Andrews, jr.	do do	do do			1000 00
George L. Loutrel	do do	do do			1000 00
Joseph Coles	Messenger	Tax Commissioners			
Street Department.					
Joseph S. Taylor	Street Commissioner	The People			2500 00
Charles Turner	Deputy Street Commissioner	Street Com. and Board of Aldermen			1500 00
Olcott Rhines	Map Clerk	do do			1000 00
George T. Rogers	Contract Clerk	do do			1000 00
Henry V. Lovell	Copying Clerk	do do			1000 00
Edward Merritt	Inspector of Side-walks	do do		$2 00	

Bureau of Assessments.						
Charles McNiell William A. Dooley Jacob F. Oakley	Assessors	do	do	Fees..	.....	
Bureau of Col. of Assessments.						
Joseph R. Taylor	Collector of Assessments	do	do	Fees..	.....	
Horatio N. Sherwood Ira A. Libby Walter Oakley	Deputy Collectors of Assessments	Col. of Ass'ts & Board of Aldermen..		Fees..	.....	
Rufus E. Crane	Superintendent of Wharves	Street Com. and Board of Aldermen.		.....	.....	1000 00
William H. Hibbard	Superintendent of Lands and Places	do	do	.....	.....	1000 00
Department of Repairs and Supplies.						
Nathaniel S. Selah	Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies	The People		.....	.....	2000 00
John O'Toole	Clerk to Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies..	Com. Rep. & Sup. & B'd of Aldermen.		.....	.....	1000 00
Isaac G. Seixas	Clerk in Department	do	do	.....	.....	750 00
Alexander Ward	Superintendent of Roads	do	do	.....	.....	1250 00
Elijah H. Purdy	Superintendent of Repairs to Public Buildings ..	do	do	.....	.....	1500 00
Do	Allowed for horse and wagon			.....	.....	250 00
	Clerk to Superintendent of Repairs	Sup. Rep. & Sup. & B'd of Aldermen.		.....	.....	750 00
Henry C. Woolley	Superintendent of Pavements	Com. do	do	.....	.....	1500 00
Do	Allowed for horse and wagon			.....	.....	250 00
Henry Arcularius	Clerk to Superintendent of Pavements	Sup, Pavements & B'd of Aldermen..		.....	.....	750 00
Bureau of Sup. for Fire Dep.						
Alfred Carson	Chief Engineer of Fire Department	Fire Department & Common Council.		.....	.....	3000 00
Fire Wardens.						
Robert B. Sanderson	Fire Warden	Fire Department & Common Council..		.....	.....	600 00
Lewis C. Meeks	do	do	do	.....	.....	600 00
W. B. Hays	do	do	do	.....	.....	600 00
Michael Richells	do	do	do	.....	.....	600 00
William Wessels	do	do	do	.....	.....	600 00
John Crossin	do	do	do	.....	.....	600 00
David Theall	do	do	do	.....	.....	600 00

NAMES.	OFFICER.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
F. S. Gregg	Fire Warden	Fire Department & Common Council			$600 00
C. L. Merritt	do	do do			600 00
Henry Lewis	do	do do			600 00
John T. Harding	do	do do			600 00
Isaac T. Redfield	do	do do			600 00
John B. Leverich	do	do do			500 00
Twenty-seven bell-ringers		each $600			16200 00
Department of Streets and Lamps.					
Joseph E. Ebling	Commissioner of Streets and Lamps	The People			$2500 00
John Lynes	Clerk to Commissioner of Streets and Lamps	Com. Sts. & Lps. & B'd of Aldermen			1000 00
Bureau of Lamps and Gas.					
James Dewey	Superintendent of Lamps and Gas	do do			1500 00
Do	Allowed for horse and wagon	do do			250 00
Isaac R. Varian	Clerk to Superintendent of Lamps and Gas	Sup. Sts. & Lps. & B'd of Aldermen			1000 00
Bureau of Cleaning Streets.					
Morgan L. Mott	Superintendent of Streets	Com. Sts. & Lps. & B'd of Aldermen			1500 00
S. T. Webster	Clerk to Superintendent of Streets	Sup. Streets and Board of Aldermen			1000 00
Bureau of Markets.					
Mathias Gooderson	Superintendent of Markets	Com. Sts. & Lps. & B'd of Aldermen			1000 00
John Baum	Clerk of Washington Market	Sup. Markets & Board of Aldermen			1000 00
Abram H. Williamson	Deputy Clerk do	do do			750 00
George W. Isaacs	Clerk of Fulton Market	do do			800 00
George McKimmons	do Catharine do	do do		$2 00	
A. Thomas	do Essex do	do do		2 00	
E. Allen	do Union do	do do		2 00	
Peter Vandervoort	do Jefferson do	do do		2 00	
Henry S. Larue	do Tompkins do	do do		2 00	
Dewitt Forshay	do Clinton do	do do		2 00	

James S. Egbert	do Franklin do	do	do			1 50
Lucius F. Hickox	do Centre do	do	do			2 00
	do Gouverneur Market	do	do			1 00
Croton Aqueduct Depart.						
Myndert Van Schaick	President	Mayor and Board of Aldermen				$2000 00
Theodore R. De Forest	Assistant Commissioner	do	do			2000 00
Alfred W. Craven	Chief Engineer	do	do			2000 00
George A. Lucas	Assistant Engineer	Croton Aqueduct Board				1250 00
John P. Flender	Water Purveyor	Crot. Aqu't B'd & Board of Aldermen				1500 00
Revo C. Hance	Register Water-rents	Mayor and Board of Aldermen				1509 00
William Fardon	Deputy Register Water-rents	do	do			1000 00
John M. Morenus	Clerk to Register	do	do			800 00
J. E. Howard	do	do	do			800 00
Henry L. Robertson	Clerk to Croton Aqueduct Board	Croton Aqueduct Board				1000 00
Alexander F. Dodge	Sewer Contract Clerk	do	do			1000 00
Gilbert H. White	Clerk to Department	do	do			800 00
Seymour V. Moody	do	do	do			800 00
Thomas Hook	do	do	do			800 00
Edmund E. Dean	do	do	do			800 00
John J. Conklin	Messenger	do	do			600 00
Alexander H. Thompson	do	do	do			180 00
James Gulick	Superintendent Proving Yard	do	do			
Daniel Adamson	do at Croton Dam	do	do			626 00
James Scow	do Sing Sing	do	do			548 00
Barney See	do Tarrytown	do	do			470 00
James Brenner	do Dobb's Ferry	do	do			470 00
James Berwick	do Yonkers	do	do			470 00
John L. Berrian	do Fordham	do	do			470 00
Jacob Moore	do High Bridge	do	do			470 00
John Geary	Keeper Receiving Reservoir	do	do			730 00
Benjamin G. Roe	do Distributing do	do	do			730 00
City Inspector's Department						
George W. Morton	City Inspector	The People				2500 00
J. S. Hyatt	Registrar of Records	City Inspector & Board of Aldermen				1200 00
Richard C. Downing	Superintendent of Sanitary Inspection	do	do			1200 00
W. R. W. Chambers	First Clerk to City Inspector	do	do			1000 00
Samuel A. Vanderlip	Registry Clerk	do	do			600 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Lemuel W. Parkes	Registry Clerk	City Inspector & Board of Aldermen			$750 00
Twenty-two Health Wardens		do do ea. $700			15400 00
Health Commissioners.					
William Rockwell	Resident Physician	Mayor and Board of Aldermen			1250 00
Jedediah Miller	Health Commissioner	do do			1750 00
Alms-house Department.					
E. B. Corwin	Chief Clerk	Board of Governors			1500 00
Joshua Phillips	Clerk to Governors	do do			1500 00
Samuel R. Spelman	Supply Clerk	do do			1250 00
Cornelius M. Kellock	Messenger	do do			75 00
Alms-house.					
Jonathan Stearns	Warden	Board of Governors			1200 00
Thomas J. Marshall	Clerk	do do			933 33
Michael Shea	Register Clerk	Warden			375 00
Elijah T. Simpson	Engineer	do			600 00
Eliza Heaton	Matron	do			320 00
Catharine M. Flynn	Assistant Matron	do			280 00
Margaret Keating	Help to Matron	do			100 00
Michael Graham	Captain of Dead Boat	do			240 00
John Rourke	do Ferry do	do			180 00
Henry Zeh	Gardener	do			400 00
Bellevue Hospital.					
Timothy Daly	Warden	Board of Governors			1200 00
A. C. Finckney	Clerk	do do			1066 66
John Frey	Apothecary	do do			890 00
John King	Engineer	do do			550 00
Letitia Fry	Matron	do do			400 00
William Frothingham	House Surgeon	do do			240 00
John M. E. Wetmore	do	do do			240 00

George Amerman	Assistant Surgeon	do	do		240 00
W. M. Gentry	do	do	do		240 00
James D. Galt	House Physician	do	do		440 00
W. H. Draper	do	do	do		240 00
Charles L. Ives	do	do	do		240 00
Henry Janes	Assistant do	do	do		240 00
Samuel C. Gointer	do	do	do		240 00
H. O. Hitchcock	do	do	do		240 00
11 Orderlies, Nurses and Help		Warden	each $144		1584 00
5 " " "		do	" 120		600 00
12 " " "		do	" 96		1152 00
32 " " "		do	" 60		1920 00
12 " " "		do	" 30		360 00
City Prison.					
John Gray	Warden	Board of Governors			1500 00
John H. Whitmore	Clerk	do	do		1000 00
John C. Covel	Physician	do	do		800 00
Artemas Kendall	Deputy	Warden			600 00
Thomas Mullan	do	do			600 00
Thomas Ahearn	do	do			600 00
William H. Doty	do	do			600 00
Merrit Smith	do	do			600 00
Robert Cunningham	do	do			600 00
Abraham Clearman	do	do			600 00
Flora Foster	Matron	do			400 00
Anna J. French	Assistant Matron	do			300 00
Lavinia Phelps	Night Matron	do			250 00
Thomas Laughran	Night Watch	do			425 00
Mark Finley	do	do			425 00
Second District Prison.					
John Orr	Deputy Keeper	Warden			700 00
John Brown	do	do			600 00
Third District Prison.					
Peter Crosby	Deputy Keeper	Warden			600 00
Matthew Daly	do	do			600 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Fourth District Prison.					
Edward Genet	Deputy Keeper	Warden			$700 00
Daniel Lusk	do	do			600 00
Lunatic Asylum.					
M. H. Ranney	Resident Physician	Board of Governors			1500 00
John V. Lansing	Assistant do	do do			240 00
Frederick A. Smith	Resident do	do do			240 00
J. C. Rutherford	Clerk	do do			956 00
Zetus Searle	Chaplain	do do			600 00
Bernard McCann	Engineer	do do			539 00
Allan McLean	Attendant	do do			430 00
Edward Robellas	do	do do			430 00
John H. Elliott	do	do do			296 00
Michael Cordial	Watchman	Resident Physician			500 00
Hester A. Pyle	Matron	do do			400 00
Mary Goodwin	Attendant	do do			304 00
Elizabeth Howard	do	do do			204 00
Eight Female Attendants	do	do do ..... each $174			1392 00
Mary Welsh	Sewing room	do do			125 00
Fifteen Female Attendants		do do ..... each $72			1080 00
Out-door Poor Department.					
George Kellock, jr.	Superintendent	Board of Governors			1500 00
George B. Gilbert	Clerk	Superintendent Out-door Poor			800 00
Sparhawk Parsons	do	do do			700 00
William B. Parsons	do	do do			600 00
Henry W. Boswell	do	do do			700 00
John McGrath	Visitor	do do			800 00
James Marshall	do	do do			800 00
James Quackenbush	do	do do			800 00
John Mullane	Hearse Driver	do do			600 00

Robert McDade	Assistant do	do	do			600 00
William Saul	do do	do	do			465 00
Godfrey Kieffer	Door-keeper	do	do			460 00
Andrew Seymour	Keeper of Bellevue Yard	do	do			800 00
Valentine Koehler	do do	do	do			800 00
Henry Bertholf, sen.	do of Rivington street Yard	do	do			800 00
James Gaffney	do do	do	do			800 00
Michael Wall	Temporary Visitor	do	do	Employed only during January, February and March.		800 00
David A. Hull	do	do	do			800 00
Drake B. Palmer	do	do	do			800 00
Jotham Wilson	do	do	do			800 00
Thomas O'Reilly	do	do	do			800 00
Peter Chivris	do	do	do			900 00
Henry G. Hunt	do	do	do			800 00
George Smith	do	do	do			800 00
James L. Olden	do	do	do			800 00
John J. Sperling	do	do	do			800 00
Joseph Davis	do	do	do			800 00
Francis Grimm	do	do	do			800 00
James M. Hoyt	do	do	do			800 00
William J. Barker	do	do	do			800 00
Isaac Ferguson	do	do	do			800 00
John W. Salters	do	do	do			800 00
Thomas Stevenson	do	do	do			800 00
Thomas B. O'Donnell	do	do	do			800 00
Ira Fowler	do	do	do			800 00
Zadock B. Holmes	do	do	do			800 00
Penitentiary.						
John Fitch	Warden	Board of Governors				1200 00
John E. Flagler	Clerk	do do				800 00
Robert G. Walmsley	Deputy Warden	Warden				750 00
Robert McGee	Shoemaker	do				670 00
Owen L. Lamb	Blacksmith	do				670 00
William W. Dow	Carpenter	do				670 00
Philip E. Brown	Quarry Master	do				670 00
John De Mott	do	do				670 00
Abraham H. Quick	Mason	do				670 00
James Mahoney	Stone Cutter	do				670 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM	ANNUAL.
Twelve Keepers		Warden			$8040 00
Five Guards		do			3000 00
John Schureman	Assistant Carpenter	do			320 00
Ellen H. Halliwell	Matron	do			300 00
Penitentiary Hospital.					
W. W. Sanger	Resident Physician	Board of Governors			1200 00
A. C. Reed	Assistant do	Resident Physician			240 00
S. H. Hurd	do do	do do			240 00
W. T. Abrahams	do do	do do			240 00
D. W. Flournoy	do do	do do			240 00
William Magoffin	do do	do do			240 00
Charles Van Allen	do do	do do			240 00
W. T. White	do do	do do			240 00
C. W. Packard	do do	do do			240 00
Sarah Knox	Matron	Warden			400 00
Elizabeth Pursell	do (Small Pox Hospital)	do			150 00
John Atkinson	Apothecary	Resident Physician			555 00
B. B. Sibell	Steward	Warden			933 33
Daniel G. Butler	Clerk	Resident Physician			120 00
Randall's Island.					
Harmon Eldredge	Warden, (Randall's Island)	Board of Governors			1200 00
John Verhoff	Cockswain, do	Warden			400 00
William Pollock, James McGivney	Watchmen, do	do			500 00
		do			500 00
William O. Webb	City Cemetery, (Ward's Island)	do			600 00
Rufus Ripley	Keeper, Nurseries	do			500 00
Ebenezer Jessup	Engineer, Nurseries	do			450 00
John Torrey	Tailor, Nurseries	do			420 00
Jane Ley	Matron, Nurseries	do			450 00
Emeline Morgan	Assistant Matron, Nurseries	do			300 00
Margaret W. Fort	do, Nurseries	do			300 00

Leah E. Strang	do ...	...	do	...	...	300 00
Ellen H. Barnette	do ...	...	do	...	...	300 00
Mary Baldwin	Sewing room	...	do	...	...	150 00
Ann Brady	Wash-house	...	do	...	...	100 00
Sixty Nurses	...	...	do	...each $60	...	3600 00
Henry N. Whittlesey	Resident Physician, (Nursery Hospital)	...	Board of Governors	...	...	1200 00
Charles C. Knight	Assistant do do	...	Resident Physician	...	...	240 00
A. W. Wilkinson	do do do	...	do do	...	...	240 00
Jackson Hart	Apothecary	...	do do	...	...	300 00
Mary Strong	Matron, (Nursery Hospital)	...	Warden	...	...	370 00
Bridget Byron	Assist. Matron, do	...	do	...	...	350 00
Margaret Mess	Nurse	...	do	...	...	78 00
Thirty Nurses	...	...	do	...each $0	...	1800 00
Thomas B. Tappan	Store-keeper	...	Board of Governors	...	...	1333 33
Store-house, R. I.						
N. P. Anderson	Store-keeper	...	Board of Governors	...	...	1000 00
S. M. Drew	Clerk	...	do do	...	...	700 00
Bake-house.						
James Kennedy	Baker	...	Board of Governors	...	...	1000 00
Work-house.						
Joseph Keen	Superintendent	...	Board of Governors	...	...	2000 00
Samuel Reynolds	Deputy Superintendent	...	do do	...	...	800 00
Charles W. Smyth	Clerk	...	do do	...	...	933 33
John Slattery	Engineer	...	do do	...	...	600 00
Isaac Hampton	Carpenter	...	do do	...	...	670 00
Lewis Winter	Shoemaker	...	do do	...	...	670 00
Nine Keepers	...	...	do do	...each $600	...	5400 00
Three Matrons	...	...	do do	...each $300	...	900 00
Law Department.						
Lorenzo B. Shepard	Counsel to Corporation	...	The People	...	...	3500 00
Do	By virtue of act of April 1, 1854	...	...	...	...	6500 00
Do	Allowed for Clerk hire	...	...	...	...	2500 00
George H. Purser	Corporation Attorney	...	Counsel and Board of Aldermen	...	...	2000 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
D. Macgregor	Clerk to Attorney	Corp. Attorney & Board of Aldermen.			$750 00
John H. Chambers	do do	do do do			500 00
Bureau of Public Administrator.					
Peter B. Sweeny	Public Administrator	Corp. Attorney & Board of Aldermen.			1250 00
William H. Faulkner	Regulator of Public Clocks	Com. Sts. & Lps. & B'd of Aldermen.			300 00
Police.					
George W. Matsell	Chief of Police	Police Commissioners			2500 00
W. Mackellar	Clerk to Chief of Police	Chief of Police & Board of Aldermen.			1500 00
*B. W. Osborn	Justice, 1st District Police Court	The People			2000 00
*Michael Connolly	Justice, 1st District Police Court	do			2000 00
*James H. Welsh	do do do	do			2000 00
*Edward M. Skidmore	Clerk do do	Mayor and Board of Aldermen			1250 00
*James Nesbitt	do do do	do do			1250 00
*R. H. Johnson	do do do	do do			800 00
*William S. Davison	Justice, 2d District Police Court	The People			2000 00
*James M. Flandreau	do do do	do			2000 00
*James Murray	Clerk do do	Mayor and Board of Aldermen			1250 00
*John Quackenbush	do do do	do do			1250 00
*William L. Wood	Justice, 3d District Police Court	The People			2000 00
*M. T. Brennan	do do do	do			2000 00
*W. B. Rockwell	Clerk do do	Mayor and Board of Aldermen			1250 00
*John Lalor	do do do	do do			1250 00
*A. L. Bogart	Justice, 4th District Police Court	The People			2000 00
*James M. Byrne	Clerk do do	Mayor and Board of Aldermen			1250 00
Michael Halpin	Captain of Police, 1st Ward	Police Commissioners			1000 00
Thomas Snodgrass	1st Lieut. do do	do do			800 00
John Dalton	2d do do do	do do			800 00
56 Policemen to 1st Ward		do do			39200 00
4 Doormen		do do			2400 00
James Leonard	Captain of Police, 2d Ward	do do			1000 00
James Finney	1st Lieut. do do	do do			800 00

Arthur Keating	2d do do	do	do	do		800 00
42 Policemen to 2d Ward			do	do		29400 00
2 Doormen			do	do		1200 00
J. A. P. Hopkins	Captain of Police, 3d Ward		do	do		1000 00
Ira Goodenow	1st Lieut. do	do	do	do		800 00
John W. Cropsey	2d do do	do	do	do		800 00
46 Policemen to 3d Ward			do	do		32000 00
2 Doormen			do	do		1200 00
J. Murray Ditchett	Captain of Police, 4th Ward		do	do		1000 00
James Langdon	1st Lieut. do	do	do	do		800 00
William S. Williston	2d do do	do	do	do		800 00
52 Policemen to 4th Ward			do	do		36400 00
2 Doormen			do	do		1200 00
Daniel Carpenter	Captain of Police, 5th Ward		do	do		1000 00
William H. Martin	1st Lieut. do	do	do	do		800 00
Henry Hutchings	2d do do	do	do	do		800 00
52 Policemen to 5th Ward			do	do		36400 00
2 Doormen			do	do		1200 00
Joseph Dowling	Captain of Police, 6th Ward		do	do		1000 00
Alonzo Bingham	1st Lieut. do	do	do	do		800 00
Peter L. Feirty	2d do do	do	do	do		800 00
55 Policemen to 6th Ward			do	do		35700 00
2 Doormen			do	do		1200 00
Edward Letts	Captain of Police, 7th Ward		do	do		1000 00
John J. Blair	1st Lieut. do	do	do	do		800 00
Augustus Oliver	2d do do	do	do	do		800 00
60 Policemen to 7th Ward			do	do		42000 00
2 Doormen			do	do		1200 00
Charles S. Turnbull	Captain of Police, 8th Ward		do	do		1000 00
Samuel Kohler	1st Lieut. do	do	do	do		800 00
Furman B. Stage	2d do do	do	do	do		800 00
53 Policemen to 8th Ward			do	do		37100 00
2 Doormen			do	do		1200 00
Abraham Ackerman	Captain of Police, 9th Ward		do	do		1000 00
J. L. Sebring	1st Lieut. do	do	do	do		800 00
William Cargill	2d do do	do	do	do		800 00
50 Policemen to 9th Ward			do	do		32900 00
2 Doormen			do	do		1200 00
George W. Norris	Captain of Police, 10th Ward		do	do		1000 00

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* Each of said Justices and Clerks allowed one sixth in addition, for Sunday services.

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
John Reed	1st Lieut. Police, 10th Ward	Police Commissioners			$800 00
Thaddeus C. Davis	2d do do do	do do			800 00
45 Policemen to 10th Ward		do do			32200 00
2 Doormen		do do			1200 00
Peter Squires	Captain of Police, 11th Ward	do do			1000 00
William D. Craft	1st Lieut. do do	do do			800 00
John Cameron	2d do do do	do do			800 00
45 Policemen to 11th Ward		do do			32900 00
2 Doormen		do do			1200 00
Galen T. Porter	Captain of Police, 12th Ward	do do			1000 00
James Crowe	1st Lieut. do do	do do			800 00
William G. Graham	2d do do do	do do			800 00
27 Policemen to 12th Ward		do do			19600 00
4 Doormen		do do			2400 00
John F. Russell	Captain of Police, 13th Ward	do do			1000 00
Joseph O'Keefe	1st Lieut. do do	do do			800 00
Ira A. Clarke	2d do do do	do do			800 00
45 Policemen to 13th Ward		do do			31500 00
2 Doormen		do do			1200 00
David Kisner	Captain of Police, 14th Ward	do do			1000 00
Philip O'Brien	1st Lieut. do do	do do			800 00
Abram Brower	2d do do do	do do			800 00
47 Policemen to 14th Ward		do do			32900 00
2 Doormen		do do			1200 00
George W. Dilks	Captain of Police, 15th Ward	do do			1000 00
Peter A. Banta	1st Lieut. do do	do do			800 00
Amos Upham	2d do do do	do do			800 00
41 Policemen to 15th Ward		do do			28700 00
2 Doormen		do do			1200 00
John D. McKee	Captain of Police, 16th Ward	do do			1000 00
M. R. Beam	1st Lieut. do do	do do			800 00
Henry B. May	2d do do do	do do			800 00
50 Policemen to 16th Ward		do do			35000 00

2 Doormen		do	do	1200 00
J. W. Hart	Captain of Police, 17th Ward	do	do	1000 00
Nathaniel T. Hicks	1st Lieut. do do	do	do	800 00
Abram G. Crasto	2d do do do	do	do	800 00
50 Policemen to 17th Ward		do	do	35000 00
2 Doormen		do	do	1200 00
George W. Walling	Captain of Police, 18th Ward	do	do	1000 00
Theron R. Bennet	1st Lieut. do do	do	do	800 00
Edward D. Brush	2d do do do	do	do	800 00
45 Policemen to 18th Ward		do	do	31500 00
2 Doormen		do	do	1200 00
F ancis J. Twomey	Captain of Police, 19th Ward	do	do	1000 00
James Bryan	1st Lieut. do do	do	do	800 00
M. McCann	2d do do do	do	do	800 00
45 Policemen to 19th Ward		do	do	31500 00
2 Doormen		do	do	2400 00
Thomas Hannegan	Captain of Police, 20th Ward	do	do	1000 00
Charles R. Trigler	1st Lieut. do do	do	do	800 00
Aaron S. Hotchkiss	2d do do do	do	do	800 00
53 Policemen to 20th Ward		do	do	37100 00
2 Doormen		do	do	1200 00
Francis C. Speight	Captain of Police, 21st Ward	do	do	1000 00
Thomas McParlen	1st Lieut. do do	do	do	800 00
Albert M. Palmer	2d do do do	do	do	800 00
45 Policemen to 21st Ward		do	do	31500 00
2 Doormen		do	do	1200 00
Daniel Witter	Captain of Police, 22d Ward	do	do	1000 00
Philip Miller	1st Lieut. do do	do	do	800 00
Terrence Reilly	2d do do do	do	do	800 00
45 Policemen to 22d Ward		do	do	31500 00
2 Doormen		do	do	1200 00
F. Fenneberg	Interpreter, First District Court	Court		600 00
A. Trumpp	do Second do	do		600 00
L. J. Krolius	do Third do	do		600 00
G. C. S. Dobremond	do Fourth do	do		600 00
A. O. Hall	District Attorney	The People		5000 00
John Sedgwick	Assist. do	District Attorney		2500 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Ira Floyd, jr.	Clerk to District Attorney	District Attorney			$800 00
Henry Vandervoort	Clerk Court of Sessions	Court of Sessions			2500 00
John Sparks	Deputy Clerk do	do do			1500 00
Courts.					
Supreme Court.					
William Mitchell	Justice Supreme Court	The People			1500 00
James I. Roosevelt	do do	do			1500 00
Henry E. Davies	do do	do			1500 00
Thomas Clerke	do do	do			1500 00
James R. Whiting	do do	do			1500 00
	Allowed $2500 by the state and $8 per day for services out of the county				
Superior Court.					
Thomas J. Oakley	Chief Justice Superior Court	The People			5000 00
Edward Slosson	Associate do do	do			5000 00
Murray Hoffman	do do do	do			5000 00
John Duer	do do do	do			5000 00
J. S. Bosworth	do do do	do			5000 00
Lewis B. Woodruff	do do do	do			5000 00
Court of Common Pleas.					
D. P. Ingraham	First Judge Common Pleas	The People			5000 00
Charles P. Daly	Associate Judge Common Pleas	do			5000 00
John R. Brady	do do do	do			5000 00
Marine Court.					
Albert A. Thompson	Justice Marine Court	The People			3000 00
A. K. Maynard	do do	do			3000 00
Florence McCarthy	do do	do			3000 00
Moses D. Gale	Clerk do	Board of Supervisors			2000 00

James Green	Justice Ward Court	The People	2000 00
Bartholomew O'Connor	do do	do	2000 00
William B. Meech	do do	do	2000 00
William H. Van Cott	do do	do	2000 00
John Anderson, jr.	do do	do	2000 00
Anson Willis	do do	do	1250 00
Thomas Pearson	do do	do	1250 00
I. B. Bachelor	Clerk do	Mayor and Board of Aldermen	1250 00
Thomas F. Peers	do do	do do	1250 00
William E. Smith	do do	do do	1250 00
David Seaman	do do	do do	1450 00
Edward S. McPherson	do do	do do	1250 00
John White	do do	do do	1250 00
John L. Ambler	do do	do do	1250 00

County Clerk's Office.

Richard B. Connolly	County Clerk	The People	3000 00
David A. Fowler	Deputy County Clerk	County Clerk	1500 00
Benjamin Cohen	Assistant do do	do	1000 00
William Sinclair	Clerk Supreme Court in Equity	do	1000 00
Horatio P. Carr	do do do at Law	do	1000 00
William H. Dusenberry	Clerk General Term Supreme Court	do	1000 00
George F. Alden	Clerk Special Term	do	1000 00
Allan M. Snitten	Clerk Circuit Court	do	1000 00
John Hickson	Book-keeper	do	800 00
Albert G. Wallace	Clerk Chambers Supreme Court	do	850 00
John M. French	Recording Clerk	do	750 00
John Martin	do do	do	750 00
James Magary	do do	do	750 00
Charles Kipp	do do	do	750 00
James Waldron	do do	do	600 00
John Poynton	do do	do	600 00
North West	General Clerk	do	750 00
Theodore M. Squire	Messenger	do	450 00

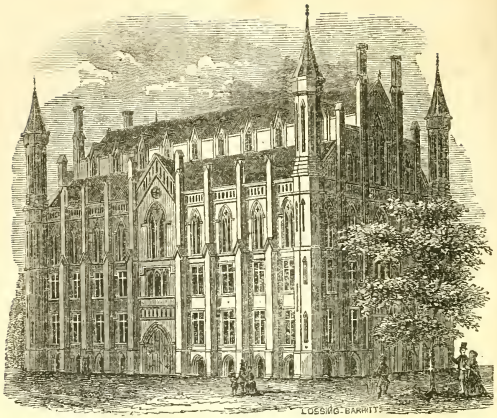
NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Office of Clerk of Court of Common Pleas.					
Benjamin H. Jarvis	Clerk of Court of Common Pleas	Court			$2500 00
Nathaniel Jarvis, jr	Deputy Clerk	Clerk of Court			1500 00
R. J. Clark	Clerk to General Term	do			1000 00
Richard S. Cumming	Clerk Trial Term, Part First	do			1000 00
H. M. Herrick	do do Part Second	do			1000 00
Thomas Boese	Clerk at Chambers	do			1000 00
John Brown	Naturalization Clerk	do			900 00
Thomas H. Landon	Assistant Clerk	do			800 00
Register's Office.					
John J. Doane	Register	The People	Fees.		
Thomas C. Acton	Deputy Register	Register	"		
Lewis H. Watts	Assistant do	do	"		
Henry Miller	Searcher	do	"		
John J. Wilson	do	do	"		
Edward W. De Grove	do	do	"		
George Mortimer	Satisfaction Clerk	do	"		
J. S. Brownell	Examiner	do	"		
Worthington Hodgkinson	Recording Clerk	do	"		
William F. T. Chapman	do do	do	"		
Benjamin C. Dean	do do	do	"		
William Jones, jr	do do	do	"		
Alfred E. Crooker	do do	do	"		
Richard Hunt	do do	do	"		
William Peel	do do	do	"		
Nelson Samson	do do	do	"		
Peter C. Male	do do	do	"		
Charles Foote	do do	do	"		
Henry Pratt	do do	do	"		

L. G. Evans	do do	do	"		
Abram C. Dayton	do do	do	"		
William W. Boyle	do do	do	"		
William J. Davis	do do	do	"		
William Dodge	do do	do	"		
Ephraim Reed	do do	do	"		
Philip H. Jonas	Collector	do	"		
Jesse Mitchell	Messenger	do			
Surrogate's Office.					
A. W. Bradford	Surrogate	The People			5000 00
Gabriel Van Cott	Chief Clerk	do			1000 00
Cornelius Minor	General Clerk	do			1000 00
William Ripley	Recording Clerk	do	Fees.		
Charles S. Riblet	do do	do	"		
E. Kirkland	do do	do	"		
David R. Jacques	Engrossing Clerk	Surrogate	"		
Ebenezer Evans	Porter	do			60 00
Clerk of Superior Court Office.					
George T. Maxwell	Clerk	Justice Superior Court			$2500 00
Jesse Oakley	Deputy Clerk	Clerk Superior Court			1200 00
Henry H. Rice	Deputy Clerk in Equity	do do			1200 00
Peter Lemon	Assistant do	do do			800 00
George Fadie	do do	do do			800 00
William Haviland	do do	do do			900 00
Commissioner of Jurors.					
U. D. French	Commissioner of Jurors	Board of Supervisors and Judges of Superior Court and Court of Common Pleas			1500 00
Office of Clerk of Board of Education.					
A. Gilbert	Clerk Board of Education	Board of Education			2000 00
Robert S. Hart	Deputy Clerk	do do			1500 00
William Oland Bourne	do do	do do			1250 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Thomas T. Bennett	Assistant Clerk	Board of Education			$850 00
Charles E. Pierce	do do	do do			1000 00
Charles H. Gilbert	do do	do do			700 00
Samuel S. Randall	City Superintendent of Schools	do do			2500 00
Joseph McKeen	Assistant do do	do do			1800 00
Samuel W. Seton	do do do	do do			1800 00
Attendants on Courts.					
Supreme.					
Henry Berthelf	Attendant on Supreme Court	Board of Supervisors and the Court			700 00
Ambrose De Fries	do do	do do			700 00
Nathaniel Hepburn	do do	do do			700 00
B. W. Buchanan	do do	do do			700 00
S. Rowland	do do	do do			700 00
John F. Skidmore	do do	do do			700 00
Joseph P. Smith	do do	do do			700 00
Edward Knight	do do	do do			700 00
Richard Kimmins	do do	do do			700 00
Superior.					
Leonard Hoffman	Attendant on Superior Court	Board of Supervisors and the Court			700 00
Samuel S. Acker	do do	do do			700 00
Charles U. Combs	do do	do do			700 00
James G. Kent	do do	do do			700 00
Charles Goldin	do do	do do			700 00
James Ryan	do do	do do			700 00
Thomas Ryan	do do	do do			700 00
John Reid	do do	do do			700 00
Thomas F. Jackson	do do	do do			700 00
Jesse Wood	do do	do do			700 00
Jonathan Odell	do do	do do			800 00

Common Pleas.								
S. W. Dusenberry	Attendant on Court of Common Pleas			Board of Supervisors and the Court				700 00
Edward A. Davin	do	do		do	do			800 00
John Cooper	do	do		do	do			700 00
Allen McKeachine	do	do		do	do			700 00
W. H. Brown	do	do		do	do			700 00
John Major	do	do		do	do			700 00
William Meehan	do	do		do	do			700 00
Timothy Weeks	do	do		do	do			700 00
—— Meigs	do	do		do	do			700 00
*Forty-four Assessors				The People				

* Compensation fixed each year by the Board of Supervisors.



FREE ACADEMY.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

OF THE

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK,

Composed of the Commissioners of Common Schools, elected from each Ward.

January, 1855.

COMMISSIONERS OF COMMON SCHOOLS.

Ward.

1. Andrew J. Perry,
   Josiah W. Brown.
2. Joshua G. Abbe,
   John Hopper.
3. William Allason,
   William H. Avery.
4. Florence McCarthy,
   John Ware.
5. Charles S. Tappen,
   James M. Tuthill.

Ward.

6. William Sinclair,
   Walter Roche,
7. David Webb,
   Abraham Denike,
8. Isaac Phillips,
   Eliphalet Bootman.
9. William S. Lee,
   Albert Smith.
10. William Jones, Jr.,
    Daniel Slote.

Ward.	
11.	Jedediah Miller, George White.
12.	John Green, Abraham V. Williams.
13.	Andrew J. Case, Stephen Brooker.
14.	Andrew H. Green, Thomas Boese.
15.	James W. Underhill, Richard Burlew.
16.	Robert A. Adams, Isaac W. Smith,

Ward.	
17.	Benjamin R. Winthrop, James F. Henry.
18.	William H. Neilson, Simeon Baldwin.
19.	John C. Hull, Richard S. Gray.
20.	Boltis M. Fowler, Nelson J. Waterbury.
21.	John Davenport, Lafayette Ranney.
22.	Robert H. Shannon, Joseph Edwards.

Andrew H. Green, *President.*
Albert Gilbert, *Clerk.*

STANDING COMMITTEES, 1856.

1.—*Executive Committee on the Free Academy.*

Mr. Williams, Mr. Edwards,
Mr. Ranney, Mr. Adams,
Mr. Hull, Mr. Tuthill,
Mr. Boese.

2.—*Executive Committee on Normal Schools.*

Mr. Neilson, Mr. Allason,
Mr. See, Mr. Winthrop,
Mr. Davenport, Mr. Miller,
Mr. Webb.

3.—*Executive Committee on Evening Schools.*

Mr. Perry, Mr. McCarthy,
Mr. Jones, Mr. Bootman,
Mr. A. Smith, Mr. White,
Mr. Sinclair.

4.—*Committee on Annual Appointment and Report.*

Mr. Waterbury, Mr. Miller,
Mr. Shannon, Mr. Underhill,
Mr. Henry.

5.—*Finance Committee.*

Mr. Phillips, Mr. Hooper,
Mr. Burlew, Mr. Sinclair,
Mr. Denike.

6.—*Committee on New Schools.*

Mr. Miller, Mr. Perry,
Mr. Abbe, Mr. Waterbury,
Mr. Baldwin.

7.—*Committee on Sites and School Houses.*

Mr. Underhill, Mr. Case,
Mr. See, Mr. Fowler,
Mr. Ware.

8.—*Committee on School Furniture.*

Mr. Webb, Mr. Allason,
Mr. Case, Mr. Brown,
Mr. Slote.

9. *Committee on Warming and Ventilation.*

Mr. Jones, Mr. Edwards,
Mr. Williams, Mr. Winthrop,
Mr. Fowler.

10.—*Committee on Repairs.*

Mr. Denike, Mr. J. Green,
Mr. Bootman, Mr. Roche,
Mr. Brooker.

11.—*Committee on Supplies.*

Mr. Davenport, Mr. Perry,
Mr. Adams, Mr. Burlew,
Mr. White.

12.—*Auditing Committee.*

Mr. Allason, Mr. McCarthy,
Mr. Tappen, Mr. Davenport,
Mr. Henry.

13.—*Committee on By-Laws, Rules and Regulations.*

Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Winthrop,
Mr. Phillips, Mr. Waterbury,
Mr. Tuthill.

14.—*Committee on Elections and Qualifications.*

Mr. McCarthy, Mr. I. W. Smith,
Mr. Shannon, Mr. Phillips,
Mr. Boese.

15.—*Committee on Correspondence.*

Mr. Henry, Mr. Slote,
Mr. Brown, Mr. Hooper,
Mr. Avery.

16.—*Committee on the Course of Studies and School Books.*

Mr. Adams, Mr. Ranney,
Mr. Brooker, Mr. Williams,
Mr. Tuthill.

17.—*Committee on Teachers.*

Mr. Bootman, Mr. Neilson,
Mr. Tappen, Mr. Hull,
Mr. Abbe.



G. HAYWARD LITH. 120 WATER ST N.Y.

FOR D.T. VALENTINE'S MANUAL 1856

HARLEM PLAINS 1814.

18.—*Committee on Salaries and Offices.*

Mr. Boese, Mr. I. W. Smith,
Mr. Webb, Mr. J. Green,
Mr. Roche.

19.—*Committee on Libraries.*

Mr. Hooper, Mr. Avery,
Mr. A. Smith, Mr. Ware,
Mr. Gray.

20.—*Committee on Free Scholarship.*

Mr. Sinclair, Mr. J. Green,
Mr. Shannon, Mr. Grey,
Mr. Fowler.

FREE ACADEMY.

Twenty-third street, corner of Lexington avenue.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Edward L. Beadle, Abraham V. Williams,
Abraham D. Wilson, Alanson S. Jones,
Randolph W. Townsend, Edward B. Fellows,
Boltis M. Fowler.

FACULTY AND OTHER INSTRUCTORS.

Horace Webster, LL.D., President of the Faculty, and Professor of Moral, Intellectual and Political Philosophy.

John Jason Owen, D.D., Vice-Principal, and Professor of the Latin and Greek Languages and Literature.

Wolcott Gibbs, M.D., Professor of Chemistry and Physics.

Gerardus Beekman Docharty, LL.D., Professor of Mathematics, and Secretary of the Faculty.

John Augustus Nichols, A.M., Professor of Natural Philosophy.

Joel Tyler Benedict, A.M., Professor of Civil Engineering.

Charles Edward Anthon, A.M., Professor of History and Belles Lettres.

John Graeff Barton, A.M., Professor of the English Language and Literature.

Paul Peter Duggan, N.A., Professor of Drawing and the Arts of Design.

Jean Roemer, A.M., Professor of the French Language and Literature.

Augustin Jose Morales, Professor of the Spanish Language and Literature.

Theodor Gustav Glaubensklee, Professor of the German Language and Literature.

Robert Ogden Doremus, M.D., Professor of Natural History, Anatomy, Physiology and Hygiene.

Hermann Joseph Aloys Koerner, PH.D, Professor of Descriptive Geometry and Industrial Drawing.

George Washington Huntsman, A.M., Tutor in the Department of Intellectual, Moral and Political Philosophy.

Joseph Howard Palmer, A.M., Tutor in the Department of Mathematics.

William Beinhauer Silber, A.M., Tutor in the Department of the Latin and Greek Languages and Literature.

Benjamin Arad Sheldon, A.B., Tutor in the Department of Mathematics.

Robert Blenkiron, A.M., Tutor in the Department of English Language and Literature.

Alfred George Compton, A.B., Tutor in the Department of Mathematics.

John Hardy, A.B., Tutor in the Department of the Latin and Greek Languages and Literature.

Hector Mudry, D.U.J., Tutor in the Department of the French Language and Literature.

William Henry Abel, Tutor in the Department of the Latin and Greek Languages and Literature.

The Free Academy of the city of New York was established in 1848, by the Board of Education of the city of New York, in pursuance of an act of the legislature of the state, passed May 7, 1847, for the purpose of providing higher education for such pupils of the Common Schools as may avail themselves of its advantages. It is under the general superintendence of the Board of Education ; but it is specially under the supervision of an Executive Committee, for its care, government, and management, appointed by the Board. All its expenses for instruction, apparatus, library, cabinet collections, books and stationery, are paid out of the public treasury.

The students are admitted in annual classes, and the full course of study embraces five years.

The Board of Education is authorized by law to confer the usual collegiate degrees on the recommendation of the Faculty.

Graduate s may become "Resident Graduates," and continue their studies at option.

The Academy is situated in Twenty-third street, at the corner of Lexington avenue ; and its academical exercises, during term time, continue daily, (except Saturday and Sunday,) from a quarter before nine o'clock, A.M., to three o'clock, P.M.

SCHOOL OFFICERS.

VICTOR M. RICE,
State Superintendent of Public Instruction,
Albany, New York.

SAMUEL S. RANDALL,
City Superintendent of Schools,
88 East Thirty-first street.

JOSEPH McKEEN,
Assistant Superintendent,
39 Fifth street.

SAMUEL W. SETON,
Assistant Superintendent,
780 Broadway.

COMMISSIONERS, INSPECTORS, AND TRUSTEES OF COMMON SCHOOLS.

January, 1856.

FIRST WARD—*Commissioners.*

	Time expires.		Time expires.
Andrew J. Perry	Dec. 31, 1856	Josiah W. Brown	Dec. 31, 1859

Inspectors.

Jarvis M. Andrews	1856	John H. Williams	1857

Trustees.

John T. Hollister	1856	Michael Brennan	1856
Samuel Auld	1857	B. F. Weymouth	1857
James Bartlett	1858	J. Clitz Morrison	1858
John R. Ryer	1859	Thomas Eyrnes	1859

SECOND WARD—*Commissioners.*

Joshua G. Abbe	Dec. 31, 1856	John Hooper	1857

Inspectors.

Elisha Mansfield	1856	(Vacancy)	1857

Trustees.

James C. Stoneall	1856	James S. Libby	1856
Tobias C. O'Connor	1857	(Vacancy)	1857
George Hermance	1858	Theodore G. Chambers	1858
(Vacancy)	1859	(Vacancy)	1859

THIRD WARD—*Commissioners.*

William Allason	Dec. 31, 1856	Wm. H. Avery	1857

Inspectors.

Andrew Little	1856	Wm. H. Crossman	1857

Trustees.

	Time expires.			Time expires.	
George W. Thatcher..	Dec. 31,	1856	Ralph Burks.....	Dec. 31,	1856
Charles St. John.....	"	1857	Nicholas Ludlam.....	"	1857
W. L. Ellsworth, Jr...	"	1858	Jonathan J. Broome...	"	1858
James A. Mandeville..	"	1859	Melville Parkhurst....	"	1859

FOURTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Florence McCarthy....	Dec. 31,	1856	John J. Ware.....	"	1857

Inspectors.

Francis Ryan.....	,,	1856	(Vacancy).....	"	1857

Trustees.

Thomas Fitzgerald....	"	1856	(Vacancy).....	"	1856
Lambert A. Phillips...	"	1857	George Hargan.....	"	1857
James Reilly.....	"	1858	Christoph. Kassenbrock	"	1858
Andrew Cusack.....	"	1859	James M. Sheehan....	"	1859

FIFTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Charles S. Tappen....	Dec. 31,	1856	Jas. M. Tuthill.....	"	1857

Inspectors.

Lemuel W. Parkes....	"	1856	James S. Scofield.....	"	1857

Trustees.

Timothy Hedges.....	"	1856	Andrew W. Leggett..	"	1856
Seth Grosvenor.....	"	1857	Wm. B. Eager, jr....	"	1857
Albert L. De Camp....	"	1858	Charles C. Nott.....	"	1858
James M. Wilson.....	"	1859	Charles C. Curtis.....	"	1859

SIXTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

William Sinclair.....	Dec. 31,	1856	Walter Roche.....	"	1857

Inspectors.

John G. Manning.....	"	1856	Thomas Clarke.....	"	1857

Trustees.

Willet Seaman.....	"	1856	Michael McLoughlin..	"	1856
Patrick H. O'Neil....	"	1857	Edward J. McGloin...	"	1857
Patrick Fitzgerald....	"	1858	Charles Fisher.....	"	1858
Timothy Brennan.....	"	1859	George Pearson.....	"	1859

SEVENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

David Webb.....	Dec. 31,	1856	Abraham Denike.....	"	1857

Inspectors.

Benj. Parkhurst.....	"	1856	William S. Ivers.....	"	1857

Trustees.

James B. Brismade....	"	1856	James W. Parker.....	"	1856
Wade B. Worrall.....	"	1857	James P. Bremner.....	"	1857
Zebulon C. Inslee.....	"	1858	George W. King.....	"	1858
Thomas Lawler.....	"	1859	Thomas Williams, jr..	"	1859

EIGHTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

	Time expires.		Time expires.
Isaac Phillips	Dec. 31, 1856	Eliphalet Footman	Dec. 31, 1857

Inspectors.

Samuel J. Berry	" 1856	Charles C. Dyer	" 1857

Trustees.

Joseph Potter	" 1856	William Bloomfield	" 1856
James S. Burnton	" 1857	William Taber	" 1857
Wm. Westerfield	" 1858	David A. Fowler	" 1858
A. M. L. Scott	" 1859	Henry A. Morgan	" 1859

NINTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

William S. See	Dec. 31, 1856	Albert Smith	" 1857

Inspectors.

Solomon Banta	" 1856	John D. King	" 1857

Trustees.

William H. Gedney	" 1856	George C. Nelson	" 1856
James W. Booth	" 1857	Jacob C. Bogart	" 1857
James H. Townsend	" 1858	Charles S. Wright	" 1858
McDonough Bucklin	" 1859	(Vacancy)	" 1859

TENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

William Jones, jr	Dec. 31, 1856	Daniel Slote	" 1857

Inspectors.

Elias Combs	" 1856	Asa Parker	" 1857

Trustees.

Jacob Leon	" 1856	Andrew J. Kassmire	" 1856
Travers Miller	" 1857	Joseph M. Bell	" 1857
Charles L. Brower	" 1858	Charles E. Pierce	" 1858
Jacob Raynor	" 1859	Theodore Ward	" 1859

ELEVENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Jedediah Miller	Dec. 31, 1856	George White	" 1857

Inspectors.

James R. Sparrow	" 1856	James H. Brennan	" 1857

Trustees.

James R. Steers	" 1856	John Mason	" 1856
Dennis Garrison	" 1857	John Anderson, jr	" 1857
William Cummings	" 1858	Charles Perley	" 1858
John Pickford	" 1859	Samuel S. Acker	" 1859

TWELFTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

John Green	Dec. 31, 1856	Abrm. V. Williams	" 1857

Inspectors.

	Time expires.			Time expires.
Bartlett Smith	Dec. 31, 1856	Oliver R. Steele	Dec. 31, 1857	

Trustees.

Ebenezer H. Brown	"	1856	James S. Breath	" 1856
Dennis Sadlier	"	1857	Wm. S. Jennings	" 1857
Gilbert C. Hibbard	"	1858	John Vance	" 1858
H. H. Gregory	"	1859	(Vacancy)	" 1859

THIRTEENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Andrew J. Case	Dec. 31, 1856	Stephen Brooker	"	1857

Inspectors.

Sandy Higgins	"	1856	Thomas Young	" 1857

Trustees.

George W. Thurber	"	1856	Jonathan L. Scofield	" 1856
John Warrener	"	1857	William Vick	" 1857
Alonzo G. Reynolds	"	1858	Wm. H. Romaine	" 1858
Henry Bousher	"	1859	W. W. Young	" 1859

FOURTEENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Andrew H. Green	Dec. 31, 1856	Thomas Boese	"	1857

Inspectors.

William T. Prout	"	1856	(Vacancy)	" 1857

Trustees.

John Ely	"	1856	Andrew L. Byrne	" 1856
Patrick Dolan	"	1857	James O'Neil	" 1857
Henry P. West	"	1856	James Mulligan	" 1858
John Friel	"	1859	James H. Perkins	" 1859

FIFTEENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

James W. Underhill	Dec. 31, 1856	Richard Burlen	"	1857

Inspectors.

John L. Mason	"	1856	Elias Loomis	" 1857

Trustees.

Eli Goodwin	"	1856	Thomas Denny	" 1856
Edward L. Beadle	"	1857	Robt. Lennox Kennedy	" 1857
James D. Oliver	"	1858	Linus W. Stevens	" 1858
Joseph B. Varnum, jr.	"	1859	Samuel Hotaling	" 1859

SIXTEENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Robert A. Adams	Dec. 31, 1856	Isaac W. Smith	"	1857

Inspectors.

Daniel J. Ross	"	1856	Louis A. Rosenmiller	" 1857

Trustees.

John W. Howe	"	1856	Thomas Christy	" 1856
James Pollock	"	1857	Charles P. Edwards	" 1857
Jeremiah E. Cary	"	1858	John De Lamater	" 1858
Edmund H. Miller	"	1859	Samuel Moore	" 1859

SEVENTEENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

	Time expires.		Time expires.
Benj. R. Winthrop	Dec. 31, 1856	James F. Henry	Dec. 31, 1857

Inspectors.

William Wallace	" 1856	Joseph Whitehead	" 1857

Trustees.

Wm. B. McManus	" 1856	Wm. Hebbard	" 1856
Joseph C. Pinckney	" 1857	John L. Lloyd	" 1857
William H. Riblet	" 1858	J. C. Chamberlain	" 1858
Nathan C. Ely	" 1859	Wm. H. Vanderhoff	" 1859

EIGHTEENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

William H. Neilson	Dec. 31, 1856	Simeon Baldwin	" 1857

Inspectors.

Joseph F. Joy	" 1856	James W. Gerard	" 1857

Trustees.

Charles J. Murch	" 1856	Abel T. Anderson	" 1856
Alex. M. Lawrence	" 1857	A. Bleecker Neilson	" 1857
E. Delafield Smith	" 1858	John H. Burleson	" 1858
William K. Strong	" 1859	James M. Edney	" 1859

NINETEENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

John C. Hull	Dec. 31, 1856	Richard S. Gray	" 1857

Inspectors.

Isaac Adriance	" 1856	Charles L. Frost	" 1857

Trustees.

James Hatfield	" 1856	John Eagan	" 1856
Stephen M. Drew	" 1857	Severn D. Moulton	" 1857
George W. Beebee	" 1858	James M. Gillespie	" 1858
Charles Smithson	" 1859	William J. Plows	" 1859

TWENTIETH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Boltis M. Fowler	Dec. 31, 1856	N. J. Waterbury	" 1857

Inspectors.

J. B. Fitzgerald	" 1856	Charles Darragh	" 1857

Trustees.

Wm. Menck	" 1856	Henry Larkin	" 1856
Philo V. Beebe	" 1857	Hubbard G. Stone	" 1857
James Kearny	" 1858	Robert T. Creamer	" 1858
Edwin Dobbs	" 1859	Casper Myers	" 1859

TWENTY-FIRST WARD—*Commissioners.*

John Davenport	Dec. 31, 1856	La Fayette Ranney	" 1857

Inspectors.

Elias H. Herrick	" 1856	Lewis S. Thomas	" 1857

Trustees.

	Time expires.		Time expires.
William C. Lee	Dec. 31, 1856	Jasper Corning	Dec. 31, 1856
John Stephenson	" 1857	James Owens	" 1857
R. Stansbury	" 1858	H. M. Shieffelin	" 1858
Richard Kelly	" 1859	B. B. Atterbury	" 1859

TWENTY-SECOND WARD—*Commissioners.*

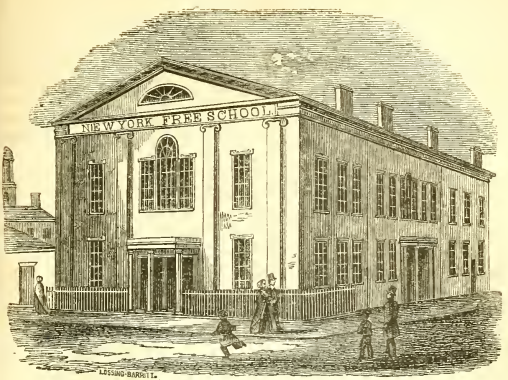
Robert H. Shannon	Dec. 31, 1856	Joseph Edwards	" 1857

Inspectors.

Samuel J. Hopkins	" 1856	Abijah Ingraham	" 1857

Trustees.

Samuel Fleet	" 1856	Peter C. Male	" 1856
(Vacancy)	" 1857	Wm. Holmes	" 1857
Nathaniel Wing	" 1858	Wm. Dealing, jr.	" 1858
John F. Fay	" 1859	(Vacancy)	" 1859



Free School No. 2, Tryon row and Chatham street, erected in 1806; torn down in 1839, on improvement of Centre street.

WARD SCHOOLS

UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE SEVERAL WARDS IN WHICH THE SCHOOLS ARE LOCATED.

TEACHERS.

Ward School No. 1—Fourth Ward.

245 William street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Wm. W. Smith,	Cornelia Honeywell,	Harriet M. Magie,
Edward A. Walsh,	Mary A. Gilfillan,	Martha S. Brennan,
George F. Wicks,	Mary E. Adams,	C. Amanda Baker,
Patrick C. Leamy,	Emilie J. Edison,	Almira Smith,
Margaret T. Griffith,	Jane C. Irvine.	Emily McCullam.
Mary J. Lennon,		
Helena Raymond.		

Ward School No. 2—Seventh Ward.

116 Henry street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Henry Kiddle,	Letitia R. Mathews,	Sarah Concklin,
Wm. J. Goldey,	Elizabeth Wood,	Sarah L. Dean,
Jacob Fehrman,	Isabel F. Richards,	Elizabeth McDougal,

Henry A. McCartin,	Harriet A. Budd,	Elizabeth A. Blanchard,
Margaret A. Barnum,	Mary E. Stainburn,	Eliza C. Budd,
Joseph H. Wiley,	Olivia D. Michaels,	Adaline E. Anderson,
Mary J. Currier,	Catharine Postley.	Catharine Williams,
Zyphena Finch.		Emma Cole,
		Sophia Cook.

Ward School No. 3—Ninth Ward.

Corner Hudson and Grove streets.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
David Patterson,	Isabella F. McCormick,	Mary C. Brombush,
Benj. D. L. Southerland,	Elizabeth Harriet,	Sarah J. Dornan,
William W. Holder,	Elizabeth Pope,	Eliza B. Scudder,
George A. Hall,	Deborah Wainwright,	Mary Jane Davis,
Louisa Barton,	Emily Pell,	Regina Warren,
Eliza J. Hannon,	Catharine H. Morgan,	Sarah George,
Mary A. King.	Catharine Buxton,	Rosa Famanis,
	Sarah J. Ingersoll.	Josephine Weeks,
		Jane M. Hill.

Ward School No. 4—Thirteenth Ward.

203 Rivington street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
J. D. Demilt,	Catharine White,	Emily A. White,
C. W. Feeks,	Jane Moon,	Eleanor S. Northrop,
J. C. Devoy,	Harriet N. Howland,	Victoria J. Knight,
Olivia S. Edmonds,	Amanda M. Roberts,	Sarah E. Bertine,
Margaret Miller,	Matilda E. Schmall,	Sarah M. Taft,
Harriet J. Rose,	Martha Rhoads,	Mary A. Leuba,
Ellen C. Gregory,	Louisa Mosher,	Nancy Mosher,
Augusta Scofield,	Harriet T. De Lou,	Mary J. Blair,
Susan F. Hopkins,	Albertina Cooley.	Sarah L. Shields,
Sarah B. Baldwin.		Elizabeth W. St. John,
		Jeannett Robertson,
		Mary Montgomery.

Ward School No. 5—Fourteenth Ward.

222 Mott street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
M. J. O'Donnell,	Charlotte A. Purdy,	Mary T. Shepard,
Michael A. Curran.	Mary J. Dowlin.	Margaret A. Mather,
Thomas Moore,	Amanda S. Marston,	Margaret A. Smith,
James Toal.	C. E. Wakefield.	Adelia M. Perkins.

Ward School No. 6—Twelfth Ward.
Randall's Island.

Male.	*Primary.*
Thomas P. Okie,	Susan F. Jackson,
Harriet J. Craven,	Sarah J. Linderman,
Mary E. Bryant,	Mary A. Green,
Mary Talbot,	Elizabeth Wilson,
Sarah L. Payne.	Mary Tuthill,
	Mary E. Hammond.

Ward School No. 7—Tenth Ward.
60 Chrystie street.

Male.	*Female.*
Wm. H. Reuck,	Sarah A. Bunker,
Samuel D. Allson,	Mary A. Hannah,
Jacob T. Boyle,	Ellen L. Chapman,
Frederick M. Campbell,	Isadora Findlay,
Clarissa A. Root,	Ann E. Watkins,
Lucy C. Hooker	Catharine Reed,
	Sophia J. Adler.

Ward School No. 8—Eighth Ward.
66 Grand street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Cornelius A. Cooper,	Harriet Bartine,	Eliza Mullen,
Sylvester G. Penfield,	Mary E. Marston,	Ann E. Brower,
Isabella Veitch,	Elizabeth F. King,	Mary T. Burgyes,
Catharine Kane.	Catharine L. Conant.	Letitia Cassiday,
		Catharine Kohler,
		Susan A. Birmingham.

Ward School No. 9—Twenty-second Ward.
Eighty-second street and Eleventh avenue.

Male.	*Female.*
John D. Robinson,	Catharine Jollie.
Henry W. Smith,	Sarah F. Day,
Caroline E. Church,	Isabella Dickinson.
Alex. Oliver.	

Ward School No. 10—Fifteenth Ward.
180 Wooster street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
George Moore,	Frances A. Westervelt,	Amelia J. Noyes,
Isaac S. Marshall,	Mary K. Atchison,	Caroline Birch,
Wm. H. De Kamp,	Maria U. Van Zandt,	Susan Sparling,
Galen C. Thatcher.	Rebecca Webb.	Anna Lemeback,
		Rachel Griffin.

Ward School No. 11—Sixteenth Ward.

Seventeenth street, near Eighth avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
John G. McNan,	Mary J. Preston,	M. Louisa Macfarlane,
Alonzo Hopper,	Eliza A. Maintain,	Abby N. Beale,
Charles T. Wright,	Mary A. Savage,	Amelia De Baun,
Russel Raymond,	Margaret M. Hatfield,	Jane A. Fleming,
Dayton W. Searle,	Mary E. Clark,	Mary A. Phelan,
Abby A. Rogers,	Victoria Walsh,	Margaret G. White,
Margaret A. Boah,	Serena A. Goodwin,	Harriet Hawley,
Elizabeth Beale,	Margaret J. Parr,	Lucretia A. Robinson,
Victoria M. Graham.	Matilda Tanzer.	Sarah M. Crist,
Agnes Jackson.		Mary E. Bishop,
		Harriet F. Howe,
		Phœbe Concklin,
		Mary F. Vandervoort,
		Annie Crummie,
		Mary J. Macfarlane.

Ward School No. 12—Seventh Ward.

371 Madison street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
John H. Fanning,	Anna M. Marsh,	Eliza Jarvis,
Robert J. Furney,	Matilda Mosher,	Nancy E. Hoit,
Lavina Monell,	Mary M. Ryckman,	Susanna McCauley,
Harriet O. Simmonson,	Deborah Weeks,	Julia M. Knight,
Augustus B. Sage.	Louisa Peters,	Sarah A. Ball,
	Sarah Ganun.	Rebecca Lowrie,
		Annie M. Glasier.

Ward School No. 13—Seventeenth Ward.

298 Houston street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Leonard Hazeltine,	Georgiana M. Watson,	Mary L. Harris,
Robert H. Pettigrew,	Sarah J De Grove,	Emeline B. Graham.
Moulton Emory,	Prudence Hill,	Catharine Smith,
George W. Stewart,	Sarah E. Crane,	Esther B. Noe,
Mary D. Johnson,	Marietta Egbert.	Anna E. Van Voorst,
Marrilla Cunningham.		Mary J. McCoy,
		Fanny E. Bruenhausen,
		Mary A. Reilly.

Ward School No. 14—Twenty-first Ward.

Twenty-seventh street, near Third avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
La Fayette Olney,	Caroline F. Whiting,	Catharine H. Myers,
John A. Graves,	Mary J. Whiting,	Jane E. Hunt,
John Macfarlane,	Mary Turner,	Sarah E. Simonson,
Rosina G. Hartman,	Anna A. Dayton,	Julia V. Hall,
Mary Gordon,	Francis S. Ewbank,	Martha Doah,
Francis J. Graham,	Hester C. Platt,	Emily J. Edwards,
James R. Pettigrew.	Sarah H. Hazeltine.	Jessie McGregor,
		Francis E. Feeks.

Ward School No. 15—Eleventh Ward.

289 Fifth street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
N. P. Beers,	Urania Downs,	Helen Marsh,
James McCoy,	Mary J. Patten,	Annie E. Ketcham,
Charlotte Morgan,	Elizabeth Elting,	Caroline Canfield,
Harriet Lockwood,	Ann A. Wood,	Ann L. Hayes,
Phœbe Mayhen,	Letty Burr,	Mary J. Greene,
Emma H. Skidmore.	Sarah Messenger,	Emma Fairfield.
	Elizabeth Powers.	

Ward School No. 16—Ninth Ward.

Thirteenth street, near Seventh avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Arthur Murphy,	Amelia Cook,	Elizabeth Marsden,
Charles Tuthill,	Virginia Oakley,	Amelia Lyneback,
Mary J. Mead,	Emily Scudder,	Jeannette McLuskey,
Kate H. Cavanagh,	Caroline A. Powers,	Sarah Gordon.
Georgiana Harriott.	Josephine Bailey.	Jane Thomas.

Ward School No. 17—Twenty-second Ward.

Forty-seventh street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
James Monteith,	Amelia Kiersted,	Mary Oliver,
William A. E. Davis,	Caroline A. Masters,	Mary A. Updike,
Robert Burden,	Mary A. Haynes,	Elizabeth T. Lewis,
Mary M. Slater,	Josephine A. Beekman,	Susan C. Brick,
George A. Leonard,	Jane Jollie,	Charity Dealing,
Frederick W. James,	Gilletta Kiersted,	Maria L. Ackerman,
Frances J. Scarlett,	Anna B. Leggett,	Isabella Field,
Elizabeth D. Wilson.	Isabella Dolmase.	Emily S. Hanaway.

Ward School No. 18—Nineteenth Ward.

Fifty-first street, near Lexington avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Euphrates Hirst,	Annie Bamman,	Ann E. D. Rockwell,
Thomas E. Cody,	Sarah F. Miller.	Cordelia C. Rockwell,
Morgiana Farrell.		Maria Brach,
		Elizabeth A. Scanlan.
		Bridget Foshour.

Ward School No. 19—Seventeenth Ward.

Corner of First avenue and Ninth street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
William Smeaton,	Caroline Hazeltine,	Cornelia L. Nicholson,
William Herring,	Mary E. Hinton,	Martha Turner,
John M. Forbes,	Jeannatte Greig,	Mary H. Tompkins,
Sarah E. Buckbee,	Anna Hazard,	Irene B. Miller,
Hannah E. Truss,	Agnes Macfarlane,	Mary E. Trainor.
Annie E. Baker,	Clara Worman.	Kate Buckbee,
Mary C. Hepburn.	Emma Wicks.	Kate Rogers,
		Rosanna Mullen.

Ward School No. 20—Tenth Ward.

Ludlow street, near Delancey.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Joseph W. Mather,	Martha Ames,	Annie Thompson,
Alex. Morehouse,	Margaret W. Tibbetts,	Margaret T. Johnson,
William J. Kennard,	Eliza F. Knapp,	Charlotte F. Glover,
Elbert A. Young,	Sarah A. Fisher,	Harriet E. Irwin,
John H. Baden,	Emeline Olson.	Mary J. King,
Jarvis Jennings,	Harriet J. Eddy,	Mary A. T. Hamilton,
Mary L. Winter,	Francis A. Hays.	Margaret A. Lawrence,
Lucy M. O'Connell,		Ann Hart,
Maria L. Spader.		Florinda Cornell,
		Emeline Voorhis.

Ward School No. 21—Fourteenth Ward.

Marion street, near Prince.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
John Boyle,	Maria Sweeney,	Fanny Willoughby,
Hugh Williams,	Eleanor M. Crowin,	Catharine M. Connor,
Wm. G. Raywood,	Helen C. O'Brien,	Josephine Searing,
John A. Slevin.	Elizabeth F. Battle.	Emily T. Rice,
		Susan M. Connologue,
		Mary Finnegan,
		Helena Connolly.

Ward School No. 22—Eleventh Ward.

Corner of Stanton and Sheriff streets.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Seneca Durand,	Frances J. Murray,	Helen J. Nicholson,
Samuel H. P. Meigs,	Mary E. Maguire,	Francis J. Coleman,
Margaret Patterson,	Sarah M. Gilfillan,	Anna Darlington,
Mary E. Stoutenburgh,	Julia A. Bell,	Joanna Lancaster,
Martha J. Seaman,	Clara A. Blasdell,	Cornelia Hartt,
Sarah E. Huff,	Anna M. Murray,	Mary E. Marshall,
Sarah E. Michaels.	Caroline Dunbar,	Eugenia Green.
	Delia Lockwood.	

Ward School No. 23—Sixth Ward.

26 and 28 City Hall Place.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Wm. Mullany,	Catharine Duffy,	Anna McHugh.
Bartholomew Carrick,	Mary J. Gallagher.	Joanna Toole,
Stinson McIvor,		Margaret McGrath,
Thomas Gibbons,		Rose O'Neil,
James Leonard.		Eliza Riley.

Ward School No. 24—Sixth Ward.

Elm street, near Leonard.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
James M. Sweeney,	Margaret A. McCosker,	Mary S. McDermott,
A. T. Gallagher,	Honorica D. Hogan,	Frances B. Murray,
James P. McIvor,	Jane A. Grant.	Eliza M. F. McGrath,
Hugh P. O'Neil.		Alicia M. Kearney.
		Catharine Gallagher.

Ward School No. 25—Fourth Ward.

13 Oak street.

Upper Department.	*Boys' Primary.*	*Girls' Primary.*
Anna C. O'Donnell,	Elizabeth M. Faye,	Elizabeth M. Bemrose,
Catha. M. Fitzgibbon.	Anna Goodwin.	Harriet T. Watson.

Ward School No. 26—Fourth Ward.

32 James street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Saml. S. St. John,	Mary Flanagan,	Eliza Reynolds.
John Halpin.	Anna McNespie.	Catharine Lynch,

Miles Lavelle,	Annie O'Donnell,	Mary J. O'Leary,
Walter K. Ritch.	Catharine C. Ryan,	Rose R. Crowley,
	Mary C. Dougherty.	Eliza McLaughlin,
		Margaret C. Canary,
		Rose T. Martin,

Ward School No. 27—Fourth Ward.

74 Oliver street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Emily Sleight,	Abby D. Martin,	Ellen D. Irvine,
Maria Barrenpohl.	Sarah Quin.	Isabella Condon.

Ward School No. 28—Twenty-second Ward.

Fortieth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Joseph Finch,	Mary Kelly,	Emily P. James,
John S. Ketchum,	Vacant.	Julia M. Scarlett,
James H. Hallock,	Mary H. Miller,	Olive M. Smith,
Abram Van Riper,	Margaret C. Robinson,	Sarah C. Wilson,
Lewis Kolb,	Sarah E. Hoag,	Rebecca Patterson,
Julia A. Pond,	Anna Moore.	Maria Jasper,
Barbara Gellan.		Georgiana M. Bunker,
		Mary M. Skiffington.

Ward School No. 29—First Ward.

97 and 99 Greenwich street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Lewis W. Annan,	H. A. C. Huthwait,	Marion Blair,
Thomas Fanning, Jr.	Ellen A. Preswick,	Sarah C. Hubie,
Edward Schwacofer,	Ellen M. Hackett,	Josephine M. P. Hume.
James B. Treanor,	Sarah L. Blackburn,	Amanda M. S. Huthwait,
Josephine Morrison,	C. Augusta Allen.	Francis A. Comstock,
Elizabeth Wilson.		Maria E. Martin,
		Elizabeth Carman,
		Amy B. Butt,
		Mary Oelzner,
		Caroline Probst,
		Ellen L. F. Comstock,
		Ann Dearden,
		Anna E. Van Boskerck.
		Sarah E. Haybeck,
		Kate A. Laws.

Ward School No. 30—Eleventh Ward.

276 Second street.

Male.	*Female.*
Jane M. Gilfillan,	Mary J. Housworth,
Anna W. Berdsall,	Helen J. Garvie.
Harriet J. Snyder.	

Ward School No. 31—Seventh Ward.

Monroe street, near Montgomery.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
John J. Anderson,	Lucy F. Scarborough,	Mary A. Ebbets.
John R. Ames,	Mary D. Budd,	Ellen P. Daly,
Marcus Burr,	Mary E. Robbins.	Emily J. Peck,
Wm. F. Berry,		Mary A. Hannah,
Mary J. Gildersleve.		Mary J. Clark,
		Catharine J. Delany.
		Marion Totten,
		Eliza J. Evans.

Ward School No. 32—Fourteenth Ward.

Baxter street, near Grand.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Edward Mellroy,	Alicia W. Goodwin,	Mary E. Earle,
Nicholas Mulligan.	Catharine C. Connolly,	Kate A. Hackett,
T. W. Kennedy,	Mary J. Hunter.	Ellen T. Ahern,
Honora Madden.		Jane Connolly,
		Mary E. Venn,
		Margaret E. Doyle,
		Ann M. Van Riper.

Ward School No. 33—Twentieth Ward.

Thirty-fifth street, near Ninth avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Geo. W. Cooper.	Sarah K. Farnham,	Mary J. Donaldson,
T. Dwight Martin,	Agnes E. Baylies,	Sarah E. McKusker,
Geo. W. McCartine,	Rosamond Rogers,	Eliza M. Dyke,
Clara M. Edmonds,	Anna M. Dunn,	Mary D. Scolari,
Elvira E. Neville,	Kate Brown,	Rosanna Whiteside,
Mary A. Simms,	Hannah E. Jacobus,	Mary A. Lyon,
Janet Young,	Almira J. Danley,	Phœbe E. Brooks,
Elizabeth A. Hunt.	Angelina P. Myer.	Clarissa E. Hartman,
		Catharine S. Burnett,
		Julia Green.

Ward School No. 34—Thirteenth Ward.
Broome street, between Sheriff and Willett.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
H. C. Martin,	Harriet N. Goldey,	Jane Rutherford,
Hugh Carlisle,	Arnot A. Rutherford,	Margaret T. Maguire,
Benj. Y. Conklin,	Margaret C. Mekils,	Caroline Appletou,
Emily M. Appleton,	Grace A. Mayhew,	Phœbe E. Kormorniski,
Mary E. Newman,	Anna E. Pack,	Mary J. Fairchild,
Emily W. Edmonds,	Josephine F. Orr,	Mary Moore,
Lucretia V. Flack.	Josephine Irwin,	Helena Parmentier,
	Sarah A. Reeves.	Marion Irwin,
		Harriet Keeler,
		Phœbe L. Laton.

Ward School No. 36—Fifteenth Ward.
Thirteenth street, near Sixth avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Washington M. Smith,	Susan Wright,	Jane M. Linsey,
Thomas Hunter,	Harriet B. Swift,	Sarah J. Martin,
Charles Gates,	Sarah E. Woodward,	Mary W. Ammerman,
William H. Storrs,	Margaret Dornan,	Hannah M. Wheeler,
George L. Burr,	Martha E. Johnson,	Mary C. Banta,
Aroline C. Hall,	Mary F. Mollison,	Emma McMann,
Euphemia B. Crowell,	Josephine Sheldon.	Annie R. Wilson.
Anna M. Rogers,		

Ward School No. 36—Eleventh Ward.
Ninth street, near Avenue C.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Alpheus E. Dubois,	Lucinda W. Wooster,	Euretta M. Nicholson,
John M. Sears,	Charlotte R. Wooster,	Elizabeth Pickford,
James R. Finch,	Lucinda W. Sheffield,	Victoria A. Hulen,
Catharine E. Vannoy,	Catharine A. Durkin,	Phœbe A. Walters,
Henrietta Walters,	Joanna E. Messenger,	Anna E. Turner,
Mary L. Willis,	Sarah J. Crane,	Anna E. Warner,
Sarah A. Moore,	Emily C. Hoyt,	Mary E. Eppes,
Anna F. Madden.	Susan Maevey.	Mary E. Squires,
		Catharine A. Mitchell,
		Anna E. Brush.

Ward School No. 37—Twelfth Ward.
Eighty-seventh street, near Fourth avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
John W. Boyce,	Hannah E. Cudlipp,	Laura H. Gildersleve,
Gillespie Miller,	Margaret C. Hebbard,	Louisa Ingersoll,

Elizabeth T. Hart.	Mary Gildersleve, Elizabeth Crocker.	Eleanor M. Geary, Mary M. Fraser, Francis S. Thorne.

Ward School No. 38—Eighth Ward.

Clark street, near Broome.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
J. Elias Whitehead,	Cordelia Chadeayore,	Helen M. Knapp,
Charles W. Lord,	Mary A. Downes,	Emma Palmer,
Dubois B. Frisbee,	Francis C. Church,	Sarah J. Seaman,
Charles W. Hubbell,	Mary Marvin,	Margaret Felt,
Miles Finch,	M. Matilda Mayer,	Amelia Norris,
Mary E. Inslee,	Catharine V. Forbes,	Harriet E. Hindes,
Elizabeth A. Smith,	Julia A. Seger,	Jane C. Baird,
Henrietta Forbes.	Mary Houseworth.	Frances A. Stevens,
		Amanda Edmonnds,
		Susan R. Brown.

Ward School No. 39—Twelfth Ward.

One hundred and twenty-ninth street, between Second and Third avenues.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Jacob S. Warner,	Maria S. Kenyon,	Mary A. Freeman,
James Riker,	Edith M. Hayes,	Priscilla Brass,
Mary E. Gardner.	Seraphina H. Landon.	Eliza A. Freeman,
		Catharine A. Hebberd.
		S. Almina Allen.

Ward School No. 40—Eighteenth Ward.

Twentieth street, between First and Second avenues.

Male.	*Primary.*
David B. Scott,	Charlotte C. Wray,
Edward S. Worth,	Elizabeth A. Wilkinson.
Lucien B. Corey,	Anna E. Moss.
George H. Albro,	Martha McFarland.
Charles W. Jackson,	Rebecca Slater,
Mason O. Fuller,	Deborah A. Biscoe,
Jane M. Greacen,	Mary E. Carroll,
Thomas B. Sandford,	Eliza B. Crowin,
Philinda Woodruff,	Anna A. Hollister.
Sarah A. Bodine,	
Frances H. P. McGinley.	

Ward School No. 41—Ninth Ward.

Greenwich avenue, opposite Charles street

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Thomas F. Harrison,	M. Louisa Scott,	Susanna Whitney,
Josiah H. Zabriskie,	Margaret S. Arnout,	Catharine Fagan,
George W. Harrison,	Elizabeth Cavanagh,	Mary F. Goodwin,
Charles W. Smith,	Sarah F. Wixon,	Mary Crowell,
Edith L. Ashley,	Rachel Knox,	Elizabeth Wasson,
Anna R. Dunbar.	Mary J. Topping,	Mary Ann Connolly,
Louisa C. Burke,	Charlotte Lufberry,	Louisa Cole,
Maria Kohler,	Sarah F. Conner.	Sarah Morehouse.
Jacob D. Kuchner.		

Ward School No. 42—Tenth Ward.

Allen street, between Walker and Hester.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Elisha L. Avery,	Ann E. Lloyd,	Emily B. Hunt,
John Walsh,	Caroline Hopkins,	Mary H. Palmer,
Henry Christman,	Anna L. Post,	Elizabeth Sharp,
William A. Owen,	Sarah E. Conrad,	Ann E. Falconer.
M. Antoinette Megie,	Catharine L. Hannah,	Mary O. Bell,
Pauline L. Loss,	Catharine L. Davis,	Isabella Iles,
Ellen M. Tibbetts,	Fanny Hollingshead,	Pamelia Hart,
	Mary Woolley,	Mary E. Miller,
		Rebecca Hiltman,
		Josephine Stuyvesant,
		Kate Hopkins,
		Ellen F. Culver.

Ward School No. 43—Twelfth Ward.

One hundred and twenty-ninth street, Manhattanville, cor. Tenth avenue.

Male.	*Female.*
Charles McGregor,	Barbara H. McDonnell,
Eliza Knapp,	Charlotte M. Shafford,
	Lucy M. Pangburn,
	Mary E. Searing,
	Adeline S. Pearne.

Ward School No. 44—Fifth Ward.

Corner North Moore and Varick streets.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
William Felden, jr.,	Jane A. A. Ebbets,	Catharine Connolly,
Thomas W. Conklin,	Euphemia Warren,	Emma Davis,

Charles E. Aymar,	Helen H. Morgan,	Catharine Gordon,
Charles D. B. Simonton.	Elizabeth Hunton,	Phœbe Hope,
Ezra Beach, jr.,	Elizabeth B. Warren,	Jane E. Cunningham.
Mary E. Higgins,	Elizabeth H. Norris,	Sarah E. Jones,
Lois A. Smith,	Henrietta Hull,	Hannah E. Tappan.
Eliza H. Burr,	Maria L. Connett,	Amelia Rockefellow,
Louisa Buschman,	Francis E. Smith,	Isabella Jewesson,
Angelina Cornell.		Mary A. Walling,
		Sarah E. Place.

Ward School No. 45—Sixteenth Ward.

Twenty-fourth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Thomas Foulke,	Adelaide Hawley,	Emily Kennedy,
Nelson B. Bantram,	Anna E. Fowler,	Hannah W. Hayes,
William M. Jelliffe,	Sarah J. Huestis,	Sarah Cooley,
Charles W. Morse,	Jane L. Wilson,	Matilda Holton,
James W. Graff,	Susan M. Parr,	Emily Grafton,
Sarah Stewart,	Sarah R. Blum,	Jane Caldwell,
Francis M. Knapp,	Hetty L. Broad,	Victorine S. Crapser,
Julia Hostin,	Matilda Le Stopp,	Mary H. Ewart,
Caroline A. Hulbert,	Isabella Oakley.	Hannah M. Tompkins,
Ellen D. Traphagan,		Maria J. Wright,
		Maria A. Pugsley,
		Adelaide Sutton,
		Emily Disbrow,
		Emma S. Bergor.
		Lizzie May,
		Jane White.

Ward School No. 46—Twelfth Ward.

One hundred and fifty-sixth st., Carmansville, bet. Ninth and Tenth avs.

Male.	*Female.*
John C. Graff,	Matilda M. Landon,
Maria C. Jennings,	Julia Ann Goldsmith.
Harriet Williams.	Mary H. Hammond.

Ward School No. 47—Fifteenth Ward.

Twelfth street, between Broadway and University place.

(House being erected.)

Ward School No. 48—Twenty-second Ward.

Twenty-eighth street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
J. H. Cartridge.	Isabella Hill.	Eliza Ebbets.

Ward School No. 49—Twenty-first Ward.
Thirty-seventh street, near Second avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Wm. H. Wood,	Frances E. A. Gutch,	Kate S. Palmer,
Samuel M. Perkins,	Laura E. Seal,	Julia S. Clark,
George H. Moore,	Susan E. Sloan,	Emma Fitch,
Kate A. Egbert,	Margaret C. Cornell,	Elvira W. Stratton,
M. Josephine Rogers,	Helen E. B. Skillman.	Caroline A. Moss,
Mary Z. Graves,		Mary B. Curry,
Julia St. John,		Sarah E. Ryne,
Martha A. Smith.		Melcene A. Van Etten.

Ward School No. 50—Eighteenth Ward.
Twentieth street, between Second and Third avenues.

Female.	*Primary.*
Jane H. Pollock,	M. Eliza Purdy,
Margaretta L. Marston,	Louisa Geer,
Virginia Wheeler,	Martha Payne,
Ellen Hoyt,	Sarah E. Berrian,
Louisa Rolfe,	Annie Kelly,
Elizabeth Innes,	Kate Kennelien,
Catharine Decker,	Mary Jenks,
Caroline Connell,	Maria Raiman,
Sarah Love,	Mary Crothers.
Adaline Farless,	
Madaline McKibben.	

PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

Primary School No. 1.
88 Orchard street, near Broome.

Mary J. King — Sarah E. Ingraham — Phebe Gray.

Primary School No. 2.
103 Bayard street, near Orange.

Sarah A. Foster — Emma A. Sweeny — Julia M. Harden
Mary A. Bamma.

Primary School No. 3.
100 Cannon street, near Stanton.

Sarah R. Jauncey — Mary C. Murphy — Marion W. Holly
Mary L. Hoyt.

Primary School No. 4.

Chrystie street, near Delancey.

Susan Drinker Bridget M. Harrison Phœbe Perham
Margaret McCaffrey.

Primary School No. 5.

401 Cherry street, near Scammel.

Mary C. Crane Sarah E. Raywood Martha C. Colwell.

Primary School No. 7.

321 Sixth street, between Avenues B and C.

Sarah H. Keyes Adelaide Hardy Susan Horton
Julia A. Cook.

Primary School No. 8.

61 Thompson street.

Mary Tooker Sarah Hopper Georgiana Dugan
Amy E. Hallock.

Primary School No. 10.

170 Amos street, near Washington.

Elizabeth E. Mead Mary Jane Anderson Elizabeth Sleight
Elizabeth H. Myers.

Primary School No. 13.

103 Bayard street, near Orange.

Mary Allison Lucy E. McDaniels Anna Mahoney
Agnes C. O'Donnell Cath. H. M. Mulrooney.

Primary School No. 14.

Rear of 60 Chrystie street.

Mary E. Ewen Ann A. Clark Mary C. Kennard.

Primary School No. 15.

36 Stanton street, near Chrystie.

Mary H. Braden Charlotte A. Wilmott Catharine T. Clark
Kate E. Albertson.

Primary School No. 16.

Cannon street, near Broome.

Ernestina F. Moll Caroline G. Haff S. A. Acheson
C. H. Myers E. A. Anderson L. A. Looker
J. A. Wood Josephine Ostrander.

Primary School No. 17.

461 Greenwich street.

Maria Eayrs	E. A. Comstock	Eliza Dyer
Cordelia Everett.		

Primary School No. 18.

410 Cherry street, near Scammel.

Catharine M. Griffing	Louise J. Hobby	Sarah M. Reeve.

Primary School No. 19.

Olley Pack	Amanda Irving	E. Woods
Jane Pullis	C. Meredith.	

Primary School No. 20.

Corner of Avenue C and Fourth street.

Mary M. Smith	Eleanor M. Magee	Sarah C. Lewis
M. E. Soullard	B. Williamson.	

Primary School No. 22.

Corner Bleecker and Downing streets.

Maria L. Roome	Rebecca J. George	Eliza J. Birch
Sarah Lake	Esther Birdsall.	

Primary Schools Nos. 23 and 24.

61 Thompson street.

Sarah Van Nostrand	Eliza Veitch	Christiana L. Dugan
Mary Renville.		

Primary School No. 25.

98 West Seventeenth street.

H. A. McCormick	Mary Hopper	Eliza Ideson
Helen Amerman.		

Primary School No. 26.

98 West Seventeenth street.

Lucretia McGuire	Mary A. Colston	Abby M. Saunders
Mary Hutchinson.		

Primary School No. 27.

174 Amos street, near Washington.

Hester Dorsett	Mary Degraw	Amelia Lang
Elizabeth Dorr.		

Primary School No. 28.

114 White street, near Centre.

Henrietta Mosher — Kate McClure — Helen J. Mahan.

Primary Schools Nos. 29 and 30.

3 Stone street.

Caroline S. Whitlock — Abbe A. Wright — Annie Miles
Georgiana Finley — Sarah E. Hoffmire — Jane E. Wartz.

Primary Schools Nos. 31 and 32.

175 Barrow street, near Greenwich.

Martha C. Houseworth — Eliza R. Sharp — Margaret Wilson
Sarah J. Hemphill.

Primary School No. 33.

Twenty-fifth street, between Madison and Fourth avenues.

Julia Lispenard — Eleanor E. Taylor — Mary J. Johnson.

Primary School No. 34.

Corner of Forty-third street and Eighth avenue.

F. M. Finch — Jane Summerson — Emeline Pellet
Agnes McCarteny — Maria Ackerman.

Primary School No. 35.

461 Greenwich street.

Francis A. Comstock — Elizabeth Wright — Clementina Palmer
Sarah A. Breek — Emeline B. Simmons.

Primary School No. 36.

Waverley place, near Bank street.

Jane Walker — Augusta Loss — Agnes Van Nostrand.

Primary School No. 37.

Waverley place, near Bank street.

Catharine A. Taft — Mary Harriott — Josephine Adee.

Primary School No. 38.

Rear of 60 Chrystie street.

Charlotte P. Brown — Ellen M. Bird — Alice Bartley.

Primary School No. 39.

No. 233 West Eighteenth street.

C. F. R. Crowell — E. Webb — M. T. Pierce
Helen B. Hunter.

Primary School No. 40.

Rear of 147 Clinton street.

Mary Holbrook — Clarissa J. Sayre — Mary E. Northrip
S. A. Montague.

Primary School No. 41.

S. Holbrook — M. A. Scofield — H. M. Conrey
M. J. Smith.

Primary School No. 42.

100 Cannon street, near Stanton.

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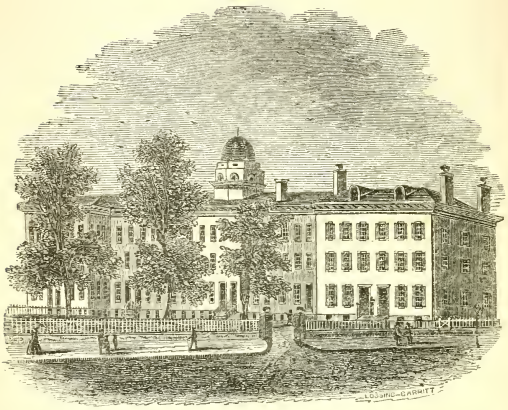
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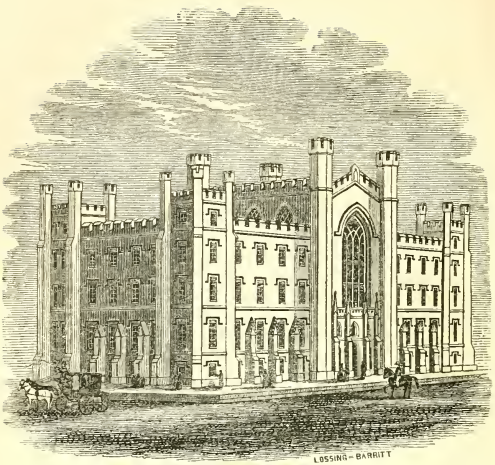
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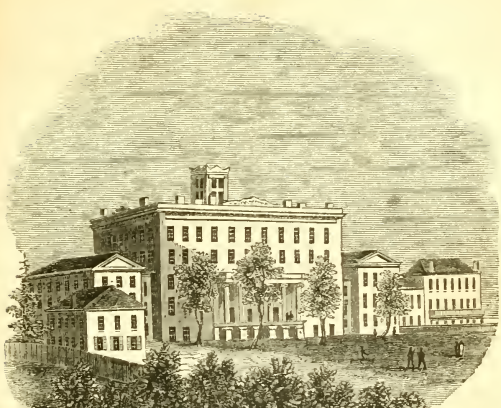
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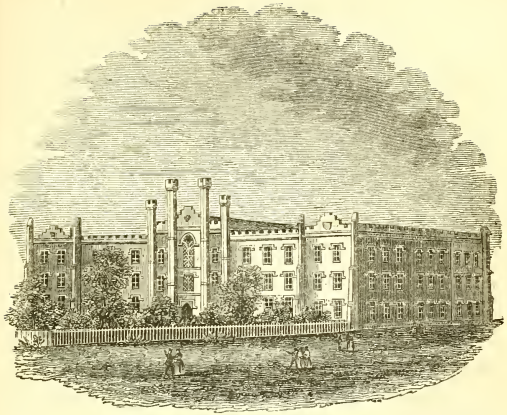
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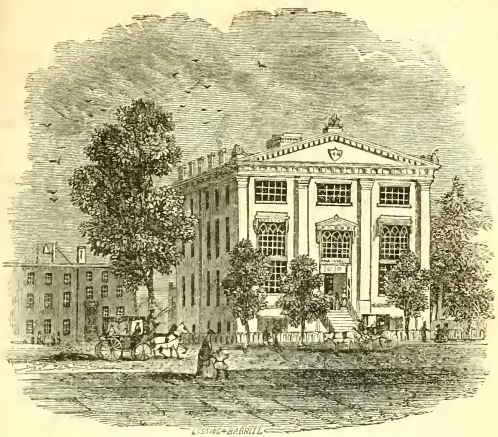
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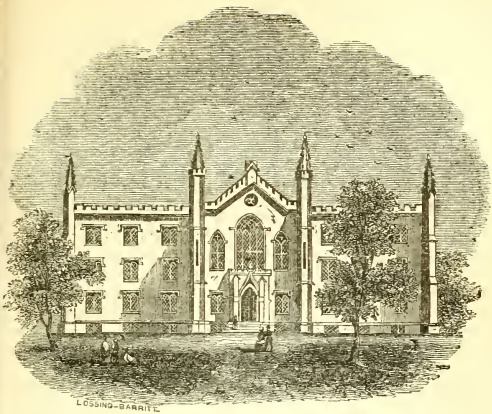
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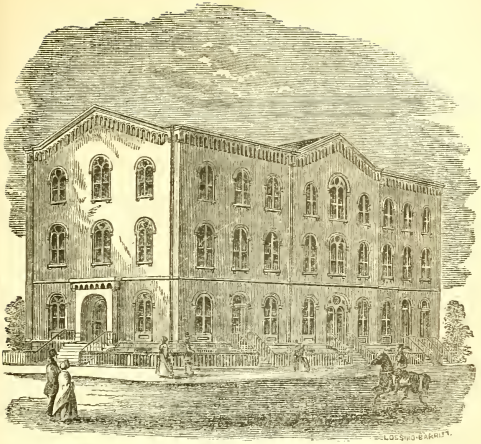
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Fifth District.....J. W. Corson, M.D.
Sixth District.....H. Gomez, M.D.

CONSULTING PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.—H. D. Bulkley, M.D., Jared Linsly, M.D., John C. Cheesman, M.D., Willard Parker, M.D., John Watson, M.D., Isaac Wood, M.D.

APOTHECARY.—Edward T. Jenkins.

ASSISTANT APOTHECARY.—C. E. Munroe.

DRUGGISTS.—Ingersoll, Field & Co.



DEMILT DISPENSARY.

INCORPORATED MARCH, 1851.

Second avenue, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets.

MANAGERS.

Frederick E. Mather, *President.*
John Campbell, *First Vice-President.*
Henry M. Alexander, *Second Vice-President.*
William Walker, *Treasurer.*
Ashbel Green, *Secretary.*

MANAGERS—Peter Cooper, William F. Mott, jr., Henry A. Hurlbut, Peter McMartin, John D. Walker, Nathaniel Hayden, Charles Tracy, Adam W. Spies, Joseph F. Joy, Giles Babcock, Nathanial R. Long, John H. Earle, Wm. Smith Brown, Henry Young, Charles C. Savage, George W. Abbe, Clarkson N. Potter, Jas. Low, A. A. Bremner, Rufus R. Skeel.

MEDICAL BOARD.

A. Elder, M.D.
G. P. Cammann, M.D. — *Diseases of the Heart, Lungs and Throat.*

T. G. Thomas
C. R. Agnew — *Diseases of Head, &c.*

Robert P. Harris, M.D.
W. A. Carrington, M.D. — *Diseases of Eye and Ear.*

George A. Richards.....*Diseases of the Skin.*
J. Foster Jenkins, M.D.....
W. C. Livingston.....} *Diseases of Women.*
Julius S. Thebaud, M.D.....
Wm. R. Donaghe, M.D.....} *Surgeons.*
Edward H. Parker, M.D.....
J. M. Wright.....} *Diseases of Children.*
E. Lee Jones, M.D.....*House Physician.*
W. B. Bibbins, M.D.....
George L. Hyslop.....} *Visiting Physicians.*

NORTHERN DISPENSARY.

Corner of Waverley place and Factory street.

Jacob Harsen, *President.*
Philip Reynolds, *First Vice-President.*
Henry Stokes, *Second Vice-President.*
John S. Bussing, *Third Vice-President.*
Charles R. Whittemore, *Secretary.*
Alexander M. L. Scott, *Treasurer.*
William L. Morris, *Counsellor.*

COMMITTEES.

On Finance.—Richard Warren, Joseph L. Clark, John B. Hall, James M. Brown, John S. Dickerson.

On Supplies.—Alex. Knox, Mark Spencer, Henry Van Schaick.

On Applications.—Wm. M. Vermilye, Timo. T. Merwin, Peter R. Warner.

On Conference.—Philip Reynolds, Clinton Gilbert, Benj. F. Wheelwright.

VISITING COMMITTEES.

April.—Floyd Smith, B. F. Wheelwright, J. B. Hall, Mark Spencer.

May.—Jed. Frye, L. Suydam, Wm Mandeville, Henry Oothout.

June.—Alex. Knox, Abm. Van Nest, J. D. Oliver, David Magie.

July.—Wm. L. Morris, James Warren, A. M. L. Scott, J. B. Hillyer.

August.—P. W. Engs, J. Terbell, Wm. N. McIntyre, Thos. S. Winslow.

September.—John Groshon, C. S. Benson, R. Colgate, Thos. Egleston.

October.—Timo. T. Merwin, Geo. S. Stitt, Wm. B. Aitkin, David Stewart.

November.—Philip Reynolds, Richard Warren, Peter R. Warner, James M. Brown.

December.—Geo. Barrell, Edwin J. Brown, John S. Dickerson, Jeremiah Lambert.

January, 1856.—Henry Stokes, John S. Bussing, Caleb F. Lindsley, Peter H. Vandervoort.

FEBRUARY.—Clinton Gilbert, Joseph L. Clark, John N. Bradley, John Hegeman.

MARCH.—Wm. M. Vermilye, Henry Van Schaick, Mancer M. Backus, Washt. R. Vermilye.

CONSULTING PHYSICIANS.—John Nelson, M.D., James Stewart, M.D., Joseph M. Smith, M.D., F. U. Johnston, M.D.

CONSULTING SURGEONS.—Valentine Mott, M.D., Gurdon Buck, M.D., Alex. H. Stevens, M.D., Willard Parker, M.D.

VISITING PHYSICIANS.—*First District*—E. B. Warner, M.D. *Second District*—J. R. Leaming, M.D.

VACCINE PHYSICIAN.—Charles McMillan, M.D.

APOTHECARY.—A. T. E. Hilton, M.D.

ASSISTANT APOTHECARY.—George W. Donaldson.

ATTENDING PHYSICIANS.

G. P. Cammann, M.D. C. P. Tucker, M.D.	*Heart and Lungs.*
Ellsworth, Eliot, M.D. C. F. Heywood, M.D.	*Fevers and Rheumatism.* *Head and Bowels.*
W. E. Vermilye, M.D. D. W. Wainwright, M.D	*Diseases of Eye and Ear.*
Stephen Smith, M.D. W. S. Wells, M.D.	*Diseases of Skin.*
R. W. Cairns, M.D. H. Weeks Brown, M.D.	*Surgery and unclassified Diseases.*
A. K. Gardner, M.D. Stephen Griswold, M.D.	*Women and Children, and Nervous Diseases.*

EASTERN DISPENSARY.

Ludlow street, between Grand and Broome streets.

INCORPORATED APRIL, 1832.

TRUSTEES.

Wm. P. Cooledge, *President.*
Solomon Jenner, *Vice-President.*
E. D. Brown, *Treasurer.*
William W. Smith, *Secretary.*

E. D. Brown, Henry H. Barrow, William Birdsall, John Clapp, E. Cauldwell, John Clapp, Jr., Robert R. Crosby, Wm. P. Cooledge, Abner Chichester, Edward Cromwell, James C. Cunningham, William Dennistoun, James Egbert, Stephen W. Gaines, Solomon Jenner, John W. C. Leveridge, A. T. Briggs, R. M. Hoe, Fernando Wood, James Morris, Charles Merrill, William D. Murphy, James Marsh, Thompson Price, Pelatiah P. Page, Charles E. Pierson, M.D., Samuel Phillips, Samuel Raynor, William W. Smith, David Sands, Richard Tweed, Stephen

Valentine, Samuel T. Valentine, Thomas Williams, Jr., Jacob A. Westervelt, William Wood, Thomas Wallace, Geo. W. Quintard, George Wood, Daniel D. Westervelt.

PHYSICIAN NORTHERN DISTRICT.—Truman Nichols, M.D.

PHYSICIAN SOUTHERN DISTRICT.—Henry Guernsey, M.D.

HOUSE AND VACCINE PHYSICIAN.—J. P. Laines, M.D.

APOTHECARY.—Jas. McKee.

CONSULTING PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.—Benj. R. Robson, M.D., Gurdon Buck, M.D., Jas. Cockeroft, M.D., Jas. R. Wood, M.D.

MEDICAL BOARD.—Henry L. Slote and Chas. T. Goodwin.

ATTENDING PHYSICIANS.

C. R. Agnew, M.D. E. W. Derby, M.D.	10 to 11 o'clock,	A.M.	*Surgery.*
Benjamin Drake, M.D. H. S. Swift, M.D.	11 to 12	" "	*Diseases of the Head and Abdomen, Fevers and Rheumatism.*
Frederick Nash, M.D. G. Bruyere, M.D.	11 to 12	" "	*Diseases of Children.*
John H. Griscom, M.D. N. P. Rice, M.D.	1 to 2	"	P.M. *Diseases of Women.*
Isidor Gluck, M.D. J. H. Hinton, M.D.	1 to 2	" "	*Diseases of the Eye and Ear.*
J. W. Corson, M.D. T. G. Thomas, M.D.	2 to 3	" "	*Diseases of the Heart, Lungs and Throat.*
E. B. Belden, M.D. V. Morse, M.D.	2 to 3	" "	*Diseases of the Skin.*

NORTH WESTERN DISPENSARY,

511 Eighth avenue.

OFFICERS.

Robert Ray, *President.*
L. B. Ward, *First Vice-President.*
Samuel Newby, *Second Vice-President.*
James S. Gibbons, *Treasurer.*
Charles H. Busher, *Secretary.*

COMMITTEES.

FINANCE—Samuel Newby, Archd. Gracie Ling, Henry McLean.
CONFERENCE—Oliver H. Lee, Chas. H. Rusher, Nelson J. Waterbury.
SUPPLY—O. W. Morris, R. Henry Goff, Thos. M. Partridge.

VISITING.

November....Henry McLean, Thomas L. Braynard.
December....Solomon B. Noble, Samuel Newby.
January.....O. W. Morris, H. G. Stono.

February.....A. B. Millard, Jas. S. Gibbons.
March.....James Reeve, Amos M. Lyon.
April.....Lebbeus B. Ward, H. P. Peet.
May.....Thomas M. Partridge, Daniel H. Smith.
June.....George B. Smith, John Milhau.
July.....Archibald Gracie King, James F. Chamberlain.
August.....R. Henry Goff, Nelson J. Waterbury.
September....Oliver H. Lee, J. T. B. Maxwell.
October.....Moses G. Leonard.

PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS, &c.

W. H. Van Beuren, M.D.....
John Watson, M.D..... } *Consulting Surgeons.*

A. N. Gunn, M.D.....
H. D. Bulkley, M.D..... } *Consulting Physicians.*

John G. Sewall, M.D..1st District..
H. Y. N. Nichols, M.D.2d & 3d Dists. } *District Physicians.*

Mortimer G. Porter, M.D.....*Assistant District Physician.*

J. Henry Watts, M.D.....*House Physicivn.*

Inside—Attending Physicians.

1st Class—Diseases of the Heart, Lungs and Throat.
J. R. McGregor, M.D. B. A. Clements, M.D.
Hour from 9 to 10 A.M.

2d Class—Diseases of the Head and Abdomen, Fevers and Rheumatism.
M. G. Porter, M.D. J. L. Smith, M.D.
Hour from 10 to 11 A. M.

3d Class—Diseases of the Eye and Ear, and Surgery.
J. H. Hinton, M.D. F. J. Bumstead, M.D.
Hour from 11 to 12 A.M.

4th Class—Diseases of the Skin and Vaccination.
C. H. Hæseler, M.D. R. A. Barnes, M.D.
Hour from 1 to 2 P.M.

5th Class—Diseases of Women and Children, and Nervous Diseases.
F. U. Johnston, jr., M.D. R. F. Halstead, M.D.
Hour from 2 to 3 P.M.

J. H. Watts, M.D., *Apothecary.*
Jas. B. Gardner, *Assistant Apothecary.*

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

NAMES.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Allen, William	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Ahern, John	" "	" "
Arnoux, William H	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Anderson, John, jr	" "	" "
Burham, Frederick G	November 28, 1854.	November 28, 1856.
Breck, Joseph	December 31, 1854.	December 31, 1856.
Behite, Frederick M	" "	" "
Burrill, Charles D	" "	" "
Bailey, Thurber	" 21, 1854.	" 21, 1856.
Baker, Alfred E	" 30, 1854.	" 30, 1856.
Berrien, James L	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Bogardus, E. R	March 7, 1854.	March 7, 1856.
Baldwin, G. E	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Brewster, W. S	" "	" "
Bensel, James	" "	" "
Billinge, Benjamin L	" "	" "
Broadhead, J. C	" "	" "
Bailey, John F	" "	" "
Brown, E. H	" "	" "
Bergh, John C	" "	" "
Baldwin, Henry	August 10, 1854.	August 10, 1856.
Baldwin, A. De Witt	November 17, 1854.	November 17, 1856.
Bagley, Sargent V	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Bronson, Henry G	" "	" "
Barrow, Edmund P	" "	" 19, 1857.
Banks, Henry C	" "	" 14, 1857.
Brown, John	" "	" "
Cleveland, Harvey T	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Christie, John J	" "	" "
Chapman, W. F. T	" "	" "
Cady, A. S	" "	" "
Callender William	" "	" "
Cook, Peter	" "	" "
Christman, Bernard	August 8, 1854.	August 8, 1856.
Currie, William	" 16, 1854.	August 16, 1856.
Coppinger, J. B	December 8, 1854.	December 8, 1456.
Casserly, Bernard	" 14, 1855.	" 14, 1857.
Corey, Edwin F	" "	" "
Cone, Spencer H	" "	" "
Corey, Francis E., jr	" "	" "
Crawford, Edgar M	" "	" "
Clark, Edward P	" "	" "
Douglass, George	July 14, 1854.	" 14, 1856.
Dusenberry, Charles	" "	" "
Divine, M. W	" "	" "
Dayton, Oscar F	" "	" "
Douglass, Thomas	" "	" "

NAMES.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Dean, Ezra W	November 24, 1854.	November 24, 1856.
Disosway, C. R	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Devoy, John M	" "	" "
Downing, R. C	" "	" "
Dodge, William	" "	" "
Dusenberry, William H	" "	" "
Dougherty, C. J	" "	" "
Daniels, Edwin M	" "	" "
Durach, Walter	" "	" "
Dubois, Jacob	" "	" "
Everitt, N. C	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Eager, John M	" "	" "
Elmendorf, Edward, jr	" "	" "
Eagleson, Alexander M	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Fraser, Edward M	February 24, 1854.	February 24, 1856.
Fraser, Charles	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Flandreau, James M	" "	" "
Freeman, William C	" "	" "
Freeman, Charles M	" "	" "
Foster, John H	" "	" "
Gibbs, Isaac H	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Green, William H	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Gray, John F	" "	" "
Guest, Francis B	" "	" "
Hageman, John	January 21, 1854.	January 21, 1856.
Hillery, John A	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Hall, Charles M	" "	" "
Hoffman, Francis S	" "	" "
Harley, John L	" "	" "
Haight, James B	" "	" "
Hyatt, James P	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Hoope, John	" "	" "
Hart, Michael G	" "	" "
Hunt Hiram	" "	" "
Hascall, William S	" "	" "
Haws, George T	" "	" "
Ireland, George	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Jarvis, Nathaniel, jr	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Johnson, Charles P	" "	" "
Jordon, Philip	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Jessup, Samuel	" "	" "
Johnston, Robert H	" "	" "
Jenkins, William O	October 20, 1854.	October 20, 1856.
Kohler, Andrew	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
King, Frederick J	" "	" "
Lawler, Robert T	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Lemon, Peter	" "	" "
Lane, Smith E	" "	" "
Lincoln, H. S	" "	" "
Livingston, R	" "	" "
La Bau, N. Bergassar	" "	" "
Lay, Sylvester	October 24, 1854.	October 24, 1856.
Lee, William	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Lee, Frederick R	" "	" "

NAMES.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Lewis, Benedict, jr.	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Latson, John W.	" "	" "
Lawrence, Eugene.	" "	" "
Laurence, Joseph C.	" "	" "
Mountfort, N. B.	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Macfarlin, Thomas.	" "	" "
McCahill, John.	" "	" "
Mills. R. S.	" "	" "
Marriner, James.	" "	" "
McPherson, E. S.	" "	" "
Masten, Myer.	" "	" "
Munson, James, jr.	August 8, 1854.	August 8, 1856.
Marselis, Peter S.	" 16, 1854.	" 16, 1857.
Moody, John.	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Morris, William L.	" "	" "
McIntyre, Alfred.	" "	" "
Molloy, Patrick J.	" "	" "
Murray, Washington.	" "	" "
Moulton, James F.	" "	" "
Moses, Abraham.	" "	" "
Mills, Joseph T.	" "	" "
McSorley, John A.	" "	" "
Norwood, A. G.	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Nelson, George P.	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Niven, D. C.	" "	" "
Overton, John B.	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Pitkin, Lucius.	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Patterson, Charles E.	" "	" "
Pinckney, Stephen R.	" "	" "
Price, James.	" "	" "
Pearson, Thomas.	" "	" "
Phœnix, Phillips.	" "	" "
Pinckney, Charles C.	March 13, 1854.	March 13, 1856.
Quackenbush, Andrew.	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Richmond, Thomas A.	January 24, 1854.	January 24, 1856.
Randall, D.	February 24, 1854.	February 24, 1856.
Ripley, William B.	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Roome, William J.	" "	" "
Riblet, William H.	" "	" "
Reed, Michael A.	" "	" "
Robertson, H. L.	" "	" "
Riker, D. Phœnix.	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Rice, H. H.	" "	" "
Romaine, W.	" "	" "
Rogers, C. H.	" "	" "
Scribner, G. H.	April 17, 1854.	April 17, 1856.
Shotwell, Augustus F.	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Stevens, J. Bancroft.	" "	" "
Sandford, James S.	" "	" "
Shay, William E.	" "	" "
Streigbeigh, Robert M.	" "	" "
Smith, Nelson.	" "	" "
Smith, A. W.	" "	" "
Shandley, Edward J.	August 8, 1854.	August 8, 1856.

NAMES.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TIME EXPIRES.
Smith, George B	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Stansberry, E. A	December 6, 1854.	December 6, 1856.
Stogdill, William H	December 14, 1855.	" 14, 1857.
Stewart, Thomas	" "	" "
Sommers, Thomas S	" "	" "
Seixas, Daniel	" "	" "
Sinclair, William	" "	" "
Stuyvesant, George W	" "	" "
Scott, Richard	" "	" "
Stansbury, William H	" "	" "
Smith, Charles K	" "	" "
Steele, John B., jr	" "	" "
Sandford, James	" "	" "
Smith, Charles H	" "	" "
Stewart, Thomas E	" "	" "
Slausen, J. S	" "	" "
Striker, Ambrose R	" "	" "
Shannon, Robert H	" "	" "
Stevens, George H	" "	" "
Tyler, John J	July 14, 1851.	July 14, 1856.
Thebaud, G. J	" "	" "
Tallmadge, Frederick A	" "	" "
Taylor, George G	December 14, 1855.	December 14, 1857.
Townsend, John J	" "	" "
Taylor, Daniel B	" "	" "
Tindale, John J	" "	" "
Taylor, George L	" "	" "
Taylor, Robert	" "	" "
Underhill, Walter M	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Van Antwerp, Peter	" "	" "
Van Voorhis, G. W	" "	" "
Verren, Thomas	" "	" "
Vultee, Frederick L	December 14, 1855	December 14, 1897.
Van Cott, G	" "	" "
Van Slyck, Nicholas	" "	" "
Wordsworth, William	" "	" "
Webster, Samuel T	" "	" "
Wilson, Jonathan, sen	" "	" "
Westerfield, William E	" "	" "
Wyckoff, Peter S	" "	" "
Warner, George W	" "	" "
Watkinson, Redford	" "	" "
Wakeman, Thaddeus B	" "	" "
Ward, S. L. H	December 31, 1854.	December 31, 1756.
Wells, James N. jr	" "	" "
Warner, James S	" "	" "
Waters, Timothy, jr	January 17, 1854.	January 17, 1856.
Whitehead, Henry	March 24, 1854.	March 24, 1856.
Webber, John	July 14, 1854.	July 14, 1856.
Wheeler, C. B	" "	" "
Whitman, John W	" "	" "
Wilson, Stephen D	" "	" "
Whitbeck, William A	December 18, 1854.	December 18, 1856.
Young, Joseph B	" 14, 1855.	" 14, 1857.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Abbott, Carden
Anderson, John, Jr.
Adams, R, A.
Ambler, John C.
Adams, Thomas
Bull, Samuel T.
Buckley, Thomas C. T.
Bogert, H. A.
Black, John
Brown, James C.
Baldwin, A. D.
Bates, J. Francis
Benjamin, P. A.
Barrow, E. P.
Beckel, J. C.
Browne, William H.
Bell, G. W.
Briggs, D. C.
Bissell, John
Brown, Samuel
Bissell, Edward
Butler, William Allen
Bogart, John Augustus
Betts, W. C.
Baldwin, G. E.
Brown, William H.
Brown, Samuel
Baldwin, J. M.
Bull, Jireh
Benedict, Charles L.
Beck, F. J.
Baldwin, S.
Bloomfield, William
Banks, Henry
Camerden, Henry C., jr.
Carnes, Cornelius
Clark, Edward P.
Chambers, John H.
Clarke, Daniel W.
Corey, Edwin F.
Cowdrey, William L.
Campbell, Malcolm
Clark, William Y.
Coddington, Jefferson
Colgate, Josiah S.
Clarke, Albert G.
Clark, Charles G.
Clark, Thomas M.
Dougherty, C. J.
Dodge, J., jr.
Drake, John
Dodge, William
Darling, W. M. A.
Davison, C. A.
De Lancey, Edward F.
Dill, J. H.
Dusenbury, Edwin
Disosway, Cornelius R.
Downing, J. W.
Darling George D.
Dean, Ezra
Dykes, Francis H.
Edwards, Charles
English, William C. R.
Ely, Jonathan S.
Edward, John
Emmet, William P.
Eagelson, A. M.
Forman, William Henry
Fleming, Charles E.
Foster, J. P. Giraud
Fellows, R. C.
Farnham, William T.
F——, Edward
Fraser, Edward A.
Furniss, William
Graham, Augustus C.
Glover, Thaddeus
Genet, E. J.
Gallatin, Albert
Glover, Louis N.
Giuteau, J. M.
Graham, N. B.
Grandin, William
Griswood, B. W.
Green, P. Wilson

Herrick, Asahel R.
Hoffman, John T.
Hickson, John, jr.
Higgins, A. T.
Heath, Henry
Harrison, William B.
Haight, Nicholas
Hoffman, E.
Hopper, John
Harberger, J. S.
Harrington, Richard M.
Hoes, P. S.
Hoxie, Nathaniel P.
Hoffman, Augustus
Hedenberg, D. L.
Hinckman, G. W.
Irving, Edgar
Jenkins, James E.
Jaques, David R.
Johnson, J. C. P.
Johnson, Henry W.
King, Frederick W.
Kapp, Frederick
Lynch, George H.
Ludlum, Edwin
Leveridge, B. C.
Laurence, Joseph C.
Lane, Thaddeus H.
Latting, John J.
Lyell, John H.
Lay, Sylvester
Lawton, J. Warren
Livingston, John
Lockwood, John A.
Lowe, J. A.
Lawrence Eugene
Lalor, John
Lecte, George A.
Lawrence, Joseph C.
Merrihew, Stephen
Moody, Horace J.
Murray, Washington
McKinstry, Charles
Milledoler, William S.
McGregor, John D.
McLean, George W.
Moore, W. H. H.
Macdonough, A. R.
McSorley, John A.
Maclay, Moses B.
Morrell, George W.
Mumford, W. O.
McPherson, E. S.
Murray, Washington
Mayo, John
Megarey, Charles
Nott, Charles C.
Neilson, John
Norris, J. B.
Nichol, William C.
Neilson, N. F.
Notton, R. H.
Noyes, Carlim
Oakley, Thomas Boyd
O'Keefe, David, jr.
Overton, R. Carlton
Oakley, William H.
Purser, George H.
Porter, Edmund J.
Phillips, Jonas B.
Pentz, Benjamin J.
Pentz, John H.
Pirsson, John W.
Polack, Joseph
Platt, John W.
Plummer, Gordon
Poole, William
Pitkin, Lucius
Pentz, Adam P.
Parker, James
Paris, Irving
Phillips, Samuel A.
Porter, Edmund J.
Peltin, J. D.
Ruggles, James F.
Riker, Elijah H.
Rodgers, A. R.
Richmond, Thomas A.
Raballo, Charles A.
Rice, H. H.

Ryberg, Charles J.
Ryckman, Lewis W.
Randall, D.
Ross, W. P.
Smith, E. Delafield
Sniffen, Allan M.
Stryker, Garret H., jr.
Seixas, Daniel
Stewart, Thomas
Sommers, J. B. Y.
Satterthwaite, John B.
Smith, William E., jr.
Sterling, William G.
Spear, Charles
Sommers, Thomas S.
Spring, G., jr.
Stevens, J. Bancroft.
Sweeny, James M.
Schluter, William
Semmler, John A.
Seagrist, Nicholas
Stogdill, William H.
Sands, Andrew
Smyth, Frederick
Seaver, Zachariah
Sinclair, William J.
Stansberry, E. A.
Sutherland, J. L.
Stewart, Thomas
Swan, Otis D.
Townsend, John, jr.
Tracy, Charles
Turner, Paschal W.
Tallman, H. C.

Taylor, G. Lee,
Thomson, James
Taylor, William L.
Upton, Francis H.
Van Vleck, J. T.
Van Schaick, S. D.
Van Winkle, Isaac
Varnum, Joseph B.
Van Olinda, A. P.
Vose, John G.
Van Boskerck, John
Vanderbilt, Cornelius, jr.
Weber, Jacob
Woodman, George
Westlake, O. E.
Walton, George L.
Woodward, W. A.
Wright, George W.
Wheelwright, W.
Waddington, W. D.
Wilson, Jas. W.
White, John R.
White, John Jay
Wintbrop, Charles F.
Walton, E. H.
Willer, G. P.
Webb, C. S.
Winterton, W. B.
Walsh, Edwin
Wheeler, C. B.
Woodman, George.
Whitehead, Henry M.
York, Joseph
Zitz, Francis H.

LOCATION OF PUBLIC OFFICES.

City Hall Park.

Chief of Police	Office,	Basement,	No.	1	City Hall.
Sheriff's Jury	"	"	"	4	"
Clerk of Board of Councilmen	"	First Floor	"	5	"
Mayor	"	"	"	6	"
Health Commissioner	"	"	"	6	"
Resident Physician	"	"	"	6	"
Inspector of Vessels	"	"	"	6	"
Fire Marshal	"	"	"	6	"
First Marshal	"	"	"	6	"

Superintendent of Carts.....Office, First floor, No. 6 City Hall.
Commissioner of Jurors..... " " " 7 "
Clerk of Common Council..... " " " 8 "
Keeper of the City Hall..... " " " 9 "
County Clerk ..... " " " 10 "
Sheriff..... " " " 11 "
Corporation Library Room..... " " " 12 "
Naturalization office..... " " " 12½ "
Governor's Room..... " 2d Floor " 14 "
Board of Aldermen.....Chamber " " 15 "
Judge's Chambers, Common Pleas... " " " 17 "
Superior Court.....Part 1st " New Court House.
" " .....Part 2d " " "
Clerk of Superior Court.....Office, "No. 18 City Hall.
Court of Common Pleas.....Part 1st, " " 19 "
" " .....Part 2d, " " 20 "
Board of Councilmen.....Chamber, " " 19 & 21 "
Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies Office, " " 2 & 3 "
Collector of Assessments.....Office, N.W. c'ner of basem't, "
Clerk of Court of Common Pleas.....No. 13.

New Court House, Park,

Corner of Centre and Chambers street.

Clerk of Marine Court.
Marine Court.
Superior Court, Part First.
Superior Court, Part Second.
Receiver of Taxes.
Tax Commissioners.
District Attorney.
Recorder.
Law Library.
Supreme Court, Special and General Term, Chambers.
Circuit Court.
Court of Oyer and Terminer.
United States Court.

Rotunda, Park.

Governor of Alms-house.....Office, 1st Floor.
Croton Aqueduct Department..... " 2d "
Water Purveyor..... " 2d "

Hall of Records, Park.

Register.....Office, 1st Floor, Nos. 1 and 2.
Surrogate..... " " " 3.
Street Commissioner..... " 2d Floor, " 4.
Comptroller..... " " " 5.
Collector of City Revenue..... " " " 5.
Board of Fire Commissioners...Office Firemens' Hall.
Chamberlain of City..... " at Mechanic's Bank.
Superintendent of Buildings... " Elizabeth, bet. Bayard & Walker.
" Streets..... " rear of Essex market.
" Lamps & Gas " Essex Market.

Superintendent of Pavements..Office, Commissioner Repairs & Supplies.
" Wharves ... " No. 4, Hall of Records.
Police, Lower ..... " at Hall of Justice, Centre street.
" Upper ..... " rear of Essex market.
" " ..... " at Jefferson "
For Proving Water Pipes..... " corner Sixth avenue and Amos strt.
Commissioner of Streets and Lamps.....Office, Essex market.
Corporation Counsel..... " 51 Chambers street.
Public Administrator..... " 51 "
Corporation Attorney..... " 25 "
United States Marshal, office corner College place and Murray street.
Coroners' office, Chambers street, between Centre street and Broadway.
Justices' Court, First District, at 35 Warren street.
" Second District—Fourth, Sixth and Fourteenth Wards, between Centre street and Broadway.
" Third District—Jefferson market.
" Fourth District—corner of Fifth street and First avenue.
" Fifth District—corner Grand and Clinton streets.
" Sixth District—Broadway, junction of Thirty-fourth strt.
" Seventh District—cr. Eighty-sixth st. and Fourth ave.
Commissioners of Emigration .....81 Anthony street.

Corner of Murray street and College Place.

United States District Attorney.
United States Commissioners.

LICENSED PAWNBROKERS.

In the city of New York, from May 1, 1855, to February 1, 1856.

Solomon D. Willis & Benjamin Gill.....52 Roosevelt street
Newman Levy .....398 Hudson street
H. M. Cohen.....197 Grand street
Solomon J. Levy .....482 Broome street
Louis Levy .....433 Grand street
B. A. Cohen.....269 Spring street
Charles Cudlipp.....289 Spring street
Benjamin Weaver.....408 Ninth avenue
John Shermer .....677 Eighth avenue
Robert Murdock.....178 William street
Aaron Adolphus.....423 Pearl street
S. D. Moss .....74 Catharine street
Dennis Mehan.....18 Grand street
Daniel O. Farrell.....462 Eighth avenue
Charles Cohen .....84 Broome street

Peter B. Ross.....253 Second street
Charles Fredenberg.....299 East Broadway
P. Fredenberg.....496 Hudson street
Alexander Levy.....2 Laurens street
Henry Barnard & Co.....21 Third avenue
Zion Bernstein.....415 Broome street
Abraham J. Jackson.....58 Reade street
Boaz Levy.....619 Houston street
Jonas Solomon.....145 Grand street
John B. Simpson.....25 Chatham street
William Wilson.....181 Bowery
Bridget Costello.....501 Pearl street
Samuel Armstrong.....369 Seventh avenue
William Bennett.....39 East Broadway
Robert Simpson.....195 Bowery
John J. Levy.....45 Sixth avenue
Patrick Ganly.....80 Bayard street
Patrick Fallon.....121 West Broadway
Neil Logue.....493 Pearl street
Hugh Daniel Smythe.....238 East Eighteenth street
Mary McNiol & Son.....143 Houston street
Barnard Mullen.....50 Anthony street
Patrick Doyle.....159 Leonard street
Esther A. Crawford.....280 Division street
Hugh McAleenan.....62 Mulberry street
Robert Malone.....28 Thomas street
Margaret Howard.....67 Division street

Whole number 42, at $50 each.....$2,100

LICENSED DEALERS IN SECOND-HAND ARTICLES,

In the city of New York, from May 1, 1855, to February 1, 1856.

Christopher Caulfield.....43 Laurens street
Alice A. Moss.....119 Ninth avenue
Wm. H. Cudlipp.....308 Hudson street
Michael Brady.....183 Avenue A
Lydia Maynard.....48 Duane street
James Feely.....131 Third avenue
Mary Hunes.....24 Washington market
Marc Wasch.....125 Delancey street
Peter Grauget.....121 Delancey street
Morris Levy.....70 Baxter street
Bernard Rodgers.....278 Delancey street
Thomas Gaffney.....303 Seventh avenue

Anthony Crossen.....96 Baxter street
Isaac Cohen.....315½ Bowery
Joseph Wilson.....171 Bowery
John Andrews.....368 Eighth avenue
Newman Stich.....20 Orange street
M. De Wolf.....116 Baxter streeet
Aaron Levy.....10 Baxter street
M. Jacobs.....6 Baxter street
Davis Webstein.....4 Baxter street
Joel Elsas.....12 Baxter street
James Mehan.....88 Baxter street
Morris Venar.....18 Baxter street
John Prisko.....100 Baxter street
George Green.....30 Baxter street
Edward Morris.....98 Baxter street
Jacob Rosendahl.....98 Baxter street
J. Krause.....84½ Baxter street
Hugh McCaffrey.....76 Catharine street
Lawrence Graham.....181 Avenue A
Elias Cohen.....76 Baxter street
Elisha Packhard.....192 Seventh avenue
Ezekiel Meynau.....16 Baxter street
Jacob Berel & Co.....13 Baxter street
Joseph Harris.....42 Baxter street
Abraham Joseph.....128 Nassau street
Marks Lesser.....50 Baxter street
Abraham Jacobs.....16 Baxter street
James Malcolmson.....302 Ninth street
Joseph Cullen.....542 Eighth avenue
Erzador Levy.....66 Baxter street
Moses Isaacs.....8 Baxter street
Conrad Kehb.....88½ Baxter street
Samuel Stone.....22 Baxter street
Moses L. Cohen.....101 Chatham street
Morris Abraham.....38 Baxter street
Patrick Mooney.....40 Ninth street
Elizabeth Wint.....83 Chatham street
Anthony Loftus.....52 Baxter street
Henry Regaud.....181 Bowery
Hyman Israel.....7 Baxter street
Samuel Alexander.....89 James street
Mary Jane Vinton.....62 West Broadway
Marx Lesser.....56 Baxter street
Bridget McCormick.....7 Washington street
Julius Moses.....5 Baxter street

Henry Harris ..... 122 Seventh avenue
John Winne ..... 92 Baxter street
Wm. D. Oysterman ..... 291 Houston street
M. D. Oysterman ..... 171 Division street
Michael Hardy ..... 596 Eighth avenue
Cornelius Strang ..... 56½ Baxter street
Richard King ..... 48 Centre street
John Green ..... 75 Division street
Eliza Meller ..... 129 Sullivan street
Edmund Dwyer ..... 160 West Broadway
James Divine ..... 80 West Broadway
John Dunn ..... 211 Spring street
Bernard Quinlan ..... 243 Broome street
John Little ..... 205 Canal street
Louis J. Scheilt ..... 117½ Division street
John Walsh ..... 71 West Broadway
Robert Dixon ..... 62½ Carmine street
Thomas Sackett ..... 194 Twenty-first street
David Wyatt ..... 61 Hudson street
Emanuel Cohen ..... 117 Chatham street
Emanuel B. Pike ..... 81 Chatham street
Philip Dowd ..... 90 Hudson street
J. Littledale ..... 195½ Bowery
James McGlone ..... 4 Bayard street
Jane A. Booth ..... 138 Lewis street
Mathew Johnson ..... 73 Chatham street
Raphael Heersh ..... 34 Baxter street
Michael Morris ..... 169 Chatham street
John Chenoworth ..... 561 Hudson street
John Tandy ..... 202 First avenue
Ann Jane Thompson ..... 346 Seventh avenue
William Elliott ..... 89 Division street
Margaret Dawson ..... 127 Third avenue
Philip Isaacs ..... 2 Baxter street
Alexander M. Barnard ..... 2 Stuyvesant street
Hannah Bennett ..... 400 Pearl street
Jacob Trichcart ..... 97½ Baxter street
Winnefield Colan ..... 60 Centre street
Jabez Thickbroom ..... 96 Centre street
Abraham Ehrlight ..... 60 Baxter street
James McDavitt ..... 44 East Broadway
Thomas Cavaney ..... 488 Pearl street
Thomas D. Conroy ..... 491 Pearl street
Patrick Gallagher ..... 485 Third avenue
John O'Brien ..... 222 Avenue B
George Webb ..... 231 First avenue

Thomas Brisbane.....97 Duane street
James R. White.....241 Ninth avenue
Wm. Farrell.....185 Chatham street
J. M. Fleming.....45 Norfolk street
Solomon Cohen.....52 West Broadway
John Smith.....182 West Twenty-ninth street
Henry Bowher.....463 Ninth avenue
James Morgan.....171 Prince street
Eliza Reed.....484 Hudson street
Thomas Stritch.....262 First avenue
David Davis.....275 Ninth avenue
Frederick Frambach.....23 Sixth avenue
Louisa Thompson.....552 Hudson street
George Saphar.....199 Sixteenth street
Solomon Cohen.....12 Laurens street
Patrick McParlin.....44 Centre street

Whole number, 119, at $25 each.....$2,975

LICENSED KEEPERS OF INTELLIGENCE OFFICES

In the city of New York, from May 1, 1855, to February 1, 1856.

Clark Mason.....145 Bowery
Clark Mason.....14 Sixth avenue
Matilda Green.....70 White street
Josiah Ridgly.....47 Ludlow street
Mathew F. Thompson.....217 Bowery
John Levy.....248 Bowery
D. R. Thomason.....27 Greenwich street
D. R. Thomason.....13 and 14 Astor place
Edward Carroll.....72 Sixth avenue
Josiah Watts.....240 Grand street
Wm. Henderson.....77 Nassau street
Arthur Wesley.....195 Seventh avenue
John S. Scudder.....7 Eleventh street
John O'Gallaghan.....60 East Fourteenth street
John Young.....7 Carmine street
Frederick Gumbert.....302 Eighth avenue
William Manning.....271 Bowery
M. Steiner.....223 Bowery
L. B. Kreins.....1½ Rivington street
John Stemmuller.....261 Bowery
Charles Bookham.....149 Grand street
William Walker.....470 Sixth avenue
William Vredenburg.....62 East Thirteenth street

Louis Muller.....139 Bowery
Edward Gillen.....4 East Broadway
Caleb C. Bedell (firm of Morris Cohnent).....100 Greenwich street
Caleb C. Bedell.....287 Broadway
Samuel Odell.....13 Eighth avenue
Wm. Baker.....1049 Broadway
Gottfried Wadster.....83 Greenwich street
John Manning.....345 Eighth avenue
Solomon Feare.....94 Duane street
Philip A. Bell.....99 Leonard street
Jacob H. Fonda.....470 Sixth avenue

Whole number 34; of which 23 are renewals, at $12 50 each, $287 50
And 11 are new licenses, at $25 each..... 275 00

Total..... $562 50

LICENSED KEEPERS OF JUNK SHOPS

In the city of New York, from May 1, 1855, to February 1, 1856.

Joseph Twible.....89 James street
William Dinan.....138½ Cherry street
James McNamara.....62 Roosevelt street
Cornelius Collins.....223 South street
Harman Adler.....90 West Thirty-first street
John Williams.....73 Market slip
Michael Shelley.....101 Watts street
Dennis Conner.....287 Front street
Patrick Hickey.....78 James street
Oliver Roberts.....431 Water street
Francis Bliefirts.....228 Second street
Michael Glennan.....174 South street
Henry Munker.....266 Thirty-ninth street
Charles Harkins.....34 Park street
Charles Simpson.....221 Stanton street
John Donohue.....293 Front street
Peter Russe.....401 Seventh avenue
Edward McGuire.....106 Willett street
George Flashman.....335 Third street
Michael Cahill.....85 West Seventeenth street
Jeremiah Lane.....52 Jefferson street
Mary Murphy.....258 Tenth street
John Harley.....87 West street
Patrick Higgins.....57 Sheriff street
Hugh Morris.....207 Elizabeth street

John Fitzpatrick.....Corner Delancey and East streets
David Scavel.....47 Harrison street
Owen Garey.....56 Centre street
John Crawley.....227 South street
Terence Donnelly.....24 Twelfth street
Michael Madigan.....144 Christopher street
Michael McQuade.....114 West Thirtieth street
Edward Fallon.....197 Hester street
James W. Lyon.....394 West street
Bernard Herring.....17 Laurens street
James Corlay.....216 East Thirteenth street
Andrew O'Shivers.....342 West street
Barney McAttavvey.....31 Goerck street
Edward Hughes.....159 Lewis street
James Fullerton.....340 Third street
Patrick Keenan.....234 Thirteenth street
Crosby, Burrows & Co.....290 Front street
James Dee.....20 Burling slip
Patrick Doyle.....382 Tenth avenue
Wm. Brady.....205 Stanton street
John Kelly.....45 Madison street
James McManus.....44 West Broadway
Michael McAnter.....278 Thirty-fifth street
Daniel Bradley.....95 Baxter street
Daniel Daley.....366 Water street
Patrick McCabe.....52 Park street
James Diliworth.....312 Stanton street
Michael Capel.....393 Pearl street
Patrick Mehan.....320 Thirteenth street
Walter Hillis.....379 Cherry street
Peter Kelly.....190 West Sixteenth street
Patrick Lehey.....291 Front street
John McCoy.....70 Hester street
Philip Duffie.....111 Delancey street
William Harkin.....99 Baxter street
Eugene Eagan.....354 Greenwich street
John Kunnally.....33 West Broadway
John Moriarty.....254 Front street
William Rodgers.....266 Forty-seventh street
Francis Ruddy.....482 Ninth avenue
John Welsh.....32 Gold street
James Elliott.....24 Spruce street
Thomas Hand.....107 Willett street
Neil McLaughlin.....Forty-eighth street and Eleventh avenue
Andrew Baldwin.....25 Morris street
Thomas Boyes.....120 Hamersley street

John Conway.....243 Stanton street
John McBriarty.....46 Jay street
James McBride.....18 Hester street
Michael McAlarney.....35 Pitt street
Adam Ward.....44 Ridge street
Philip Sheridan.....17 Sheriff street
Patrick Gillan.....484 Greenwich street
Thomas Ford.....220 East Twentieth street
Patrick Murphy.....572 Fourth street
Michael Manix.....77 James street
Daniel O'Brien.....16 Carlisle street
Edward Moss.....56 Jackson street
Timothy McNamara.....68 Baxter street
Edward McQuade.....104 Seventh avenue
Owen Keenan.....110 Norfolk street
John McGough.....261 Stanton street
James Walsh.....59 West street
John Manner.....644 Greenwich street
James D. Larue.....320 West Twentieth street
Francis McLally.....98 West Nineteenth street
Abraham J. Levy.....340 Seventh avenue
Charles Moag.....155 Ludlow street
Barney Johnson.....12 Roosevelt street
Thomas Moss.....71 Park street
Philip Carahan.....263 Stanton street
Patrick Carney.....650 Water street
John Canavan.....239 West Thirty-eighth street
James Bannar.....58 West Broadway
Hugh Grimes.....246 Stanton street
John Carroll.....198 First avenue
Timothy Castin.....233 West Thirteenth street
Abraham K. Taylor.....231 Eleventh street
Thomas McKeeney.....39 Willett street
Patrick Creaghan.....218 Stanton street
Patrick Quinlan.....189 Church street
Daniel Eagan.....450 Greenwich street
James Larkin.....210 Avenue C
James Smith.....236 Sixth street
Geo. Thompson.....68 Hamersley street
James Duffy.....269½ Seventh street
Joseph Young.....104 Thirtieth street
Ellen Hallisey.....123 Roosevelt street
Patrick Clifford.....596 Eighth avenue
Patrick Mooney.....100 Forty-ninth street
Cornelius Haltnalz.....271 South street
Patrick Olwell.....33 Pitt street

Patrick Donovan ..... 16 Moore street
Patrick Coyle ..... 24 Broome street
Michael Cline ..... 12 Carlisle street
Thomas Murphy ..... 160 West Twentieth street
Patrick Carroll ..... 18 Marion street
Peter Mugin ..... 40 Grand street
William Turner ..... 42 West Broadway
John Smith ..... 79 Norfolk street
John White ..... 289 Avenue B
Michael Hartness ..... 71 Baxter street
James O'Neil ..... 726 Washington street
John McGinly ..... 82 Hammond street
Michael Handley ..... 21 Baxter street
James Green ..... 144 Anthony street
Thomas Gough ..... 91 First street
Peter McElroy ..... 440 Tenth avenue
Cormick O'Hare ..... 128 Chrystie street
Maurice Roche ..... 61 Beach street
Patrick McManus ..... 31 Leonard street
Daniel Bradley ..... 26 Spring street
James Hogan ..... 143 Chrystie street
John Sweeney ..... 76 Baxter street
Patrick McMahon ..... 384 Twelfth street
Barnard Brady ..... 19 Albany street
Henry Pfaff ..... 238 West Sixteenth street
Hugh McGough ..... 249 Mulberry street
Bernard Oaks ..... 35 Anthony street
John Hutchinson ..... 23 Broome street
Herman Esler ..... 21 Mangin street
Miles Collins ..... 626 Eighth avenue
John Downs ..... 90 Laight street
William Jones ..... 180 Thirty-fifth street
John Kreinan ..... 126 East Twenty-second street
Michael Donovan ..... Corner Montgomery and South streets
Elizabeth McManus ..... 69 Orchard street
Patrick Ragon ..... 78 Pike street
Michael Sherry ..... Eighty-fourth street, near First avenue
Patrick Ragon ..... 325 Forty-ninth street
Patrick Gallaghan ..... 116 Baxter street
Cornelius Conolly ..... 18 Anthony street
Charles Mulligan ..... 264 Thirty-sixth street
Michael Bagley ..... 245 East Thirteenth street
James Ward ..... 195 Avenue A
Bartley Harkins ..... 120 West Seventeenth street
John Smith ..... 20 Clinton street
Rody McLaughlin ..... 150 Baxter street

Michael Shey.....282 West Twenty-seventh street
Robert Boyd.....167 West Fourteenth street
Edward Gamden.....471 Washington street
George L. Nichols.....204 East Fifteenth street
Simeon Nichols.....13 Spruce street
Francis Duffy.....306 Twelfth street
John Sullivan.....8 De Peyster street
John Burk.....116 Washington street
Bartley Speara.....33 Gansevoort street
Thomas Smith.....221 Seventh street
Dennis Hurley.....394 Water street
John Sullivan.....6 Centre street
Michael Carroll.....112 East Twenty-eighth street
James A. Sweet.....227 West street
Andrew Garragan.....141 West Thirty-first street
John McElvy.....99 Baxter street
Owen Cumuskey.....8 Jackson street
Patrick Buckley.....30 Rector street
Henry Callahan.....122 Forty-first street
John D. Blake.....163 Perry street
Terence Carrigan.....175 Fortieth street
Walter Lynch.....241 Tenth avenue
John Desmond.....225 Seventeenth street
Patrick Bangin.....291 West Twenty-eighth street
Peter Gilligan.....519 Sixth avenue
Patrick Malone.....140 Anthony street
Vincent Langdon.....240½ Third street
Robert Farrell.....60 Spring street
Andrew Brosnaham.....69½ Centre street
James Brady.....317 Seventh avenue
John Donyel.....647 Washington street
Edward Britgat.....102 Delancey street
M. McNulty.....591 Greenwich street
Peter Schrecher.....243 Third street
Hugh Blessing.....54 Mulberry street
Daniel Drew.....274 West Seventeenth street
Mathew Smith.....203 Avenue A
Redmond Kirby.....79 James street
Edward Duffy.....449 Cherry street
Patrick Cavanagh.....240 Mott street
Robert Nugent.....87 West Nineteenth street
Jacob Mun.....17 East street
Thomas Kennedy.....508 Water street
Thomas Sweeny.....365 Spring street
Bernard Morton.....354 West Twenty-ninth street
Michael Duncan.....159 Anthony street

George Carey .....715 Washington street
Owen Fox.....172 East Eleventh street
Thomas O'Conner.....474 Water street
Morris Griffin.....172 Reade street
John Harrison, Senr.....40 Dover street
Peter Jennings.....284 East Thirteenth street
Daniel Regan.....581 Grand street
Owen Gibney, (revoked). Thirty-eighth st., between First and Second avs.
James Cushing.....55 Beekman street
Thomas Murray.....170 South street
Thos. McCrarey.....24 Morris street
James McLaughlin.....33 Laurens street
Patrick Murphy.....corner Beach and West streets
John Atherdon.....166 Maiden lane
John Stiles.....3 Old slip
Patrick White .....41 Peck slip
Valentine Willis.....58 Gold street
Samuel McCormack.....18 James slip
Thomas Lyons.....135 Baxter street
Peter McDwight.....242 Stanton street
Robert Dillworth.....580 Hudson street
Thomas Norton.....80 Centre street
Wm. Broshuabar .....18 Dover street
Moser Stark.....346 Seventh avenue
Francis Keefe.....88 West street
George Kiershoper .....2½ Albany street
John Ambrose.....109 Delancey street
Daniel Sweeny .....297 Front street
Terence Clark.....90 Tenth avenue
Richard Feneter.....12 Peck slip
Henry Morange .....174 William street
David Draddy .....13 James street
John Fitzgerald .....21 Willet street
Francis Holmeister.....121 Willet street
Robert Myers .....49 Gold street
Hugh Russell.....118 Ridge street
Michael Goggin.....117 West Broadway
John Radrian, Jr.....175 South street
Francis McMann.....282 Thirteenth street
Wm. H. Dean.....299 Pearl street
Bernard Cains .....428½ Cherry street
James O'Donnell.....26 Jackson street
Daniel Moss.....77 Baxter street
Charles Gibbons.....114 Walker street
Bernard McCabe.....68 Seventh avenue

John Gallagher.....158 South street
James Lynatt.....130 Leroy street
John Shanahan.....29 Old slip
Andrew Loy.....Broadway, between Fifty-first and Fifty-second streets
John McGinnis.....90 Sheriff street
John Wolf.....Fifty-second street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues

260 at $25 each	$6,500
395 licenses have also been granted in connection with the above, to keep Junk carts and boats, at $10 each, amounting to	3,950
Total	$10,450

LINES OF OMNIBUSES,

FOR WHICH LICENSES HAVE BEEN ISSUED FROM JULY, 1855, TO MARCH, 1856.

G. A. Conover.

ROUTE—Commencing at Ninth avenue and Thirty-fourth street, thence down the Ninth avenue to Twenty-third street; through Twenty-third street to Broadway, and down Broadway and Whitehall street to the South ferry—20 two horse stages.

G. A. Conover.

ROUTE—From Twenty-third street, down Ninth avenue and Hudson street to Canal; through Canal street to Broadway, to the Bowling Green and Whitehall street, South ferry—20 two horse stages, and one 4 horse stage.

New York Consolidated Stage Company.

This company was formed under an act of the legislature, passed April 4, 1854, entitled "An act to regulate stage routes in the city of New York, and to provide for the formation of companies to operate the same.—(*Laws of New York, Seventy-seventh Session, Chapter* 142, *page* 325.)

It is composed of the following lines, viz:

ROUTE—from Forty-second street, down Broadway to Whitehall street, to South ferry—30 two horse stages.

ROUTE—From Thirty-second street and Fourth avenue, down Fourth avenue, Broadway and Whitehall street to South Ferry—35 two horse stages.

ROUTE—From Avenue B and Fourteenth street; through Avenue B to Tenth street; through Tenth street to Avenue A, to Eighth street, to Broadway, to Whitehall street, to South ferry; with permission to extend their line through Tenth street to the Green Point ferry, East river—30 two horse stages.

ROUTE—From Forty-second street, down Seventh and Greenwich avenues to Amity street; through Amity street to Broadway; to and through Broadway to Fulton street, to Fulton Ferry—31 two horse stages.

ROUTE—From the Wall street ferry, up Wall street to Broadway; up Broadway to Forty-second street; through Forty-second street to the Crystal Palace—20 two horse stages.

ROUTE—Commencing at Second avenue and Thirty-fourth street; down Second avenue to Fourteenth street, to Broadway; down Broadway to Barclay street, to the ferry—5 two horse stages.

ROUTE—From the Hudson River Railroad depot, through Thirty-first street, or one of the neighboring streets, to and through Ninth avenue to Fourteenth street, to Broadway; down Broadway to Whitehall street and South ferry—30 two horse stages.

ROUTE—From the Crystal Palace, through Fortieth street to Madison avenue; through Madison avenue to Thirtieth street; through Thirtieth street to Fourth avenue; through Fourth avenue to Broadway; down Broadway to Wall street; through Wall street to Wall street ferry—5 two horse stages.

(Comprising eight distinct stage routes, for which one hundred and eighty-six licenses have been issued.)

George W. Edwards, Horatio N. Stebbins, William S. Corwin, George N. Littell and Gardner A. Sage.

ROUTE—From Forty-sixth street, down Sixth avenue to and through Ninth street to Broadway; down Broadway and Whitehall street to the South ferry—20 two horse stages.

ROUTE—From Forty-sixth street, through Sixth avenue and Eighth street to Broadway; down Broadway and Whitehall street to the South ferry—20 two horse stages.

Mackrell & Simpson.

ROUTE—From Tenth street and Avenue C; through Tenth street to Avenue D; through Avenue D to Lewis and Grand streets, to East Broadway; down East Broadway to Chatham street, to Broadway, to Whitehall street, to South ferry—30 two horse stages.

Simeon M. Andrews.

ROUTE—From the corner of Forty-second street and Fifth avenue; through Fifth avenue and Broadway, to Fulton street, to the Fulton ferry—28 two horse stages.

Charles Curtis & Co.

ROUTE — From the Williamsburgh ferry, through Grand street to Broadway; through Broadway to Canal street; through Canal street to Greenwich street; through Greenwich street to Cortlandt street; through Cortlandt street to the ferry—34 two horse stages.

Charles Curtiss & Co—Transfer Line.

ROUTE—From the Williamsburgh ferry at the foot of Grand street, East river, through Grand street to the eastern side of Broadway—6 two horse stages.

Knickerbocker Stage Co.

ROUTE—From Twenty-third street, down Eighth avenue, to and through Bleecker street to Broadway; down Broadway and Whitehall street to South ferry—36 two horse stages.

ROUTE—From the corner of Twenty-eighth street and Eighth avenue, to Fourth street; through Fourth street to Sixth avenue; through Sixth avenue to Carmine and Bedford streets, to Houston street, to Broadway; down Broadway to Maiden lane and South street, to the west side of South street, near Burling slip and Fulton street—20 two horse stages.

Dry Dock, Grand street, Bowery and South Ferry Stage Co.

ROUTE—From the north-east corner of Avenue C and Tenth street; through Tenth street to Avenue D; through Avenue D to and through Columbia and Grand streets to the Bowery; down the Bowery, Chatham street, Park place, Broadway and Whitehall street to the South ferry—28 two horse stages.

Jennings & Co.

ROUTE—Commencing at Thirty-first street and Tenth avenue; down Tenth avenue to Fourteenth street; through Fourteenth street to Ninth avenue and Greenwich street to Spring street to Broadway, to Broome street, to the Bowery and Chatham street, to the Catharine street ferry—15 two horse stages.

Milton G. Smith.

From the Williamsburgh ferry, Grand street, to Cannon street to Second street, to Avenue C; through Avenue C to Tenth street, to Avenue B; through Avenue B to Fourteenth street, to Third avenue, to Twenty-sixth street; to Broadway, to Thirty-second street; through Thirty-second street to the Hudson River Railroad depot. Returning the same route, with the privilege of going to the Crystal Palace—18 two horse stages.

J. T. Mills.

ROUTE—From foot of Thirteenth street, North river; through Thirteenth street to Avenue B; through Avenue B to Clinton street; through Clinton to South street; through South street to Coenties slip, to the South ferry—10 two horse stages.

Sudlow & Siney.

ROUTE—From the northeast end of Avenue C; through Avenue C to Houston street; through Houston street to Bowery; down Bowery, Chatham street and Broadway to Whitehall street and South ferry—25 two horse stages.

Barak Cornell.

ROUTE—From the Crystal Palace, up Fortieth street to Madison avenue, to Twenty-third street, to Broadway; down Broadway to John street, to Nassau; down Nassau street to Wall street, to the ferry—35 two horse stages.

Oscar T. Marshall.

ROUTE—From the corner of East Twenty-third street and Avenue A; through Avenue A to Essex street; through Essex to Division; through Division to Chatham street; through Chatham street to Broadway; through Broadway to Fulton street; through Fulton to Washington; through Washington street to Cortlandt, down to the Cortlandt street ferry—16 two horse stages.

HACK LICENSES IN 1855.

No. of Hack licenses	371
" Special Hack licenses	248
Total	619

RATES TO BE CHARGED BY CARTMEN.

Extract from Ordinance of Common Council, approved December 19, 1853.

Oils, molasses, liquors, and all wet casks containing less than 25 gallons, for every load	$0 38
Of 25 and under 50 gallons, for every four	0 40
Of 50 and under 100 gallons, for every two	0 45
Of 100 gallons and upward, for 100 gallons	0 50
Sugars, tobacco, copperas, and all dry casks of under 1,000 pounds weight for every load	0 38
Of 1,000 pounds and under 1,500 pounds, each	0 45
Of 1,500 pounds and under 2,000 pounds, each	0 50
Of 2,000 pounds and upward, for every 100 pounds	0 05
And other ponderous articles of 1,000 pounds weight and upward, at the same rate.	
Hay, loose, per load	1 00
Bricks, when handled and piled, per load	0 40
Hoop poles, loose, per load	0 50
Timber and lumber, per load	0 35
Hemp, loose, for every 1,200 pounds	0 50
Beef and pork, for every 5 barrels	0 38
Calves, sheep and lambs, per load	0 35
Coal, per ton	0 50
Coal, per half chaldron	0 40
Cotton, for every three bales	0 38
Earthenware, loose, per load	0 40
Oil floor cloths, in boxes or loads of less than ten feet in length	0 33
Of ten feet and less than 15 feet in length, each	0 50
Of 15 feet and less than 20 feet in length, each	0 50
Of 20 feet and less than 24 feet in length, each	0 65
Of 24 feet and upward, as may be agreed on.	

Plaster of Paris, loose, per ton	$0 65
Salt, for every 20 bushels	0 33
Cut stone, per load	0 35
Slate or tile, per load	0 35
Household furniture, loose, per load	0 50
For loading, unloading and housing furniture in the removal of families, extra, per load	0 50
Bedding, tied up, chests, trunks and boxes, per load	0 38
Cassia in mats, per 100 mats	0 25
Anchors of under 300 pounds weight, per load	0 38
" of 300 pounds weight, per load of 1,000 pounds	0 40
Chain cables of under 1,000 pounds weight, per load of 1,000 pounds weight and upward, per 100 pounds	0 05
Iron hollow ware, per load	0 40
Iron and steel, per load	0 45
Fish, dry, per load	0 50
And for every load of goods, wares, merchandize or other things not enumerated	0 38

Provided, That when the distance exceeds half a mile and is within a mile, one-third more shall be added to the above rates and prices, and in the same proportion for any greater distance. And if any public cartman shall ask, demand, receive, take, exact or extort, any greater rate, price, pay or compensation, for carting or transporting any article or thing whatsoever than is mentioned, allowed, expressed and limited as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for him to receive any compensation for the said carting or transportation, and such asking or receiving shall be deemed a violation of this ordinance.

It shall not be lawful for any public cartman to neglect or refuse to carry and transport a good and sufficient load, as much as can be conveniently and safely stowed on his cart, or is reasonable for one horse to draw, nor any article of less than two thousand pounds weight, when required so to do, unless he be then actually otherwise employed; and every public cartman and public porter shall be entitled to be paid the legal rate of compensation allowed and provided in this ordinance, immediately upon the carting or transportation of any article or thing; and it may be lawful for any such public cartman or public porter, to retain any article or thing so carted or transported by him, for which he is not so paid his cartage, and to convey the same, without delay, to the office of Chief of Police, and he shall be entitled to the lawful rate of pay or compensation for the so conveying. All disputes or disagreements as to distance, or rates of compensation, between the public cartmen or public porters, and persons employing or owing them for cartage or transportation, shall be determined by the Mayor.

It shall not be lawful for any public cartman, or any other person, to cart or transport through any of the streets of said city, any poles, plank,

spars, timber, or other thing exceeding thirty feet in length, except on a suitable truck or other vehicle, and such plank or other thing be placed lengthwise thereon, so as not to project at either end beyond the line of the side or width of such truck or other vehicle; and all persons so carting or transporting any such poles, plank, timber, spars, or other things, in any other manner, shall be deemed guilty of a violation of this article.

It shall not be lawful for the driver or other person having charge of any public cart, dirt cart, or any other vehicle, to be off or away from any such cart, or any other vehicle, while the same is moving or passing along any of the streets or avenues of said city; nor shall it be lawful for any public cartman, while waiting for employment, at any place assigned for his cart to stand while waiting for employment, or at any other place, to snap or flourish his whip, or to be away from his cart, unless from necessity or on business, or to sit or stand about the door-steps or platforms in front of any house, store, or other building, to the annoyance of the occupants thereof.

It shall not be lawful for any person who has been licensed to keep public carts, or to be a public cartman, and whose license has been suspended or revoked by the Mayor, to keep, drive, or use any public cart in the city of New York, under the penalty of twenty-five dollars for every such offence.

The stanchions of every public cart employed in the tranportation of any firewood shall be shouldered with a band of iron around the part which enters the mortice, and the mortice cased with iron, so as to prevent the wearing of the stanchion or mortice; or at least three feet distant from the floor of the cart, there shall be fixed across from one stanchion to the other, an iron chain, so as to prevent the stanchions from spreading, and no public cartman shall cart any firewood in violation of any of these provisions.

It shall not be lawful for any person to keep, drive, use or employ, any cart, wagon, truck, dray, or other vehicle, other than such as are licensed as herein provided, for the transportation or conveyance of any article or thing, from place to place, in the city of New York, unless the name and residence, or place of business, where such owner can be found, [of the owner thereof,] be fairly and distinctly painted with red paint, on a white ground in plain letters and figures, at least two and a half inches long, in a conspicuous place, on both sides of such cart or other vehicle, so as at all times to be easily seen thereon.

TABLE OF DISTANCES.

FROM THE BATTERY.	FROM THE EXCHANGE.	FROM THE CITY HALL.	TO
Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	
¼	....	....	Rector street.
½	¼	....	Fulton "
¾	½	....	Warren "
1	¾	¼	Leonard "
1¼	1	½	Canal "
1½	1¼	¾	Spring "
1¾	1½	1	Houston "
2	1¾	1¼	4th "
2¼	2	1½	9th "
2½	2¼	1¾	14th "
2¾	2½	2	17th "
3	2¾	2¼	24th "
3¼	3	2½	29th "
3½	3¼	2¾	34th "
3¾	3½	3	38th "
4	3¾	3¼	44th "
4¼	4	3½	49th "
4½	4¼	3¾	54th "
4¾	4½	4	58th "
5	4¾	4¼	63d "
5¼	5	4½	68th "
5½	5¼	4¾	73d "
5¾	5½	5	78th "
6	5¾	5¼	83d "
6¼	6	5½	88th "
6½	6¼	5¾	93d "
6¾	6½	6	97th "
7	6¾	6¼	102d "
7¼	7	6½	107th "
7½	7¼	6¾	112th "
7¾	7½	7	117th "
8	7¾	7¼	121st "
8¼	8	7½	126th "
8½	8¼	7¾	131st "
8¾	8½	8	136th "
9	8¾	8¼	140th "
9¼	9	8½	145th "
9½	9¼	8¾	150th "
9¾	9½	9	154th "

DISTANCES ACROSS THE DIFFERENT FERRIES FROM NEW YORK.

South Ferry	1,066 yards.	Peck slip Ferry	2,800 yards.
Fulton Ferry	731 "	Williamsburgh Ferry.	950 "
Catharine Ferry	735 "	Staten Island	6,418 "
Walnut street Ferry	635 "		

CITY RAILROADS.

NAME OF COMPANY.	DATE OF GRANT BY COMMON COUNCIL.	ROUTE.	NO. OF CARS.	PRESIDENT OF COMPANY.
N. Y. and Harlem R. R.*	Dec. 22, 1831.	From the Astor House, along the Park, through Park row, Centre and Broome streets, Bowery, and Fourth avenue, to Twenty-seventh street; from thence with large cars to Harlem river.	13	Philo Hurd.
N.Y. & New Haven R. R.*	Permission given by the Harlem Railroad to run upon their tracks.	On that portion of the route of the New York and Harlem Railroad, from corner of Centre and Canal streets to the Harlem river.....	....	W. G. Dyer.
Hudson River R. R.*....	May 6, 1847...	From corner of Chambers and Hudson streets; through Hudson, Canal and West streets to the Tenth avenue; thence to the Spuyten Duyvel creek.....	....	Samuel Sloan.
Sixth Avenue R. R.....	July 30, 1851..	From corner Barclay and Church; through Church and Chambers streets, West Broadway, Canal, Varick, Carmine streets, and the Sixth avenue, to Forty-fourth street; returning by the same route, with a single track through College place	43	Sidney Mason.
Eighth Avenue R. R....	July 30, 1851..	From corner Barclay and Church, through Church and Chambers streets, West Broadway, Canal and Hudson streets, and Eighth avenue to Fifty-ninth street; returning by the same route, with a single track through College place.....	42	George Law.

Second avenue Railroad..	Dec. 11, 1852.	From corner of Forty-second street and Second avenue; through Second avenue, Twenty-third street, First avenue, Allen and Grand streets, Bowery, Chatham, Oliver and South streets, to Peck slip; returning through Pearl and Chatham streets, Bowery, Grand and Chrystie streets, and Second avenue to Twenty-third street; thence to Forty-second street.....	18	Denton Pearsall.
Third Avenue Railroad..	Dec. 31, 1852.	From corner of Broadway and Park row; through Park row, Chatham street, Bowery and Third avenue to Sixty-first street.....	40	William A. Darling.

* The first three named railroads have the trains running to different parts of the State; and the New York and New Haven and Hudson River railroad companies have no city or small cars.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,

DECEMBER 31ST, 1855.

Amount of Money Received at the First Marshal's desk during the year 1855.

107	Tavern Licenses, at	$10	each*	$1,070 00
16	Bookers' "	25	"	400 00
69	Runners' "	20	"	1,380 00
80	Boarding-house"	10	"	800 00
172	Express "	5	"	560 00
44	Express " renewals,	$2 50	each	110 00
1,132	Public cart Licenses,	2 50	"	2,830 00
3,891	" renewals,	50	"	1,945 50
413	Cartmens' Licenses	1 00	"	413 00
146	" renewals,	50	"	73 00
94	Porters' Licenses,	1 00	"	94 00
99	" renewals,	25	"	24 75
100	Charcoal Pedlers' Licenses,	2 50	"	250 00
89	" renewals,	50	"	44 50
396	Dirt Cart Licenses,	1 00	"	396 00
189	" renewals,	25	"	47 25
Fines				1,903 00
	Total			$12,641 00

At this desk there have been nineteen hundred and sixty-four (1,964) cases disposed of, for violations of the Corporation Ordinances, as follows:

In January	164	Brought forward	1,405
" February	158	In August	156
" March	308	" September	110
" April	252	" October	100
" May	198	" November	112
" June	153	" December	81
" July	172	Total	1,964
Carried forward	1,405		

Five thousand seven hundred and eighty-three persons have also been qualified at this desk, applicants for various licenses, with their sureties.

WM. H. STEPHENS, *First Marshal.*

* In consequence of the passage of the Prohibitory Liquor Law last winter, which went into effect on the 1st of May last, no tavern licenses have been issued since that date. The receipts from that source, in 1854, amounted to $55,400.

LAW TO REGULATE PUBLIC PORTERS.

1. The Mayor shall license and appoint as many and such persons as he may think expedient, to be public porters of the city of New York, and revoke or suspend any or all such licenses at his pleasure, and it shall not be lawful for any person to use any wheelbarrow or hand-cart, to carry within said city, for hire, wages, or pay for such conveyance, or to be at any hotel, boarding-house, ferry, steamboat landing, railroad station or depot, and solicit of strangers, travelers, citizens or other persons, or accept the conveyance of baggage, or other articles, without being licensed as aforesaid by the Mayor.

This section shall not be construed to prevent any person, keeping or employed in, any hotel or boarding-house from conveying any baggage or other articles to or from such hotel or boarding-house, and using a hand-cart or wheelbarrow therefor; provided the name of the hotel or boarding-house, and the keeper thereof, be painted distinctly on both sides of such wheelbarrow or hand-cart, and on a badge worn on the front of his hat or cap, so as to be easily and distinctly seen.

2. All licenses to public porters, granted as aforesaid, shall run one year from the date thereof, and may be renewed by the Mayor at any time within the said year, for a succeeding year.

3. Every person receiving a license to be a public porter, as aforesaid, shall pay to the Mayor for the use of the city, one dollar; and a further sum of seventy-five cents, upon the renewal of every such license.

4. Every public porter shall wear, in a conspicuous place about his person so as to be easily seen, a brass plate, or badge, on which shall be engraved his name, the words, "public porter," and the number of his license; and it shall be unlawful for any other person to wear or exhibit any badge, purporting to be, resembling, or similar to, the badge of a public porter; and no public porter shall permit any other person to wear his badge, or use his name in any way whatever, in the transportation or conveyance of any thing.

5. Public porters shall be entitled to charge and receive for the carrying or conveyance of any article, any distance within half a mile, twelve cents, if carried by hand, and twenty-five cents, if carried on a wheelbarrow or hand-cart; if the distance exceeds half a mile, and is within one mile, one half the above rates in addition thereto, and in the same proportion for any greater distance.

6. If any public porter shall ask or demand any greater rate of pay or compensation for the carrying or conveyance of articles than is herein provided, he shall not be entitled to any pay for the said service; and to so ask, demand, or receive any such greater pay or compensatioa, shall be deemed a violation of this ordinance.

7. It shall not be lawful for any person to represent himself as, or to wear or exhibit any badge, inscription, card, or device, purporting or implying that he is employed or authorized by the keeper, proprietor, agent,

or officer of any hotel, boarding-house, vessel, steamboat, or railroad company, to solicit, receive or convey persons, baggage, or other things to or from any such hotel, boarding-house, vessel, steamboat, or railroad company's station or depot, without being actually and duly authorized by such keeper, proprietor, officer or agent, so to do, under the penalty of twenty-five dollars for every offence.

All persons who shall violate or fail to comply with any of the provisions of this ordinance, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and conviction thereof shall be published pursuant to the provisions of sections 20 and 21 of an act relative to the powers of the Common Council of the city of New York, and the criminal courts of said city, passed by the Legislature of the State of New York, January 23d, 1833, or in lieu thereof, shall forfeit and pay, for the use of said city, ten dollars for each and every offence, except where a penalty is prescribed in said ordinance.

EXTRACT FROM ORDINANCES,

OF THE RATES AND PRICES OF FARES

TO BE CHARGED BY HACKNEY COACHES.

The prices or rates of fares to be taken by, or paid to the owners or drivers of hackney coaches or carriages, shall be as follows:

For conveying a passenger any distance not exceeding one mile, fifty cents; for conveying two passengers the same distance, seventy-five cents, or thirty-seven and a half cents each; and for every additional passenger thirty-seven and a half cents.

For conveying a passenger any distance exceeding a mile, and within two miles, seventy-five cents; and for every additional passenger thirty-seven and a half cents.

For conveying a passenger to the new alms-house and returning, one dollar; and for every additional passenger and returning, fifty cents.

For conveying one passenger to Fortieth street and remaining half an hour, and returning, one dollar and a half; and for every additional passenger, fifty cents.

For conveying one passenger to Sixty-first street, and remaining three quarters of an hour, and returning, two dollars; and for every additional passenger fifty cents.

For conveying one passenger to Eighty-sixth street, and remaining one hour, and returning, two dollars and a half; and for every additional passenger seventy-five cents.

For conveying one or more passengers to Harlem and returning, with the privilege of remaining three hours, five dollars; or to High Bridge, five dollars, with the same privilege.

For conveying one or more passengers to King's Bridge, and returning, with the privilege of keeping the carriage all day, five dollars.

For the use of a hackney coach or carriage by the day, with one or more passengers, five dollars.

For the use of a hackney coach or carriage by the hour, with one or more passengers, with the privilege of going from place to place, and stopping as often as may be required, one dollar an hour.

In all cases where the hiring of a hackney coach or carriage is not at the time thereof specified to be by the day or hour, it shall be deemed to be by the mile.

For children between two and fourteen years of age, half price is only to be charged; and for children under two years of age, no charge is to be made.

Whenever a hackney coach or carriage shall be detained, excepting as aforesaid, the owner or driver shall be allowed after the rate of seventy-five cents an hour.

Every driver or owner of a hackney coach, carriage or cab, shall carry, transport and convey, in, and upon his coach, carriage or cab, in addition to the person or persons therein, one trunk, valise, saddle-bag, carpet-bag, portmanteau or box, if he be requested so to do, for each passenger, without charge or compensation therefor; but for every trunk or other such articles above-named, more than one for each passenger, he shall be entitled to demand and receive the sum of six cents.

In case of disagreement as to distance or price, the same shall be determined by the Mayor or Superintendent of Hackney Coaches or Carriages.

The owner of any hackney coach or carriage shall not demand or receive any pay for the conveyance of any passenger, unless the number of the carriage, and the rates and prices of fare, shall be fixed and placed in a manner hereinafter directed by section second of title fourth of this ordinance, at the time such passenger may be conveyed in such carriage.

The owner or driver of any hackney coach or carriage shall not be entitled to recover or receive any pay from any person, from whom he shall have demanded any greater price or rates than he may be authorized to receive as aforesaid.

Upon the trial of any cause commenced for the recovery of any of the aforesaid prices or rates, it shall be incumbent upon the plaintiff or plaintiffs in such action, to prove that the number and prices or rates were placed and fixed in pursuance of the provisions of this ordinance, at the time the services were rendered, for which the suit may be brought.

No owner or driver of any hackney coach or carriage in the city of New York, shall ask, demand or receive any larger sum than he or they may be entitled to receive as aforesaid, under the penalty of ten dollars for every such offence, to be sued for and recovered from the owner or owners, or driver of any such hackney coach or carriage, severally and respectively.

AN ORDINANCE

IN ADDITION TO AN ORDINANCE ENTITLED "AN ORDINANCE FOR LICENSING AND OTHERWISE REGULATING THE USE AND EMPLOYMENT OF CARTS AND CARTMEN, DIRT CARTS AND DIRT CARTMEN, AND PUBLIC PORTERS, AND FOR THE PRESERVATION OF GOOD ORDER IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK."

The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York, in Common Council convened, do ordain as follows:

§ 1. All the provisions of this ordinance, to which this is an addition, as far as relates to carts and cartmen, and not inconsistent herewith, excepting sections 2, 3, 5, 10, 17 and 18, are extended to, and shall include and be applicable to all wagons and other vehicles commonly known as express wagons, which shall be kept, or used, driven or employed for the transportation of any thing whatsoever, to, or from any place within the city of New York, from or to any place whatsoever, for hire, wages or pay; provided always, that the owner or owners of such wagons or vehicles shall have a place in the city of New York for the transaction of such business.

§ 2. The Mayor shall find time to license and appoint so many and such persons as he may think proper to set up and keep one or more express wagons in said city; and he may revoke or suspend any or all such licenses at his pleasure; but it shall not be lawful for any person to receive or hold a license to keep such express wagon, unless he is the actual owner of the wagon or wagons, and of a good horse or horses therefor, nor unless he be a citizen of the United States, and has a family, and resides with his family in said city; or if not having a family, shall have resided himself therein during the six months preceding; and the Mayor may examine, under oath, all persons applying for or holding any such license, or the renewal thereof, touching their qualifications, as aforesaid; and all licenses, other than to persons so qualified, shall be void.

§ 3. The Mayor shall require and receive, for the use of the city, from every person to whom he may grant license to keep such express wagons, five dollars for every wagon so licensed, and two dollars and fifty cents for the licenses of each such wagon renewed.

§ 4. Every such express wagon shall have fairly painted on the outside thereof, in a conspicuous place, on each side, so as to be easily seen, in plain letters and figures of at least two and a half inches in length, the name of the owner or owners, the place of business in said city, and the number of the license for such wagon, and such owner or owners shall be responsible for all articles intrusted to such wagon or to the driver thereof, and for the conduct of such driver, whilst in charge of or with such wagon.

§ 5. No person shall drive such express wagon, unless he be twenty-one years of age, and have obtained license from the Mayor for such purpose, under the penalty of ten dollars for every such offence, to be recovered from the owner or owners of such express wagon, and from such driver, both or either

§ 6. The Mayor is hereby authorized to grant licenses, from time to time, to drivers of such express wagons, as are herein mentioned, as often as may be necessary, and to suspend and revoke the same whenever he may deem it expedient.

§ 7. Any driver of any express wagon, who shall be thrice convicted of a breach of any of the sections of this ordinance, shall be deprived of his license, and forever debarred of a license under this ordinance.

GENERAL INFORMATION.

Alms-house.....Blackwell's Island
American Institute.....351 Broadway
Armory, City.....corner Elm and White streets
Arsenal, New York State.....Sixty-fifth street and Fifth avenue
Assay Office.....adjoining Custom House, Wall street
Astor Library.....Lafayette place
Bloomingdale Asylum (for the insane)...117th street, west side Tenth av.
Custom House.....corner of Nassau and Wall streets
City Prison.....bounded by Centre, Elm, Leonard and Franklin streets
Columbia College.....foot of Park place
Court of Sessions.....66 Crosby street
Deaf and Dumb Institute.....Fiftieth street, corner Fourth avenue
Debtors' Prison.....22 Eldridge street
Dispensary, New York City.....114 White street, corner of Centre
Dispensary, Eastern.....Ludlow street, corner of Essex market place
Dispensary, Northern.....Waverley place, corner of Christopher street
Dispensary, Demilt.....Second avenue, corner of Twenty-fourth street
Dispensary, North-western.....501 Eighth avenue
Ear and Eye Infirmary.....47 Howard street
House of Refuge.....foot of Twenty-third street, East river
Lunatic Asylum.....Blackwell's Island
Lyceum of Natural History.....561 Broadway
Medical College of the New York University.....659 Broadway
Mercantile Library Association.....Astor place Building
Merchants' Exchange.....Wall street, corner of William
Mechanics' Institute.....corner Bowery and Division street
Museum, American.....Broadway, corner of Ann street
New York Society Library....N. Y. Bible House, cor. 8th st. and 3d av.
National Academy of Design.....Broadway, near Bond street
New York City Hospital.....319 Broadway
New York Institution for the Blind...Ninth avenue, near Thirty-third st.
New York Public School Society.....140 Grand street, corner Elm
New York University.....Wooster street, corner Waverley place
New York Historical Society, Library in N. Y. University, Wash'n square

New York Law Institute	New City Hall
New York Lyceum	East Fourteenth street, near Third avenue
Orphan Asylum	Bloomingdale, near Eightieth street
Opthalmic Hospital	Stuyvesant street
Penitentiary	Blackwell's Island
Rutger's Female Institute	244 Madison street, near Clinton
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum	Fifth avenue and Fifty-first street
Stuyvesant Institute	659 Broadway

PAINTINGS

In the Governor's Room, City Hall.

1.	Governor	Lewis	Painted by	Trumbull.
2.	"	Tompkins	"	"
3.	"	Clinton	"	Catlin.
4.	"	Yates	"	Vanderlyn.
5.	"	Van Buren	"	Inman.
6.	"	Throop	"	Weir.
7.	"	Marcy	"	Paige.
8.	"	Seward	"	Inman.
9.	"	Bouck	"	Elliott.
10.	"	Wright	"	Whitehorne.
11.	"	Young	"	H. P. Gray.
12.	"	Fish	"	——
1.	Mayor	Duane	"	——
2.	"	Varick	"	——
3.	"	Livingston	"	——
4.	"	Clinton	"	Parmecelli.
5.	"	Willett	"	Waldo.
6.	"	Radcliffe	"	"
7.	"	Colden	"	Vanderlyn.
8.	"	Allen	"	Waldo & Jewett.
9.	"	Paulding	"	Morse.
10.	"	Hone	"	Vanderlyn.
11.	"	Bowne	"	Weir.
12.	"	Lee	"	Inman.
13.	"	Lawrence	"	"
14.	"	Clark	"	"
15.	"	Varian	"	Mooney.
16.	"	Morris	"	Spencer.
17.	"	Harper	"	Inman & Hun'ton.
18.	"	Havemeyer	"	Matteson.
19.	"	Mickle	"	Mooney.
20.	"	Brady	"	Wensler.
21.	Mayor	Woodhull	"	Charles Jarvis.
22.	"	Kingsland	"	——

23. Mayor Westervelt.....Painted by Mooney.
President Washington..... " ——
" Monroe..... " Vanderlyn.
" Taylor..... " "
" Fillmore..... " ——
General McComb..... " Waldo.
" Brown..... " Jarvis.
" Scott..... " Kellogg.
Commodore Perry..... " Jarvis.
" Decatur..... " Sully.
" Bainbridge..... " Jarvis.
" Swift..... " "
General Lafayette..... " Morse.
" Monckton..... " "
" Bolivar..... " ——
" Williams..... " Trumbull.
" Pacz..... " Chas. Jarvis.
" Jacob Morton..... " "
Governor Stuyvesant.....Painted from family portrait.
D. T. Valentine..... " by Chas Jarvis.
Hendrick Hudson.....Original.
Columbus..... "
Geo. Washington, (worked in silk,) from city of Lyons, France.

In Board of Aldermen's Chamber.

General Washington.....Painted by Trumbull.
Governor Clinton..... " "
John Jay..... " Weimar.
Alexander Hamilton..... " "

In Board of Councilmen's Chamber.

President Jackson.....Painted by Vanderlyn.
Commodore Macdonough..... " Jarvis.
" Hull..... " "
Henry Clay..... " "

Room No. 8, City Hall.

High Constable Jacob Hayes.....Painted by Shegogue.

Busts.

Governor's Room—Bust of De Witt Clinton.
" " Bust of Henry Clay, by Pruden.
Chamber of Board of Aldermen—Bust of John Jay, (presented by his daughter to the Corp., March, 1835.)
" " " Bust of Chief Justice Marshall by Frazee.
Common Pleas Court Room—Bust of Thomas Addis Emmett,
" " " Tablet to John T. Irving.
City Library—Bust of Chancellor Kent, by Clavenger.

HARBOR MASTERS OF THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

A. H. Schultz,	Mat. D. Green,	O. Brennan,
Jos. J. Chambers,	Daniel Herrick,	W. H. Burleigh,
Chas. Chamberlain,	—— Pierce.	Jas. J. Bevins.

NEW YORK CUSTOM HOUSE.

Heman J. Redfield, Collector.
John Cochrane, Surveyor.
Romeyn I. Broadhead, Naval Officer.
Conrad Swackhamer, Navy Agent.
John J. Cisco, Assistant Treasurer.
Daniel D. Briggs, Samuel J. Wills, Isaac Phillips, } Appraisers.

UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE.

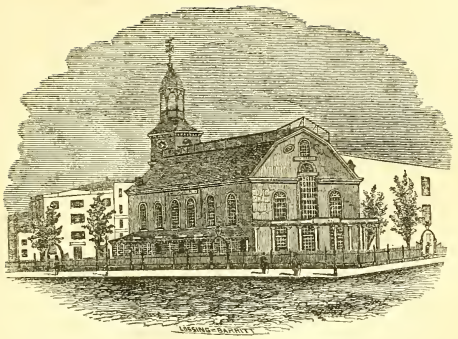
No. 30 Wall street.

Samuel F. Butterworth, *Superintendent*.
John J. Cisco, *Treasurer*.
John Torrey, *Assayer*.
Edward N. Kent, *Melter and Refiner*.

Deposits of gold and silver are received and paid for, either in coins or stamped bars, at the option of the depositor. No deposit received of less value than $100. Visitors admitted every Wednesday, from 10 to 12 A.M.

NAME, LOCALITY AND EXTENT OF PUBLIC SQUARES.

NAME AND LOCALITY.	AREAS.			
	Sq. feet.	A.	R.	P.	FT.
BATTERY—Extreme southern end of the island	463,609	10	2	22	239
BOWLING GREEN—Broadway, Whitehall and State streets	24,483	0	2	9	253
THE PARK—Broadway, Chambers, Centre sts. and Park row	472,080	10	3	14	0
DUANE PARK—Duane, Hudson and Greenwich streets	5,783	0	0	21	66
FIVE POINTS PARK—Park, Orange and Little Water streets	6,727	0	0	24	193
HUDSON SQUARE—Hudson, Laight, Varick, and Beach streets.	177,962	4	0	13	183
" "	3,680	0	0	11	85
WASHINGTON SQUARE—University place, Waverley place, Macdougal and Fourth streets	424,684	9	2	39	246
TOMPKINS SQUARE—Avenue A, 7th st., Avenue B and 10th st.	457,764	10	2	1	112
ABINGDON SQUARE—Hudson street, Troy street and 8th ave.	9,021	0	0	33	36
UNION PLACE—Broadway, 14th street, 4th ave. and 17th st.	151,080	3	1	24	253
STUYVESANT SQUARE—On 2d avenue, between 15th & 17th sts.	171,190	3	3	28	217
GRAMERCY PARK—Bet. 20th & 21st sts., Lex. ave. & Irving pl.	73,600	1	2	30	92
MADISON SQUARE—5th ave., 26th st., Madison sq. and 23d st.	299,250	6	3	19	47
BLOOMINGDALE SQUARE—59th st., 9th ave., 53d st. & 8th ave.	786,666	18	0	9	136
HAMILTON SQUARE—66th street, 4th ave., 69th st. and 3d ave.	649,890	15	0	0	0
OBSERVATORY PLACE—5th avenue, 94th st., 4th ave., 89th st.	1,122,375	25	3	2	160
MANHATTAN SQUARE—77th st., 8th ave., 87th st. and 9th ave.	830,000	19	0	8	182
MOUNT MORRIS—Between 120th and 124th sts. on the 5th ave.	878,665	20	0	27	114
CENTRAL PARK—Bet. 59th and 106th sts., 5th and 8th aves.	.....	730	0	0	0
	7,415,339	900	0	37	110



NEW YORK POST OFFICE.

Isaac V. Fowler, *Postmaster.*
Nelson J. Waterbury, *Assistant Postmaster.*
N. P. Freeman, *Cashier.*
William Caldwell, *Secretary.*

LOCATION.

The Post Office is situated in Nassau street, extending from Liberty to Cedar street. Entrance from Cedar and Nassau streets. Mails received and delivered on Liberty street.

Mr. William B. Taylor is at the head of the department, embracing the entire city delivery.

Seymour J. Strong has charge of the box delivery.

Mr. J. H. Hallett has charge of the alphabet and carrier's delivery.

George C. Coffin is at the head of the foreign letter department.

Thomas Clark is at the head of the newspaper department.

W. A. B. Clement has charge of the letter distributing tables.

RATES OF POSTAGE

Between Offices in the United States, and to and from Canada, from and after June 30, 1851.

DIRECTIONS.	WHEN PREPAID.					WHEN UNPAID.				
For every single letter in manuscript, or paper of any kind upon which information shall be asked or communicated in writing, or by marks or signs sent by mail, the rates mentioned in this table shall be charged; and for every additional half ounce or fraction of an ounce above the weight named in this table, an additional single rate is to be charged.	Weighing ½ ounce or under, being single rate.	Over ½ ounce, and not over 1 ounce.	Over 1 ounce, and not over 1½ ounce.	Over 1½ ounce, and not over 2 ounces.	Over 2 ounces, and not over 2½ ounces.	Weighing ½ ounce or under, being single rate.	Over ½ ounce and not over 1 ounce.	Over 1 ounce, and not over 1½ ounce.	Over 1½ ounce, and not over 2 ounces.	Over 2 ounces, and not over 2½ ounces.
	CENTS.	CENTS.	CENTS.	CENTS.	CENTS.	CENTS.	CENTS.	CENTS.	CENTS.	CENTS.
For any distance not over 3,000 miles	3	6	9	12	15	5	10	15	20	25
For any distance over 3,000 miles	6	12	18	24	30	10	20	30	40	50
To and from Canada, for any distance not over 3,000 miles	10	20	30	40	50	10	20	30	40	50
For any distance over 3,000 miles	15	30	45	60	75	15	30	45	60	75

1st. Every letter or parcel, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, shall be deemed a single letter or rate.

2d. All drop-letters or letters placed in the New York post-office not for transmission, but for city delivery only, are charged at the rate of two cents each.

3d. Each deputy post-master, whose compensation for the last preceding fiscal year (ending the 30th June) did not exceed two hundred dollars, may send through the mail all letters *written by himself*, and receive through the mail all written communications addressed to himself, *on his private business*, which shall not exceed in weight one half ounce, free of postage. This does not authorize them to frank any letters unless written by themselves, and on their private business only; nor does it authorize them to receive, free of postage, any thing but written communications addressed to themselves, and on their private business.

NOTE.—From and after the 30th June, 1851, the mode of computing the rates upon inland letters—*i. e.*, letters from one office, within the United States or Territories to another, and also upon letters between the United States and the British North American Provinces—is to be as follows, to wit: Single rate, if not exceeding half an ounce; double rate, if exceeding half an ounce, but not exceeding an ounce; treble rate, if exceeding an ounce., but not exceeding an ounce and a half; and so on, charging an additional rate for every additional half ounce or fraction of half an ounce.

The mode of computing rates upon letters to Great Britain, and to all other foreign countries, the British North American Provinces excepted, will remain as at present, under the act of 3d March, 1849, and agreeable to instructions appended to the table of foreign postages.

NEW YORK GASLIGHT COMPANY.

Chartered 26th of March, 1823—Unlimited in duration. Capital, $1,000,000.

OFFICERS.

William W. Fox, *President*.

(Who has filled that station for twenty-eight years.)

John Mowton, *Manager*.

C. L. Everitt, *Secretary*.

The pipes have been laid in all of the streets of the district south of Grand street, under its contract with the Corporation of the city, requiring about 130 miles of mains of various sizes, from eighteen inch to three inch diameter.

There are at present about 3,000 public lamps lighted with gas, in the district, and the number is rapidly increasing. The gas is now made principally from Cannel and Newcastle coals; its price is thirty cents per hundred cubic feet.

The works are situated on Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets, from First avenue to the East river, with buildings and suitable apparatus for manufacturing, washing, purifying and distributing the gas. The Company are about putting up additional buildings, with the requisite apparatus appertaining thereto. There are now in operation six large telescopic gasholders at that station, and there are seven smaller gasometers, for storage of gas, in different parts of the city.

MANHATTAN GASLIGHT COMPANY.

Chartered February 26, 1853—Perpetual. Capital, $4,000,000.

Office, corner Irving place and Fifteenth street.

OFFICERS.

Charles Roome, *President*.
Floyd Smith, *Vice-President*.
Samuel H. Howard, *Secretary*.
Charles Smith, *Superintendent of Street Mains and Lamps*
Thomas Marsh, *Chief Inspector*.
Walter Roome, *Superintendent of Gasworks in 17th street*.
William Combe, *Superintendent of Gasworks in 14th street*.

This company supplies that portion of the city which lies north of Grand street. They have two stations or works; one at the foot of Seventeenth street, near the North river, containing four large gasholders and six hundred retorts, and capable of supplying two million cubic feet of gas in twenty-four hours; and one station at the foot of Fourteenth street, East river. The Fourteenth street works are now producing four hundred thousand feet of gas per day; when finished they will contain six large gasholders, and nine hundred retorts, equal to a production of three million cubic feet of gas in twenty-four hours. This company have 190 miles of street mains; light 7,300 street lamps, and supply gas to over 17,000 stores and dwellings. In 1855 they manufactured 470,000,000 feet of gas.

SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

FROM ITS ORGANIZATION, UNDER THE CONSTITUTION, TO THE PRESENT TIME.

Frederick Muhlenbergh, Pennsylvania	1789 to 1791
John Trumbull, Connecticut	1791 to 1793
Frederick A. Muhlenbergh, Pennsylvania	1793 to 1797
Jonathan Dayton, New Jersey	1797 to 1798
Theodore Sedgwick, Massachusetts	1798 to 1801
Nathaniel Macon, North Carolina	1801 to 1807
Joseph B. Varnum, Massachusetts	1807 to 1811
Henry Clay, Kentucky	1811 to 1814
Langdon Cheeves, South Carolina	1814 to 1815
Henry Clay, Kentucky	1815 to 1820
John W. Taylor, New York	1820 to 1821
Philip P. Barbour, Virginia	1821 to 1823
Henry Clay, Kentucky	1823 to 1825
John W. Taylor, New York	1825 to 1827
Andrew Stevenson, Virginia	1827 to 1835
John Bell, Tennessee	1835 to 1837
James K. Polk, Tennessee	1837 to 1839
Robert M. T. Hunter, Virginia	1839 to 1841

John White, Kentueky.....1841 to 1843
John W. Jones, Virginia.....1843 to 1845
John W. Davis, Indiana.....1845 to 1847
Robert C. Winthrop, Massachusetts.....1847 to 1849
Howell Cobb, Georgia.....1849 to 1851
Linn Boyd, Kentucky.....1851 to 1853
Linn Boyd, " .....1853 to 1855
Linn Boyd, " .....1855 to 1857
Nathaniel P. Banks, Massachusetts.....1856 to 1858

NAMES OF SPEAKERS

Of the Assembly of the State of New York, from 1777 *to* 1856.

SESSIONS.	NAMES.	WHEN ELECTED.
1.....	Walter Livingston.	September.10th, 1777
2.....	Walter Livingston	October...13th, 1778
3.....	Evert Bancker	August....18th, 1779
4.....	Evert Bancker	September. 7th, 1780
5.....	Evert Bancker	October...24th, 1781
6.....	Evert Bancker	July 11th, 1782
7.....	John Hathorn	January....21st, 1783
8.....	John Hathorn	October...15th, 1784
9.....	John Lansing, jr.	January...13th, 1786
10.....	Richard Varick	" ...12th, 1787
11.....	Richard Varick	" 9th, 1788
12.....	John Lansing, jr.	December..11th, 1788
13.....	Gulian Ver Planck	July 6th, 1791
14.....	John Watts	January....5th, 1791
15.....	John Watts	" 4th, 1792
16.....	John Watts	November..6th, 1792
17.....	James Watson	January....7th, 1794
18.....	William North	" 6th, 1795
19.....	William North	" 6th, 1796
20.....	Gulian Ver Planck	November..1st, 1796
21.....	Dirck Ten Broeck	January.....2d, 1798
22.....	Dirck Ten Broeck	August.....9th, 1798
23.....	Dirck Ten Broeck	January...28th, 1800
24.....	Samuel Osgood	November..4th, 1800
25.....	Thomas Storm	January...26th, 1802
26.....	Thomas Storm	" ...25th, 1803
27.....	Alexander Sheldon	" 31st, 1804
28.....	Alexander Sheldon	November..6th, 1804
29.....	Alexander Sheldon	January...28th, 1806
30.....	Andrew McCord	" ...27th, 1807
31.....	Alexander Sheldon	" ...26th, 1808
32.....	James W. Wilkin	November...1st, 1808
33.....	William North	January...30th, 1810
34.....	Nathan Sandford	" ...29th, 1811
35.....	Alexander Sheldon	" ...28th, 1812
36.....	Jacob Rutzen Van Rensselaer	November...3d, 1812
37.....	James Emott	January...25th, 1814

SESSIONS.	NAMES.	WHEN ELECTED.
38.....	Samuel Young	September 26th, 1814
39.....	Daniel Cruger.....	January...13th, 1816
40.....	David Woods	November..5th, 1816
41.....	David Woods	January...27th, 1818
42.....	William A. Duer.....	" 5th, 1819
43.....	John C. Spencer.....	" 4th, 1820
44.....	Peter Sharp.....	November..7th, 1820
45.....	Samuel B. Romaine	January.....1st, 1822
46.....	Peter R. Livingston.....	" ...27th, 1823
47.....	Richard Goodell.....	January....6th, 1824
48.....	Clarkson Crolius	" 4th, 1825
49.....	Samuel Young	" 3d, 1826
50.....	Erastus Root.....	" 2d, 1827
51.....	Erastus Root.....	" 1st, 1828
52.....	Peter Robinson.....	" 5th, 1829
53.....	Erastus Root.....	" 5th, 1830
54.....	George R. Davis.....	" 4th, 1831
55.....	Charles L. Livingston.....	" 3d, 1832
56.....	Charles L. Livingston.....	" 1st, 1833
57.....	William Baker	" 7th, 1834
58.....	Charles Humphrey.....	" 5th, 1835
59.....	Charles Humphrey.....	" 5th, 1836
60.....	Edward Livingston.....	" 3d, 1837
61.....	Luther Bradish.....	" 2d, 1838
62.....	George W. Patterson.....	" 1st, 1839
63.....	George W. Patterson.....	" 7th, 1840
64.....	Peter B. Porter, jr.....	" 5th, 1841
65.....	Levi S. Chatfield.....	" 4th, 1842
66.....	George R. Davis.....	" 2d, 1843
67.....	Elisha Litchfield.....	" 2d, 1844
68.....	Horatio Seymour.....	" 7th, 1845
69.....	William Crane.....	" 6th, 1846
70.....	William C. Hasbrouck.....	" 6th, 1847
71.....	Amos K. Hadley.....	" 4th, 1848
72.....	Amos K Hadley.....	" 2d, 1849
73.....	Noble S. Elderkin.....	" 1st, 1850
74.....	Henry J. Raymond.....	" 7th, 1851
75.....	Joseph B. Varnum, jr., (extra session)....	June.....1851
76.....	Jonas C. Heart.....	January.....1852
77.....	William H. Ludlow.....	" 1853
78.....	Wm. V. Pruyn.....	" 1854
79.....	De Witt C. Littlejohn.....	" 1855
80.....	Orville Robinson	" 1856

PRESIDENTS OF THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

FROM THE ORGANIZATION UNDER THE AMENDED CHARTER.

Samuel Stevens.....1831-2
Henry Meigs.....1832-3
John Y. Cebra.....1833-4
James Monroe.....1834-5
Isaac L. Varian.....1835-6
Isaac L. Varian.....(From July 1st, 1836, to December 28,) 1836


References
1 Government House at the Battery
2 Trinity Church Broadway
3 St. Pauls D° d°
4 St George's Chapel Beekman Street
5 St Mark's Church Stuyvesant St.
6 Christ D° Ann St
7 Old Dutch D° Garden St
8 New Dutch D° Liberty St
9 North D° William St.
10 Calv nist reformed Ch Nassau St.
11 German Lutheran D° Frankfort St.
12 English D° Magazine St.
13 Anabaptist D° Gold St.
14 Moravian D° Fair St.
15 Scotch Presbit" D° Cedar St.
16 Seceder D° Nassau St.
17 Presbiterian D° Wall St.
18 D° D° Beekman St.
19 D° D° Rutgers St.
20 Methodist D° John St.
21 D° D° Second St.
22 D° D° Duane St.
23 D° D° Magazine St.
24 French D° Pine St.
25 St Peters D° Barclay St.
26 Independent D° Broad Way
27 Friend's old Meet'g h. Liberty St.
28 D° new D° Pearl St.
29 Jews Synagogue Mill St.
30 City Hall Wall St.
31 Jail opposite the Park
32 Bridewell
33 Alms House Chamber St.
34 State Prison Greenwich
35 College Robinson St.
36 Hospital Broad Way
37 Library Nassau St
38 Arsenal Tryon Row
39 Theatre Chatham St.
40 Exchange
41 Fly Markets
42 Oswego
43 Bear
44 Catharine Slip
45 New Court House opposite the Park
North River
OR
Hudson's River
East River
NINTH WARD
EIGHTH WARD
SEVENTH WARD
SIXTH WARD
FIFTH WARD
FOURTH WARD
THIRD WARD
SECOND WARD
FIRST WARD
BOWERY ROAD
BROAD WAY
PLAN OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
Drawn from Actual Survey by Casimir Th. Goerck and Joseph Fr Mangin, City Surveyor.
This Plan shows the Wards of the City as lately altered by the Legislature and designates with accuracy most of the Streets, Wharves, Slips &c lying to the Southward of a line beginning on the North River at Watt Street thence extending through said Street to Hudson Street, thence to Leonard Street thence to Broadway, from hence in a line to Bayard St through this Street to Bowery Road, thence to Bullock St, and through this Street to the East River. Except Brannon & Spring St, none of the Streets to the Northward of the line abovementioned have been ceded to the Corporation or have been approved and opened under their authority they are therefore to be considered subject to such future arrangements as the Corporation may deem best calculated to promote the health, introduce regularity and conduce to the convenience of the City.
New York, Nov 1803

Egbert Benson.....(From December 28, 1836, to May 9,) 1837-8
Egbert Benson.....1838-9
A. V. Williams.....1839-40
Elijah F. Purdy.....1840-1
Elijah F. Purdy.....1841-2
Caleb S. Woodhull.....1842-3
Elijah F. Purdy.....1843-4
Richard L. Schieffelin.....1844-5
Oliver Charlick.....1845-6
David S. Jackson.....1846-7
Morris Franklin.....1847-8
Morris Franklin.....1848-9
James Kelly.....(From May 8th, 1849, to January 7,) 1850
Morgan Morgans.....1850-1
Richard T. Compton.....1852-3

UNDER AMENDED CHARTER, 1853.

Nathan C. Ely.....1854
Isaac O. Barker.....1855
Isaac O. Barker.....1856

PRESIDENTS OF THE BOARD OF ASSISTANTS.

FROM THE ORGANIZATION UNDER THE AMENDED CHARTER.

James B. Murray.....1831-2
William Van Wyck.....1832-3
William Van Wyck.....1833-4
George W. Bruen.....1834-5
James R. Whiting.....1835-6
Edward Curtis.....1836-7
Caleb S. Woodhull.....1837-8
Caleb S. Woodhull.....1838-9
Nathaniel Jarvis, jr.....1839-40
Frederick R. Lee.....1840-1
Thomas R. Lee.....1841-2
William Adams.....1842-3
Charles P. Brown.....1843-4
William Everdell.....1844-5
Nathaniel Pierce.....1845-6
Niel Gray.....1846-7
Linus W. Stevens.....1847-8
Wilson Small.....1848-9
Edwin D. Morgan.....(From May 8, 1849, to January 7,) 1850
Oscar W. Sturtevant.....1850
Alonzo A. Alvord.....1851
Jonathan Trotter.....1852
Jonathan Trotter.....1853

UNDER AMENDED CHARTER OF 1853.

Edwin J. Brown, President of Board of Councilmen.....1854
Daniel D. Conover, " " " 1855
Benj. F. Pinckney, " " " 1856

POPULATION OF THE CITY AT VARIOUS PERIODS.

1656	1,000	1810	96,373
1673	2,500	1820	123,706
1696	4,302	1825	166,089
1731	8,628	1830	202,589
1756	10,381	1835	270,068
1773	21,876	1840	312,852
1786	23,614	1845	371,223
1790	33,131	1850	515,394
1800	60,489	1855	629,810

CENSUS OF NEW YORK COUNTY.

NEW YORK CITY.	Total population, 1855.	Increase since 1845.	Decrease since 1845.	VOTERS. Native.	VOTERS. Naturalized.	VOTERS. Aliens.	Colored persons not taxed.	Number, deducting aliens and colored persons not taxed.
1st Ward	13,486	1,256	.....	570	1,425	6,062	43	7,381
2d "	3,249	.....	3,713	500	290	1,384	64	1,801
3d "	7,909	.....	3,991	2,069	694	2,765	140	5,004
4th "	22,895	1,895	.....	922	2,459	10,785	80	12,030
5th "	21,617	1,281	.....	1,962	1,471	7,462	1,842	12,313
6th "	25,562	5,928	.....	686	2,263	13,010	550	12,002
7th "	34,422	8,866	.....	2,767	2,649	12,234	190	21,998
8th "	34,052	3,156	.....	2,992	1,910	10,783	2,444	20,825
9th "	39,982	9,075	.....	5,133	1,976	9,346	378	30,258
10th "	26,378	5,436	.....	2,160	1,476	10,218	255	15,905
11th "	52,979	25,270	.....	2,763	3,612	21,237	285	31,457
12th "	17,656	4,265	.....	957	787	7,864	147	9,645
13th "	26,597	4,186	.....	2,120	1,852	8,784	536	17,277
14th "	24,754	3,651	.....	1,246	1,954	10,275	716	13,763
15th "	24,046	4,624	.....	3,091	1,292	7,406	740	15,900
16th "	39,823	.....	527	3,350	2,173	13,495	353	25,975
17th "	59,548	32,401	.....	3,229	3,689	26,780	348	32,420
18th "	39,415	.....	.....	2,774	2,345	15,677	231	23,507
19th "	17,866	.....	.....	1,022	1,460	6,507	646	10,713
20th "	47,055	.....	.....	2,437	3,045	14,441	519	32,095
21st "	27,914	.....	.....	2,262	1,993	8,136	119	19,659
22d "	22,605	.....	.....	1,161	1,889	8,027	181	14,397
Total	629,810	258,587	.....	46,113	42,704	232,678	10,807	386,325

AN ACCOUNT OF VOTES

AT ELECTIONS FOR GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, FROM 1789 TO 1854, FROM THE OFFICIAL RETURNS.

Years.	*Candidates.*	*Votes.*	*Maj.*
1790—	George Clinton	6,391	429
	Robert Yates	5,962	
	Total	12,353	
1792—	George Clinton	8,440	
	John Jay	8,332	108
	Total	16,772	
1795—	John Jay	13,481	2,089
	Robert Yates	11,392	
	Total	24,873	
1798—	John Jay	16,012	2,380
	Robert R. Livingston	13,632	
	Total	29,644	
1801—	George Clinton	24,808	3,965
	Stephen Van Rensselaer	20,843	
	Total	45,651	
1804—	Morgan Lewis	30,829	8,690
	Aaron Burr	22,139	
	Total	52,968	
1807—	Daniel D. Tompkins	35,074	4,085
	Morgan Lewis	30,989	
	Total	66,063	
1801—	Daniel D. Tompkins	43,094	3,610
	Jonas Platt	39,474	
	Total	82,578	
1813—	Daniel D. Tompkins	43,324	9,606
	Stephen Van Rensselaer	33,718	
	Total	87,042	
1816—	*Daniel D. Tompkins	45,412	5,765
	Rufus King	39,647	
	Total	85,059	
1817—	De Witt Clinton	43,310	41,891
	Peter B. Porter	1,419	
	Total	44,429	

* Resigned in 1817, being chosen Vice-President of the United States.

Years. *Candidates.*	*Votes.*	*Maj.*
1820—De Witt Clinton	47,447	1,157
Daniel D. Tompkins	45,090	
Total	93,437	
NEW CONSTITUTION.		
1822—Joseph C. Yates	128,403	125,553
Solomon Southwick	2,910	
Total	131,403	
1824—De Witt Clinton	103,454	16,371
Samuel Young	87,083	
Total	190,537	
1826—De Witt Clinton	99,785	3,650
William B. Rochester	96,135	
Total	195,920	
1828—Martin Van Buren	136,794	31,350
Smith Thompson	105,444	
Solomon Southwick	33,345	
Total	275,583	
1830—Enos T. Throop	128,842	8,481
Francis Granger	120,361	
Ezekiel Williams	2,332	
Total	251,535	
1832—William L. Marcy	166,410	9,738
Francis Granger	156,672	
Total	323,082	
1834—William L. Marcy	181,905	12,936
William H. Seward	168,969	
Total	350,874	
1836—William L. Marcy	166,122	29,474
Jesse Buel	136,648	
Isaac B. Smith	2,496	
Total	305,266	
1838—William H. Seward	192,882	10,421
William L. Marcy	182,461	
Total	375,343	
1840—William H. Seward	222,011	5,285
William C. Bouck	216,726	
Gerrit Smith	2,662	
Total	441,399	

November. 1842.

GOVERNOR.

William C. Bouck	208,072
Luther Bradish	186,091
Alvah Stewart	7,263
Total	401,426, exclusive of scattering.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

Daniel S. Dickinson	207,736
Gabriel Furman	186,008
Charles O. Shepard	7,579
Total	401,323, exclusive of scattering.
Bouck's plurality	21,981
Dickinson's "	21,718
Majority	14,718
"	14,040

November, 1844.

GOVERNOR.		LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.	
Silas Wright	241,000	Addison Gardiner	240,844
Millard Fillmore	231,057	Samuel J. Wilkins	231,048
Alvah Stewart	15,136	Charles O. Shepard	15,386
Plurality for Silas Wright	10,033		
Plurality for Addison Gardiner	9,796		

November, 1845.

GOVERNOR.		LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.	
John Young	198,878	Addison Gardiner	200,970
Silas Wright	187,306	Hamilton Fish	187,613
Henry Bradley	12,844	William M. Chaplin	13,901
Ogden Edwards	6,305	George Folsom	6,133
Plurality for John Young	11,572		
Plurality for Addison Gardiner	13,357		

November, 1847.

Hamilton Fish	170,072 votes.
Nathan Dayton	139,623 "
Charles O. Shepard	13,429 "

November, 1848.

GOVERNOR.		LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.	
Hamilton Fish	212,876	G. W. Patterson	222,970
Reuben H. Walworth	116,811	Charles O'Conor	116,907
John A. Dix	122,889	Seth M. Gates	113,667
William Goodell	1,593	Robert Anderson	1,520
Plurality for Hamilton Fish	95,887		
Plurality for G. W. Patterson	105,288		

November, 1850.

GOVERNOR.		LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.	
Washington Hunt	214,614	George J. Cornell	210,695
Horatio Seymour	214,352	Sanford E. Church	218,009
Scattering	3,627	Scattering	4,226

November, 1852.

GOVERNOR.		LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.	
Horatio Seymour	264,121	Sanford E. Church	266,147
Washington Hunt	241,525	William Kent	240,273
Minthorne Tompkins	19,299	Seth M. Gates	19,760

November, 1854.

GOVERNOR.		LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.	
Myron H. Clark	156,804	Henry J. Raymond	157,166
Horatio Seymour	156,495	William H. Ludlow	128,633
Daniel Ullman	122,282	Gustavus A. Scroggs	121,037
Greene C. Bronson	33,850	Elijah Ford	52,074

STATEMENT

OF THE NUMBER OF VOTES GIVEN, IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK, AT THE ELECTION HELD NOVEMBER 6TH, 1855, FOR

Judge of Court of Appeals,
Justice of Supreme Court,
Members of Senate and Assembly,
Justice of Superior Court,
Judge of Court of Common Pleas,
Justice of the Marine Court,
Police Justice of the Sixth Judicial District,
Sheriff,
County Clerk,
Coroners,
Comptroller of the City,
Street Commissioner,
Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies,
City Inspector,
Counsel to the Corporation,
Governor of the Alms-house,
Aldermen and Councilmen.

JUDGE OF COURT OF APPEALS.

The whole number of votes given for Judge of Court of Appeals, was		110,689
Of which Samuel E. Selden, (full term,)	received..	29,197
William W. Campbell, (full term,)	" ..	20,161
John Willard, (short term, to fill vacancy,)	received..	10,252
Nicholas Hill, Jr., (short term, to fill vacancy,)	" ..	18,308
Geo. F. Comstock, (short term, to fill vacancy,)	" ..	19,775
Bradford R. Wood	" ..	6,454
Joseph Mullen, (short term, to fill vacancy,)	" ..	6,411
Scattering		131

JUSTICE SUPREME COURT.

The whole number of votes given for Justice of Supreme Court, was		105,617
Of which James R. Whiting	received .	28,813
Edward P. Cowles	" ..	26,613
William H. Leonard, (to fill vacancy,)	" ..	9,933
*Henry E. Davies, (to fill vacancy,)	" ..	17,996
Henry Hilton, (to fill vacancy,)	" ..	15,526
Charles A. Peabody, (to fill vacancy,)	" ..	5,782
James T. Brady	" ..	343
Scattering		611

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

Third District.

The whole number of votes given for Senator in the Third Senatorial District, was	8,832
Of which Daniel E. Sickles received	3,573
Thomas J. Barr "	3,342
Theodore A. Ward "	1,873
Scattering	44

Fourth District.

The whole number of votes given for Senator in the Fourth Senatorial District, was	12,579
Of which Joseph H. Petty received	4,544
John McLeod Murphy received	3,315
Wilson Small "	3,114
William Allen "	1,523
Scattering	56

* Contested.

Fifth District.

The whole number of votes given for Senator in the Fifth Senatorial District, was..... 9,512
Of which Mark Spencer received..... 4,850
Horatio N. Wild " 4,004
Wm. B. Ripley " 553
Scattering..... 105

Sixth District.

The whole number of votes given for Senator in the Sixth Senatorial District, was.....25,715
Of which Erastus Brooks received.....14,590
Thos. J. Munday " 10,571
Oliver H. Lee " 486
Scattering..... 68

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

First District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the First Assembly District, was..... 1,889
Of which Daniel Mahen received..... 832
Peter B. Van Houten received..... 654
Michael Ryan " 385
Scattering..... 18

Second District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Second Assembly District, was..... 2,623
Of which Benjamin Ray received..... 1,338
Pierre C. Van Wyck received..... 118
Charles McCarthy " 179
Patrick Hurley " 50
John Dykes " 28
Scattering..... 44

Third District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Third Assembly District, was..... 2,034
Of which James Hayes received..... 1,223
J. Henry Bernitt " 799
Scattering..... 12

Fourth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Fourth Assembly District, was..... 1,992
Of which John D. Dixon received..... 1,134

Charles D. Nott received 846
Scattering 12

Fifth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Fifth Assembly District, was 3,123
Of which John J. Reilly received 1,636
Edmund P. Barrow " 1,479
Scattering 8

Sixth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Sixth Assembly District was 3,040
Of which Augustus J. H. Duganne received 1,525
William B. Aitken 1,497
Scattering 18

Seventh District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Seventh Assembly District was 4,607
Of which Samuel Brevoort received 2,765
Andrew Van Antwerp " 928
John McLean " 535
Lewis P. Culver " 371
Scattering 8

Eighth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Eighth Assembly District, was 2,569
Of which, James A. Dolan received 909
Cornelius Carues " 879
William Jones, Jr. " 413
John B. Ewing " 365
Scattering 3

Ninth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Ninth Assembly District, was 3,851
Of which Erastus W. Glover, received 1,523
James R. Sparrow " 1,321
William M. Pullis " 653
Daniel Willis " 126
Francis A. Gallagher " 109
Thomas A. Miller " 66
Charles Smith " 41
E. B. Glover " 1
Scattering 11

Tenth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Tenth Assembly District, was	4,902
Of which John M. Reed received	2,294
John Quinn "	2,126
James C. Burnham "	303
William Wadsworth"	271
Scattering	8

Eleventh District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Eleventh Assembly District, was	2,602
Of which Charles T. Mills received	1,019
James J. Reilly "	752
James G. Laroe "	516
Edwin B. Hunter "	155
Eneas Elliott "	147
Scattering	13

Twelfth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Twelfth Assembly District, was	2,380
Of which Peter Dawson received	885
William Raynor "	679
John Cunningham "	677
Benj. Richards "	120
Scattering	19

Thirteenth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Thirteenth Assembly District, was	2,371
Of which William A. Guest received	1,227
Frederick Conklin "	771
George C. Genet "	369
Scattering	4

Fourteenth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Fourteenth Assembly District was	7,459
Of which Henry Wiltse received	3,073
Elisha W. Packhard"	2,584
William R. Stewart "	1,685
Ezra W. Dean "	90
Scattering	27

Fifteenth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Fifteenth Assembly District, was	4,320

Of which Arthur Woods received		2,213
Aras G. Williams	"	2,090
Scattering		17

Sixteenth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Sixteenth Assembly District, was		5,544
Of which John H. Anthon received		2,761
John S. Cocks	"	2,560
Theodore B. Voorhies	"	200
Scattering		23

JUSTICE OF SUPERIOR COURT.

The whole number of votes given for Justice of Superior Court, was		111,416
Of which Lewis B. Woodruff received		28,659
Murray Hoffman	"	28,331
Michael Ulshoeffer	"	27,047
Henry Nicoll	"	15,506
Jonas B. Phillips	"	11,769
Scattering		104

JUDGE OF COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

The whole number of votes given for Judge of Court of Common Pleas, was		56,237
Of which John R. Brady, received		27,555
Alexander Spalding	"	18,866
Cambridge Livingston	"	9,763
Scattering		53

JUSTICE OF MARINE COURT.

The whole number of votes given for Justice of Marine Court was		54,969
Of which Arba K. Maynard received		18,397
David O'Keefe, Jr.	"	15,627
Geo. F. Alden	"	10,678
Charles E. Birdsall	"	10,177
Scattering		90

POLICE JUSTICE, SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

The whole number of votes given for Police Justice in the Sixth Judicial District, was		5,545
Of which James M. Flandreau received		2,074
George W. Pearcy	"	1,323
Daniel W. Clark	"	1,206

James B. Sheys received 936
Scattering 6

SHERIFF.

The whole number of votes given for Sheriff, was 59,719
Of which James C. Willet, received 20,881
Joseph H. Toone " 19,021
William N. McIntire" 10,656
William S. Duke " 5,038
Anthony J. Bleecker " 4,072
Scattering 51

COUNTY CLERK.

The whole number of votes given for County Clerk, was 59,006
Of which Richard B. Connolly, received 28,017
Robert Beatty, Jr. " 18,850
Douglas Leffingwell " 7,561
George E. Sherwood " 4,462
Scattering 116

COMPTROLLER OF THE CITY.

The whole number of votes given for Comptroller of the City was 59,445
Of which *Azariah C. Flagg received 20,313
John S. Giles " 20,134
Philip W. Engs " 15,302
Robert T. Haws " 3,638
Scattering 58

COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION.

The whole number of votes given for Counsel to the Corporation was 59,317
Of which Lorenzo B. Shepard received 20,308
Louis N. Glover " 18,777
John B. Haskin " 10,074
Theodore E. Tomlinson " 5,910
William Curtis Noyes " 4,168
Scattering 80

GOVERNOR OF THE ALMS-HOUSE.

The whole number of votes given for Governor of the Alms-house, was 58,922
Of which Isaac J. Oliver received 19,329

* Contested.

C. Godfrey Gunther, received..... 17,458
Patrick G. Maloney " 13,402
Willam H. Albertson " 4,374
Roe Lockwood " 4,006
Wm. F. Havemeyer " 213
Scattering..... 140

STREET COMMISSIONER.

The whole number of votes given for Street Commissioner was.... 58,803
Of which Joseph S. Taylor received..... 20,951
Henry H. Howard " 17,938
Samuel Allen " 10,587
James Dewey " 6,178
Daniel Ewen " 2,849
Isaac T. Cox " 214
Scattering " 86

COMMISSIONER OF REPAIRS AND SUPPLIES.

The whole number of votes given for Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies was..... 58,683
Of which Nathaniel S. Selah received..... 27,762
Joseph Southworth " 23,712
Jacob L. Dodge " 7,062
Scattering..... 147

CITY INSPECTOR.

The whole number of votes given for City Inspector was..... 58,776
Of which George W. Morton received..... 19,509
Thomas K. Downing " 14,951
Alexander F. Vache " 11,546
John H. Griscom " 7,566
Christian W. Schaffer " 5,149
Scattering..... 61

CORONERS.

The whole number of votes given for Coroners was..... 230,490
Of which Edward D. Connery received..... 30,266
Robert Gamble " 26,874
Frederick W. Perry " 25,468
Samuel A. Hills received..... 22,944
Cyrus Ramsey, " 19,913
John Witherell " 19,136
Hieronymus N. Wilhelm received 18,847

William O'Donnell	received	18,000
Joseph Heine	"	11,352
Thomas Wheelan	"	11,097
John Ives	"	8,242
Charles Missing	"	7,192
Alanson S. Jones	"	7,018
Alonzo S. Ball	"	3,508
Chas. Breuninghausen	"	147
Scattering		486

STATEMENT

Of the number of votes given for Alderman in each Election District.

SECOND WARD.

First Election District—Whole number		234
Of which Hiram Corwiu	received	156
Charles A. Brown	"	150
John Y. Savage	"	15
Blank		3
Second Election District—Whole number		372
Of which Hiram Corwin	received	245
Charles A. Brown	"	107
John Y. Savage	"	19
Blank		1

FOURTH WARD.

First Election District—Whole number		646
Of which William Baird	received	358
Bartholomew Healy	"	286
Patrick H. Maguire	"	2
Second Election District—Whole number		426
Of which Bartholomew Healy	received	300
William Baird	"	119
Patrick H. Maguire	"	7
Third Election District—Whole number		509
Of which Bartholomew Healy	received	289
William Baird	"	214
Patrick H. Maguire	"	6
Fourth Election District—Whole number		358
Of which William Baird	received	222
Bartholomew Healy	"	126
Patrick H. Maguire	"	10

Fifth Election District—Whole number..... 323
Of which Bartholomew Healy received..... 203
William Baird " 117
Patrick H. Maguire " 3

SIXTH WARD.

First Election District—Whole number..... 358
Of which John Clancy received..... 181
Edward Rowe " 103
Michael C. Donoho " 60
Henry C. Smith " 12
Scattering..... 2

Second Election District—Whole number..... 364
Of which Edward Rowe received..... 103
John Clancy " 138
Michael C. Donoho " 53
Henry C. Smith " 4

Third Election District—Whole number..... 401
of which Michael C. Donoho received 245
John Clancy " 112
Edward Rowe " 44

Fourth Election District—Whole number..... 231
Of which John Clancy received..... 133
Michael C. Donoho " 42
Edward Rowe " 39
Thomas F. Goodwin " 1

Fifth Election District—Whole number..... 293
Of which John Clancy received..... 161
Michael C. Donoho " 91
Edward Rowe " 32
Scattering..... 9

Sixth Election District—Whole number..... 372
Of which Michael C. Donoho received..... 146
John Clancy " 135
Edward Rowe " 91

EIGHTH WARD.

First Election District—Whole number..... 281
Of which William Tucker received..... 156
Albert W. Smith " 125

Second Election District—Whole number..... 451
Of which William Tucker received..... 254
Albert W. Smith " 197

Third Election District—Whole number 515
Of which William Tucker received 259
Albert W. Smith " 248

Fourth Election District—Whole number 309
Of which Albert W. Smith received 158
William Tucker " 151

Fifth Election District—Whole number 568
Of which William Tucker received 353
A. W. Smith " 215

Sixth Election District—Whole number 484
Of which Albert W. Smith received 243
Wm. Tucker " 241

Seventh Election District—Whole number 354
Of which Albert W. Smith received 200
William Tucker " 154

Eighth Election District—Whole number 259
Of which Albert W. Smith received 169
William Tucker " 90

TENTH WARD.

First Election District—Whole number 564
Of which James Griffiths received 190
Norman McLeod " 169
David Miller " 142
Henry C. Atwood " 63

Second Election District—Whole number 551
Of which James Griffiths received 197
Norman McLeod " 168
David Miller " 114
Henry C. Atwood " 72

Third Election District—Whole number 550
Of which James Griffiths received 167
Norman McLeod " 145
David Miller " 124
Henry C. Atwood " 112
Jerem'h T. Brooks " 2

Fourth Election District—Whole number 480
Of which Norman McLeod received 187
James Griffiths " 180
David Miller " 67
Henry C. Atwood " 46

Fifth Election District—Whole number	534
Of which James Griffiths received	222
Norman McLeod "	169
David Miller "	94
Henry C. Atwood "	45
Blank	4

TWELFTH WARD.

First Election District—Whole number	164
Of which David S. Jackson received	126
Geo. W. Jenkins "	17
Henry Patterson "	12
Daniel F. Tiemann "	9
Second Election District—Whole number	407
Of which David S. Jackson received	178
George W. Jenkins "	81
Henry Patterson "	80
Daniel F. Tiemann "	67
David M. Smith "	1
Third Election District—Whole number	386
Of which Henry Patterson received	156
Geo. W. Jenkins "	111
David S. Jackson "	100
Daniel F. Tiemann "	19
Fourth Election District—Whole number	214
Of which David S. Jackson received	122
Geo. W. Jenkins "	37
Daniel F. Tiemann "	30
Henry Patterson "	25
Fifth Election District—Whole number	253
Of which David S. Jackson received	111
Geo. W. Jenkins "	64
Henry Patterson "	48
Daniel F. Tiemann "	30

FOURTEENTH WARD.

First Election District—Whole number	274
Of which Peter Moneghan received	135
Michael Toumey "	82
Edward D. Lawrence "	57
Second Election District—Whole number	576
Of which Peter Moneghan received	342
Michael Toumey "	203
Edward D. Lawrence "	31

Third Election District—Whole number..... 424
Of which Michael Toumey received..... 151
Peter Moneghan " 150
Edward D. Lawrence " 123

Fourth Election District—Whole number..... 384
Of which Michael Toumey received..... 136
Peter Moneghan " 127
Edward D. Lawrence " 119
David B. Adams " 1
J. White " 1

Fifth Election District—Whole number..... 431
Of which Michael Toumey received..... 188
Peter Moneghan " 184
Edward D. Lawrence " 59

Sixth Election District—Whole number..... 375
Of which Michael Toumey received..... 161
Peter Moneghan " 157
Edward D. Lawrence " 55
David B. Adams " 1
John Kelly " 1

SIXTEENTH WARD.

First Election District—Whole number..... 431
Of which Charles A. May received..... 204
Peter Fulmer " 152
Samuel Delamater " 75

Second Election District—Whole number..... 524
Of which Peter Fulmer received..... 254
Samuel Delamater" 144
Charles A. May " 126

Third Election District—Whole number..... 369
Of which Samuel Delamater received..... 173
Peter Fulmer " 119
Charles A. May " 77

Fourth Election District—Whole number..... 538
Of which Charles A. May received..... 212
Peter Fulmer " 178
Samuel Delamater " 146
John Delamater " 1
Andrew Lester " 1

Fifth Election District—Whole number..... 495
Of which Peter Fulmer received..... 240
Charles A. May " 150
Samuel Delamater " 105

Sixth Election District—Whole number..... 606
Of which Charles A. May received..... 278
Peter Fulmer " 224
Samuel Delamater " 104

Seventh Election District—Whole number..... 476
Of which Peter Fulmer received..... 224
Samuel Delamater " 142
Charles A. May " 110

Eighth Election District—Whole number..... 418
Of which Charles A. May received..... 161
Peter Fulmer " 132
Samuel Delamater " 124
George Pike " 1

EIGHTEENTH WARD.

First Election District—Whole number..... 367
Of which Frederick E. Mather received..... 165
Jacob H. Valentine " 160
John Foster " 29
Daniel C. Pentz " 13

Second Election District—Whole number..... 363
Of which Jacob H. Valentine received..... 173
Frederick E. Mather " 126
John Foster " 39
Daniel Pentz " 25

Third Election District—Whole number..... 514
Of which Jacob H. Valentine received..... 245
Frederick E. Mather " 127
John Foster " 89
Daniel C. Pentz " 53

Fourth Election District—Whole number..... 421
Of which John Foster received..... 182
Daniel C. Pentz " 176
Jacob H. Valentine " 58
Frederick E. Mather" 4
William M. Baxter " 1

Fifth Election District—Whole number..... 446
Of which Jacob H. Valentine received..... 229
Frederick E. Mather " 131
John Foster " 52
Daniel C. Pentz " 29
Scattering..... 5

Sixth Election District—Whole number	669
Of which Jacob H. Valentine received	344
Daniel C. Pentz "	142
John Foster "	132
Frederick E. Mather "	51
Seventh Election District—Whole number	507
Of which Daniel C. Pentz received	238
Jacob H. Valentine "	157
John Foster "	86
F. E. Mather "	26

TWENTIETH WARD.

First Election District—Whole number	556
Of which William McConkey received	280
Cummings H. Tucker "	246
Robert G. Nellis "	16
Abraham Brown "	14
Second Election District—Whole number	731
Of which William McConkey received	417
Cummings H. Tucker "	278
Abraham Brown "	22
Robert G. Nellis "	3
Wm. McKunki "	1
Third Election Distirct—Whole number	490
Of which Cummings H. Tucker received	308
Wm. McConkey "	149
Abraham Brown "	30
Robert G. Nellis "	3
Fourth Election District—Whole number	692
Of which Cummings H. Tucker received	324
Wm. McConkey "	282
Abraham Brown "	77
Robert G. Nellis "	9
Fifth Election District—Whole number	720
Of which Cummings H. Tucker received	343
Wm. McConkey "	290
Abraham Brown "	81
Robert G. Nellis "	2
Blank	4
Sixth Election District—Whole number	726
Of which Wm. McConkey received	424
Cummings H. Tucker "	237

Abraham Brown received	58
Robert G. Nellis "	7

TWENTY-SECOND WARD.

First Election District—Whole number	550
Of which Wm. B. Drake received	230
Nicholas Seagrist "	137
Peter Masterson "	126
John R. Robinson "	24
Samuel Fleet "	20
Thomas McSorley "	11
John J. Barton "	2
Second Election District—Whole number	811
Of which Wm. B. Drake received	284
Nicholas Seagrist "	260
Peter Masterson "	154
John R. Robison "	41
Samuel Fleet "	39
John S. Barton "	17
Third Election District—Whole number	314
Of which Nicholas Seagrist received	91
Peter Masterson "	85
John R. Robison received	62
William B. Drake "	51
Samuel Fleet "	21
Scattering	4
Fourth Election District—Whole number	743
Of which William B. Drake received	206
Nicholas Seagrist "	
Peter Masterson "	188
Samuel Fleet "	49
John R. Robison "	19
John R. Barton "	4
William Drake "	2

STATEMENT

Of the number of votes given for Councilmen, in each Election District.

FIRST COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number	435
Of which Henry Smith received	239
Michael Doran, Jr. "	106

SECOND COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Second Election District—Whole number	477
Of which Charles McCay received	301
Jacob L. Smith "	157
Martinus A. Van Lier received	17
J. L. Smith "	2
Third Election District—Whole number	380
Of which Jacob L. Smith received	253
Charles McCay "	96
Martinus A. Van Lier received	24
Charles McK. "	2
Scattering	5

THIRD COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number	324
Of which Gideon Clifton received	192
R. C. Montgomery "	109
John J. Tait "	5
William H. Tracy "	8
Second Election District—Whole number	372
Of which Gideon Clifton received	219
R. C. Montgomery "	97
John J. Tait "	26
Wm. Tracy "	13
Blank "	17

FOURTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number	174
Of which Amos T. Gavitt received	66
Isaac De Garmo "	47
John M. Mimne "	32
Henry L. Lounsbury "	18
Nicholas S. Ludlum "	11
Second Election District—Whole number	318
Of which Amos T. Gavitt received	112
Nicholas Ludlum "	61
Isaac De Garmo "	54
John M. Mimne "	52
Henry L. Lounsbury "	39
Third Election District—Whole number	347
Of which Amos T. Gavitt received	116
Henry L. Lounsbury "	104



G. HAYWARD LITH. 120 WATER ST. N.Y.

FOR D.T. VALENTINE'S MANUAL 1856

VIEW OF FORT FISH & NUTTING BATTERY 1814

John M. Mimne received	63
Nicholas S. Ludlum "	36
Isaac De Garmo "	28
Fourth Election District—Whole number	157
Of which Isaac De Garmo received	77
Amos T. Gavitt "	66
John M. Mimne "	53
Nicholas S. Ludlum received	15
Henry L. Lounsbury "	5
Samuel C. Lee "	1

FIFTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number	633
Of which John Baulch received	348
William Cleary "	285

SIXTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Second Election District—Whole number	424
Of which James Reilly received	265
John Oliver "	93
Roger F. Martin "	34
George W. Hill "	9
Quincy Stowell "	5
W. Van Waggner received	1
Scattering	17
Fifth Election District—Whole number	308
Of which James Reilly received	172
John Oliver "	92
George P. Bickford received	19
Roger Martin "	14
Quincy Stowell "	10
George Hill "	1

SEVENTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Third Election District—Whole number	474
Of which Patrick Dougherty received	213
George P. Bickford "	186
James G. Smith "	74
George H. Bickford "	1
Fourth Election District—Whole number	365
Of which George P. Bickford received	226
Patrick Dougherty "	121
James Reilly "	10
James G. Smith "	4

William Cleary received..... 2
John Baulch " 1
John Oliver " 1

EIGHTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number..... 322
Of which James L. Waugh received..... 164
Lemuel W. Parkes " 116
John King, Sen., " 42
Third Election District—Whole number..... 429
Of which Lemuel W. Parkes received 218
James L. Waugh " 181
John King, Sen., " 20
Blank..... 10

NINTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Second Election District—Whole number..... 444
Of which John Besson received..... 159
George A. Barney received 142
Joseph W. Cornell " 128
Richard S. Eldridge " 15
James L. Waugh " 2
James Wright " 1
Fourth Election District—Whole number..... 392
Of which George Barney received..... 219
John Besson " 118
Joseph W. Cornell " 52
Richard S. Eldridge " 3

TENTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Fifth Election District—Whole number..... 227
Of which William H. Crane received..... 145
James Wright " 70
Thomas Watson, Jr., " 12
Sixth Election District—Whole number..... 216
Of which William H. Crane received..... 114
James Wright " 90
Thomas Watson, Jr., " 42

ELEVENTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number 360
Of which Henry Hughs received 117
Charles E. Benedict received..... 107
Matthew Murray " 76
Allen Kavanagh " 35
Joseph W. Hawkes " 13
Samuel Sherman " 11
H. H. Huse " 1

Second Election District—Whole number..... 268
Of which Mathew Murray received 134
Charles E. Benedict received..... 89
Henry Hughs " 65
Allen Cavanagh " 43
Samuel Sherman " 17
Joseph W. Hawks " 15

TWELFTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Third Election District—Whole number 385
Of which George McKinley received 251
James McGowan " 97
Thomas White " 37

Sixth Election District—Whole number..... 344
Of which George McKinley received 135
James McGowan " 114
Thomas White " 95

THIRTEENTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Fourth Election District—Whole number..... 190
Of which James E. Kerrigan received 159
Richard Barry " 31

Fifth Election District—Whole number 293
Of which Richard Barry received 145
James E. Kerrigan " 120
Scattering 17
Blanks..... 11

FOURTEENTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number..... 589
Of which George W. Warner received..... 244
Anthony T. Gallagher " 140
Wm. M. Haydock " 119
De Lancey W. Knevels " 86

Second Election District—Whole number 374
Of which G. W. Warner received..... 165
Anthony T. Gallagher " 98
Wm. M. Haydock " 90
De Lancey W. Knevels " 15
Scattering 6

Third Election District—Whole number..... 290
Of which Wm. M. Haydock received..... 110
Geo. W. Warner " 99
Anthony T. Gallagher " 77
De Lancey W. Knevels " 4

FIFTEENTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Fifth Election District—Whole number	381
Of which Michael Barry received	135
James McMahon "	115
Edward Merritt "	92
James Bolton "	14
William O. Shea "	8
Robert Miles Poor "	6
Robert M. Poor "	4
John S. Rowely "	3
Merritt "	1
Blank	3
Sixth Election District—Whole number	203
Of which James McMahon received	62
Edward Merritt "	61
Michael Barry "	44
William O. Shea "	20
Robert M. Poor "	9
James Bolton "	7
Seventh Election District—Whole number	330
Of which Michael Barry received	132
Edwd. Merritt "	124
Robert M. Poor "	31
James McMahon "	20
James Bolton "	17
Wm. O. Shea "	6

SIXTEENTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Fourth Election District—Whole number	432
Of which Orlando Gray received	281
William A. Haggerty received	151
Eighth Election District—Whole number	582
Of which Orlando Gray received	371
William A. Haggerty received	211

SEVENTEENTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number	276
Of which Jacob W. Cornwall received	107
Jonas N. Phillips "	91
David J. Oakley "	78
Second Election District—Whole number	455
Of which Jonas N. Phillips received	206
David J. Oakley "	129
Jacob W. Cornwell "	120

EIGHTEENTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Third Election District—Whole number	502
Of which John D. Betts received	231

James E. Colegrove received..... 224
William P. Hilliard " 47
Fourth Election District—Whole number..... 278
Of which James E. Colegrove received..... 127
John D. Betts " 84
William P. Hilliard " 67

NINETEENTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Fifth Election District—Whole number..... 540
Of which Joseph D. Martin received..... 242
Robert H. Ellis " 186
William Bogart " 98
Elias Crowser " 14
Sixth Election District—Whole number..... 482
Of which Robert H. Ellis received..... 185
Joseph D. Martin " 142
William Bogert " 89
Elias Crouter " 41
Robert T. Wild " 13
Ledyard Avery " 3
Abram L. Brewer " 1
Scattering..... 8

TWENTIETH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Seventh Election District—Whole number..... 343
Of which Ledyard Avery received..... 144
Thomas Kelly " 94
Edwin Wainwright " 80
Abraham L. Brewer " 25
Eighth Election District—Whole number..... 260
Of which Thomas Kelly received..... 93
Ledyard Avery " 92
Edw. Wainwright " 45
Abram L. Brewer " 29
Scattering..... 1

TWENTY-FIRST COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number..... 671
Of which John Kennard received..... 203
John Maek " 129
Aaron C. Jewel " 98
Samuel Inslee " 97
William A. Wood " 77
Chas. A. Kentish " 65
—— Banner " 2
Third Election District—Whole number..... 555
Of which John Kennard received..... 191
John Mack " 94

Chas. A. Kentish received	59
William A. Wood "	55
Aaron C. Jewell "	54
Robert Banner "	41
Samuel Inslee "	37
Scattering	24

TWENTY-SECOND COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Second Election District—Whole number	528
Of which Alexander Hemphill received	341
Lawrence Van Wart "	119
Charles Wright "	66
Cornelius Cooper "	1
John Kennard "	1
Fourth Election District—Whole number	451
Of which Alexander Hemphill received	223
Lawrence Van Wart "	141
Charles S. Wright "	82

TWENTY-THIRD COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Fifth Election District—Whole number	555
Of which Cornelius S. Cooper received	282
James M. Lawson "	220
Richard P. Clark "	53
Eighth Election District—Whole number	357
Of which Cornelius S. Cooper received	149
James M. Lawson "	149
Richard P. Clark "	59
Ninth Election District—Whole number	445
Of which Cornelius S. Cooper received	295
James M. Lawson "	102
Richard P. Clark "	48

TWENTY-FOURTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Sixth Election District—Whole number	688
Of which Robert S. Dixon received	284
Alex. M. C. Smith "	201
Wm. A. Foster "	115
Robert Peterson "	41
Peter P. Wendover "	27
Blank	20
Seventh Election District—Whole number	371
Of which Alexander M. C. Smith received	149
Robert S. Dixon "	142
William A. Foster "	48
Robert Peterson "	24
Peter P. Wendover "	8

TWENTY-FIFTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Third Election District—Whole number	533
Of which John Roehner received	153
Henry A. Jackson "	147
John Williamson "	120
Saml. C. Seaman "	90
Samuel Jackson "	19
Elias Combs "	2
Brixey "	2

TWENTY-SIXTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Fourth Election District—Whole number	464
Of which John Van Tine received	185
Elias Combs "	156
Joel W. Mason "	64
Robert E. Roberts "	48
Henry Moore "	6
Foster B. Williams "	5
Second Election District—Whole number	511
Of which Elias Combs received	152
John Van Tine "	148
Joel W. Mason "	79
Robert E. Roberts "	72
Henry Moore, jr., "	33
Foster B. Williams "	27

TWENTY-SEVENTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Fifth Election District—Whole number	530
Of which Charles Whitlock received	224
Michael Cassidy "	189
Nathaniel S. Husted "	60
Henry S. Smith "	23
John W. Farmer "	20
Robert E. Roberts "	1
Jacob Fairman "	1
David S. Smith "	1
Blank	11
First Election District—Whole number	559
Of which Charles Whitlock received	197
Michael Cassidy "	189
Nathaniel S. Husted "	88
John W. Farmer "	38
Henry S. Smith "	5
Blank	42

TWENTY-EIGHTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Second Election District—Whole number	419
Of which William Taylor received	251
Henry W. Colyer "	163

First Election District—Whole number	274
Of which Henry W. Colyer received	222
William Taylor "	52

TWENTY-NINTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Fourth Election District—Whole number	354
Of which Isaac B. Skaats received	177
David Hogg "	174
John D. Fosdick "	2
Blank	1
Third Election District—Whole number	285
Of which Isaac B. Skaats received	162
David Hogg "	123

THIRTIETH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Fifth Election District—Whole number	316
Of which Thomas Prentis received	195
Francis I. A. Boole "	121
Sixth Election District—Whole number	566
Of which Francis I. A. Boole received	367
Thomas Prentis "	199

THIRTY-FIRST COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Seventh Election District—Whole number	419
Of which George H. Raymond received	175
Benjamin T. Rhodes "	116
Frederick A. Goetz "	78
Felix Hart "	28
John P. Conklin "	21
Eighth Election District—Whole number	423
Of which George H. Raymond received	246
Benjamin T. Rhodes "	125
Felix Hart "	24
Frederick A. Goetz "	14
John P. Conklin "	13
William H. Bell "	1

THIRTY-SECOND COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Ninth Election District—Whole number	496
Of which John Hart received	172
John T. Heird "	136
Jas. McKenney "	131
John W. Steinfeldt received	57
Tenth Election District—Whole number	259
Of which John Hart received	202
John T. Heird "	32
Jas. McKenney "	22
John W. Steinfeldt received	3

THIRTY-THIRD COUNCIL DISTRICT

Fifth Election District—Whole number	472
Of which William Floyd received	263
Charles Doty "	195
Alonzo G. Reynolds "	14
Sixth Election District—Whole number	462
Of which Charles Doty received	243
William Floyd "	181
Alonzo G. Reynolds received	37
C. Doty "	1

THIRTY-FOURTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Third Election District—Whole number	414
Of which Edward C. McConnell received	222
Joseph T. Dill "	106
Andrew Craft "	60
Patrick Boylan "	26
Fourth Election District—Whole number	445
Of which Edward C. McConnell received	200
Joseph T. Dill "	108
Patrick Boylan "	98
Andrew Craft "	39

THIRTY-FIFTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number	405
Of which Ephraim Reed received	150
James A. Flack "	94
Chas. W. Churchill "	87
Thomas Cooper "	73
Second Election District—Whole number	370
Of which James A. Flack received	140
Ephraim Reed "	125
Chas. W. Churchill "	60
Thomas Cooper "	45

THIRTY-SIXTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number	261
Of which Francis O'Reilly received	118
Patrick Barnes "	77
Charles F. Meyers "	65
John Collins "	1
Second Election District—Whole number	569
Of which Francis O'Reilly received	285
Patrick Barnes "	245
Charles F. Meyers "	30
John Collins "	5
Henry P. West "	2
Joseph H. Hutton "	2

THIRTY-SEVENTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Third Election District—Whole number	413
Of which Thomas Farran received	132
Joseph H. Hutton "	119
John Hoope "	113
Horace V. Sigler "	33
Henry R. Roome "	14
Michael Corcoran "	1
T. Manahan "	1
Fourth Election District—whole number	359
Of which Thomas Farran, received	115
John Hoope "	105
Joseph H. Hutton "	101
Horace V. Sigler "	32
Henry R. Roome "	6

THIRTY-EIGHTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Fifth Election District—Whole number	431
Of which Michael Smith received	187
Henry P. West "	170
Henry B. Kent "	59
Blank	15
Sixth Election District—Whole number	368
Of which Henry P. West received	154
Michael Smith "	153
Henry B. Kent "	51
H. West "	5
Joseph H. Hutton "	3
Patriek Barnes "	2

THIRTY-NINTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number	529
Of which John H. Brady received	388
Wm. T. B. Milliken "	102
L. F. Harrison "	39
Fourth Election District—Whole number	337
Of which John H. Brady received	253
Wm. T. B. Milliken"	69
L. F. Harrison "	15

FORTIETH COUNCIL DISTRICT

Second Election District—Whole number	496
Of which Otis D. Swan received	312
John H. Hillier "	104
John Smith "	80
Third Election District—Whole number	316
Of which Otis D. Swan received	243
John H. Hillier "	49
John Smith "	24

FORTY-FIRST COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Fifth Election District—Whole number	418
Of which John H. Lidell received	182
Charles E. Appleby "	172
Philip Fitzpatrick "	64
Sixth Election District—Whole number	285
Of which Charles E. Appleby received	177
John A. Lidell "	56
Philip Fitzpatrick "	45
Mathew McBride "	7

FORTY-SECOND COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Eighth Election District—Whole number	412
Of which Andrew Leary received	140
George W. Pike "	138
Henry Jenkins "	119
Chas. P. Johnson "	15
Fourth Election District—Whole number	524
Of which Andrew Leary received	199
George M. Pike "	192
Henry Jenkins "	125
J. Jenkins "	7
Charles P. Johnson "	1

FORTY-THIRD COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Seventh Election District—Whole number	468
Of which George Merritt received	222
Augustus C. Boream "	145
Thomas Judge "	101
Third Election District—Whole number	364
Of which Augustus C. Booream received	175
George Merritt "	116
Thomas Judge "	73

FORTY-FOURTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Sixth Election District—Whole number	598
Of which Samuel Osgood received	283
Samuel Hopper "	242
Wm. H. Bull "	73
Second Election District—Whole number	499
Of which Samuel Hopper received	261
William H. Bull, "	120
Samuel Osgood "	118

FORTY-FIFTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Fifth Election District—Whole number	464
Of which Charles S. Watrous received	274
Isaac G. Seixas "	156

Edward Westervelt received	21
John S. Chapman "	9
C. S. Watrous "	2
I. P. Seixas "	2
First Election District—Whole number	426
Of which Isaac Seixas received	206
Charles S. Watrous "	194
Edward Westervelt "	26

FORTY-SIXTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number	371
Of which John W. T. Van Riper received	204
George A. Jeremiah "	166
John Cullan "	1
Second Election District—Whole number	499
Of which John W. T. Van Riper received	260
Geo. A. Jeremiah "	229
John Cullan "	10

FORTY-SEVENTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Third Election District—Whole number	451
Of which Frederick C. Wagner received	181
Benjamin F. Pinckney "	136
John Jacob Diel "	134
Fourth Election District—Whole number	509
Of which Benjamin F. Pinckney received	200
John Jacob Diehl "	161
Frederick C. Wagner "	142

FORTY-EIGHTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Sixth Election District—Whole number	265
Of which Nicholas Kessell received	106
Solomon Rice "	68
Francis J. Miller "	54
Peter Palmer "	22
Charles G. Freshman"	12
Michael Smith "	3
Fifth Election District—Whole number	545
Of which Francis J. Miller received	166
Nicholas Kissel "	96
Charles G. Freshman "	92
Peter Palm "	89
Bernard Christman "	81
Solomon Rice "	21

FORTY-NINTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Ninth Election District—Whole number	300
Of which Andrew J. Odell received	104
William Truslow "	86

Abraham S. Jones received	70
George W. Schwreman "	37
Solomon Rice "	1
Nicholas Keissel "	1
Tenth Election District—Whole number	361
Of which Abraham S. Jones received	118
Andrew J. Odell "	100
Wm. Truslow "	87
George W. Schwreman"	56

FIFTIETH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Seventh Election District—Whole number	656
Of which Bernard Reilly received	361
Michael Smith "	250
Daniel T. Macfarlan "	45
Eighth Election District—Whole number	631
Of which Daniel T. Macfarlan received	325
Michael Smith "	175
Bernard Reilly "	131

FIFTY-FIRST COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number	562
Of which James Wallace, jr., received	276
David H. McCormick "	154
James T. Couenhoven "	118
Arthur McDonald "	14
Fourth Election District—Whole number	684
Of which James Wallace, jr., received	317
Daniel H. McCormick "	237
James T. Couenhoven "	124
Arthur McDonald "	4
James Wallace "	1
Addison S. Diossy "	1

FIFTY-SECOND COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Second Election District—Whole number	703
Of which Dennis Ryer received	400
John C. Helme "	168
John V. Gridley "	112
Wm. E. Demarest "	23
Fifth Election District—Whole number	694
of which Dennis Ryer received	300
John C. Helmes "	221
John V. Gridley "	136
Wm. Demarest "	33
Thomas A. Dunn "	4

FIFTY-THIRD COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Third Election District—Whole number	491
Of which Daniel D. Conover received	205
Charles G. Parker "	134
Thomas A. Dunn "	123
James S. Mooney "	18
J. C. Helmes "	3
Dennis Ryer "	3
James Wallace "	2
Robert Gridley "	3
Sixth Election District—Whole number	726
Of which Thomas A. Dunn received	348
Daniel D. Conover "	193
Charles G. Parker "	102
James J. Mooney "	68
Thomas Ainsted "	1
Blank	14

FIFTY-FOURTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Third Election District—Whole number	257
Of which John L. Noyes received	100
John Webber "	89
John J. Mullen "	35
Jeremiah Craaly "	33
Fourth Election District—Whole number	696
Of which John L. Noyes received	270
Jeremiah Crowley "	261
John J. Mullen "	90
John Weber "	66
James Dennis "	5
William H. Taylor "	4

FIFTY-FIFTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number	694
Of which William H. Taylor received	353
Charles H. Haswell "	195
John F. Broderick "	92
Daniel J. Sherwood "	54
Second Election District—Whole number	683
Of which William H. Taylor received	298
John F. Broderick "	226
Charles H. Haswell "	121
Daniel Sherwood "	28

FIFTY-SIXTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

Fifth Election District—Whole number—	426
Of which William M. Baxter received	347
Edward Gallagher "	50

John Mott received	28
Scattering	1
Sixth Election District—Whole number	634
Of which William M. Baxter received	297
John Mott "	238
Edward Gallagher "	99
Seventh Election District—Whole number	480
Of which John Mott received	210
William M. Baxter "	176
Edward Gallagher "	93
Gay W. Valentine "	1

FIFTY-SEVENTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number	364
Of which William G. Sterling received	161
Silas Weir Roosevelt "	160
John R. Bradley "	25
John T. Bradley "	18
Second Election District—Whole number	358
Of which William G. Sterling received	165
Silas W. Roosevelt "	118
John J. Bradley "	75
Third Election District—Whole number	517
Of which William G. Sterling received	249
John J. Bradley "	144
Silas Weir Roosevelt "	112
John R. Bradley "	12
Fourth Election District—Whole number	422
Of which John J. Bradley received	276
John R. Bradley "	77
William G. Sterling "	49
John Mott "	15
Edward Gallagher "	4
Sias Weir Roosevelt "	1

FIFTY-EIGHTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number	691
Of which Bryan McCahill received	286
Hiram A. Maynard "	271
Richard Flynn "	104
Thomas Starr "	29
Isaac R. Goward "	1
Second Election District—Whole number	459
Of which Hiram A. Maynard received	236
Richard Flynn "	101
Bryan McCahill "	100
Thomas Starr "	22

Third Election District—Whole number..... 377
Of which Hiram A. Maynard received..... 220
Richard Flynn " 85
Thomas Starr " 51
Bryan McCahill " 18

FIFTY-NINTH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number..... 533
Of which Francis B. Guest received..... 140
Henry A. Cargill " 126
Charles Campbell " 113
John H. Martin " 60
David B. Kerr " 42
Joseph M. Greeley " 21
Robert H. Shannon " 16
James Delaney " 15
Second Election District—Whole number..... 821
Of which Henry A. Cargill received..... 245
Francis B. Guest " 148
John W. Martin " 140
Charles Campbell " 122
David B. Kerr " 61
James Delaney " 42
Robert H. Shannon " 21
John Jasper " 1
John Martin " 1
Third Election District—Whole number 309
Of which Henry A. Cargill received..... 96
James Delaney " 52
Francis B. Guest " 48
Joseph M. Greeley " 46
Charles Campbell " 29
John W. Martin " 23
Robert H. Shannon " 15
Fourth Election District—Whole number..... 729
Of which Henry A Cargill received..... 281
Charles Campbell " 176
Francis B. Guest " 153
Joseph M. Greeley " 17
James Delaney " 11
Robert H. Shannon " 7
David B. Kerr " 6
Francis D. Guest " 1

SIXTIETH COUNCIL DISTRICT.

First Election District—Whole number..... 150
Of which Adam C. Flanagan received..... 116

	Isaac A. Hopper received	35
	Henry P. McGowan "	6
Second Election District—Whole number		403
Of which Adam C. Flanagan received		139
	Henry P. McGown "	133
	Isaac A. Hopper "	131
Third Election District—Whole number		398
Of which Isaac A. Hopper received		177
	Henry P. McGown "	146
	Adam C. Flanagan "	75
Fourth Election District—Whole number		184
Of which Adam C. Flanagan received		89
	Isaac A. Hopper "	63
	Henry P. McGown "	27
	I. A. Hopper "	5
Fifth Election District—Whole number		253
Of which Isaac A. Hopper received		132
	Adam Flanagan "	96
	Henry P. McGown "	25

RECAPITULATION.

The following officers, having received the greatest number of votes, were declared to be duly elected in the city and county of New York.

SENATE,

Third Senatorial District		Daniel E. Sickles.
Fourth	"	Joseph H. Petty.
Fifth	"	Mark Spencer.
Sixth	"	Erastus Brooks.

ASSEMBLY,

First Assembly District		Daniel Mahen.
Second	"	Benjamin Ray.
Third	"	James Hayes.
Fourth	"	John D. Dixon.
Fifth	"	John J. Reilly.
Sixth	"	Augustine J. H. Duganne.
Seventh	"	Samuel Brevoort.
Eighth	"	James A. Dolan.
Ninth	"	Erastus W. Glover.
Tenth	"	John M. Reed.
Eleventh	"	Charles T. Mills.
Twelfth	"	Peter Dawson.
Thirteenth	"	William A. Guest.
Fourteenth	"	Henry Wiltse.
Fifteenth	"	Arthur Woods.
Sixteenth	"	John H. Anthon.

JUDGE OF COURT OF APPEALS,

Samuel E. Selden, (full term.)
George F. Comstock, (short term, to fill vacancy.)

JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT,

James R. Whiting.
Henry E. Davies, (to fill vacancy.)

JUSTICES OF SUPERIOR COURT,

Murray Hoffman and Lewis B. Woodruff.

JUDGE OF COURT OF COMMON PLEAS,

John R. Brady.

JUSTICE OF THE MARINE COURT,

Arba K. Maynard.

POLICE JUSTICE OF THE SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT,

James M. Flandreau.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

SHERIFF,

James C. Willett.

COUNTY CLERK,

Richard B. Connolly.

CORONERS,

Edward D. Connery, Robert Gamble,
Frederick W. Perry, Samuel A. Hills.

COMPTROLLER OF THE CITY,

Azariah C. Flagg.

STREET COMMISSIONER,

Joseph S. Taylor.

COMMISSIONER OF REPAIRS AND SUPPLIES,

Nathaniel S. Selah.

CITY INSPECTOR,

George W. Morton.

COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION,

Lorenzo B. Shepherd.

GOVERNORS OF THE ALMS-HOUSE,

Isaac J. Oliver, C. Godfrey Gunther.

TERMS OF OFFICE OF ALDERMEN.

1856.

WARD.	NAME.	TERM EXPIRES.
1.	Josiah W. Brown	December 31, 1856.
3.	Saml. H. Moser	" "
5.	H. R. Hoffmire	" "
7.	Chas. Fox	" "
9.	P. P. Voorhis	" "
11.	James R. Steers	" "
13.	John H. Briggs	" "
15.	Isaac O. Barker	" "
17.	Nathan C. Ely	" "
19.	Anson Herrick	" "
21.	Geo. W. Varian	" "
2.	Hiram Corwin	December 31, 1857.
4.	Bartholomew Healy	" "
6.	John Clancy	" "
8.	Wm. Tucker	" "
10.	James Griffiths	" "
12.	David S. Jackson	" "
14.	Peter Moneghan	" "
16.	Peter Fulmer	" "
18.	Jacob H. Valentine	" "
20.	Wm. McConkey	" "
22.	Wm. B. Drake	" "

BOUNDARIES OF WARDS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

1856.

First Ward—Bounded, south, by Battery; east, by East river; north, by Maiden lane and Liberty street; west, by West street.

Second Ward—Bounded, south, by Maiden lane and Liberty street; west by Broadway; north-west, by Park row; north-east, by Spruce and Ferry streets, and Peck slip; east, by East river.

Third Ward—Bounded, south, by Liberty street; west, by West street; north, by Reade street; east, by Broadway.

Fourth Ward—Bounded, south-westerly, by Spruce street, Ferry street and Peck slip; east, by South street; and north-easterly, by Catharine street.

Fifth Ward—Bounded, south, by Reade street; west, by West street; north-easterly, by Canal street; east by Broadway.

Sixth Ward—Bounded, south, by Park row and Chatham street; east, by Bowery; north, by Walker and Canal streets; west, by Broadway.

Seventh Ward—Bounded, south-westerly, by Catharine street; north-

westerly, by Divison and Grand streets; east, by East river; southwesterly by South street.

Eighth Ward—Bounded, south, by Canal street; west, by West street; north, by Hamersley and Houston; east, by Broadway.

Ninth Ward—Bounded south by Hamersley street; east by Hancock and Bleecker streets and Sixth avenue; north by Fourteenth street.

Tenth Ward—Bounded, west, by Bowery; north, by Rivington street; east by Norfolk street; south-easterly by Division street.

Eleventh Ward—Bounded, west, by Avenue B and Clinton street; south, by Rivington street; east, by East river; north, by Fourteenth street.

Twelfth Ward—Bounded, south, by Eighty-sixth street; west, by North river; east, by East river, (including Ward's and Randall's Islands;) north, by Harlem river, and Spuyten Duyvil's Creek.

Thirteenth Ward—Bounded, south, by Division and Grand streets; west, by Norfolk street; north, by Rivington street, east by East street.

Fourteenth Ward—Bounded, south, by Walker and Canal streets; west by Broadway; north, by Houston street; east, by Broadway.

Fifteenth Ward—Bounded, north, by Houston street; west, by Hancock and Bleecker streets and Sixth avenue; north, by Fourteenth street.

Sixteenth Ward—Bounded, south, by Fourteenth street; west, by North river; north, by Twenty-sixth street; east, by Sixth avenue.

Seventeenth Ward—Bounded, south, by Rivington street; east by Clinton and Avenue B; north, by Fourteenth st.; west by Bowery and Fourth av.

Eighteenth Ward—Bounded, south, by Fourteenth street; east, by the East river; north, by Twenty-sixth street; and west, by Sixth avenue.

Nineteenth Ward—Bounded, north, by Eighty-sixth street; east, by East river; south by Fortieth street, and west by Sixth avenue.

Twentieth Ward—Bounded, north, by Fortieth street, east by Sixth avenue; south, by Twenty-sixth street; and west by Hudson river.

Twenty-first Ward—Bounded, north, by Fourteenth street; east, by East river; south, by Twenty-sixth street; and west, by Sixth avenue.

Twenty-second Ward—Bounded, north, by Eighty-sixth street; east by Sixth avenue; south by Fortieth street; and west, by Hudson river.

*NUMBER OF HOUSES IN THE DIFFERENT WARDS IN 1856.

First Ward	2,076	Tenth Ward	1,832
Second Ward	1,360	Eleventh Ward	2,318
Third Ward	1,245	Twelfth Ward	1,156
Fourth Ward	1,478	Thirteenth Ward	1,522
Fifth Ward	1,983	Fourteenth Ward	1,537
Sixth Ward	1,280	Fifteenth Ward	2,538
Seventh Ward	2,610	Sixteenth Ward	2,366
Eighth Ward	2,660	Seventeenth Ward	2,768
Ninth Ward	3,435		

* A corrected statement of the above, embracing the remaining wards will appear in the next issue.



westerly, by Divison and Grand streets; east, by East river; south-westerly by South street.

Eighth Ward—Bounded, south, by Canal street; west, by West street; north, by Hamersley and Houston; east, by Broadway.

Ninth Ward—Bounded south by Hamersley street; east by Hancock and Bleecker streets and Sixth avenue; north by Fourteenth street.

Tenth Ward—Bounded, west, by Bowery; north, by Rivington street; east by Norfolk street; south-easterly by Division street.

Eleventh Ward—Bounded, west, by Avenue B and Clinton street; south, by Rivington street; east, by East river; north, by Fourteenth street.

Twelfth Ward—Bounded, south, by Eighty-sixth street; west, by North river; east, by East river, (including Ward's and Randall's Islands;) north, by Harlem river, and Spuyten Duyvil's Creek.

Thirteenth Ward—Bounded, south, by Division and Grand streets; west, by Norfolk street; north, by Rivington street, east by East street.

Fourteenth Ward—Bounded, south, by Walker and Canal streets; west by Broadway; north, by Houston street; east, by Broadway.

Fifteenth Ward—Bounded, north, by Houston street; west, by Hancock and Bleecker streets and Sixth avenue; north, by Fourteenth street.

Sixteenth Ward—Bounded, south, by Fourteenth street; west, by North river; north, by Twenty-sixth street; east, by Sixth avenue.

Seventeenth Ward—Bounded, south, by Rivington street; east by Clinton and Avenue B; north, by Fourteenth st.; west by Bowery and Fourth av.

Eighteenth Ward—Bounded, south, by Fourteenth street; east, by the East river; north, by Twenty-sixth street; and west, by Sixth avenue.

Nineteenth Ward—Bounded, north, by Eighty-sixth street; east, by East river; south by Fortieth street, and west by Sixth avenue.

Twentieth Ward—Bounded, north, by Fortieth street, east by Sixth avenue; south, by Twenty-sixth street; and west by Hudson river.

Twenty-first Ward—Bounded, north, by Fourteenth street; east, by East river; south, by Twenty-sixth street; and west, by Sixth avenue.

Twenty-second Ward—Bounded, north, by Eighty-sixth street; east by Sixth avenue; south by Fortieth street; and west, by Hudson river.

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Plan of
FORT GREEN,
AND LINE OF INTRENCHMENTS,
From
THE WALLABOUT TO GOWANUS CREEK.

with a topographical sketch of the country,
by Lieut. James Gadsden, of the Engineers.



References

- *A.* *Fort Green*
- *B.* *Redoubt Cummings*
- *C* *Washington Bastion*
- *D.* *Redoubt Masonic*
- *E.* *Fort Fireman*
- *F.* *Fort Swift*
- *G.* *Battery*

SCALE. 100 YDS. TO AN INCH.

COPIED FROM THE ORIGINAL MAP BY C. HAYWARD 189 WATER ST. N.Y. FOR D. T. VALENTINE'S MANUAL 1854



A LIST OF THE MEMBERS

OF THE

CITY GOVERNMENT,

FROM ITS INCORPORATION (1653) UP TO THE PRESENT TIME; ARRANGED ALPHABETICALLY, WITH THE DIFFERENT STATIONS HELD BY THEM IN THE COMMON COUNCIL.

A.

Abeel, John, *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1767 to 1773.

Acker, Jacob, (Butcher,) *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1837.

Ackerly, Samuel, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1816 to 1818.

Ackerman, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1850.

Adams, William, (Silversmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1840 to 1842. *Alderman*, 1847, '48.

Adolph, Peter, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1688, '89.

Agnew, John, (Tobacconist,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1824. *Alderman*, 1825.

Albertis, William, *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1816.

Albertson, Joseph C., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1845.

Alden, Charles, *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1844.

Allen, Stephen, (Sail Loft,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1817, '18. *Alderman*, 1819, '20. *Mayor*, 1821, '22. *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1833.

Allen, Jonathan W., (Deputy Sheriff,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1847. *Alderman* 1849.

Allerton, Geo. W., (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1842. *Assistant Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1848.

Alvord, Alonzo A., (Pres. Ins. Co.,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1850, '51. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.

Amerman, Isaac, (Flour Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1827.

Anderson, William, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1852.

Anderson, Abel T., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1838, '39.

Anthony, Allard, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1653. *Burgomaster*, 1655 to 1661. *Schout*, 1662 to 1665. *Sheriff*, 1666 to 1673.

Anthony, John P., (Tanner,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1818. *Alderman*, 1819 to 1827.

Appleby, Charles E., (Lawyer,) *Councilman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1856.

Arcularius, H., (Baker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1825, '28, '29.

Arcularius, Philip J., (Tanner,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1796 to 1799. *Alderman*, 1801.

Arden, Jacob I., *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1800.

Ashfield, Alfred, (Coal Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1841.

Atwell, Richard H., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1842

Avery, Ledyard, (Fish Dealer,) *Councilman*, Eighth Ward, 1856.

B.

Backer, Jacobus, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1660, 1664.

Baird, William, *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1854, '55.

Balis, Calvin, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward. 1837 to 1839. *Alderman*, 1840 to 1842.

Ball, James R., *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1850, '51.

Ballagh, James, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1834.

Bancker, Christopher, *Alderman*, North Ward, 1738 to 1742, 1755.

Banks, David, (Law Bookstore,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1832. *Alderman*, 1833, 1835.

Bard, James M., (Brass Founder,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1849 to 1853.

Barker, Joshua, (Air Furnaces,) *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1800, 1801, 1802.

Barker, Isaac O., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1852, 1853. *Alderman*, 1855, '56.

Barnes, Erastus, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, 1832, 1835.

Barney, George A., (Painter,) *Councilman*, Ninth District, 1855, '56.

Barnes, J. N., (Marble Yard,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1837, '38.

Barnes, Patrick, *Councilman*, Thirty-sixth District, 1855.

Barr, Thos. J., *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1850, 1851. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.

Barry, Michael, *Councilman*, Seventh Ward, 1856.

Baulch, John, (Hatter,) *Councilman*, Fifth District, 1855, '56.
Baxter, William M., (Lumber Merchant,) *Councilman*, Fifty-sixth District, 1854, '55, '56.
Bayard, Nich., (Brewer,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1683, '84. *Mayor*, 1685.
Bayard, Balthazar, (Brewer,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1686, '87, *Alderman*, 1691.
Bayard, Samuel, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1698, '99, 1700. *Alderman*, 1709, '10, '11.
Bayard, Petrus, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1706, '07.
Bayard, Jacobus, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1713. *Alderman*, 1714.
Bayard, Stephen, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1734 to 1737. *Mayor*, 1744 to 1746.
Bayard, Nicholas, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1743 to 1753. *Alderman*, 1785 to 1796.
Bayard, William, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1798.
Bayles, John C., *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1844.
Beadle, Joseph N., (Tallow Chandler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1829, '30.
Beakley, Henry, (Lawyer,) *Councilman*, Fortieth District, 1854.
Beam, Wm. H., (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Fourth District, 1855.
Bedlow, Isaac, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1667, '68, '69, '71, '72, '73.
Beekman, William, (Brewer,) *Schepen*, 1653, '54, '56, '57, '73. *Burgomaster*, 1674. *Alderman*, 1679, '80, '82, '85. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1691 to 1695.
Beekman, Gerard, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1731. *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1736, '37.
Beekman, Theophilus, *Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1789 to 1795. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1798.
Beekman, John, (Navy Agent,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1803.
Belden, John M., (Brass Founder,) *Councilman*, Thirty-fifth District, 1854.
Bell, Caleb, *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1805.
Benedict, Erastus, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1841.
Benson, Sampson, (Farmer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1737, '38.
Benson, Robert, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1740 to 1749. *Alderman*, 1750 to 1753. *Assistant Alderman*, 1766, '67.
Benson, Egbert, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1835 to 1841, '45, '46.
Bickford, George P., *Councilman*, Seventh District, 1854, '56.
Bickley, William, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1698.
Bickley, May, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1708 to 1711. *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1722, '23.
Bingham, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1807, '08, '09, '21.
Blackstone, Wyllis, *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1844.
Blagge, Benjamin, (Inn-keeper,) *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1706.
Blagge, Edward, (Inn-keeper,) *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1707 to 1715, '19, '20, '21.

Blagge, Benjamin, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1760, '61. *Alderman*, 1766 to 1773, 1783 to 1788.

Blommært, Adrian, (Ship Captain or Skipper,) *Schepen*, 1657.

Bloodgood, Ab., (Currier,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1804, '07.

Blunt, Orison, (Gun Store,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1854.

Board, Joseph, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1803 to '05.

Board, David, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1818, '19 *Alderman*, 1820.

Boardman, Jr., William, *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1854.

Bœlen, Jacob, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, North Ward, 1695, '97, '98, 1701.

Bogardus, Robert, (Lawyer.) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1802. *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1803, '06, '09.

Bogert, Henry, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1734 to 1749.

Bogert, Jr., John, *Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1756 to 1766.

Bogert, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1797. *Alderman*, 1798, '99, 1800, '02.

Boggs, W. G., (Newspaper,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1843.

Bolton, Thomas, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1818 to 1827.

Bolton, John, (Pres. Ins. Co ,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1834.

Bolster, Henry B., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1827. *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1851.

Bonnell, Hezekiah W., (Chair-maker,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1842.

Boole, F. I. A., (Ship-builder,) *Councilman*, Thirtieth District. 1856.

Boone, Francois, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1668.

Bonton, Edwin, (Tailor,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1852, '53.

Bowne, Andrew, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1684, '85.

Bowne, Walter, (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1828, '29, '30, '32.

Boyce, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1850, '51. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.

Boyd, Nathaniel I., (Hardware,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1831.

Boyd, John I., *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1834.

Brackett, Joseph W., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1812, '13, 17.

Bradhurst, Samuel, *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1840. *Alderman*, 1841.

Bradley, John J., *Councilman*, Fifty-seventh District, 1856.

Brady, Thomas S., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1835. *Alderman*, 1836, '37.

Brady, William V., (Silver ware,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1842. *Alderman*, 1843, '45, '46. *Mayor*, 1847.

Brady, Warren, *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1849.

Brady, John H., (Stairs,) *Councilman*, Thirty-ninth District, 1856.

Brasher, Abraham, (Pump-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1699 to 1701.

Brasher, Philip, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1799, 1800, 1801. *Alderman*, 1802. *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1803, '04.

Brastow, Peter K., *Assistant Alderman*, Nineteenth Ward, 1853.

Breaden, Patrick, (Liquors,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1852, '53.

Brennan, Patrick, (Liquors,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1848.

Brevoort, Jan Hendricks, (Farmer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1702, 1707 to 1713.

Brevoort, Henry, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1771, '72, '73.

Brevoort Henry, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1802.

Brevoort, Henry, *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1841. *Alderman*, 1843.

Brewerton, George, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1761, '62. *Alderman*, 1763 to 1772.

Brewerton, Jacob, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1766 to 1769.

Brewerton, George, Jr., *Alderman*, West Ward, 1771, '72, '73.

Briggs, Daniel D., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1841. *Alderman*, 1843, '45.

Briggs, John H., (Cartman,) *Alderman*, 1855, '56.

Brinckerhoff, George, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1740 to 1749.

Brinckerhoff, Dirck, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1763, '64. *Alderman* 1765, '66, '67.

Brisley, William J., (Stoneyard), *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1852, '53.

Brittain, Stephen P., (Mason,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1819.

Britton, Joseph, (Ice Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1848. *Alderman*, 1849, '50, '51.

Broome, John, *Alderman*, East Ward, 1783, '84.

Broughton, Sampson Shelton, *Recorder*, 1702, '03.

Brown, Anthony, (Brewer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1796, '97, '98.

Brown, Noah, (Shipwright,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1813, '14.

Brown, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1816, '22.

Brown, Isaac, (Tallow Chandler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1826, '27. *Alderman*, 1828, '29, '30.

Brown, Benjamin N., (Hardware,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1828, '29, '30.

Brown, Charles P., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1842, '43.

Brown, Edwin J., (Merchant,) *Councilman*, Forty-first District, 1854.

Brown, John L., (Tallow Chandler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1846.

Brown, Josiah W., *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1852, '53. *Alderman*, 1854, '55 '56.

Brown, Erastus W., *Councilman*, Fourteenth District, 1855.

Bruen, George W., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1832, '34, '36. *Alderman*, 1837.

Brush, Nehemiah, (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1831.

Brush, Alfred, (Shoe-dealer,) *Councilman*, Twenty-fourth District, 1854, '55.

Bruyn, John Hendricks, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1684, '85. *Alderman*, 1686. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1688, '89.

Bryson, David, (Tanner,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1828, '29.
Buckmaster, George, *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1810 to 1818.
Bunting, Jacob P., *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1838.
Bunting, John A., *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1844.
Burger, Johannes, (Bricklayer,) *Alderman*, North Ward, 1735, '36, '37.
Burling, James, *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1833.
Burtis, Arthur, *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1813, '14, '15. *Alderman*, 1816, '17.
Burtsell, William, (Accountant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1823, '24
Buyce, Matthew, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1764 to 1760.
Byrne, Henry H., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1846.
Byvanck, Evert, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1697, '98. *Alderman* 1699, 1700.
Byvanck, Evert, *Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1754.
Byvanck, Peter, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1762 to 1765.

C.

Campbell, John, (Potbaker,) *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1792, '93, '94, '95.
Campbell, Thomas J., (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1807, '08.
Campbell, Freeman, (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1838, '39 *Alderman*, 1840.
Candee, Lyman, (Patent Crane,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1845.
Cannon, Mott, (Dry Goods Store,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1813.
Cargill, Henry A., (Importer,) *Councilman*, Fifty-ninth District, 1856.
Carman, Richard F. (Builder,) *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1842.
Carmer, Nicholas, (Sail Maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1791 to 1793. *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1799, 1800.
Carnley, Thomas, (Iron-railing Manufacturer,) *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1848. *Sheriff*, 1849, '50, '51.
Carolin, Dines, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1847. *Alderman*, 1848.
Carpenter, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1809. '10, '11.
Cebra, John Y., (Hardware Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1825, '26, 1833.
Chambers, John, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1729, '30 to '32, '33.
Chamberlain, William, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1839, '40.
Chapman, Warren, (Paint Store,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1849. *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1850, '51.
Charlick, Oliver, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1843, '44. *Alderman*, First Ward, 1845.
Chauncey, William, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward 1854.
Christy, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1854, '55.

Clancy, John, (Coal dealer,) *Councilman*, Eleventh District, 1854, '55. *Alderman*, 1856, '57.

Clark, Aaron, *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1835. *Alderman*, 1836. *Mayor*, 1837, '38.

Clark, George F., *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1847, '48. *Alderman*, 1849.

Clark, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1690 to 1693.

Clayton, Edwin B , (Stationer,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1843.

Cleary, William, (Morocco Store,) *Councilman*, Fifth District, 1854.

Cleveland, John, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1835.

Clifton, Gideon, (Merchant,) *Councilman*, Third District, 1854, '55, '56.

Clinch, George, (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1835.

Clinton, Dewitt, (Lawyer,) *Mayor*, 1803 to 1814.

Clock, Martin, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1695, '97. *Alderman*, 1698 to 1701.

Clock, Albert, (Shoemaker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1710 to 1714.

Clopper, Peter, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1751 to 1762.

Coe, William S., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1825, '26. *Alderman*, 1827, '28.

Coen, William, *Assistant Alderman*, 1686.

Coger, John, Jr., *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1847.

Coker, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1690.

Colden, Cadwallader D., (Lawyer,) *Mayor*, 1818, '19, '20.

Colegrove, James E., (Carpenter,) *Councilman*, Eighteenth District, 1856.

Coleman, David, (Deputy Sheriff,) *Councilman*, Eighteenth District, 1855.

Coles, John B., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1797, '98. *Alderman*, First Ward, 1799, 1800, '01, '15, '16, '17.

Coles, Joseph, *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1823.

Colon, John R., *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1847.

Colyer, Henry W., (Stables,) *Councilman*, Twenty-eighth District, 1856.

Compton, Richard T., (Ice Dealer,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1845, '46, '52, '53.

Conklin, Jonas F., *Assistant Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1849. *Alderman*, 1850, '51.

Conner, Thomas, (Charcoal Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1838, '39. *Alderman*, 1845.

Conover, Stephen, (Hardware,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1823.

Conover, Daniel D., (Merchant.) *Councilman*, Fifty-third District, 1854, '55.

Conrey Peter, (Inspector Lumber,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1816.

Cook, James H., (Grocer, *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1838, '39, '50 '51.

Cook, John, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1693.

Cooper, Caleb, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1802.

Cooper, Thomas, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1815, '16.

Cooper, Francis, (Coppersmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1821.

Cooper, Peter, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1828, '29, '30. *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1840.

Cooper, Cornelius S., (Coal Dealer,) *Councilman*, Twenty-third District, 1854, '55, '56.

Cooper, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Councilman*, Thirty-fifth District, 1855.

Corbett, Abraham, (Innkeeper,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1685.

Corbett, John, (Distiller,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1702.

Cornelison, Arien, (Farmer,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1684. *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1687.

Cornell, Robert C., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1834.

Cornell, William H., (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1845. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.

Corwin, Hiram, (Grocer,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1856, '57.

Cosseau, Jaques, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1662, '63, '65.

Coutant, Gilbert, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1805.

Coulthard, William, (Brewer,) *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1815.

Coventry, William, *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1756, '57.

Covert, George H., (Wharfinger,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1854.

Cowan, William W., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1828.

Cowdrey, Samuel, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1822. *Alderman*, 1824.

Cox, Jameson, (Baker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1823, '24. *Alderman*, 1825, '26.

Cox, William, (Bolter,) *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1683.

Cozzens, William B., (Hotel,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1844.

Couenhoven, J. T., *Councilman*, Fifty-first District, 1855.

Crane, Benjamin, (Stationer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1819, '20, '21.

Crane, Charles, (Flour Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1849. '50, '51.

Crane, Wm. H., (Goldbeater,) *Councilman*, Tenth District, 1856.

Crawford, James, (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1853.

Crawford, Peter, *Councilman*, Eighteenth District, 1854.

Crolius, John, (Potter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1799.

Crolius, Clarkson, (Potter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1802, '03, '04,

Crolius, Clarkson, Jr., *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1838. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1842. *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1847, '48.

Crook, John, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1694.

Crundell, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1686. *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1687.

Cruger, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1712 to 1733. *Mayor*, 1739 to 1743.

Cruger, John, Jr., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1754, '55. *Mayor*, 1757 to 1765.

Crigier, Martin, (Trader,) *Burgomaster*, 1653, '54, '59, '60, '63.

Cummings, John P., (Contractor,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1847.
Cunningham, Richard, (Tanner,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1810, '11, '12.
Curry, Francis M., *Councilman*, Fifty-second District, 1854, '55.
Curtenius, Peter T., *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1768, '69. *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1789.
Curtis, Edward, (Lawyer.) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1835, '36.
Cusack, Andrew, *Councilman*, Seventh District, 1855.
Cuyler, Henry, Jr., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1758, '59.

D.

Darkins, Robert, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, West Ward, 1691 to 1696.
Darvall, William, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1673. *Mayor*, 1675.
Davies, Henry E., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1841. *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1842. *Counsel to Corporation*, 1849, '50, '51, '52.
Davis, William A., *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1819. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1824. *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1825.
Davis, Abraham B., (Flour Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1841.
Day, William, (Locksmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1833.
Dean, Charles G., *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1849, '50.
Deforest, Isaac, (Brewer,) *Schepen*, 1658.
De Forest, Charles, (Sugar Refiner,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1836. *Alderman*, 1837, '38.
De Forrest, Theodore R., *Alderman*, First Ward, 1847, 48. *Assistant Commissioner of C. A. D.*, 1849 to 1850.
De Kay, Tunis, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1685, '86, '87, '91, '92.
De Kay, Jacobus, *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1702, '03, '04, '05.
De Kay, Thomas, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1733.
Delamater, John, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1834. *Alderman*, 1835.
Delamater, Samuel, (Builder,) *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1850, '51.
Delamontagne, Jacob, *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1796 to 1799. *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1803, '04, '05.
Delancy, Stephen, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1690, '91, '92. *Alderman*, West Ward, 1713.
Delancy, Oliver, *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1754, '55, '56.
Delancy, Peter, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1686, '87. *Mayor*, 1688, '89.
Delavall, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1655. *Mayor*, 1666. *Alderman*, 1667, '70. *Mayor*, 1671, '78.
Delavall, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1685.
Demarest, Thomas, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1806.

De Meyer, Nicholas, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1664. *Alderman*, 1669, '70, '75. *Mayor*, 1676. *Assistant Alderman*, 1685.

Deming, Barzilla, (Cabinet Warehouse,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1839.

Demilt, Anthony, (Baker,) *Sheriff*, 1673. *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1687.

Dennie, Christopher, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1707, '08.

Denman, Ashael A., (Lime Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1849. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.

De Peyster, Johannes, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1655, '57, '58, '62, '65. *Alderman*, 1666, '67, '69. *Burgomaster*, 1673. *Alderman*, 1673, '76. *Deputy Mayor*, 1677.

De Peyster, Abraham, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1685 *Mayor*, 1691 to 1694.

De Peyster, Johannes, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1694, '95. *Mayor*, 1698. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1700, '01, '10.

De Peyster, Cornelius, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1703 to 1705, 1710 to 1718.

De Peyster, Isaac, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1730 to 1733.

De Peyster, Abraham, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1735 to 1739.

De Peyster, Pierre, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, West Ward, 1748 to 1758.

De Peyster, Wm., *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1750 to 1753.

De Peyster, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1783.

De Peyster, Gerard, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1806, 1820. *Alderman*, 1821.

De Riemer, Isaac, (Merchant.) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1696, '97. *Alderman*, West Ward, 1699. *Mayor*, 1700. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1702, '07. *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1714, '15, '16, '17.

Desbrosses, Elias, *Alderman*, East Ward, 1767 to 1770.

De Sille, Nicausus, (Professor,) *Schout*, 1657 to 1660.

Devoe, Charles, (Butcher,) *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1844.

Dibblee, Fyler, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1829, '30. *Alderman*, 1831.

Dickinson, Charles, *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1808 to 1813.

Dickinson, Charles, (Ship Chandler,) *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1809.

Dickinson, Jeremiah J., (Inspector,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1844.

Divver, Joseph A., (Wine Merchant.) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1844. *Alderman*, 1845.

Dixon, R. S., *Councilman*, Twenty-fourth District, 1856.

Dod, Lewis S., (Brass Founder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1846. *Alderman*, 1847.

Dodge, Jeremiah, *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1826. *Alderman*, 1828.

Dodge, Charles J., (Ship Carver,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1839, '41, '42, '43. *Alderman*, 1845.

Dodge, William, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*. Third Ward, 1842, '43.

Dodge, Jacob L., *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1847, '48.

Dodge, Daniel, *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1850, '51.

Doherty, John, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Nineteenth Ward, 1852, '53.

Donobo, Michael C., *Councilman*, Twelfth District. 1854, '55.

Dooley, William A., *Alderman*, Nineteenth Ward, 1855.

Doughty, George S., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1822. *Alderman*, 1823.

Dougherty, Charles H., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1843.

Dougherty, Theodore M., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1846.

Douglass, Isaac S., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1809, '10. *Alderman*, 1811, '12, '13.

Duow, Gerard, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1691. *Alderman*, 1692 to 1697.

Downing, George, (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1822.

Downing, Thomas K., (Druggist,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1848, *City Inspector*, 1853, '54, '55.

Drake, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1801. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1804, '05, '07, 08.

Drake, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1808. *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1811.

Drake, Elias G., (President Bank,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1844.

Drake, William B., *Alderman*, Twenty-second Ward, 1854, '55, '56, '57.

Droilhett, Paul, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1806, '07, '08.

Duane, James, (Lawyer,) *Mayor*, 1783 to 1788.

Dunlap, Thomas, (Hotel,) *Councilman*, Forty fourth District, 1855.

Dunn, Thos. A., *Councilman*, Fifty-third District, 1856.

Dunning, Smith, (Hotel,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1843.

Dunscombe, Daniel E., *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1824.

Dunshee, Samuel, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1831, '32. *Alderman*, 1833.

Duychink, Garret, (Painter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1688, '89, '97.

Dyckman, John, *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1769 to 1773.

Dyckman, Jacobus, *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1822.

Dyckman, Isaac, *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1833, '34.

E.

Earl, Morris J., *Councilman*, Fifty-fourth District, 1854.

Ebbing, Jeronimus, (Trader,) *Schepen*, 1659, '61, '73.

Edwards, Moses C., (Cider Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Nineteenth Ward, 1851.

Elliott, George, *Councilman*, Thirty-second District, 1854.

Elting, Peter, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1787, '88.

Elsworth, George, (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1702.

Elsworth, William T., (Pewterer,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1789, '90, 91.

Ely, Nathan C., (President Insurance Company,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1851. *Alderman*, 1854, '55, '56.

Emmans, James, (Grocer,) *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1843, '44.

Emmons, Isaac, (Collector,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1820. *Alderman*, 1821.

Engs, Philip W., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1825. *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1828, '29, '30.

Erben, Henry, (Organ builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1836.

Esquirol, Peter, (Tobacconist,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1842.

Euwatse, John, (Potmaker,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1695, '97, '98.

Everdell, William, (Engraver,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1844.

F.

Farlie, James, (Clerk Supreme Court,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1804, '05, '22, '23.

Faneuil, Benjamin, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1703.

Farran, Thomas, *Councilman*, Thirty-seventh District, 1854, '55, '56.

Few, William, *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1814, '15.

Feeks, Stephen H., *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1846. *Alderman*, 1847.

Fell, Christopher, (Bolter,) *Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1734, '35, '36.

Ferris, Charles G., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1832. *Alderman*, 1833.

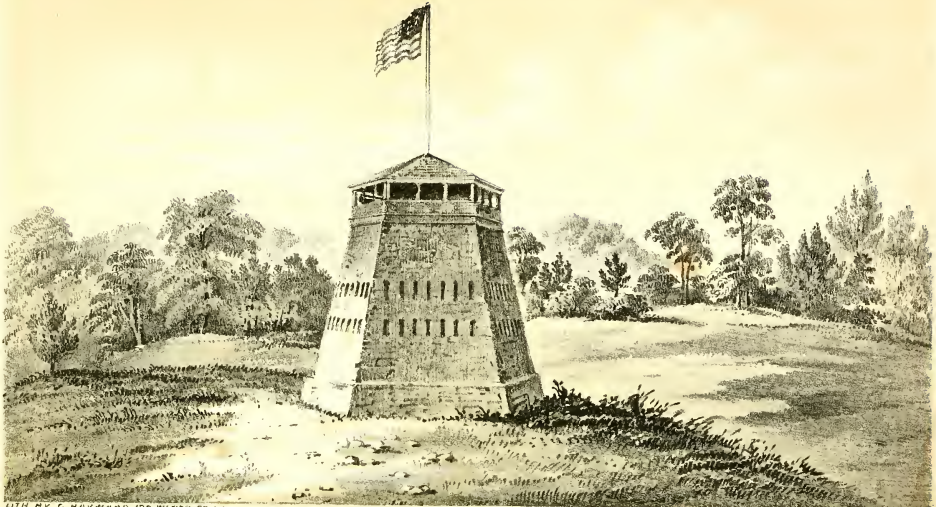
Ferris, James, *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1834, '35, '39, '40.

Ferris, Ebenezer, (Eating House,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1849.

Fickett, Francis, (Shipbuilder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1832, '33. *Alderman*, 1834, '35.

Filkin, Francis, *Alderman*, South Ward, 1752 to 1769. *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1770 to 1773.

Fish, Whitehead, (Teller, Man. Bank,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1803.



LITH. BY G. HAYWARD 120 WATER ST. N.Y.

FOR D.T. VALENTINES MANUAL, 1856.

TOWER ON HALLETS POINT, 1814.

Fish, Nicholas, *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1806, '07. *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1808. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1809 to 1816.
Fitzgerald, Edmund, *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1848.
Floyd, William, (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Thirty-third District, 1855, '56.
Foote, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1837. *Alderman*, 1846.
Forbes, Gilbert, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1766, '67.
Forbes, David A., (Printer,) *Councilman*, Thirty-third District, 1854.
Ford, Lewis, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1822.
Foster, William R., (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Twenty-sixth District, 1854.
Fox, Charles, (Grocer,) *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1855, '56.
Francis, Charles, (Saddler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1850. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.
Franklin, Morris, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1837. *Alderman*, 1841, '47, '48.
Franklin, George H., (Ship Chandler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1848. *Alderman*, 1849, '50, '51.
Fream, William W., *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1848.
Fred, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1734, '35, '36.
French, Philip, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1696. *Alderman*, 1701. *Mayor*, 1702.
Frye, Frederick, (Lawyer,) *Councilman*, Forty-ninth District, 1854.
Fulmer, Peter, (Coachmaker,) *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1856, '57.
Furman, Gabriel, *Alderman*, First Ward, 1792 to 1798.
Furman, Richard, *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1797, '98, '99.

G.

Gabry, Timotheus, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1660, '61, '62, '64, '65.
Gafney, Bernard, (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Fiftieth District, 1854.
Gale, William, (Silver ware,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1844.
Gannon, Charles, (Smith,) *Councilman*, Second District, 1854, '55.
Gavitt, Amos T., (Clothier,) *Councilman*, Fourth District, 1856.
Gedney, Sylvanus, (Builder,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1842.
Gelston, Maltby, *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1821.
Getty, Robert P., (Inspector,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1848.
Gibbs, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1675. *Deputy Mayor*, 1676.
Gilbert, William W., (Silversmith,) *Alderman*, West Ward, 1783 to 1788. *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1801. *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1804.
Gilbert, John J., (Ship Joiner,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1845. *Alderman*, 1846.
Gilford, Samuel, Jr., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1825, '26.
Gilmartin, Thomas, *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1846. *Alderman*, 1847.

Gotier, Andrew, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1765, '66, '67. *Alderman*, 1768 to 1773.

Gouverneur, Abraham, *Recorder*, 1800, 1801.

Graham, James, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1680, '82. *Recorder*, 1683 to 1699.

Graham, David, Jr, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1838, '39. *Alderman*, 1840.

Gray, Neil, (Secretary Insurance Company,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1845, '46, '47. *Alderman*, 1848.

Gray, Orlando, (Stages,) *Councilman*, Sixteenth District, 1854, '55, '56.

Greenfield, John V., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1835. *Alderman*, 1836, '37.

Greveraat, Isaac, (Trader,) *Schepen*, 1664.

Griffin, Edmund, *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1849. *Alderman*, 1850, '51.

Griffith, Anthony, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward. 1787.

Griffiths, James, (Croton hose,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1856, '57.

Guion, Benjamin L., *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1839.

H.

Haight, Benj. (Saddler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1806, '08.

Haley, Dudley, (Fish Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1850, '51. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.

Hall, James, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1822.

Hall, Charles Henry, *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1831, '32.

Hall, William, (Music Store,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1836, '37. *Alderman*, 1838.

Halsey, David, (Ship Joiner,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1833.

Halsey, Isaac, *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1833.

Halsey, Benton W., (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1840.

Hamersley, Andrew, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1773.

Hammond, Judah, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1819, '20. *Alderman*, 1821. *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1833.

Hardenbrook, Johannes, (Bolter,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1695, '96. *Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1731, '32, '33.

Hardenbrook, Abel, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1732, '33.

Hardenbrook, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1771, '72, '73.

Hardenbrook, Theophilus, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1772, '73.

Hardenbrook, Wm. A., *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1809 to 1814.

Harrison, Francis, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1725 to 1734.

Harper, Samuel, B. (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1822.

Harper, James, (Publisher,) *Mayor*, 1844.

Harris, Richard, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1704, '05, '06.

Harrison, Richard, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1798, '99.

Harson, Garret, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1790. *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1792 to 1797.

Harsen, Jacob, *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1803.

Hart, Monmouth B., (Teacher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1838 *Alderman*, 1839.

Hart, Emanuel B., (Broker,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1845, '46.

Hart, John, (Liquors,) *Councilman*, Thirty-second District, 1855, '56.

Hasbrouck, Stephen, (Physician,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1844.

Hatfield, Abraham, *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1840 to 1843.

Hatfield, Amos F., *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1847. *Alderman*, 1848, '49.

Havemeyer, William F., (Sugar Refiner,) *Mayor*, 1845, '48.

Haws, Robert H., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1849, '50, '51.

Haswell, Charles H., (Engineer,) *Councilman*, Fifty-fifth District, 1855.

Hawes, Peter, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1809, '10, '11.

Hazard, Thomas, (Currier,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1786, '87.

Healy, Bartholomew, (Shoe Store,) *Councilman*, Sixth District, 1854, '55. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1856, '57.

Heathcote, Caleb, *Mayor*, 1711, '12, '13.

Hedden, Josiah, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1811, '12, '24.

Heermans, Egbert, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1703, '04.

Hegeman, Adrian, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1805, '08.

Hemphill, Alex., (Clerk,) *Councilman*, Twenty-second District, 1856.

Henry, Thomas S., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1843, '44. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1845.

Herrick, Anson, (Editor,) *Alderman*, Nineteenth Ward, 1854, '55, '56.

Herring, Albert, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1754 to 1758.

Herring, Silas C., (Iron Safes,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1847. '48. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1849.

Hibbard, Timothy R., (Druggist,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1843.

Hicks, Whitehead, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1763 to 1766. *Mayor*, 1766 to 1773.

Hitchcock, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1825.

Hodgkinson, Worthington, *Councilman*, Forty-fourth District, 1854.

Hoffman, Josiah Ogden, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1810, '13, '14.

Hoffman, Murray, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1837.

Hoffman, Philip V., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1841.

Hoffmire, Henry R., (Baker,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1854, '55, '56.

Holden, Horace, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1834.

Holder, Charles J., (Piano-fortes,) *Councilman*, Twenty-second District, 1854, '55.

Holland, Edward, *Mayor*, 1747 to 1756.

Holly, William W., *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1831, '32. *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1836, '37. *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1838.

Holmes, Eldad, *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1817.

Hone, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1819.

Hone, Philip, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1823, '24. *Mayor*, 1825.

Hoogland, Christopher, *Schepen*, 1664. *Alderman*, 1688, *Schepen*, 1674. *Alderman*, 1678.

Hoogland, Abraham, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1808.

Hoogland, William, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1809. *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1810.

Hopkins, Samuel M. (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1804, '05. *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1807, '08.

Hopkins, Gilbert, *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1833, '34.

Hopper, John, (Baker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1806.

Hopper, Samuel, (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Twenty-fourth District, 1856.

Hopper, Isaac A., *Councilman*, Sixtieth District, 1856.

Horn, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1844.

Horsemanden, Daniel, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1735 to 1746.

Howe, Thomas D., (Mason,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1838, '39.

Howard, Henry H., *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1854, '55.

Hoxie, Joseph, *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1837.

Huggit, Benjamin, *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1767 to 1772.

Hunt, Obadiah, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1726 to 1729.

Hunt, Daniel H., (Shoe Store,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1853.

Husted, Samuel M., (Feed Store,) *Councilman*, Forty-fifth District, 1854, '55.

Hutchins, John, (Inn Keeper,) *Alderman*, West Ward, 1697, '98, 1703.

Huysman, Aert, *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1784.

Hyde, William F., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1837.

I

Ingersoll, Chandler L., (Boat Builder,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1849.

Ingraham, Daniel P., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1835. *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1836, '37.

Innes, Edward S., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1841.

Inyan, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1677. *Deputy Mayor*, 1678. *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1683.

Ireland, William H., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1821, '22. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1823, '24, '27.
Ivers, Thomas, *Alderman*, 1783.

J

Jackson, David S., *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1843. *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1844, '45, '46, '56, '57.
Jackson, Moses, W. S., *Assistant Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1846. *Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1849.
Jackson, William F., *Assistant Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1847.
Jackson, Joseph A., (Pawnbroker,) *Councilman*, Eighth District, 1854, 55.
Jamison, David, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1712 to 1723.
Jamison, Joseph, (Saddler,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1847, '48 *Alderman*, First Ward, 1849.
Janeway, George, (Brewer,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1784 to 1795. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1803, '04.
Jansen, Johannes, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1703, '04, '05, '06, 1712 to 1725. *Mayor*, 1728.
Jansen, Joris, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1756 to 1760.
Jarvis, Nathaniel, jr., *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1838, '39 *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1840.
Jay, Augustus, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1723, '24, '25.
Jay, Peter, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1738, '39.
Jay, Peter A., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1826. *Recorder*, 1819, '20.
Jenkins, George W., (Auctioneer,) *Councilman*, Sixtieth District, 1855.
Jeremiah, Thomas, (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1828, '29, '30. *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1838.
Jeremiah, Thomas F., (Teller, Bowery Bank,) *Councilman*, Forty-sixth District, 1854.
Jelleson, Hendrick, *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1699, 1700, '01.
Johnson, Simon, *Alderman*, South Ward, 1734 to 1747. *Recorder*, 1747 to 1766.
Johnson, Samuel, (Silversmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1783.
Johnson, Wm. Samuel, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1834.
Johnson, Leonard L., (Provision Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1844. *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1846.
Johnson, John, (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1714 to 1718.
Jones, Thomas, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1769, '70, '71, '72.
Jones, Samuel, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1789 to 1795.
Jones, Samuel, jr., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1809 to 1817. *Recorder*, 1823.

Jones, Robert, *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1840 to 1842.
Jordan, Lawrence P., (Chairmaker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1835, '36.
Judd, Samuel, (Oil Merchant,) *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1836.

K

Kelly, Joel, *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1836.
Kelly, James, (Baker,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1847, '49.
Kelly, Patrick, (Grocer,) *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1849, '50, '51.
Kelly, John, (Gratemaker, *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1854, '55.
Kennard, John, (Paper Dealer,) *Councilman*, Twenty-first District, 1856.
Kennedy, John A., (Paint Store,) *Councilman*, Ninth District, 1854.
Kent, James, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1796, '97.
Kerrigan, James E., *Councilman*, Thirteenth District, 1854, '55, '56.
Keteltas, Abraham, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1703 to 1706. *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1708, '09.
Kimbal, Elijah H., (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1841.
Kimbark, Everett H., (Physician,) *Councilman*, Twenty-ninth District, 1854.
King, Peter, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1691.
King, Abraham, (Grocer,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1804, '05 *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1807.
King, Elisha W., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1810 to 1815. *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1818 to 1824.
Kingsland, Ambrose C., (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1851, '52.
Kip, Hendrick Hendrickson, (Tailor,) *Schepen*, 1656.
Kip, Jacob, (Brewer,) *Schepen*, 1659, '62, '63, '65, '73, '74.
Kip, Johannes, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1684. *Alderman*, 1685 *Alderman*, North Ward, 1687, '91, '92, '96.
Kip, Jacobus, (Merchant.) *Alderman*, North Ward, 1709 to 1726.
Kip, Samuel, (Farmer.) *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1729, '30.
Kip, Samuel, jr., *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1807.
Kip, Leonard, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1717, '18. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1819, '20.
Kip, John G., *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1850.
Kirby, Edmund, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1869.
Knight, William, *Sheriff*, 1674.
Kohler, Frederick D., *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1847. *Alderman*, 1848.
Kortright, Cornelius, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1738, '39,
Kuyter, Jochem Pieterson, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1654.

L

Labagh, John J., (Stone yard,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1831, '32, '33. *Alderman*, First Ward, 1834, '35. *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1840.

Lamb, Anthony, *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1825 to 1831.

Lamb, John W., (Blockmaker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1834. *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1835.

Lamb, Chester, (Stables,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1847.

Lambrecht, A., *Councilman*, Forty-eighth District, 1754, '55.

Lansing, John G., *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1760, '61, '62.

Lawrence, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1665 to 1672. *Mayor*, 1673. *Alderman*, 1680, '82, '84. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1672. *Mayor*, 1691.

Lawrence, Samuel, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1739 to 1747. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1748.

Lawrence, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1762, '63.

Lawrence, Jonathan, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1784.

Lawrence, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1788.

Lawrence, Augustine H., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1809 to 1813. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1814, '15, '16.

Lawrence, Jonathan, *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1813.

Lawrence, Cornelius W., (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1834, '35, '36.

Lawrence, Thomas, *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1838, '39.

Lawrence, Abraham R., *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1847.

Leary, Andrew, (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Forty-second Distaict, 1856.

Lee, Gideon, (Leather Store,) *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1828, '29, '30. *Mayor*, 1833.

Lee, Frederick R., (Hardware store,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1839, '40. *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1841, '42, '43.

Lee, Thomas R., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1841.

Lefferts, Jacobus, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1770. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1771, '72, '73.

Lenox, Robert, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1795 to 1801.

Leonard, Moses G., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1840. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1841, '42.

Leroy, Jacob, *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1802. *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1803, *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1806.

Le Roux, Bartholomew, (Goldsmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1702 to 1712.

Le Roux, Charles, (Goldsmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1735 to 1738.

Levingston, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1750 to 1755.

Levingston, James, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1748 to 1753.

Lewis, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1675, '79.

Lewis, Leonard, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1696 to 1699.
Libby, James S., (Hotel,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1848.
Lindsey, George, (Stonecutter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1798.
Lispenard, Leonard, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1750 to 1755. *Alderman*, North Ward. 1756 to 1762.
Livingston, Philip, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1754 to 1760.
Livingston, Philip, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1754 to 1762.
Livingston, Robert R , (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1773.
Livingston, Wm. S , (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1791.
Livingston, Edward, (Lawyer,) *Mayor*, 1801, '02.
Livingston, Maturin, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1804, '05, '07.
Livingston Livingston, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1846.
Loockermans, Govert, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1657.
Lord, Daniel D., (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1854, '55.
Lorillard, Jacob, (Tanner,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1814, '15, '16.
Lott, Abraham P., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1764. '65. *Alderman*, West Ward, 1768 to 1786.
Lovelace, Thomas, ,*Alderman*, 1672.
Lovett, John, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1828, '29, '30. *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1834, '35.
Lozier, John, (Supt. Manh. Water Works,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1825. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1826, '27, '28.
Ludlam, Stephen, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1806,'07.
Lurting, Robert, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1698, 1701, '02. *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1704, '05. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1708, '09. *Mayor*, 1726 to 1734.
Luyck, Aegidius, (Teacher,) *Burgomaster*, 1673.
Lynch, James, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1826, '27, *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1838.
Lynsen, Abraham, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1750.

M.

Mabbatt, Samuel, R., (Coal Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1851, '52, '53.
Mabey, Robert L., *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1853.
Maclay, Archibald, jr , (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1845, '46.
Macnevin, William J., (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1827.
Maerschalk, Andries, (Bolter,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1714 to 1727.



LITH. BY G. HAYNARD 120 WATER ST. N.Y.

FOR D. T. VALENTINE'S MANUAL 1858

VIEW OF THE MILL ROCK, HELLGATE N.Y. 1814.

Malcolm, William, (Ship Chandler, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1785.

Man, Edward, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1737.

Mandeville, Wm., (Cabinet-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1828, '29, '30, '31. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1832.

Mann, Asa, (Lumber Merchant, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1812, '13, '14, '15. *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1819 to '25.

Manning, John, (Capt., R. A.,) *Sheriff*, 1667, '68, ,69, '70.

Mapes, Jonas, *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1813, '14, '15, '16.

Marius, Peter Jacobs, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1677 to 1682.

Marsh, David, (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1822. *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1829, '30.

Marshall, John, *Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1740 to 1749.

Mason, Joel W., (Chair-maker,) *Councilman*, Fifty-seventh District, 1854, '55.

Martin, Robert, (Cordial Distiller,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1842, '43.

Martin, Jos. D., *Councilman*, Nineteenth District, 1856.

Mather, Frederick E., (Lawyer,) *Councilman*, Fifty-seventh District, 1854, '55.

Maynard, Hiram A., *Councilman*, Fifty-eighth District, 1856.

McCartie, Peter, (*Alderman*,) Fourth Ward, 1813, '14, '15.

McCarthy, Dennis, *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1832, '33.

McCarthy, Florence, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1850, '51.

McCahill, Bryan, *Councilman*, Fifty-eighth District, 1855.

McClave, John, (Builder,) *Councilman*, Fifty-first District, 1854.

McConkey, William, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Twentieth Ward, 1852, '53. *Alderman*, Twentieth Ward, 1856, '57.

McCormick, Daniel, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1789, 1790.

McConnell, Edward C., *Councilman*, Thirty-fourth District, 1855, '56.

McCrea, Stephen, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1789, '90, '91.

McDermott, William, jr., (Builder,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1848.

McElrath, Thomas, (Newspaper,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1846. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1847.

McGown, S. Benson, *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1852, '53.

McIntyre, John, (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Forty-second District, 1844.

McKnight, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1847. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1848.

McQueen, Robt., (Air Furnaces,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1816. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1817 to 1822.

M'Kinley, George, *Councilman*, Twelfth District, 1856.

Mead, Henry, *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1821. *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1822.

Mead, Walter, (Coal Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1842.

Meigs, Henry, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1831, '32.

Mercer, Edwin J., (Eating House,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1849.

Merritt, William, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1684. *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1687. *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1691, '92, '93. *Mayor*, 1695, '96, '97.

Merritt, John, *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1690, '91.

Merritt, Isaac B., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1836. *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1837.

Merritt, George, *Councilman*, Forty-third District, 1856

Meserole, Bernard J., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1827. *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1828, 1845, '46, '47.

Mesier, Abraham, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1698 to 1701.

Mesier, Abraham, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1770, '71, '72, '73.

Mesier, Peter, *Alderman*, West Ward, 1759, '60, '61, 62.

Mesier, Peter, (Flour Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1807 to 1818.

Meyer, Adolph, (Farmer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1693, '94.

Mickle, Andrew H., (Tobacconist.) *Mayor*, 1846.

Miller, John D., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1805 *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1806, '07.

Miller, John, (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1837.

Miller, William S., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1844.

Miller, Jacob, (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1845.

Miller, Jedediah, (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1848. *Alderman*, 1850, '51.

Miller, David, (Moulder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1849, '51.

Miller, F. J., *Councilman*, Forty-eighth District, 1856.

Minthorne, Philip, (Farmer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1718 to 1742.

Minthorne, Mangle, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1792 to 1799. *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1800 to 1804. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1803, '09.

Minvielle, Gabriel, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1675. *Mayor*, 1684.

Moller, George H., *Councilman*, Fifty-ninth District, 1854.

Moneghan, P., (Book-binder,) *Councilman*, Thirty-sixth District, 1854, '55. *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1856, '57.

Monroe, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1832. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1833, '34.

Moore, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1730 to 1734. *Alderman*, South Ward, 1737.

Moore, Abraham, (Tobacconist,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1851. *Alderman*, First Ward, 1852, 53.

Moore, Jacob S., (Cooper,) *Councilman*, Forty-third District, 1855.

Morgan, Edwin D., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1849.

Morgans, Morgan, (Founder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1848. *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1849, '50, '51.

Morris, Andrew, *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1802 to 1806.

Morris, Robert H., (Lawyer,) *Mayor*, 1841, '42, '43.

Morse, John, (Mason,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1810. *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1811, '12, '18, '19.

Moser, Samuel H., *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1855, '56.

Morton, Jacob, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1803.

Mott, Jacob, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1804. *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1805 to 1808.

Mott, Wm. W., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1825, '26. *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1827 to 1830.

Mott, Horatio, (Ship Chandler,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1844.

Mott, Richard, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Twenty-first Ward, 1854.

Mulligan, John W., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1806, '07, '08.

Mullins, Dennis, (Glover,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1846, '47. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1849.

Munson, Reuben, (Combmaker,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1813 to 1823.

Murphy, W. D., (Sailmaker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1841.

Murray, James B , *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1832.

Murray, Mathew, *Councilman*, Eleventh District, 1856.

Myer, Ede, *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1734 to 1744.

N.

Nash, Orville J., (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1837, '38. *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1839, '40.

Nash, James, (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1842. *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1843.

Neilson, William, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1784, '85, '86.

Nesbitt, George F., (Stationer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1841, '42, '43.

Nevius, Johannes, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1655.

Nevius, Peter J., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1829, '30.

Nexsen, Elias, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1805.

Nichols, Matthias, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, 1668 to 1771. *Mayor*, 1672.

Nichols, Samuel, (Coppersmith,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1839, '40, '43.

Nichols, Edwin, *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1845, '46.

Nicholson, James, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1787, '88.

Nitchie, John, (Starch Manufacturer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1799, 1800, '01, '12, '13.

Nixon, George, (Coal Dealer,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1835.
Noole, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1701.
North, Charles C., (Merchant,) *Councilman*, Sixtieth District, 1854.
Noyes, John L., *Councilman*, Fifty-fourth District, 1856.

O.

Oakley, Jacob F., (Liquors,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1849, *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1850, '51, '52, '53.
O'Brien, Timothy, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1852, '53.
Odell, Andrew J., *Councilman*, Forty-ninth District, 1856.
Ogden, Gouverneur M., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1845.
Oliver, James D., *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1843, '45, '46. *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1847.
Olpherts, Suert, (Mason,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1688, '89.
O'Keefe, John, (Stages,) *Assistant Alderman*, Nineteenth Ward, 1853.
Onclebag, Garrit, (Silversmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1700, '01, '13.
O'Neil, Felix, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1839, '40. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1841.
Oothout, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1802.
O'Reilly, Francis, *Councilman*, Thirty-sixth District, 1856.
Ostrander, Gideon, *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1823. *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1824 to 1827, and 1834.

P.

Palmer, John, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1809.
Palmer, James, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1812.
Palmer, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1827. *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward. 1828 to 1833.
Palmer, John, *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1832.
Parker, Shivers, (Brush-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1818. to 1822. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1823.
Patterson, Matthew C., (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1837.
Patterson, Samuel P., (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1849.
Pattison, Robert, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1843.
Paulding, William, jr., (Lawyer,) *Alderman* Fifth Ward, 1822. *Mayor*, 1823, '24, '26, '27.
Paulding, George, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1835.
Paxton, John R., (Liquors,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1848.

Pearsall, John, (Fruit Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1849, '51. *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1852, '53.

Pearson, Thomas, *Councilman*, Fifty-eighth District, 1854.

Peartree, William, (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1703 to 1706.

Peck, William J., (Lime Dealer,) *Alderman*, Twentieth Ward, 1852, '53.

Peers, Thomas F., (Confectioner,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1840.

Pell, John, (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1810, '11, '12.

Pell, Caleb, (Coppersmith,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1810.

Penny, Edward, jr., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1840.

Pentz, Daniel C., (Cooper,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1840.

Peters, John R., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1825, '26. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1827, '28.

Pettigrew, John, (Contractor,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1842, '43.

Philipse, Frederick, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1719 to 1733.

Phillips, John, (Butcher,) *Councilman*, Twenty-eighth District, 1854.

Phillips, Jonas N., *Councilman*, Seventeenth District, 1856.

Phœnix, Daniel, *Alderman*, East Ward, 1783, '84.

Phœnix, J. Phillips, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1838, '39.

Pierce, Nathaniel, (Tobacco Inspector,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1845.

Pierson, Joseph, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1787, '88.

Pinckney, Peter, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1828.

Pinckney, Benjamin F., (Painter,) *Councilman*, Forty-seventh District, 1854, '55, '56.

Pinhorn, William, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1682. *Recorder*, 1691.

Pintard, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1738, '39. *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1740 to 1747.

Pintard, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1789, '90, '91.

Pitman, Lemuel, (Rope-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1825. *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1826, '27.

Pluvier, Cornelius, (Baker) *Alderman*, North Ward, 1688, '89.

Pollock, James, (Contractor,) *Assistant Alderman*,) Sixteenth Ward, 1839, '40. *Alderman*, 1841.

Post, Anthony, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1792 to 1796. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1797.

Post, Jotham, (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1794, '95. *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1796 to 1800.

Potter, Ellis, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1837, '38, '39.

Power, Wm., (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1835.

Prentis, Thomas, (Paper-hanger,) *Councilman*, Thirtieth District, 1855.

Prevost, John B., (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1800 to 1803.
Price, Thompson, (Mason,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1732.
Provoost, David, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1697. *Mayor*, 1699. *Alderman*, West Ward, 1700, '01. *Alderman*, North Ward, 1702 to 1708.
Provoost, Johannes, *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1688, '89.
Provost, William, (Baker,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1808, '09.
Provost, John, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1748, '49. *Alderman*, 1752, '53.
Purdy, Samuel, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1834. *Alderman*, 1835, '36.
Purdy, Elijah F., (Grocer,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1838 to 1843.
Purdy, Jonathan, (Builder,) *Councilman*, Twenty-seventh District, 1854, '55.
Purser, George H., *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1845. *Alderman*, 1846, '47.

Q

Quackenbos, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1788.
Quackenbos, Mangle M., *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1833.
Quackinbush, William, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1845.

R

Radcliffe, Jacob, (Lawyer,) *Mayor*, 1810, '15, '16, '17.
Radford, William, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1846.
Radley, G. M., *Councilman*, Twenty-first District, 1855.
Randolph, Stuart F., *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1826, '27.
Randall, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1783.
Randall, David, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1836, '37.
Ranney, J. W., (Physician,) *Councilman*, Forty-second District, 1855.
Rapelje, Rem, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1763, '64.
Rapelje, Garret, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1763, '64, '65.
Rathbone, William P, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1824. *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1825.
Rawson, Edmund G., (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1841. *Alderman*, 1843.
Raymond, George H., *Councilman*, Thirty-first District, 1854, '56.
Reade, John, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1711, '12, '13.
Reed, Matthew, (Shoe Store,) *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1824, '25.
Reed, Horatio, (Saloon,) *Councilman*, Twenty-fifth District, 1854, '55.
Reed, Ephraim, *Councilman*, Thirty-fifth District, 1856.
Reilly, James, *Councilman*, Sixth District, 1856.
Reilly, Bernard, *Councilman*, Fiftieth District, 1856.
Remmey, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1817.

Reynolds, Nathaniel, *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1822.
Rhinelander, John R., (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1832, '33.
Rich, Josiah, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1840.
Rich, Crandall, (Iron Safes,) *Alderman*, Seventeenth, Ward, 1845.
Richard, Paulus, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1686, '97.
Richard, Paul, (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1735, '36, '37, '38.
Ridder, Thomas B., (Tobacco,) *Councilman*, Nineteenth District, 1855.
Riggs, Caleb S., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1802.
Ricker, Richard, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1816 to 1829. (Recorder no longer sits with Common Council.)
Riker, James, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1832.
Ring, Chas. H., (Druggist,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1852, '53.
Ritter, John P., (Dry Goods,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1800. *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1802. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1803, '06.
Roberts, Nathan, (Inspector Lumber,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1845. *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1846.
Robertson, Henry P., (Paint Store.) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1832, '33.
Robertson, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1846, '47.
Robins, Ezekiel, (Hatter,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1796.
Robinson, John, *Alderman*, West Ward, 1683, '84, '85.
Rodgers, David, (Merchant.) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1828.
Rodman, John F., (Foundry,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1852.
Roe, Nathaniel, *Councilman*, Nineteenth District, 1854.
Roehner, John, (Butcher,) *Councilman*, Twenty-fifth District, 1856.
Rogers, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1829, '30.
Rogers, Joseph, (Marble Yard,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1850, '52, '53.
Rombout, Francis, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1673. *Schepen*, 1674. *Alderman*, 1676, '77, '78. *Mayor*, 1679. *Alderman*, 1686, '87.
Roome, Peter Willemse, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1699, 1700, '01.
Roome, William, (Painter,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1715 to 1728. *Alderman*, West Ward, 1734 to 1747.
Roos, Garret, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1731, '32, '33, '34.
Roosevelt, Nicholas, (Bolter,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1700, 1701.
Roosevelt, John, (Merchant.) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1717 to 1729. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1730 to 1733.
Roosevelt, Nicholas, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1748 to 1762. *Alderman*, West Ward, 1763 to 1767.
Roosevelt, Cornelius, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1759 to 1763. *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1764.
Roosevelt, Cornelius C., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1785, '86, '87. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1795, '96, 1801.

Roosevelt, James, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1809.
Roosevelt, James I., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1828, '29, '30.
Rutgers, Anthony, (Baker,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1710, '11, '12. *Alderman*, North Ward, 1727 to 1734.
Rutgers, Petrus, (Brewer,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1730, '31, '32, '33.
Rutgers, Anthony, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1765, '66.
Ryckman, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1714, '21.
Ryer, Dennis, *Councilman*, Fifty-second District, 1856.
Rynders, Barent, *Alderman*, East Ward, 1705, '06.

S

Sammis, Daniel P., (Shoes,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1850. *Councilman*, Thirty-fourth District, 1854.
Sands, Robert A., (Druggist,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1849, '50, '51.
Scheiffelin, Effingham, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1817, '18, '28. *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1825. *Alderman*, 1826, '27.
Scheiffelin, Richard L., (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1844.
Schenck, Peter M., (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Tenth District, 1854, '55.
Schmelzel, John B., *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1836.
Schultz, Alexander H., *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1847, '48. *Alderman*, 1849.
Schuyler, Brandt, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1691 to 1699.
Schuyler, Brandt, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1745 to 1751.
Schuyler, Philip, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1719, '20, '21, '22.
Schuyler, Garret L., (Merchant,) *Councilman*, Thirtieth District, 1854.
Scoles, John B., (*Lawyer*,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1842. *Alderman*, 1843.
Scott, John Morine, *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1757 to 1762.
Scott, William, (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward. 1829, '30. *Alderman*, 1831.
Scott, J. W., (Physician,) *Councilman*, Forty-first District, 1855.
Seaman, David, (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1822.
Seaman, William, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1827, '28. *Alderman*, 1829, '30.
Seaman, John M., (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1841.
Seaman, William C., *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1843. *Alderman*, 1844, '45.
See, Henry P., (Tailor,) *Councilman*, Twenty-first District, 1854, '55.
Seymour, Thaddeus, (Hardware,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1823.

Seymour, Jonathan, (Paper store,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward 1828, '29, '30.
Seely, John G., (Liquors,) *Councilman*, Fifteenth District, 1854, '55.
Shaler, William, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1841.
Sharpe, Peter, *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1831, '32, '33.
Shaw, Henry, *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1850, '51.
Shepherd, John, jr., (Boat Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward 1826, '27.
Sherman, Alpheus, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1823.
Shute, Henry, (Shop keeper,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1783.
Shute, Jacob, *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1804, '05.
Sibell, John F., *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1827.
Skaats, Isaac B., *Councilman*, Twenty-ninth District, 1856.
Slevin, Henry S., (Physician,) *Councilman*, Thirty-eighth District, 1854. '55.
Slidell, John, (Soap manuf.) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1807, '08.
Small, Wilson, (Founder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1848.
Smith, William, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, West Ward, 1702, '07 to 1712.
Smith, Thomas R., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1812. *Alderman*, 1813 to 1817.
Smith, Edmund, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1827.
Smith, George E., *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1832.
Smith, John Augustus, (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1833.
Smith, Morgan L., (Leather dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1833. *Alderman*, 1835.
Smith, Alfred A., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1836.
Smith, Robert, (Stone yard,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1834. *Alderman*, 1837, '38, '39.
Smith, Richard J., (Teacher,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1837.
Smith, Elias L., (Hardware,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1840.
Smith, Charles W., (Tailor,) *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1842.
Smith, Isaac B., *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1843, '46.
Smith, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1844.
Smith, Bartlett, *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1846.
Smith, Washington, *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1847, '48.
Smith, Ezra, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1849. *Alderman*, 1850, '51.
Smith, Wesley, (Timber yard,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1850, '51. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.
Smith, Henry, (Agent,) *Councilman*, First District, 1854, '55, '56.
Smith, William H., (Carpenter,) *Councilman*, Forty-third District, 1854.
Smith, Jacob L., *Councilman*, Second District, 1856.
Smith, Michael, *Councilman*, Thirty-eighth District, 1856.

Snawsell, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1677.

Snedecor, Philip, (Shoes,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1837.

Spader, John D., (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1839, '40.

Sparks, Samuel, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1834, '38.

Spofford, Thomas, *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1844, '45, '46, *Alderman*, 1847.

Spratt, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1688, '89.

Steenwyck, Cornelius, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1658, '60. *Burgomaster*, 1662, '64, '65. *Alderman*, 1666. *Mayor*, 1688.

Steers, James R., (Shipwright,) *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1855, '56.

Stevens, Ebenezer, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1802.

Stevens, Samuel, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1817, '18, '20. *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1826, '27. *Alderman*, 1828. '29, '30, '41.

Stevens, Linus W., *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1847. *Alderman*, 1848.

Stewart, Alexander, (Sashmaker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward. 1834, '35, '53.

Stewart, John, (Paint Store,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1842.

St. John, Samuel, *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1822, '23, '24.

Stilwell, Silas M., (Shoe store,) Fifteenth Ward, 1834, '35.

Stone, William, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1816, '17.

Stoneall, James C., (Hotel,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1845. '46.

Storm, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1796, '97, '98.

Storms, Henry, *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1826, '27.

Stoutenburgh, Peter, (Schoolmaster,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1735, '36.

Stoutenburgh, Isaac, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1740 to 1747.

Stoutenburgh, Isaac, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, West Ward, 1789 to 1794.

Striker, Jacob, (Tailor.) *Schepen*, 1655, '56, '58, '60, '63.

Striker, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1803.

Strong, Selah, (Merchant.) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1799, 1800, 1801. *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1806.

Strong, Roger, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1806.

Strong, George D., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1828. *Alderman*, 1829, '30, '31.

Sturtevant, Oscar W., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1849, '50. *Alderman*, 1851, '52, '53.

Stuyvesant, Nicholas William, *Alderman*, 1684. *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1691.

Stuyvesant, Gerardus, *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1722 to 1753.

Stymets, Frederick, (Baker,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1792 to '95.

Stymets, Christopher, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1763.

Suerts, Olphert, (Mason,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1704, '05, '07.

Sutton, George, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1832, '33.

Sutton, Nathan A., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1848.

Suydam, Lambert, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1834.

Swan, Otis D., (Lawyer,) *Councilman*, Fortieth District, 1855, '56.

Swartwout, Robert, *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1820 *Alderman*, 1848.

T

Tait, John J., (Saddler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1852, '53.

Tallmadge, Frederick A., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1834. *Alderman*, 1836.

Tallmage, Thomas G., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1838, '39.

Tallman, John H., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1815, '16.

Tallman, Hermanus, (Hatter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1819, '20.

Talman, George F., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1836.

Tappen, Abraham, (Painter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1837,

Tappen, Thomas B., *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1844. *Alderman*, 1845, '46, '47.

Taylor, Jacob B., *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1817. *Alderman*, 1818 to 1826.

Taylor, Edward, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1834 to 1838.

Taylor, Joseph R., (Hardware,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1836, '37. *Alderman*, 1838.

Taylor, William, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1844.

Teller, Oliver, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1715 to 1729.

Ten Eyck, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1688. '89.

Ten Eyck, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1784, '85, '86.

Ten Eyck, Philip, (Bookseller,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1799, 1800, '01.

Taylor, William, (Liquors,) *Councilman*, Twenty-eighth District, 1855.

Taylor, William H., (*Councilman*,) Fifty-fifth District, 1856.

Thodey, Michael, *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1765, '66.

Thong, Walter, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1707 to 1711.

Thorn, William, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1821, '22, '23.

Thorp, George B., (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1816. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1817 to '2[illegible].

Tiemann, Daniel F., (Manuf. Paints,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1838. *Alderman*, 1839. *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1851. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.

Tiebout, Johannes, (Turner,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1699. *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1709.
Tillou, Francis R., (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1843.
Timpson, Cornelius B., (Hardware,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1838. *Alderman*, 1841.
Timpson, Thomas, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1809.
Titus, Michael M., (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1810, '11.
Titus, Peter S., *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1832.
Tonneman, Peter, *Schout*, 1661, '63, '64.
Tooker, Samuel, (Grocer,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1820.
Towle, Jeremiah, (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1832.
Town, Charles, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1820, '21.
Townsend, Thomas S., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1820, '21.
Townsend, Benjamin, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1835.
Torbert, Samuel, (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1805 to 1808.
Torry, William, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1809, '10.
Trotter, Jonathan, (India Rubber Manufacturer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1852, '53.
Trowbridge, George A., (Provisions,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1854, '55.
Truslow, William, (Coal,) *Councilman*, Forty-ninth District, 1855.
Tucker, Gideon, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1813, '14, '15.
Tucker, Joseph, (Mason,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1831, '34.
Tucker, John C., (Mason,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1836.
Tucker, William, (Mason,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1844, '45, '54, '55, 56, 57.
Tucker, Moses, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1844.
Tucker, Cummings, H., *Alderman*, Twentieth Ward, 1854, '55.
Tudor, John, (Merchant,) *Recorder*, 1704 to 1707.
Turniere, Thomas, (Farmer,) *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1696.
Tuthill, Jeremiah, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1696. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1703, '04.
Tuttle, Charles, (Merchant,) *Councilman*, Fourteenth District, 1854.
Tweed, William M., (Chair Maker,) *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1852, '53.
Tylee, Daniel E., *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1815.

U

Underhill, Anthony, L. *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1814, '15, '16. *Alderman*, 1817, '18.
Underwood, John A., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1840, '41. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1842.

V

Valentine, Abraham, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1820, '21.

Valentine, Abraham M., (Accountant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1825, '26. *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1827.

Valentine, Jacob H., (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1852. *Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1856, '57.

Van Antwerp, Simon, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1804, '05, '07.

Van Amringe, William F., *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1817. *Alderman*, 1818.

Van Borsum, Egbert, (Cooper,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1728, '29, '30.

Van Brugh, Johannes Pietersen, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1655, '56, '59, '61, '62, '65. *Alderman*, 1665, '71, '72. *Burgomaster*, 1674. *Alderman*, 1679, '81, '82. *Assistant Alderman*, 1685. *Alderman*, 1686.

Van Clyff, Dirck, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1687.

Van Cortland, Oloff Stevenson, (Brewer,) *Burgomaster*, 1655 to 1665. *Alderman*, 1666, '67 '71.

Van Cortland, Stephanus, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1674. *Alderman*, 1675, '76, *Mayor*, 1677, '86, '87.

Van Cortland, Johannes, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1686.

Van Cortland, Jacobus, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1686. *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1694 to 1703. *Mayor*, 1710, '19.

Van Cortland, Philip, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1714, '15, '16. *Alderman*, 1717 to 1720.

Van Cott, Thomas G., (Clerk,) *Councilman*, Twenty-ninth District, 1855.

Van Couwenhoven, Pieter Wolfersen, (Brewer,) *Schepen*, 1653, '54, '58, '59, '61, '63.

Van Couwenhoven, Johannes, (Brewer,) *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1668 '89.

Van Dam, Rip, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1693, '94, '95.

Vanderberg, Dirck, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, West Ward, 1704, '05, '06.

Vanderbilt, John, Jr., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1812.

Vanderspeigle, Laurens, (Baker,) *Schepen*, 1673.

Vanderspeigle, John, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1693, '94, '95.

Vandervoort, David, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1839, '40. *Alderman*, 1841, '43.

Vandervin, Hendrick Jansen, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1657, '59.

Vandiegrist, Paulus Leendersen, (Trader,) *Schepen*, 1653, '54. *Burgomaster*, 1657, '58, '61, '64.

Van Dyck, John, (Chocolate Manufacturer,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1785, '86, '89, '90.

Van Gelder, Hermanus, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1714. *Alderman*, 1715 to 1733.

Van Gelder, Abraham, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1783 to 1788.

Van Gelder, Abraham, (Lime Inspector,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1810.

Van Gheel, Maximillianus, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1653.

Van Hattem, Arent, (Trader,) *Burgomaster*, 1653, '54.

Van Horne, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1703, '04, '05.

Van Horne, Cornelius, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1849, '50, '51.

Van Horne, Garret, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1757, '58, '59. *Alderman*, 1760.

Van Nest, Abraham, (Hardware Merchant,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1833.

Van Nostrand, Jacob, (Blacksmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1702.

Van Oblinus, Peter, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1696.

Van Ranst, Peter, *Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1737, '38, '39.

Van Ranst, Luke, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1755 to 1759.

Van Riper, J. W. T., (Cooper,) *Councilman*, Forty-sixth District, 1855, '56.

Van Ruyven, Cornelius, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1665, '70, '72, '73.

Van Santa, Johannes, (Blockmaker,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1707.

Van Schaick, Arent, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1692.

Van Schaick, Myndert, *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1832. *Assistant Alderman*, 1835.

Van Tienhoven, Cornelius, *Schout*, 1653, '54, '55 '56.

Van Tine, Theodorus, (Fur store,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1845, '46.

Van Tine, John, *Councilman*, Twenty-sixth District, 1856.

Van Tuyl, Andrew, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1794, '95.

Van Varick, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1768, '69.

Van Vleck, Isaac, (Brewer,) *Alderman*, 1684, '86. *Alderman*, West Ward, 1693, '94.

Van Vurden, Hendrick, *Alderman*, West Ward, 1688, '89.

Van Wagenen, Huybert, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1768 to 1771.

Van Wagenen, Hubert, (Hardware store,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1831, '34.

Van Wyck, Theodorus, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1756. *Alderman*, 1764.

Van Wyck, Pierre C., (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1806, '08, '09, '11, '12. *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1825.

Van Wyck, William, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1831, '32, '33.

Van Zandt, Tobias, (Chocolate Manufacturer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1786 to 1793.

Van Zandt, Wynant, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1788. *Alderman*, 1789 to 1794.

Van Zandt, Peter Pra, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1791, '92, '93.

Van Zandt, Wynant, Jr., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1802 to 1806.

Varian, George W., *Councilman*, Fifty-fifth District, 1854. *Alderman*. Twenty-first Ward 1855, '56.

Varian, Isaac L., *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1833, '34, '35. *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1736. *Mayor*, 1839, '40.

Varick, Richard, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1783 to 1788. *Mayor*, 1789 to 1800.

Vermilye, William M., (Broker,) *Councilman*, Thirty-ninth District, 1854, '55.

Verplanck, Guleyn, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1673, '74. *Alderman*, 1677, '78 '79. *Alderman*, North Ward, 1683.

Verveelen, Henry, *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1800, '01.

Vinje, John, (Brewer,) *Schepen*, 1655, '56, '61, '63.

Voorhis, Peter P., (Stone yard,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1844. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward 1854, '55, '56.

Vredenburgh, William, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1737, '38, '39.

Vredenburgh, John W., *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1770, '71, '72.

W.

Waddle, William, *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1783.

Wainwright, Edwin, (Woodware,) *Councilman*, Twentieth District, 1854, '55.

Wakeman, Abram, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1854, '55.

Waldron, Johannes, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1831 to 1836.

Waldron, William J., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1811, '12.

Wales, William C., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1833. *Alderman*, 1834

Walker, William A., (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1846.

Wallace, James, jr., *Councilman*, Fifty-first District, 1856.

Walsh, James, *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1846.

Walters, Robert, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1688, '89. *Mayor* 1720, '21, '22, '23.

Walter, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1735, '36, '37, '38.

Wandell, John C., *Councilman*, Fiftieth District, 1855.

Ward, Jasper, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1807, '08.

Ward, Richard R., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1835. *Alderman*, 1836.

Ward, Daniel, (Coffee roaster,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1840 to 1843.

Ward, Uzal P., (Baker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1844.

Ward, Sylvester L. H., (Lawyer.) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1850, '51. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.

Warner, George J., (Watchmaker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1804

Warner, Effingham, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1833.
Warner, Geo. W., *Councilman*, Fourteenth District, 1856.
Waterbury, Nehemiah, *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1836, '37, '38.
Waterman, William D., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1841. '42. *Alderman*, 1843.
Watkins, Joseph, (Lumber merchant,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1809.
Watrous, Charles C., *Councilman*, Forty-fifth District, 1856.
Watts, John, Jr., *Recorder*, 1774.
Waugh, James L., *Councilman*, Eighth District, 1856.
Webb, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1822. *Alderman*, 1824.
Webb, Charles, *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1846, '48. *Alderman*, 1849.
Webb, John B., (Boat builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1849, '50, '51.
Webb, James, (Mason,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1851.
Webber, Wolfert, (Innkeeper,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1685. *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1688, '89, 1706, '07.
Webber, John, (Lawyer,) *Councilman*, Fifty-fourth District, 1855.
Welling, William, (Inspector,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1810.
Wells, James N., (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1828, *Alderman*, 1829, '30.
Wells, Helmes M., (Lumber merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward. 1852, '53.
Wendell, Abraham, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1710, *Alderman*, 1711 to 1716.
Wendover, John, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1692, '96, '97.
Wendover, Peter H., (Sailmaker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1801. *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1811, '12, '13.
Wenham, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1698.
Wessells, Wessel, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1735.
West, Jesse, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1839.
West, Edward D., (Turpentine,) *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1842.
Westervelt, John J., *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1818, '19.
Westervelt, Jacob, *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1836, '37.
Westervelt, Jacob A., (Ship builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1840. *Mayor*, 1853, '54.
Westervelt, Harman C., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1842.
Westervelt, John J. V., *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1844, '45.
Wheelan, Thomas, (Liquors,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1852, '53.
Wheeler, Ira. B., (Dry goods,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1836.
White, Thomas H., (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1834.
White, Campbell P., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1825, '26.
Whitefield, Ralph, *Alderman*, 1668, '69.



LITH. BY G. HAYWARD 120 WATER ST. N.Y.

FOR D. T. VALENTINE'S MANUAL 1856

MILL ROCK & HELL GATE FROM FORT STEVENS 1814

Whitehead, Isaac P., (Grate maker,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1836, '37.

Whiting, James R., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, 1832. *Assistant Alderman*, 1835.

Whitlock, Chas., *Councilman*, Twenty-seventh District, 1856.

Wild, Horatio N., (Confectioner,) *Councilman*, Seventeenth District, 1854, '55.

Will, Henry, (Pewterer,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1785.

Willett, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1665. *Alderman*, 1666. *Mayor*, 1667.

Willett, Richard, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1706, '07, '08.

Willett, Marinus, *Mayor*, 1807.

Williams, Elam, (Cabinet maker,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1822.

Williams, Abraham V., (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1836, '37. *Alderman*, 1838, '39.

Williams, Richard S., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1841.

Williams, David T., (Coal dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1842, '43. *Alderman*, 1844.

Williams, Jabez, (Ship builder,) *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1844.

*Williamson, Amor J., (Publisher,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1854, '55.

Willis, Samuel J., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1838, '39.

Wilson, Samuel, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1679, '80, '82. *Assistant Alderman*, 1684, '86.

Wilson, Ebenezer, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1690 to 1694. *Mayor*, 1707, '08, '09.

Wilson, George, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1811.

Winship, Thomas, (Butcher,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1844.

Wood, Thurston, (Auctioneer,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1805 to 1808.

Wood, William L., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1840.

Wood, James E., (Coal dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1848. *Alderman*, 1849, '50, '51.

Woodhull, Caleb S., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1836, '37, '38. *Alderman*, 1839 to 1843. *Mayor*, 1849, '50.

Woodruff, Thomas T., *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1823, '26. *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1827 to 1832.

Woodward, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1852, '53. *Alderman*, 1854.

Wool, Jeremiah, (Currier,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1783. *Alderman*, South Ward, 1784 to 1791.

Wrandle, Thomas, *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1760 to 1764.

Wright, William H., (Shipsmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth, Ward, 1852.

Wyckoff, Henry J., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1821 to 1825.

Wyckoff, Jacob, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1827.

Wylley, John, *Alderman*, North Ward, 1787 to 1791.

Y.

Young, John, (Ironmonger,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1786.
Young, William, (Physician,) *Councilman*, Fourth District, 1854.

Z.

Zabriskie, George, *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1822, '23.

RECORDERS

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

James Graham, from 1683 to 1688.
Vacant in 1689 to 1690.
William Pinhorn, from 1691 to 1693.
James Graham, from 1693 to 1701.
Abraham Gouverneur, from 1701 to 1703.
Sampson Shelton Boughton, from 1703 to 1705.
John Tudor, from 1705 to 1709.
May Bickley, from 1700 to 1712.
David Jamison, from 1712 to 1725.
Francis Harrison, from 1725 to 1735.
Daniel Horsemanden, from 1735 to 1747.
Simeon Johnson, from 1737 to 1769.
Thomas Jones, from 1769 to 1773.
Robert R. Livingston, from 1773 to 1774.
John Watts, jr., 1774.
No records during the Revolutionary War.
Richard Varick, from 1783 to 1789.
Samuel Jones, from 1780 to 1796.
James Kent, from 1796 to 1798.
Richard Harrison, from 1798 to 1800.
John P. Provost, from 1800 to 1804.
Maturin Livingston, from 1804 to 1806.
Pierre C. Van Wyck, from 1806 to 1807.
Maturin Livingston, from 1807 to 1808.
Pierre C. Van Wyck, from 1808 to 1810.
Josiah Ogden Hoffman, from 1810 to 1811.
Pierre C. Van Wyck, from 1811 to 1813.
Josaih Ogden Hoffman, from 1813 to 1815.
Richard Riker, from 1815 to 1819.
Peter A. Jay, from 1819 to 1820.
Richard Riker, from 1821 to 1823.
Samuel Jones, from 1823 to 1824.
Richard Riker, from 1824 to 1838.
Robert H. Morris, from 1838 to 1841.
Frederick A. Tallmadge, from 1841 to 1846.
John B. Scott, from 1846 to 1849.
Frederick A. Tallmadge, from 1849 to 1852.
Francis R. Tillou, from 1852 to 1855.
James M. Smith, jr., from 1855 to 1858.

SHERIFFS

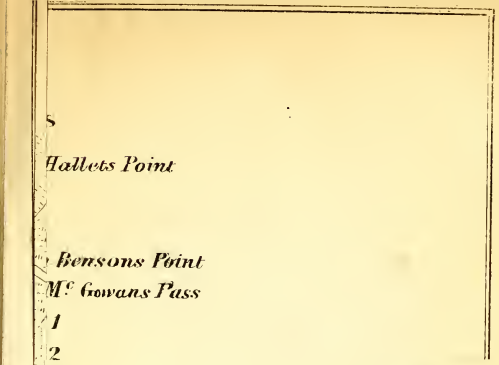
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

[Prepared from the Records in the Office of the Secretary of State.]

Jan Lampo, from 1626 to 1632.
Conrad Notelman, from 1632 to 1633.
Lubbertus Van Dincklagen, from 1633 to 1636.
Ulrich Lupold, from 1636 to 1639.
Cornelius Van der Huygens, from 1639 to 1645.
Hendrick Van Dyck, from 1645 to 1652.
Cornelius Van Tienhoven, from 1652 to 1656.
Nicassius De Sille, from 1656 to 1660.
Pieter Tonneman, from 1660 to 1665.*
Allard Anthony, from 1665 to 1667.
John Manning, from 1667 to 1672.
Allard Anthony, 1672 to 1673.
Anthony Demilt, from 1673 to 1674.
William Knyff, from Aug. 1674, to Nov., 1674.
Thomas Gibbs, from Nov. 1674, to Oct., 1675.
John Sharp, from 1875, to 1676.
Thomas Ashton, from 1676, to April, 1679.†
John Archer, from 1679 to 1680.
John Collier, from 1680 to 1683.
John Tudor, from 1683 to 1685.
John Knight, from 1685 to 1687.
Robert Hamond, from 1687 to 1689.
Johannes Jansen, 1689 to 1691.
Abraham Brasher, from Jan., 1691, to March, 1691.
Thomas Lyndal, from March, 1791, to Oct. 1791.
Thomas Codrington, from Oct., 1691, to 1692.
Stanley Handcock, from 1692 to 1695.
Ebenezer Wilson, from Sept., 1698 to 1699. ‡
Isaac Dereymer, from Sept., 1698 to 1699.
Charles Oliver, from 1699 to 1700.
Peter De Mill, from 1700 to 1701.
Isaac Dereymer, from 1701 to June, 1702.
Ebenezer Wilson, from June, 1702, to Oct. 1707.
William Anderson, from 1708, to July, 1710.§
Francis Harrison, from July, 1710, to 1717.
Thomas Farmar, from 1717 to 1723.
William Dugdale, from Feb., 1723 to 1728.
Henry Beekman, from 1728 to 1731.

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* The first Sheriff exclusively for the city. † Resigned in April, 1679.
‡ Suspended. Mr. Clark, Coroner, acted as Sheriff during the vacancy.
§ Dismissed, July, 1710.


Hallets Point
Bensons Point
Mc Gowans Pass
1
2

SHERIFFS

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References
1. Stone Tower on Hallets Point
2 Fort Stevens
3. Mill Rock
4 Fortification on Bensons Point
5. Works to defend Mc Gowans Pass
6 Block House Nº 1
7. dº Nº 2
8 dº Nº 3
9 Works to defend the Pass at Manhattanville
10. Graves Point
11. Rhinelanders
12 Bensons house
13 Observation place
14 Snake hill
HUDSON RIVER
Manhattanville
Harlem
Bloomingdale Road
Map
OF
HARLEM HEIGHTS
AND
PLAIN.
1814
Scale
1000 feet to 1 inch

John Symes, from 1734 to 1735.
William Crosby, from 1735 to 1740.
William Jameson, from 1740 to 1745.
John Ayscough, from 1746 to 1753.
John Roberts, from 1752 to 1775.

The city of New York having been in possession of the British, and under Martial Law during the years from 1776 to 1783, no Sheriffs were appointed.

Marinus Willett, from Feb., 1784 to 1787.
Robert Boyd, from 1787 to 1791.
Marinus Willett, from 1791 to 1795.
John Jacob Lansing, from 1795 to 1799.
James Morris, from 1799 to 1801.
John Stagg, from 1801 to 1803.
Joseph Constant from 1803 to 1807.
William Cutting, from 1807 to 1808.
Benjamin Ferris, from 1808 to 1810.
Edward Dunscomb, from 1810 to 1811.
Benjamin Ferris, from 1811 to 1813.
Thomas R. Mercein, from 6th to 16th March, 1813.
Simon Fleet, from 1813 to 1815.
Ruggles Hubbard, from 1815 to 1818.
James L. Bell, from 1818 to 1821.
Mordecai M. Noah, from 1821 to 1822.
Peter H. Wendover, from 1822 to 1826.
Oliver M. Lownds, from 1826 to 1829.
James Shaw, from January, 1829 to 1831.
Jacob Westervelt, from January, 1831 to 1834.
John Hillier, from January, 1834 to 1837.
Jacob Acker, from January, 1837 to 1840.
Monmouth B. Hart, from January, 1840 to 1843.
William Jones, from January, 1843, to 1846.
John J. V. Westervelt, from January, 1846 to 1849.
Thomas Carnley, from January, 1849 to 1852.
John Orser, from January, 1852, to 1855.
James C. Willet, from January, 1856, to 1859.

COUNSELS TO THE CORPORATION.

D. S. Jones, from 1813 to 1816.
Ogden Edwards, from 1816 to 1823.
Michael Ulshoeffer, from 1823 to 1829.
Robert Emmett, from 1829 to 1837.
George F. Tallman, from 1837 to 1839.
Peter A. Cowdrey, from 1838 to 1842, and 1843 to 1844.
David Graham, jr., appointed May 31, 1842, to May 9, 1843.
John Leveridge, from 1844 to 1845.
James T. Brady, from 1845 to 1847.
Willis Hall, from May 12, 1847 to 1849.
Henry E. Davies, appointed May 13, 1849; elected, Fall of 1849, for three years, to 1852.
Robert J. Dillon, elected 1852, for three years.
Lorenzo B. Shepard, elected in 1855, for three years.

CITY OF NEW YORK, PROSPECTIVELY.

With regard to the future growth of the city of New York, the probability is, that no safer criterion can be taken than the past affords.

The population in 1825 is recorded as 166,086, that of 1835, as 270,089; in 1845, 371,223; and that of 1855, as 629,810; the average gain during this period of 30 years, has been 56½ per cent, for every 10 years. Assuming this as data for the ensuing 30 years, the population in 1865 will be 985,652, in 1875 it will be 1,542,545, and in 1885 it will have reached the enormous sum of 2,414,082.

So far as population in the city of New York is concerned, we may as well stop at the last calculation and time, for the city of New York will be full before that time.

Assuming that the 58,000 people residing above Fortieth street, in 1855, could be accommodated on the vacant property below that street, and that the average line of population below Fortieth street was about Leonard street, in proportion to the width of city, the present population would be contained in three miles of the island, lengthwise; and the increase calculated by 1865, would densely fill to Seventy-fourth street; and that to the year 1875, up to One hundred and twenty-seventh street, where the island commences narrowing rapidly; while the increase estimated from 1875 to 1885 would require as great a width of island as exists below One hundred and twenty-seventh street, and from One hundred and twenty-seventh street to Kingsbridge; but such capacity does not exist, neither is any allowance made for parks, reservoirs, or space untenanted in greater proportion than exists below Fortieth street, while the Central park and Reservoir alone, will occupy a space almost equal to the area of that portion of the city which lies north of One hundred and fifty-fifth street; and the calculation is made on the assumption that the land above Fortieth street is susceptible of accommodating as many residents to the acre as that below is, which is not the case; as much land in the upper part of the city, by its natural formation, is incapable of being so densely built on as the lower part of the city is.

The fair presumption, therefore, is, that before the year 1880 arrives, the city of New York will be fully populated, and contain about two millions of inhabitants; and this opinion is given with greater confidence, from the fact that the counties of Kings, Queens, Richmond and Westchester have, unitedly increased during the past ten years, in a ratio but little less than that of New York, and are not likely during the years to come, to draw off from this city, so large a proportion of the population as they have heretofore; because their limits of population have already been so far extended as to create a distance in time from business in New York, almost as great as will be likely to exist from the remote parts of this island.

What aspect the city of New York will present in the year 1880 it is impossible to define, but reasoning from analogy, and from an intimate geographical knowledge of the island, the probability is, that wharves and

commerce will border the city, on the west side, from the Battery to Spuyten Duyvil creek, and on the East river, from the Battery to Fifty-fourth street; wharves for domestic trade, will probably exist from Eighty-sixth street to near One hundred and thirtieth street on the Harlem river, but the channel is too narrow, and the water too deep, and the shores too bold, from Fifty-fourth to Eighty-sixth street, to permit the construction of more than occasional landings between those points; while in the Harlem river the channel is too narrow and insufficient for an extended commerce. Manufactories and commerce will probably occupy most of the space between the river and a distance of about 2,000 feet from it, along the North river nearly up to Fort Washington Heights, and along the East river to near Fifty-fourth street. The centre of the island around the Central park, if that undertaking is consummated, will be filled with the residences of the wealthier class of citizens; while the belt around them, and extending over Harlem plains, between commerce and wealth, will be filled with manufacturing and producing classes. North of One hundred and fifty-fifth street, with the exception of a strip along the shore of the North river, probably averaging 1,000 feet wide, and devoted to commerce, the formation of the land is such, that it will probably be only used for suburban residences of the wealthier classes.

In addition to occupying the shores of the rivers as mentioned, commerce, domestic and foreign, will probably require, before the year 1880, almost the entire portion of the city south of Union square; and the centre of business be near Canal street and Broadway; what means will be found necessary and useful to concentrate the teeming millions, in and surrounding the city, at or near this centre of business each morning, and transport them to their homes at evening, is a matter of conjecture, as also the means to be employed in transporting persons and merchandise over so great a distance of business frontage as our wharves will present.

To approach the centre of commerce with the greatest rapidity and certainty will and must be the great object of all. Ferries are already found inadequate to transport the numbers living around and out of the city, and flocking hither daily, and when over four times their number seek this common centre of trade of the United States, in its insular position, bridges appear to be the only resource; that these may be built across the East river at several points, no doubt exists; starting from near the Brooklyn City hall, and raising in grade toward the East river, at Fulton ferry, an altitude of 200 feet above the river could be obtained, and crossing the East river at Fulton ferry, an altitude of 200 feet above the river could be obtained, and crossing the river at that level, with not exceeding two piers in the river, which would not impede navigation as much as one set of ferry boats does, and thence descending to near the Hospital in Broadway, by a continuous suspension bridge, traversed by railway cars, stopping only at the termini of the bridge, and moved by stationery power, many thousands could be transferred each way, hourly in addition to those who would cross on foot, or in private conveyances,



FOR D.T. VALENTINES MANUAL 1858

LITH. BY C. HA

PLAN 2, BY JOHN T. DODGE, STREET COMMISSIONER
ed cost $1500.

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PLAN FOR THE RELIEF OF BROADWAY, PRESENTED TO THE COMMON COUNCIL OCTOBER 4th 1852, BY JOHN T. DODGE, STREET COMMISSIONER

Width of Stairs, seven feet, height in center in clear fourteen feet, estimated cost $1500.

Similar constructions could be made from Williamsburgh and at Ravenswood, the latter spanning each channel along Blackwell's island, with only land piers.

What means may be adopted to facilitate intercourse with our sister state of New Jersey it is more impossible to foretell. The mighty west, with its boundless wealth of produce and manufactures, seeking markets in all parts of the civilized world will probably pour so large a stream of traffic over the railroads leading to the metropolis of the western hemisphere, as to require a bridge to bear it across the noble Hudson; this could be accomplished by approaching the river near Fort Lee, at an elevation of about 200 feet above tide level, and building three piers in the river to carry a suspension bridge across to Fort Washington heights, from whence to the lower part of the city, a descending grade could be obtained, so as reach the wharves and branch to either river.

Below this point, the width of the Hudson being greater, and the shores lower, it is improbable that bridges will be built, but subaqueous communication may be made by means of metal tunnels, sunk on and into the bed of the river, with sufficient depth of water above them, for the passage of all vessels.

This island will probably be encircled and crossed in various directions with railways, for the speedy transit of passengers in all directions, and within half a century, present a spectacle unequalled in any period of the history of the world—a city in itself, with over two millions of inhabitants, the seat of commerce of the world; surrounded by at least three or four millions more of people, dependent on or contributing to her wealth and business.

The geographical position of the city of New York, is such, that wealth and trade must centre in it; that the rivers at her wharves, must bear the mercantile marine of the world, that her merchants must, in the city, transact the business, and the shores opposite be occupied and fully used for ship building, manufactories, storage, and other accessories of commerce.

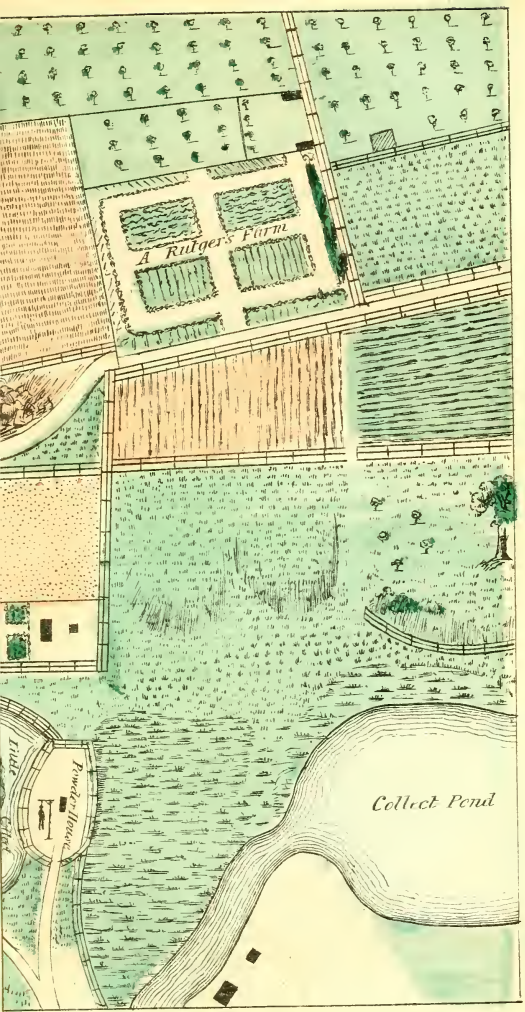
The subject of harbor improvements, is one which will naturally excite attention; in view of the vast extent of commerce to which we are to look forward, and in this connection, the enlargement of channels from the sea, to receive the enormous vessels which are now constructed and still greater in contemplation, both in Europe and this country; the protection of the channels in the inner harbor, and in the rivers, against encroachments; the opening of a safe ship channel to communicate with Long Island Sound (which some have supposed will eventually be a safe and commodious means of access to our port) and which may perhaps be effectuated by a change of the land marks, and natural obstructions presented at Hell gate; all these and many more kindred topics of remark furnish an ample fund of consideration for those whose thoughts are turned towards the future, and who view, in anticipation, the greatness of our city, and of the consequent changes and improvements required to meet the exigencies in prospective.

THE PARK AND ITS NEIGHBORHOOD IN FORMER TIMES.

The "Vlachte," or "Flat," "Second Plains," "Commons," "Fields," by which name the present Park has been known at different periods, was originally the common grazing place of the cattle belonging to the citizens of New Amsterdam. Following the plan of European villages, this place was left open to the public use, and is probably the first recognized public property on this island. Its jurisdiction and proprietorship thus tacitly fell to the people, and it has, in its subsequent history, been the scene of some of the most important political demonstrations ever witnessed. While the island was yet in the possession of the Indians, it has been surmised that their village was situated on this spot. There is no account, we believe, in our historical records, of the precise locality at which the tribe known as the Manhattans resided, but judging from what has been received as undoubted evidence of the establishment of an Indian village, namely, the mixture of shells with the upland soil, this spot has been either the site of, or in the immediate vicinity of a large Indian village at some period more or less remote. When it came under the dominion of the Dutch, and its war paths were brought down to the more domestic purposes of cattle walks, it came under the general superintendence of a herdsman whose business was, for a certain stipend from each family, to perambulate the village of New Amsterdam and blow upon his horn a note of invitation at the garden gates of the inhabitants, whose cows being let out joined the common drove and were driven through the romantic valley road now called Maiden lane, and having arrived at the common pasture were restrained from more distant perambulations by the watchful herdsman.

And in that manner, and to those uses was the "Vlachte" appropriated for many years. Afterward it became subject to less innocent and peaceful uses. It saw the warlike parade of the Dutch soldiery on training days. It witnessed the formation of a battle array under Captain Colve, destined to the capture of the city. It became the place of popular meetings for all sorts of purposes, among which were the holiday festivals of the English period, such as their Majesty's birthday, the anniversary of the discovery of the gunpowder plot, &c. It witnessed bonfires and illuminations, militia trainings, executions, burnings in effigy, and tumultuous meetings of Liberty Boys before the Revolution.

We see by the engraving on the opposite page its condition in the year 1742, a little over an hundred years after the settlement of the island. We observe at this period, that the population of the town was encroaching on its lower borders, and that streets were then laid out as far up as

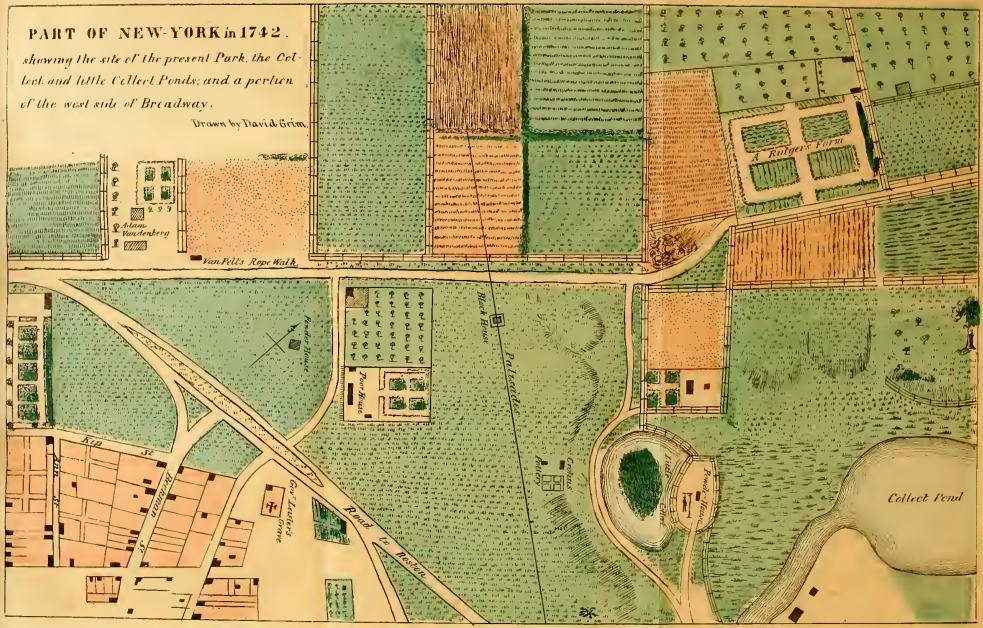

A Rutgers Farm
Collect Pond
Powder House

THE PARK AND ITS NEIGHBORHOOD IN FORMER TIMES.

THE "Vlachte," or "Flat," "Second Plains," "Commons," "Fields," by which name the present Park has been known at different periods, was originally the common grazing place of the cattle belonging to the citizens of New Amsterdam. Following the plan of European villages, this place was left open to the public use, and is probably the first recognized public property on this island. Its jurisdiction and proprietorship thus tacitly fell to the people, and it has, in its subsequent history, been the scene of some of the most important political demonstrations ever witnessed. While the island was yet in the possession of the Indians, it has been surmised that their village was situated on this spot. There is no account, we believe, in our historical records, of the precise locality at which the tribe known as the Manhattans resided, but judging from what has been received as undoubted evidence of the establishment of an Indian village, namely, the mixture of shells with the upland soil, this spot has been either the site of, or in the immediate vicinity of a large Indian village at some period more or less remote. When it came under the dominion of the Dutch, and its war paths were brought down to the more domestic purposes of cattle walks, it came under the general superintendence of a herdsman whose business was, for a certain stipend from each family, to perambulate the village of New Amsterdam and blow upon his horn a note of invitation at the garden gates of the inhabitants, whose cows being let out joined the common drove and were driven through the romantic valley road now called Maiden lane, and having arrived at the common pasture were restrained from more distant perambulations by the watchful herdsman.

And in that manner, and to those uses was the "Vlachte" appropriated for many years. Afterward it became subject to less innocent and peaceful uses. It saw the warlike parade of the Dutch soldiery on training days. It witnessed the formation of a battle array under Captain Colve, destined to the capture of the city. It became the place of popular meetings for all sorts of purposes, among which were the holiday festivals of the English period, such as their Majesty's birthday, the anniversary of the discovery of the gunpowder plot, &c. It witnessed bonfires and illuminations, militia trainings, executions, burnings in effigy, and tumultuous meetings of Liberty Boys before the Revolution.

We see by the engraving on the opposite page its condition in the year 1742, a little over an hundred years after the settlement of the island. We observe at this period, that the population of the town was encroaching on its lower borders, and that streets were then laid out as far up as


PART OF NEW-YORK in 1742.
shewing the site of the present Park, the Collect and little Collect Ponds; and a portion of the west side of Broadway.
Drawn by David Grim.
Adam Vandenberg
Van Zile's Rope Walk
Powder House
Park Barracks
Park House
Park Row
Chatham Row
Broadway
Gov. Lovelace's Lane
Road to Bowery
Rutger's Farm
Collect Pond

the present Spruce street, but the common was still uninclosed from the public highways, as indeed it remained for many subsequent years.

As an epitome of public acts relating to the Commons, the King's Farm and to the Fresh Water Pond, until the space now occupied by the Park was inclosed by a picket fence, and the present City Hall erected, we present the following abstracts of resolutions and ordinances from the Common Council records:

No Holes to be dug in the Commons.

1731.—It is enacted, that "if any person or persons whatsoever within this city or liberties thereof shall, at any time hereafter, dig any holes in the Commons of this city on the south side of the Fresh Water, or take or carry away any earth or mould, or shall cut, take, or carry away any sods or turf off any part of said Commons, he shall suffer a fine of forty shillings."

Law against taking Fish in Fresh Water Pond, in any other way except by Angling.

1734.—Be it ordained, that "if any person or persons whatsoever do, from henceforth, presume to put, place or cast into the pond, commonly called Fresh Water Pond, belonging to this Corporation, any hoop-net, draw-net, purse-net, casting-net, cod-net, bley-net, or any other net or nets whatsoever, and shall take and catch any of the fish within the said pond therewith, or by any other engine, machine, arts, ways or means whatsoever, other than by angling with angle-rod, hook and line only, every person so offending against the tenor of this law, shall, for every offence forfeit and pay the sum of twenty shillings current money."

Owners of Brick-kilns on the Commons in 1742.

1742.—Joseph Paulding, Cornelius Cozine, Charles Dobbs and Abraham Paulding, Jacobus Ryckman, William Wood.

Respecting the Tanners on the borders of Fresh Water Pond.

1745.—*Ordered*, That the tanners who have, and shall hereafter dig pits at the Fresh Water for the benefit of water, may in future enjoy the benefit thereof, and no one shall deprive them thereof.

The building of the Powder-house on the Island in the Fresh Water Pond.

1747.—The Recorder acquainted the Board that it is the opinion of the Governor and Council, and the Committee of the Assembly, that the hollow near the poor-house is the most proper place for building the magazine, and this Board considering the same, agree to the magazine being built there, provided the Corporation have the appointment of the keeper, and the benefit of the storage of all the powder there belonging to private persons.

The Commons hired out for Brick-kilns.

1751.—*Ordered*, A committee to inquire "what rents are due from the brick-makers for brick kilns made on the Commons of this city, and demand the same; and that they also have power to treat with and agree for the leasing of such parts of the said Commons for the making of brick kilns, as to them shall seem meet."

The Negro Burial-ground and Pot-house.

1753.—Petition of John Teller, Jacobus Stoutenburg and Mary Van Vlack, in behalf of themselves and others, praying that a grant of some lands belonging to this Corporation, in exchange for the negro burying ground; as also for a small slip of land on which a pot-house, &c., are built. Consideration deferred.

Removal of the Common Gallows from the lower end of the present Park to the present vicinity of the Five Points.

1756.—A committee appointed to remove the gallows from where it now stands to the place where the negroes were burnt some five years ago, at the foot of the hill called Catiemuts' Hill, near the Fresh Water.

Poor-house Burial-ground on site of present City Hall.

1757.—A small piece of the ground "of the length of two boards," to the eastward of the work-house fence, ordered to be inclosed for a burial place for the poor of said work-house.

The building of the New Gaol, (present Hall of Records.)

1757.—Committee appointed to superintend and purchase materials for the new gaol, and to proceed with all speed in completing the same.

The erection of Barracks in the time of the Old French War, along the present Chambers street.

1757.—The committee appointed to confer with carpenters respecting the building of barracks, report the following resolution, viz: That the said building be forthwith carried on under the direction and inspection of the above-mentioned committee, who are hereby empowered to treat with such persons, and provide such materials for the carrying on and completing said work as they shall judge proper; and further ordered, that the said building contain twenty rooms on a floor, two stories high, to be twenty-one feet square, four hundred and twenty feet long, and twenty-one feet wide, to be built on some of the common lands of the Corporation to the southward of Fresh Water, between the new gaol-house and the house of Catiemuts.

Place of the Brick Yards along present Chatham street, then the High Road to Boston.

1759—A Committee appointed to "lay out in lots some ground belonging to this Corporation, which lie between the new gaol-house, and the

house commonly called ' Catiemuts;' " (present south-west corner of Pearl and Chatham streets.)

3d April, 1759. This being the day appointed for farming, by public outcry, several lots belonging to this Corporation, which lie between the gaol-house and the house of Thomas Brown, near the palisades; four of the same were let, three to Joseph Paulding, and one to William Copeland.*

The Land in Vicinity of the Negro Burial-ground.

1760—Henry Van Vleck, merchant, attending the Board in behalf of his sisters Sarah and Eve Van Vleck, and proposed the leasing of three lots of ground contiguous and adjoining to the Negroes' Burying-place,† on part of which said lots their father built a pot-house, pot-oven, and sunk a well, supposing at that time the said lands were his property, whereupon this Board, having taken the same into their consideration, resolved to lease the same to said Sarah and Eve Van Vleck, and for nineteen years and six months, at forty shillings rent for each lot of twenty-five by one hundred feet.

Extension of Broadway through the Commons.

1760—Mr. Marschalk, one of the City Surveyors, produced to this Board the draft or plan of a road which he hath lately laid out by direction of this Corporation, viz; Beginning from the Spring Garden house,‡ where the street now is of the breadth of eighty-two feet six inches, and extending from thence north thirty-seven degrees, east thirty minutes, until it comes to the ground of the late widow Rutgers, leaving the street thereof fifty feet in breadth, which is approved of by this Board, and ordered that the same be recorded in such manner accordingly.

The King's Farm.

1761—Trinity Church released their claim to several streets in their land commonly called the "King's Farm," lying north of the present St. Paul's Church.

Place for Pitch, etc., on Commons.

1762—A certain place appropriated near to the house of Elias De Grusha, near the Negroes' Burial-place, for the reception of pitch, tar, turpentine, and shingles, and ordered that no such articles be kept in any other place south of Fresh Water.

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* For brick yards.

† The Negroes' Burial-ground, was situated near Stewart's marble store on Broadway.

‡ Present site of Astor House.

Whipping Post, Stocks, Cage and Pillory.

1764—Ordered that the Committee of the new gaol have power to cause to be erected opposite the said new gaol, a public whipping post, stocks, cage and pillory, in such manner as they shall think proper.

Janeway's Farm on present Chatham street.

1765—Petition of George Janeway, carpenter, setting forth that he is entitled to a lot of ground lying on the south-west side of the Fresh water, and the east-south-east side of the Kalk-hook, which adjoins the land of this Corporation, and gives notice that he is desirous of a survey.

The Brick Church on present Beekman and Nassau streets.

1766—Petition of the Ministers, Elders, Deacons, Trustees, Communicants, and other members of the English Presbyterian Church of the city of New York, setting forth, among other things, that they are possessed of a spacious and convenient edifice for the public service of Almighty God, and the administration of Divine Ordinances, according to their wholesome and approved form of discipline and worship; yet, by their great and continued growth, that building is rendered altogether incapable of containing the Congregation; and the Cemetery too small for the decent interment of the dead; and therefore praying that this Board would take their extreme necessities into their serious consideration, and grant to them the angular lot adjoining the ground lately called the Vine-yard, and to the Green, for the erection of a new church with an additional lot suitable for a cemetery. Granted at a rent of £10 per annum.

The proposed Dutch Reformed Burial-ground on present Pearl, William and Rose streets.

1766—Petition of the Ministers, Elders and Deacons of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of the city of New York, was preferred to this Board, setting forth that their predecessors have, for near a century past, made use of the cemetery church-yard adjoining to the old Dutch Church for the burying their dead, which, from the length of time and the contracted limits of the ground, is now so full of dead bodies that it is hardly possible to open the ground for a grave without digging up some of the corpses there interred, a circumstance very disagreeable and indecent; and therefore praying that this Board would be pleased to grant unto them and their successors forever, a certain piece of ground in the Commons, contiguous to Mr. Cuyler's Sugar-house, the east end of which fronts the main road that leads to Fresh Water, upon which it is ordered that this Board will grant to the petitioners the aforesaid piece of ground, containing twenty-eight lots, ten of which front northerly to Queen street,* eight others easterly and southerly upon Thomas street,† and ten others fronting

* Present Pearl street.

† Present William street

westerly upon George street,* some larger and some smaller, and that such grant be to the petitioners and their successors forever, under the rent of £70, to be paid annually.

Regulation of Murray street.

1768—Petition of several inhabitants, living in and near Murray street, that the same might be regulated; whereupon it is ordered that the same be regulated by the Committee for regulating the several public streets, in the West Ward.

Value of Land on the "Kalch-hook," present Broadway, near Pearl street.

1769—William P. Smith produced deed to the Corporation of ten-twelfths of a lot 248 feet square, situated to the northward of the "Common-field" of this city, near the Fresh Water, bounded on the west by Broadway, and on the east, north and south sides by Corporation lands, for which lot this Board has agreed to pay Mr. Smith £1,713, and such payment is thereupon ordered.

The City Hospital in Contemplation.

1771—The institution of a public infirmary or hospital within this city, being not only a laudable but useful undertaking, this Board being willing to encourage the same, have agreed to grant all the right and interest they have in and to the westermost half of the lot formerly belonging to John Harris, deceased, but now to this Corporation, containing in breadth in front on the Commons 124 feet, and in length 248 feet for the purpose of building the said hospital.

1772—The Governors of the New York Hospital, having purchased a more suitable site for their building than that offered them by the Corporation, petition for a grant of money in lieu of the land proposed to be given; whereupon £1,000 is voted.

Regulation of the Streets on the "King's Farm."

1773—The major part of the Committee appointed to regulate the streets in the vicinity of the College, made their report in substance as follows: We, the subscribers, having had Murrays street leveled, from the head of it down to a corner house, now occupied by Mathew, a baker, making a descent of two inches for every foot. We have also had Robinson street leveled, from the head of it, at Merselis' house, to the College gate. We have also had Warren street leveled, from the head of it at Cox's Tavern corner, down to Samuel Francis' house.

The Bridewell.

1774—Plan of a Bridewell advertised for. In 1775 they adopted one furnished by Theophilus Hardenbrook, and a Committee appointed to

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* Present Rose street.

carry out the plan, (afterward erected in the present Park, on the Broadway side of the City Hall—demolished a few years since.)

Chatham Street Named.

1774.—Ordered that the street, beginning at the house of Andrew Hopper, nearly opposite St. Paul's Church, and leading to Fresh Water, be called Chatham street.

The First "Water Works."

1774.—The proposal of Christopher Colles, heretofore preferred to this Board respecting the building of a Reservoir and the conveyance of fresh water through the city, being under consideration, it was resolved that it be carried into execution.

Messrs. Augustus and Frederick Van Cortland offered to convey to the Corporation sufficient ground, fronting Great George street, (now Broadway, above Chambers street,) as might be necessary for the Reservoir, at the rate of £600 per acre, which being thought reasonable, it was resolved to purchase the same, provided that upon sinking a well there, the water should be found of good quality.

Having subsequently tried the experiment of digging a well, and judging the water to be of a very good quality, the Corporation resolved to carry out the plan, and to issue notes to the amount of £2,500, to be drawn up in the following sums, 4,000 of sixpence, (£100,) 4,000 of one shilling each, (£200,) 4,000 of two shillings (£400,) 4,000 of four shillings, (£800,) and 2,500 of eight shillings, (£1,000;) and Mr. Colles was directed to enlarge the well and go on with the work.

The Board soon after entered into a contract with parties at Albany for 60,000 feet of pitch-pine timber, for the making of pipes for the water works, for the sum of £1,250. The land purchased for the purpose, (about two acres,) was paid for. The sum of £1,000 was advanced to Colles in 1774, and in 1775 £600. In January, 1776, the Board allowed Mr. Colles £10 per month toward his support. In March, 1776, new notes, to the amount of £2,000, were issued toward defraying the expense of the water works. The works were completed about April, 1776, and Mr. Colles was appointed to take charge of them, at £6 per month. This Reservoir stood on the present east side of Broadway, between Pearl and White streets.

PROGRESS OF THE PARK, COLLECT (OR FRESH WATER POND,) SWAMP, BROADWAY AND ADJACENT PARTS, FOR YEARS AFTER THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR.

The Place of Execution removed from Tryon Row to a locality in the present Park, between the City Hall and Hall of Records.

1784.—On reading the petition of a number of inhabitants in Chatham street and Tryon Row, praying that the building lately erected for the

execution of criminals may not be erected near their houses, it was ordered that the said building be removed, and placed between and on a range with the Alms-house and Gaol.

It is proposed to lay out streets near the Kalch-hook, or in the vicinity of the present Reade and Duane streets.

1784.—Petition of Henry Kipp and others, that a Committee be appointed for laying out streets near the Kalch-hook, was read, and a Committee appointed accordingly.

The "Upper Barracks," along Chambers street, in the rear of the present Park, leased to families.

1784.—A petition of sundry persons residing in and occupying the upper barracks, praying leases for the same, was read, and the consideration thereof postponed. Afterward assented to.

The old Powder Magazine, (on the island in Collect Pond,) discontinued.

1785.—The old Powder Magazine was discontinued, and a new one ordered to be erected at Inclaubergh.

A Claimant presents himself for a part of the ground within the present Park.

1785.—A petition of Isaac Sears, relative to his right to part of the ground whereon the Bridewell is erected, was read and referred to a Committee. This petition set forth that by certain Indentures, duly made by Thomas Arden and wife, dated the 2d and 3d days of February, 1770, he became and still stood seized in fee simple of the share of said Arden, in that piece of ground bounded westerly, in front, by Broadway, southerly by the Green commonly called the "Fields," easterly by the ground belonging to the Corporation and occupied with the poor-house, and northerly by other ground of the said Corporation. Of which piece of land John Harris the elder was seized at the time of his death; that the said petitioner actually paid for the said piece of ground the sum of Eighty Pounds. That the Bridewell was afterward erected on part of the said ground; and offered to release his claim upon payment of said consideration money, with lawful interest; which proposition was accepted by the Corporation.

A Proposition, for the first time, made to inclose the land now known as the Park.

June, 1785.—A plan of the Commissioners of the Alms-house for inclosing the ground commonly called the Fields, was presented to the Board for their approval, which was approved, if it could be done without expense to the Corporation.

Concerning the Bridge at Lispenard's Meadows, (across the present Canal street, at Greenwich street.)

1786.—A Committee appointed to examine the bridge near Mr. Lispenard's, represented to be much out of repair,

Ordered that the Alderman and Assistant of the Out Ward direct the bridge at Mr. Lispenard's to be rebuilt, (if necessary,) of stone.

The present City Hall Place first regulated.

1786.—A Committee appointed to regulate Augustus street.

Encroachments on the Fresh Water Pond, or Collect.

1787.—It being represented to the Board that encroachments were daily made on the Fresh Water Pond, and that filth and dirt were thrown into it by persons residing there. Ordered that a Committee examine into the matter and report to the Board.

Beginning to Improve the Park.

1787.—*Ordered*, That the paupers in the Alms-house be employed in collecting street dirt, and spreading it on the Commons in front of the Alms-house, to manure the ground and prepare it for grass-seed.

The Collect Pond surveyed, and a Diagram of the Streets to be laid out in that vicinity prepared.

1790.—*Ordered*, A Committee to cause a survey to be made of the ancient bounds of the Fresh Water Pond, and report the same to the Board.

1790.—The Committee appointed delivered in a survey for the several streets in the vicinity of Fresh Water, which was ordered to be filed.

The Barracks to be sold, and the Old building removed.

1790.—*Ordered*, That the Treasurer be directed to sell, in manner most advantageous, on or before the 20th April next, the building situated in the rear of the Alms-house, formerly occupied as barracks. The purchaser to remove all the materials by the first day of June next.

The Side-walks of Broadway first Paved, from Vesey to Murray street.

1790.—The Street Committee reported in favor of laying a foot-walk, paved with brick or flat stone, on west side of Great George street, (Broadway,) from Vesey street to Murray street, and on the opposite side; the same to be laid along the Bridewell fence.

A Claim of Title to the Fresh Water Pond purchased by the Corporation.

1791.—The Committee on the subject of the Fresh Water Pond made a verbal report, whereupon it was resolved to be expedient to purchase the right of the representatives of Anthony Rutgers, deceased, to the said pond

for the sum of £150, at which price it might be obtained; and the same Committee were authorized to treat for the purchase of the slip of meadow on the north-west side of the pond, which the Board also thought it expedient to purchase. The purchase of the soil under water was soon after consummated.

The Park first inclosed, by a Post and Rail fence.

1792.—The Street Committee reported that they had procured a quantity of posts and rails for the purpose of inclosing the pasture in the Common lands for the cows of the Alms-house. (This pasture was some distance in the upper part of the island.) And proposed that the said posts and rails should be used for the present to inclose the fields in front of the Alms-house, to protect the trees to be planted there this fall.

The Collect or Fresh Water Pond staked.

1792.—*Ordered*, That Mr. Carmer be added to the committee appointed to treat with the executors of Mrs. Barclay, deceased, as to the purchasing of the meadow lying between the Corporation lot and the Fresh Water Pond; and that the said committee purchase so much of the said meadow as they shall deem expedient; and that they direct the Fresh Water Pond to be staked off so as to prevent encroachments thereon.

Another Survey in vicinity of the Pond.

1793.—*Ordered*, That a survey be made of the land and meadows at and about the Fresh Water Pond, with the streets which may be necessary marked thereon.

The Old Alms-house, on the site of the present City Hall, proposed to be abandoned and a new building to be erected.

1794.—The Board proceeded to the consideration of the subject of the Alms-house, and it was determined that the existing buildings were become unfit for the accommodation of the poor, being in a ruinous condition, whereupon it was resolved to apply to the legislature for leave to establish a lottery for the raising of $10,000, to defray the expense of erecting a new building.

Proposition to dig out Broadway, north of the present Duane street.

1795.—A petition for digging out the Broadway, north of Barclay street, agreeable to its regulation, was referred.

A Canal on the line of the present Canal street proposed.

1796.—*Ordered*, That the Committee on the subject of a canal from the Fresh Water Pond to the Hudson river, be instructed to confer with the proprietors of the Swamp for the obtaining such parts thereof as may be required to make the said canal of the breadth of forty feet, and a street on each side of the breadth of thirty feet.

Site of the new Alms-house selected in the present Park, along the south line of Chambers street.

1796.—It was resolved, that the new Alms-house be erected on the rear of the ground of the old Alms-house. The plan of the building was adopted about the same time.

Concerning the proposed Canal.

1796.—A Committee appointed to confer with the proprietors of the ground through which the contemplated canal is to pass, from the Fresh Water Pond into Hudson river.

A great Dock for Shipping proposed to be made in the Fresh Water Pond.

1796.—A project or proposal of Mons. Mangin and Brother, engineers, for making a dock or basin in the low grounds at the Fresh Water Pond, as a safe harbor for shipping, and to drain and carry off the water from that quarter into the rivers, was read and ordered to be taken into consideration, with the subject of the contemplated canal from the Fresh Water Pond into Hudson river.

The New Alms-house occupied and the Old one removed.

1797.—*Ordered*, That the paupers be removed from the old into the new Alms-house.

1797.—*Ordered*, That Mr. Harsen take order for the taking down of the old Alms-house.

The Island in the Pond surveyed.

1797.—*Ordered*, That the ground belonging to the Corporation in the vicinity of the old Powder Magazine be surveyed and staked out, and that the same be filled up to a proper height.

The Grade of Broadway, from the present Duane street to Canal street, established.

1797.—The regulation of Broadway and the intersecting streets, from Barclay street (now Duane street,) to the arched bridge, (across the drain now known as Canal street.) By this regulation, Broadway required digging down at Magazine street, (now Pearl street,) to the depth of four feet nine inches from the natural elevation of the soil. At the intersection of the present Leonard street, it required digging down to the depth of fifteen feet six inches; thence by the regulation it was to descend by a gradual descent to the arched bridge; but the hill through which it was cut increased in height above Leonard street, so that at a distance of five hundred and twenty-five feet above Leonard street, the cutting had increased in depth to twenty-two feet ten inches. This was the highest point, and thence the natural hill descended somewhat steeply to the mea-

dow; the line of Broadway, through the meadow, required raising seven inches. The arched bridge was ten feet seven inches above the surface of the meadow. The digging was commenced within a year or two subsequent to the above date.

Standing Water in the Meadows.

1798.—A letter from the Health Commissioners was read, representing that the swamp or meadow between the Fresh Water Pond and Hudson river is overflowed with standing water, and requires immediate measures for draining it. Ordered that it be attended to.

The Manhattan Company selecting a Site for their Reservoir.

1799.—The Manhattan Company addressed the Corporation the following queries: 1st. Whether they were willing to sell the property formerly occupied by Mr. Collis for a well and reservoir; or 2d. If the Corporation preferred leasing it forever; or 3d. If the Corporation would permit the Company to occupy the grounds aforesaid until it could be ascertained whether the waters were pure and wholesome and adequate to supply the city. The city, on the first two points, reserved an answer, but granted the permission asked for in the third proposition.

1799.—A letter from the Manhattan Company stated that they would require a part of the inclosed ground in front of the Bridewell (the present Park in front of the City Hall,) to raise a reservoir for supplying the city with water. A Committee was thereupon appointed to confer with the company.

Part of the Negroes' Burial-ground, south of Chambers street, (in the present Park,) Question, as to ceding to the City.

1796.—The Board determined that if the proprietors of the land called the Negroes' Burial-ground, north of the Alms-house and Bridewell, would, on or before the first day of May, 1797, surrender to the Corporation all their ground south of Chambers street, the Corporation would release to them certain lots in Augustus street and the vicinity.

The Records of the City for several years about this period, have been abstracted. The Index is, however, preserved, from which we find as follows:

The stable and barn at the Alms-house in the Park were ordered to be pulled down.

A report was made on opening a canal from Broadway to Hudson river.

An order was made for opening the same immediately.

The erection of the present City Hall was resolved upon, and the building commenced.

It was resolved to fill in the Collect, and the work continued during several years, the dirt having been taken from the neighboring hills.

The Manhattan Company applied to purchase the Collect Pond.
Lispenard's Meadows were regulated.
(*Transcripts from Records resumed.*)

The Condition of the "Old Tea Water Pump."

1797.—A petition against the inconvenience arising from the spout of the tea-water pump projecting over the street, was presented, and referred.

The Committee subsequently reported as follows: "The Committee on the subject of the petition complaining of the obstruction in Chatham street, caused by the the tea-water pump delivering its water in the street, and by the water carts being drawn up across the street, when about to receive water; report, that they have viewed the premises, and find the matters and things set forth in the petition to be true. That the Committee have maturely considered the premises, and are of opinion that the said obstruction may be removed at no great expense to Mr. Thompson, the present occupant, and part proprietor of the premises, by causing the spout of the said pump to be raised about two feet, and by lengthening it so as to deliver the water at the outer part of the paved walk, which would permit foot passengers to pass under without inconvenience; and if the water carts were ordered to draw up abreast of the spout, near the gutter, and receive the water in rotation, it would remove the obstruction in the street. The Committee recommend, also, that the sidewalks in that vicinity be paved." Their recommendations were adopted except the paving, which was postponed for the time being.

The Progress of the Canal.

1804.—Application of Otis Toft and Silas Lindsey, to be informed of the regulation of Duggan or Canal street. Referred to Committee on the Tunnel.

1805.—The Street Commissioner is directed to report a list of the owners of land in the direction of the canal or tunnel intended by the survey of Charles Loss, in February, 1803.

1805.—The Committee on the subject of the Tunnel, presented their report in favor of an open canal, to pass through a street one hundred feet wide; whereupon it was resolved, that a street of one hundred feet in breadth, be accordingly laid out, and that the Street Commissioner be authorized to receive cessions for that purpose from the proprietors who are willing to cede, and that a canal of feet in breadth and feet in depth be constructed of brick or stone, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

The Old Tea Water Pump.

1805.—Petition of Abraham Shoemaker, for liberty to conduct the water of the late Tea-water pump into Orange street. Referred.

The Committee on the petition of Abraham Shoemaker, praying leave to erect his water works in such manner as to convey the water into the carts in Orange street, reported, that as he formerly took the water from Chatham street, it would be no serious inconvenience. The Board therefore allow his petition during their pleasure.

The Collect.

1805.—The Committee appointed to examine the state of the Collect reported that it was filled with the bodies of dead animals, and was dangerous to the public health. Whereupon, it was ordered that such animals be removed, and further, that the tunnels or sewers be made to pass through the dam, to carry off the water; and that the head of the Collect be filled in with good and wholesome earth.

1805.—The Street Commissioner reported that he had the offer of several thousand loads of dirt, at five cents per load, and is authorized to purchase it for filling in the Collect.

LESLERS' GRAVE

(Pointed out on the Map of 1742.)

This spot indicates the scene of one of the most doleful events in the history of New York. It is only within recent years that the particulars of the affair in which Mr. Leisler was engaged, have attracted public attention; but the interest taken in our historic annals has served as an incentive to the antiquary to bring before the public many documents which have illustrated that portion of our annals, and the subject is no longer a novelty. A brief narrative, however, it is supposed will not be out of place, in connection with the exhibition of his place of execution as shown on the map.

Jacob Leisler was a native of Holland, and emigrated to this country in the time of the Dutch possession; his first employment was as an officer in the troops of the government, but he married soon after his arrival in New Amsterdam, and then engaged in commercial pursuits. He became allied, by his marriage, to some of the principal families in this province, and acquired a large estate, being ranked among the wealthiest citizens. His commercial operations were principally in foreign trade, and he is found to have been one of the leading shipping merchants in this city at that period.

The religious controversies of that time were violent, and pervaded all

classes. They were more particularly animated after the surrender of the city to the English, for although the Dutch had stipulated for their own mode of worship, yet little reliance could be placed on the guaranty that it should be allowed; for the government of England was itself on the point of civil war, arising out of the rivalries of the various sects of Catholics, Episcopalians and Dissenters, which were contending for the place of power, and the countenance of the government. The reflex of opinions from the European shores found their way here, and occasioned, if possible, more individual excitement among the various sects than was shown at the fountain-head of the Government. Thus matters stood during twenty or thirty years, embracing the time from the death of Cromwell, and the overthrow of Presbyterianism in England, through the succeeding reigns of Charles and James, witnessing the restoration of Episcopalianism under the former, and as it was supposed with the latter monarch, the precursing signs of the rebuilding of the Roman Catholic authority in Great Britain. The Dissenters, as this state of things was in progress, began to murmur openly, and to speak of forcible means of preventing the advance of their ancient enemy. The rebellious feeling prevailed throughout Great Britain, and in all her colonies. Here the people watched for the blow to be struck at home, (as the parent country was called), and when, what is called the rebellion of 1688, took place, and King James was deposed, the news here occasioned a general outburst of sympathy, and the people laid violent hands upon the strongholds of the government in this province. The people acted in the first instance by a committee of safety, but owing to the long delays of receiving orders from the government over the water, they finally appointed Mr. Leisler, who was one of their leaders, as the temporary executive of the government.

The leading defect in Leisler's character appears to have been an impulsiveness and headstrong force of will which led him beyond the limits of prudence in carrying out the measures of his party. At the present day his position does not seem to have been a difficult one. The leading principles contended for by those with whom he acted, were such as commanded almost universal support; but the turning-point upon which his administration centred, was brought down to a personal contest for the places of government between two factions who professed to work for the same end. It was altogether (as it would seem) trivial in comparison with the extraordinary results produced in this country; brothers, parent and child, indeed all social ties were forgotten in the strife between neighbors for the foot-hold of power. The contest waged between one and two years; some of Leisler's opponents were banished, others imprisoned, and in short he exercised his power with severity, and without regard to consequences. His defence is to be found in the popular excitement, of which he was the exponent; in the pent up feelings of a whole community, during a score of years, now brought into active display. He finally was deposed by the government in England. His enemies being reinstated in the government turned upon him with a blood-thirsty desire for vengeance.

He was tried upon insufficient charges, and his condemnation being a foregone conclusion, his conviction followed, and he was sentenced, with his son-in-law, to be hanged. The great majority of the people regarded him as a martyr; fire-eyed fury fairly burnt within the households of the people of New York; but the *law*, that great principle of government, backed, as it was by power, restrained any positive demonstration toward the relief of the popular leader.

It is said that he was allowed to choose the place of his execution, and that he selected his own grounds for the site of the scaffold, (he owned a seat near Tammany hall,) designated his garden as his burial place; the spot is pointed out upon the map. The day of his execution was drizzling and disagreeable; the ceremony was equally sad and miserable; the people felt that their own lives were struck at through this sacrifice. The tears of thousands silently flowed as the ceremony progressed, and forty or fifty years failed to eradicate the tremendous tide of popular feeling which flowed on that day.

On the scaffold Leisler made a speech, in which he frankly admitted that he might have been guilty of excesses and, in his religious penitence, he prayed forgiveness of those who pursued him to this extremity.

Some years afterward his remains were taken up, and removed with great solemnity, by a popular assemblage, to the common burial-place of his religious sect, the Dutch Reformed Church in Garden street, (now Exchange place.)

LISPENARD'S MEADOWS.

The view on the opposite page represents a rural picture of that part of our city, in the vicinity of the present foot of Canal street, at a period, we presume, about the time of the Revolutionary War. It is known to those at all conversant with the original geography of Manhattan Island, that a large pond, commonly called the Collect, occupied a considerable portion of the present neighborhood of the Halls of Justice, in Centre street. From this pond, extended toward the North river, a marsh, covering a surface of seventy acres, originally covered by stunted bushes, and filled with swamp rubbish and the rotten growth of ages. It was justly considered the pest and plague of the outskirts of the city; cattle straying into it were sometimes "swamped" in its muddy holes, so that it was necessary to fence it around to prevent idle cattle wandering within its borders. But by far the most serious complaint against the nuisance was its alleged unwholesome effect upon residents in the vicinity, who were great sufferers from the fever and ague, so that farmers could not keep laborers employed upon their lands. These circumstances induced the government, in the year 1732, to grant the fee of the "swamp" to Mr. Anthony Rutgers, a farmer, residing near the present site of the Hospital, upon condition that he should clear and drain it, and pay a moderate quit-rent. We see the western end of the swamp, near the North river, a number of years subsequent to that last spoken of. The bushes are cleared off and a large drain has been cut through the centre of the swamp, drawing its waters into the North river.

The building on the left, (southerly side,) near the edge of the swamp is Lispenard's brewery; upon the hill, among the trees, is the residence of Mr. Lispenard, not discoverable through the foliage. The family of that name were of French extraction, but have been in the country from an early period. The first of the name was an Albany brewer, named Anthony Lispenard, who removed to this city about the year 1684. He died in the year 1696, leaving three children, Anthony, Margaret and Abigail. His wife, Abigail, also survived him. The son, Anthony, died in 1755, at an advanced age, leaving five children, Leonard, David, Magdalena, Abigail and Mary. Leonard Lispenard became the proprietor of the farm and brewery, a part of which is represented in the engraving. He was a prominent man in public affairs in this city for many years.

On the right, or northerly side of the swamp, the roof of a dwelling is seen, which was known as the Brannon property. A public garden and place of resort was here established, known as Brannon Gardens. When streets were afterward laid out through the property, one of them was known as Brannon street.



LITH. BY G. HAYWARD 120 WATER St. N.Y.

FOR D.T. VALENTINE'S MANUAL 1858

LISPENARD'S MEADOWS

taken from the site of the present St. Nicholas Hotel Broadway

DRAWN BY J. ANDERSON 1785

The grant of the swamp to Mr. Rutgers, and his construction of the drain gave rise to serious complaints on the part of farmers in the vicinity of the Collect Pond, as will be observed from the following proceedings in the Common Council:

1731.—"Forasmuch as a great number of farmers and others, inhabitants of this Corporation, have represented that they are greatly prejudiced by a drain laid into the Fresh Water Pond, by Anthony Rutgers, Esq., which has greatly drawn away the water from the same pond, and the said Anthony Rutgers, (one of the members of this court,) producing to this court, Letters Patent, for the swamp, by the said fresh-water, and that he was obliged thereby to drain the said swamp within a year from the date thereof, and that he did not conceive the making of the said drain would have been any detriment to any person whatsoever, and that if it be thought so to be, he is ready and willing to abide the order of this court relating thereto. It is therefore ordered that the said Mr. Rutgers do, by the first day of October next, fill up the said drain, thirty feet from the said Fresh Water Pond, so as effectually to prevent the same from draining the said pond."

THE OLD GRAVE-YARD OF NEW AMSTERDAM.

Some years ago, while the workmen were excavating the cellars of buildings on the west side of Broadway, now occupied by those elegant free-stone stores, commencing a few doors above Morris street, there was thrown up, by the spade, a great many skulls and other relics of humanity, obviously of the European type, which occasioned not a little excitement among our wonder-loving citizens, who were unable to account for so strange a circumstance, unless upon some mysterious surmise, respecting dark deeds done in the time of the Revolution. It was known that, as far back as memory or tradition could penetrate, the site had been occupied by the abodes of our most fashionable citizens, and this added to the strangeness of the event. The attention of our historical *savans* was directed to a problem which no ordinary knowledge could solve, and the result finally arrived at, evinced the fastidiousness with which the matter was investigated, for the origin of these bones was (though falsely) traced to the very foundation of the city. A new theory of the first settlement of the town was projected, and against all the revelations of authentic history, it was thought to be proven, that the first comers from Holland established their earliest fortification on this spot, and within its inclosure interred their dead.

Such, indeed, has been the light afforded by historical research, until within a recent period, and the author of the Manual accredits to himself the discovery that this spot was in fact the burial place of New Amsterdam; the honored ground wherein, with little pageantry or show, were laid the remains of the earliest race that peopled our city. It would perhaps, be uninteresting to go through the mass of material, consisting of antiquated MSS.; dusty records, and unknown tongues, through which the author labored, to arrive at a fact so interesting; but it was a sufficient stimulus to any degree of labor to find among the earliest English records mention made of "*the Old Grave Yard.*" The old grave-yard! of which no trace, relic, or tradition had descended to modern times. To the lover of our local history, a theme so inspiring must be likened to the incentives which have animated the explorers into the buried depths of the earth for traces of the traditionary cities of Ninevah or Pompeii. What emotions are inspired by the thought of a buried and long-forgotten race, the founders of our mighty city, whose bones, being tossed up by the laborer's mattock, are knocked about by the bystanders in wonder at the origin of such mysterious tenants of the dust! How tender is the sentiment which carries us back to that age, when those who are now so roughly handled, were the daily workers upon the soil of an infant colony. Thoughts of monuments to cover the hallowed relics arise as the best offerings toward

the perpetuation of their memory. But the remains themselves, having been long since carted away among the refuse soil to fill up slips, our filial dispositions cannot therefore be exhibited in that manner, and the best evidence we can give of our interest in the subject, is to record the fact for the reader's meditation, and to leave a written, if not a monumental, memento of the departed worthies of that olden time.

We have said that the basis of the investigation pursued by the author on this subject, was the mention of "the Old Grave-yard" in the earliest English records. The way in which the matter is mentioned, obviously implied that this honored piece of ground was about being lost to observation under the progress of civic improvements, and was destined to be covered up forever from human observation, and must soon be lost even to tradition, for no stone was to be left uncovered, nor any lines of demarcation which could point out the spot to the eye of posterity. We must, indeed, imagine from the circumstances, that our ancestors of that day had less regard for their progenitors than the ordinary sympathies of humanity toward their buried relatives commonly evince. Perhaps the spot was not "an honour to the city." Perhaps its dilapidated condition, its weed-covered mounds, its fallen tablets, were an eye-sore to the passer-by on a fashionable thoroughfare? For the simple record shows that without discussion or opposition, a resolution was unanimously passed by the city fathers, anno domini, 1677, "That ye old grave-yarde or late burying-place in ye Broadwaye be layed out in foure lots twenty-five foot front and sold at auction to ye highest bidder."

It was obvious then that we were to go back through more ancient papers to satisfy our desire concerning the history of the old grave-yard; and by dint of long and laborious groping our way through old deeds which bounded upon the old grave-yard; by measuring their distances, and comparing the various data thus collated, the precise locality was fixed to a moral certainty, and corresponded precisely with the place where the ancient relics were disinterred, as before related. We think it proper also to mention that the Hon. Murray Hoffman, in his elaborate and learned treatise on the ancient rights of the city, found occasion to enter into an examination of the original grants and patents of the city, and that his diagram fixes the site of the old grave-yard at the same place which had been established in our researches.

But whose were those skulls and joint-bones, which were cast up after a quiet repose of a century and a half. This is the most interesting question of all; for may they not have been those of some old Burgomasters, of whose magisterial deeds the antique records speak? Or of a man who had felled the native forest, on the very spot where his mortal remains found a resting place? Or of a matron whose maternal bosom had nourished the first Christian child born in our city: Or of a child whose infant cry first broke the solitude of a savage region. These and various similar cogitations beset us in our reflections upon this subject. But our answers must

necessarily be, in some degree, unsatisactory, as we know of no record of burials of that remote period now extant.

History informs us that none of the chief dignitaries of this province, except the last Governor Stuyvesant, were buried on our soil, and that the one just named set apart his burial place on his own plantation. Looking among those less elevated in the social sphere, we note, however, several persons well known in their day and generation, of whom we will give some particulars.

Jacob Wolfertsen Van Couwenhoven, one of the very first settlers, and a man of great distinction, died in 1670. He was a son of Wolfert Gerritsen, one of the first settlers, and carried on a brewing establishment on the corner of (as now known) of Pearl and Broad streets.

Thomas Hall, an Englishman by birth, who, having been taken prisoner by the Dutch, was released on parol, and took up his permanent residence in the city at a very early period. He was the proprietor of a farm near the present Beekman street, which property afterward was purchased by William Beekman. He filled various public stations in the magistracy, and died in 1670.

Balthazar De Haart, a wealthy merchant, died in 1671. He was an old citizen, and had long resided on the present Hanover square.

Captain *Richard Morris*, the first of that name since distinguished in our annals, died in 1672.

Isaac Bedlow, some time a Schepen, and long a wealthy merchant of New Amsterdam, died in 1675.

Thomas Exton, one of the English officers engaged in the conquest of this province, died in 1668. His will is short. He gives seven beavers to buy wine for the officers and gentlemen accompanying his corpse to the grave. Gives his shirtt to Matthias Nichols, (a distinguished lawyer;) some silver to Mrs. Nichols; and a gold seal ring to Richard Nichols. Gives his two goats in the fort to Richard Haymer. Gives to Richard Charlton for writing his will, four pieces of eight.

Jan Jansen Damen, the original proprietor of the farm extending from river to river, bounded along the present line of Wall street, died in the year 1651.

Daniel Litschoe, a tavern-keeper of great note in his day, near the present corner of Pearl and Wall streets, died about the year 1660.

Govert Loockermans, the first regular packet captain on the North river, a man of great wealth and distinction, died in the year 1661.

Joannes De Witt, the first of that name in this country, a miller by occupation, and residing on the present Broadway, opposite Bowling Green, died in 1668.

Doctor Hans Kierstede, the chief physician of his day, and one of the earliest settlers, who built the first habitation on the present corner of Pearl and Whitehall streets, where he resided until his death, which happened in the year 1666.

Isaac De Forest, a brewer, and for some time a magistrate, residing in the present Stone street.

Claes Van Elslant, one of the earliest settlers, and the grave digger in the old grave-yard, died in 1670.

David Provoost, one of the company's officers, died in the year 1656.

Pieter Rudolphus, an eminent merchant, died in the year 1660.

Adrian Vanderdonck, the most distinguished man of letters in the province, and the author of a description of New Netherland as it was in 1650. Died in the year 1655.

Cornelis Pietersen Vanderveen, a Schepen and prominent trader, died in the year 1661.

We have here mentioned a few of those who are known to have died while the old grave-yard was still used for interments; and whose remains have no doubt been among those dug up from the cellars of the Broadway stores. For the rest, (for the yard was full, even so that none could be interred without displacing others,) we have nothing definite to say. Let us leave these men, women and children to the best recollections of this and later generations, for they were the mortal relics of a people to whom we owe much that we now enjoy, and every thing that is venerable in the traditions and history of our ancient city.

THE NEGRO EXECUTIONS.

The City Commons being also the scene of those sanguinary executions of the negroes in the celebrated plot of 1741, the circumstances attending that event are proper to be briefly recorded here.

The people of New York were afraid of their slaves. From a very olden time they had gathered up stories of insurrection, murders, and conflagrations, the work of disaffected negroes uprising against their masters.

The slave population was ignorant, and in most respects debased, although well treated, in general, by their owners. They, however, with all their insignificance, in comparison with their white neighbors, were not unobservant of that spirit of personal independence which characterized the people of New York. These latter, (we allude to the white population,) were in a constant strife for more liberty; to free themselves from the shackles of arbitrary government, of ecclesiastical dominion, and the various fetters upon political, moral and religious freedom, from which, by the giant effort of the Revolution, they afterward arose.

The slaves of New York, being, as is the characteristic of the negro race, imitative in their dispositions, did not fail to canvass, among themselves, the benefits of freedom; to discuss the great advantages of wealth, to agitate the subject of the glory attendant upon the relieving themselves from a state of bondage. The citizens were aware of these facts, and dreaded the consequences. They were sensible that their negroes were too free to allow of their existence in a contented state of slavery. But to tighten the bonds seemed against the liberal spirit of the times. And thus, hoping for the best, but fearing the worst, our people awaited, in constant anxiety, for the indications of open demonstrations where they knew secret projects were entertained.

Slavery had been entailed, in this Province, upon the people of the last century. It had existed as an institution from the earliest period of the Dutch era. It was looked upon as a part of the social compact under which they lived. Many of the inhabitants were largely interested in their slave households as a species of property and a portion of their wealth. The responsibilities of the condition of proprietors were felt by many. They were sensible that they owed to the superannuated domestics the fostering care of protection and provision in the helpless portion of their lives, while the young and immature were equally dependent for sustenance until the riper years of maturity. Although the masters enjoyed the advantage of the labor of those servants competent to work, yet in this section of the country, unlike the southern portions, slave labor was not remunerative. It was simply a necessity, arising out of a state of society the work of past generations; of an era when voluntary labor was not to be had in this remote and newly settled country.

So that the white portion of our population considered themselves rather as supporting a burden than enjoying an advantage in the institution of slavery as it existed in the Province. Chief Justice Horsemanden, who may be fairly quoted as a respectable reflex of the popular sentiment among the whites of that period, in his record of the Negro Plot, uses terms which charge the negroes, as a body, with habitual ingratitude, falsehood, deception, baseness of moral principles, and a total want of perception of their true condition, capacities and duties. That they indulged preposterous notions of a higher state of social being; their ambition was tending toward unrestrained indulgence of their passions, and a licentious use of wealth to be acquired by their elevation to the condition of owners of all they saw about them. The opinion of this eminent man was common to the best of our citizens of that day. The lawyers of the city refused, to a man, to assist the negroes in their trials on this occasion; and although this universal prejudice on the part of the white people may seem, to us, unnecessarily severe and unjust, yet it must have great weight in sustaining the proposition that the negro slaves of New York were, as a body, sunk in a low state of moral and mental degradation.

It need not be suggested that this condition was, in part, the result of the state of bondage in which the race had so long been held. They were capable of sustaining a better character under a more favorable social and intellectual culture. But, take them as they were, with the ordinary passions and aspirations of humanity, but without the intelligence to comprehend a rational way of advancement, or a reasonable method of expressing that which was within them; it may be that the wild ideas of some of the leading spirits may have taken the course of a forcible destruction of the existing institutions, and the planting themselves upon the ruins; beyond which, and the immediate enjoyment of the spoils, their vague conception of results could not extend.

If such a purpose was entertained by any portion of the negroes, as is alleged by the high authorities before quoted, it may still be a question how far that disposition prevailed among the slaves as a body; and on this point we must think that our forefathers were, in a great degree, influenced by their personal fears rather than by unimpassioned reason and discrimination. We at this day, cannot but condemn the wholesale destruction of life, upon most insignificant testimony, in the cases of many of those who suffered the extremity of the law. We read over the evidence as given on the trials of the negroes, and while convinced of their debased intellectual capacities, and the want of moral principle among the negroes, yet we cannot disguise the conviction that the proceedings against them were without sufficient evidence to satisfy unprejudiced minds of the guilt of many who suffered. And even with respect to those most deeply implicated, they seem rather to be objects of compassion, on account of their total want of ability to comprehend the results of an undertaking so chimerical and absurd. Nevertheless, it must be conceded that we need the actual experience of contemporary observers, to judge of the circumstan-

ces of the people of that day; and to discuss a question of that character at this remote age, upon merely legal views of evidence, would probably be regarded as an assumption of opinion to which our respected forefathers might reasonably have entered a protest.

The leading circumstances attending the plot are given by a historian, briefly as follows:

A robbery which had been committed at the house of Robert Hogg, a merchant in New York, on the 28th of February 1740–1, led to the discovery of a plot, which was afterward called the *Negro Plot*. One Mary Burton, and indented servant to John Hughson, (a man of infamous character, and to whose house slaves were in the practice of resorting to drink and gamble, and of secreting the goods they had stolen,) was the instrument in the hands of the magistrates for the detection and punishment of the offenders. On the 18th of March, after the robbery, a fire broke out in the roof of his majesty's house, at Fort George, near the Chapel, consuming the house, the Chapel, and some other buildings adjacent. Most of the public records in the Secretary's office, over the Fort gate, were, fortunately, rescued from the flames. A week after, another fire broke out at the house belonging to a Captain Warren, near the long bridge, at the south-west end of the city. Both these fires were, at first, supposed to be accidental. But about a week after the last fire, another broke out, at the store-house of a Mr. Van Zandt, toward the east end of the town. Three days after, a fourth alarm was given, and it was found that some hay was on fire in a cow stable, near the house of a Mr. Quick. The fire was soon suppressed. The people, in returning from that fire, were alarmed by a fifth cry, at the house of one Ben Thompson, next door west of a Captain Sarly's house. It appeared that fire had been placed between two beds, in the loft of a kitchen where a negro usually slept. The next morning coals were discovered under a hay-stack, near the coach-house and stables of Joseph Murray, Esq., in Broadway.

All these circumstances having occurred in quick succession, the people were induced to believe that some designing persons intended to destroy the city by fire. What strengthened this belief was, a seventh alarm of fire, the next day, at the house of a Sergeant Burns, opposite the Fort garden; an eighth alarm, occasioned by a fire breaking out, the same day, in the roof of a Mr. Hilton's house, near the Fly market; and again, the same afternoon, and within a few hours after, a ninth fire occurring at Colonel Philipse's store-house. This strange coincidence of events left little room for doubt that some one or more of the fires occurred through design. It was soon rumored that the *negroes* were the perpetrators. One Quacks, a negro belonging to Mr. Walter, was said to have made use of some mysterious language and threats, indicating his knowledge of a plot. A proclamation was issued, offering rewards for the discovery of the offenders. Quacks, and several other negroes, were apprehended, and closely interrogated, but without effect. The Supreme Court, at its April term, strictly enjoined the Grand Jury to make diligent inquiries as to the late

robberies and fires within the city. Mary Burton, who had been apprehended as a witness relative to the robbery at Mr. Hogg's, gave the Grand Jury reason to believe that she was also privy to the design to set fire to the city. After some difficulty, she made a disclosure, which, in all probability, was greatly exaggerated, though some of its parts may have been true. She stated that meetings of negroes were held at her master s, (Hughson's,) house. That their plan was to burn the Fort and City. That one *Cæsar*, (a black,) was to be *Governor*, and Hughson, her master, *King*. That they were to destroy the whites. That she had known seven or eight guns and some swords at her master's house. That the meetings at her master's house consisted of twenty or thirty negroes at a time. Upon this evidence warrants were issued, and many negroes committed to prison. One Arthur Price, a servant charged with stealing goods belonging to the Lieutenant Governor, likewise became an informer. Being in prison himself, and having access to the negroes there committed, he received, or pretended to have received, much information from them. He was afterward employed by the magistrates to hold private conferences with the negroes in prison, and to use persuasion and other means to gain confessions from them. In this business he was peculiarly expert, and received the most unqualified approbation of the magistrates. Yet many of the stories are of such a chivalrous and romantic description as to excite suspicion of their truth.

The result of this affair was, that one hundred and fifty-four negroes were committed to prison, of whom fourteen were burned at the stake, eighteen hanged, seventy-one transported, and the rest pardoned, or discharged for want of proof. Twenty white persons were committed, of whom, two only, John Hughson and John May, (a Catholic priest,) were executed.

THE TRIAL OF ZENGER IN NEW YORK, IN THE YEAR 1735.

This celebrated trial, which has, by some distinguished authorities, been cited as "the dawn of American liberty," arose out of differences between the colonial government and the people, in which, on the part of the latter, it was asserted that the acts of William Crosby, then the Governor of the Colony, were arbitrary and against the liberties of British subjects. The particulars out of which the questions in difference arose are not necessary to be stated, as the general principle maintained was that upon which the Revolutionary War was afterward based, namely, that the people of America were less liberally governed than the subjects of the King were in England. To aid the popular party, a newspaper was established, in which able writers attacked the Governor and other branches of the government with boldness and zeal. The squibs, ballads and other "items" of this paper, (called the Weekly Journal,) irritated the Governor and his council to madness, and after various measures of retaliation unsuccessfully resorted to, with a view to put a stop to the paper bullets with which they were weekly plied, a legal process was finally taken out against the printer in the shape of an information for a libel. The counsel employed by Zenger having in the outset of the case fallen into a difficulty with the Judges, (the latter favoring the Court party,) those counsel were "thrown over the bar," as the phrase is, in other words were deprived of the liberty to plead before the Court. So that it seemed as if Zenger was to be deprived of the benefit of counsel when his trial should be called on. His friends, however, secretly sent to Philadelphia, and retained in his behalf the venerable Andrew Hamilton, then about eighty years of age, but in the full possession and enjoyment of his faculties. Hamilton was a distinguished barrister of that day. Educated in England, and in practice there before coming to this country, he had a good knowledge of law as a science, and took the highest rank in his profession. He was an ardent friend of free and liberal institutions, and, fearless of consequences, he denounced the encroachments and usurpations of those in authority with a boldness that excited their fear and hatred, while his easy and graceful eloquence, his powers of sarcasm, and his powerful declamation enraptured the people.

The Court met for this trial on the fourth day of August, 1735, a crowded audience filling the chamber. Mr. Hamilton proposed to prove the truth of the statements contained in the alleged libel, but was overruled by the Court on the ground that the truth of a libel cannot be given in evidence.

Mr. Hamilton then addressed the Jury as follows: "Then, gentlemen of the Jury, it is to you we must now appeal for witnesses to the truth of

the facts we have offered, and are denied the liberty to prove; and let it not seem strange that I apply myself to you in this manner; I am warranted so to do, both by law and reason. The law supposes you to be summoned out of the neighborhood where the fact is alleged to be committed; and the reason of your being taken out of the neighborhood is because you are supposed to have the best knowledge of the fact that is to be tried; and were you to find a verdict against my client, you must take upon you to say that the papers referred to in the information, and which we acknowledge we printed and published, are false, scandalous and seditious; but of this I can have no apprehension. You are citizens of New York; you are really what the law supposes you to be, honest and lawful men; and the facts which we offer to prove were not committed in a corner. They are notoriously known to be true; and, therefore, in your justice lies our safety. And as we are denied the liberty of giving evidence to prove the truth of what we have published, I will beg leave to lay it down as a standing rule in such cases, that the suppressing of evidence ought always to be taken for the strongest evidence, and I hope it will have weight with you. But since we are not admitted to examine our witnesses. I will endeavor to shorten the dispute with Mr. Attorney, and to that end I desire he would favor us with some standard definition of a libel, by which it may be certainly known whether a writing be a libel, yea or not.

Attorney-General.—The books, I think, have given a very full definition of a libel. They say it is in a strict sense taken for a malicious defamation, expressed either in writing or printing, and tending either to blacken the memory of one who is dead or the reputation of one who is alive, and to expose him to public hatred, contempt or ridicule. But it is said that, in a larger sense, the notion of a libel may be applied to any defamation whatsoever, expressed either by signs or pictures; as by fixing up a gallows against a man's door, or by painting him in a shameful and ignominious manner; and since the chief cause for which the law so severely punishes all offences of this nature is the direct tendency of them to a breach of the public peace, by provoking the parties injured, their friends and families to acts of revenge, which it would be impossible to restrain by the severest laws, were there no redress from public justice for injuries of this kind, which of all others are most seriously felt; and since the plain meaning of such scandal, as is expressed by signs or pictures, is as obvious to common sense and as easily understood by every common capacity, and altogether as provoking as that which is expressed by writing or printing, why should it not be equally criminal? From the same ground it also appears to follow that such scandal as is expressed in a scoffing and ironical manner makes a writing as properly a libel as that which is expressed in direct terms; as where a writing in a taunting manner, reckoning up several acts of public charity done by one, says: "You shall not play the Jew nor the hypocrite," and so goes on in a strain of ridicule to insinuate that

what he did was owing to his vain glory; or where a writing, pretending to recommend to one the character of several great men for his imitation, instead of taking notice of what they are generally esteemed famous for, pitched on such qualities only which their enemies charge them with the want of, as by proposing such a one to be imitated for his courage who is known to be a great statesman, but no soldier; and another to be imitated for his learning who is known to be a great general but no scholar, &c., which kind of writing is as well understood to mean only to upbraid the parties with the want of these qualities, as if it had directly and expressly said so.

Hamilton.—Ay, Mr. Attorney, but what certain standard rule have the books laid down by which we can certainly know whether the words or the signs are malicious? Whether they are defamatory? Whether they tend to a breach of the peace, and are a sufficient ground to provoke a man, his family or friends to acts of revenge, especially those of the ironical sort of words. And what rule have you to know when I write ironically; I think it would be hard when I say such a man is a very worthy, honest gentleman, and of fine understanding, that therefore I meant he was a knave or a fool.

Some further discussion here ensued, on the question whether the Jury or the Judges were to find the libellous character of the publication, in which the Court intimated that "the Jury may find that Zenger printed and published those papers, and leave it to the Court to judge whether they were libellous."

Hamilton.—"I know, may it please your Honor, the Jury may do so; but I do likewise know they may do otherwise. I know they have the right, beyond all dispute, to determine both the law and the fact, and where they do not doubt of the law they ought to do so. This manner of leaving it to the judgment of the Court whether the words are libellous or not, in effect renders juries useless, to say no worse, in many cases; but this I shall have occasion to speak to by-and-by; and I will, with the Court's leave, proceed to examine the inconveniences that must inevitably arise from the doctrines Mr. Attorney has laid down; and I observe in support of this prosecution, he has frequently repeated the words taken from the case *de libellis famosis*, in the fifth of Coke. This is indeed the leading case to which almost all the other cases upon the subject of libels refer; and I must insist upon saying that, according as this case seems to be understood by the Court and Mr. Attorney, it is not law at this day. For though I own it to be base and unworthy to scandalize any man, yet I think it is even villainous to scandalize a person of public character, and I will go so far into Mr. Attorney's doctrine as to agree, that if the faults, mistakes, nay, even the vices of such a person be private and personal, and do not affect the peace of the public, or the liberty or property of our neighbor, it is unmanly and unmannerly to expose them either by word or writing. But when a ruler of a people brings his personal failings, but

much more his vices into his administration, and the people find themselves affected by them either in their liberties or properties, that will alter the case mightily; and all the high things that are said in favor of rulers and of dignities, and upon the side of power, will not be able to stop people's mouths when they feel themselves oppressed—I mean in a free government. It is true, in times past it was a crime to speak truth, and in that terrible court of star chamber many worthy and brave men suffered for so doing; and yet, even in that court, and in those bad times, a great and good man durst say what I hope will not be taken amiss of me to say in this place, that the practice of informations for libels is a sword in the hands of a wicked King, and an arrant coward to cut down and destroy the innocent; the one cannot because of his high station, and the other dares not, because of his want of courage, revenge himself in another manner."

Attorney-General.—"Pray, Mr. Hamilton, have a care what you say, do not go too far, either! I do not like those liberties."

Hamilton.—"Sure, Mr. Attorney, you will not make any applications; all men agree that we are governed by the best of Kings, and I cannot see the meaning of Mr. Attorney's caution; my well known principles, and the sense I have of the blessings we enjoy under his present Majesty, make it impossible for me to err, and I hope, even to be suspected, in that point of duty to my King. May it please your honor, I was saying, that notwithstanding all the duty and reverence claimed by Mr. Attorney to men in authority, they are not exempt from observing the rules of common justice, either in their private or public capacities; the laws of our mother country know no exemption. It is true, men in power are harder to be come at for wrongs they do either to a private person or to the public, especially a governor in the plantations, where they insist upon an exemption from answering complaints of any kind in their own government. We are indeed told, and it is true, they are obliged to answer a suit in the King's Courts at Westminster for a wrong done to any person here; but do we not know how impracticable this is to most men among us, to leave their families who depend upon their labor and care for their livelihood, and carry evidence to Britain, and at a great, nay a far greater expense than almost any of us are able to bear, only to prosecute a governor for an injury done here. But when the oppression is general, there is no remedy even in that way; no, our Constitution has, (blessed be God) given us an opportunity, if not to have such wrongs redressed, yet by our prudence and resolution to prevent in a great measure the committing of such wrongs, by making a governor sensible that it is his interest to be just to those under his care; for such is the sense that men in general (I mean freemen) have of common justice, that when they come to know that a chief magistrate abuses the power with which he is trusted for the good of the people, and is attempting to turn that very power against the innocent, whether of high or low degree, I say,

mankind in general seldom fail to interpose, and as far as they can, prevent the destruction of their fellow subjects. And has it not often been seen (and I hope it will always be seen) that when the representatives of a free people, are by just representations or remonstrances made sensible of the sufferings of their fellow subjects, by the abuse of power in the hands of a governor, they have declared (and loudly too) that they were not obliged by any law to support a governor who goes about to destroy a province or a colony, or their privileges, which by his Majesty he was appointed, and by the law he is bound to protect and encourage. But I pray it may be considered, of what use is this mighty privilege if every man that suffers must be silent, and if a man must be taken up as a libeller for telling his sufferings to his neighbor? I know it may be answered, have you not a legislature? Have you not a house of representatives to whom you may complain? And to this I answer, we have. But what then; is an assembly to be troubled with every injury done by a governor? Or are they to hear of nothing but what those in the administration will please to tell them? Or what sort of a trial must a man have? And how is he to be remedied: especially if the case were as I have known it to happen in America in my time; that a governor who has places, (I will not say pensions, for I believe they seldom give that to another which they can take to themselves) to bestow, and can or will keep the same assembly, after he has modeled them so as to get a majority of the house in his interest, for near twice seven years together? I pray what redress is to be expected for an honest man, who makes his complaint against a governor, to an assembly who may properly enough be said to be made by the same governor against whom the complaint is made? The thing answers itself. No, it is natural, it is a privilege. I will go farther, it is a right which all freemen claim and are entitled to, to complain when they are hurt; they have a right publicly to remonstrate against abuses of power in the strongest terms; to put their neighbors upon their guard against the craft or open violence of men in authority, and to assert with courage the sense they have of the blessings of liberty, the value they put upon it, and their resolution at all hazards to preserve it as one of the greatest blessings Heaven can bestow. And when a house of assembly, composed of honest freemen, sees the general bent of the people's inclinations, that is it which must and will—I am sure it ought to—weigh with a legislature in spite of all the craft caressing and cajoling, made use of by a governor to divert them from hearkening to the voice of their country."

Mr. Hamilton here went into an examination of the history of the law of libel, which we omit as being too long for introduction in this work. Turning his attention to the question, as to the right of the jury to find both the law and the fact of the issue, and after citing some authorities, he continued:

"From all which, I insist, it is very plain that the jury are by law at liberty, (without any affront to the judgment of the court,) to find both



FROM D.T. VALENTINE'S MANUAL 1858

the law and the fact in our case, as they did in the case I am speaking to, which I will beg leave just to mention, and it is this:—Messrs. Penn and Mead, being Quakers, and having met in a peaceable manner, and after being shut out of their meeting-house, preached in Grace Church street, in London, to the people of their own persuasion, and for this they were indicted, and it was said, 'that they, with other persons, to the number of three hundred, unlawfully and tumultuously assembled, to the disturbance of the peace, &c.' To which they pleaded not guilty. And the petit jury being sworn to try the issue between the king and the prisoners, that is, whether they were guilty according to the form of the indictment; here there was no dispute but that they were assembled together to the number mentioned in the indictment; but, whether that meeting together was riotously, tumultuously and to the disturbance of the peace was the question. And the court told the jury it was, and ordered the jury to find it so; 'for,' said the court, 'the meeting was the matter of fact, and that is confessed, and we tell you it is unlawful, for it is against the statute; and the meeting being unlawful, it follows, of course, that it was tumultuous and to the disturbance of the peace." But the jury did not think fit to take the court's word for it; for they could find neither riot, tumult or anything tending to breach of the peace committed at that meeting, and they acquitted Messrs. Penn and Mead. In doing of which they took upon them to judge both the law and the fact, at which the court (being themselves true courtiers) were so much offended that they fined the jury forty marks a piece, and committed them till paid. But Mr. Bushel, who valued the right of a juryman, and the liberty of his country more than his own, refused to pay the fine, and was resolved (though at a great expense and trouble too,) to bring, and did bring his *habeas corpus*, to be relieved from his fine and imprisonment, and he was released accordingly; and this being the judgment in his case it is established for law, 'that the judges how great soever they be, have no right to fine, imprison and punish a jury for not finding a verdict according to the discretion of the court.' And this, I hope, is sufficient to prove that jurymen are to see with their own eyes, to hear with their own ears, and to make use of their own consciences and understandings, in judging of the lives, liberties, or estates of their fellow subjects; and so I have done with this point.

"This is the second information for libelling of a governor that I have ever known in America, and the first, though it may look like a romance, yet, as it is true, I will beg leave to mention it:—Governor Nicholson, who happened to be offended with one of his clergy, met him one day upon the road, and, as was usual with him, under the protection of his commission, used the parson with the worst of language, threatened to cut off his ears, slit his nose, and at last to shoot him through the head. The parson being a reverend man, continued all this time uncovered in the heat of the sun, until he found an opportunity to fly for it, and coming to a neighbor's house, felt himself very ill of a fever, and immediately writes for a doctor,

and, that his physician might be the better judge of his distemper, he acquainted him with the usage he had received, concluding that the governor was certainly mad, for that no man in his senses would have acted in that manner. The doctor unhappily shows the parson's letter; the governor came to hear it, and so an information was preferred against the poor man for saying he believed the governor was mad; and it was laid in the information to be false, scandalous and wicked, and wrote with intent to move sedition among the people, and bring his Excellency in contempt. But by an order from the late Queen Anne, there was put a stop to that prosecution, with sundry others set on foot by the same governor, against gentlemen of the greatest worth and honor in that government.

"And, may I not be allowed, after all this, to say that by a little countenance, almost any thing which a man writes may, with the help of that useful term of art, called an inuendo, be construed to be a libel, according to Mr. Attorney's definition of it; that whether the words are spoken of a person of a public character, or of a private man, whether dead or living, good or bad, true or false, all make a libel, for according to Mr. Attorney, after a man hears a writing read, or reads or repeats it, or laughs at it, they are all punishable. It is true, Mr. Attorney is so good as to allow, after the party knows it to be a libel; but he is not so kind as to take the man's word for it.

"If a libel is understood in the large and unlimited sense urged by Mr. Attorney, there is scarce a writing I know that may not be called a libel, or scarce any person safe from being called to an account as a libeller; for Moses, meek as he was, libelled Cain, and who is it that has not libelled the devil; for, according to Mr. Attorney, it is no justification to say one has a bad name. Echard has libelled our good King William. Burnet has libelled, among many others, King Charles and King James, and Rapin has libelled them all. How must a man speak or write, or what must he hear, read or sing, or when must he laugh, so as to be secure from being taken up as a libeller. I sincerely believe, that were some persons to go through the streets of New York now-a-days, and read a part of the Bible, if it was not known to be such, Mr. Attorney, with the help of his inuendos, would easily turn it into a libel. As for instance, the sixteenth verse of the ninth chapter of Isaiah: 'The leaders of the people caused them to err and they that are led by them are destroyed.' But, should Mr. Attorney go about to make this a libel he would read it thus:—'The leaders of the people (inuendo, the Governor and Council of New York,) cause them (inuendo, the people of this province,) to err, and they (the people of this province meaning,) are destroyed, (inuendo, are deceived into the loss of their liberty,) which is the worst kind of destruction. Or, if some person should publicly repeat, in a manner not pleasing to his betters, the tenth and eleventh verses of the fifty-fifth chapter of the same book, there Mr. Attorney would have a large field to display his skill, in the artful application of his inuendos. The words are, 'His watchmen are all blind, they

are ignorant; yea, they are greedy dogs, that can never have enough.' But, to make them a libel no more is wanting but the aid of his skill in the right adapting his inuendos. As for instance, 'His watchmen (inuendo, the Governor, Council and Assembly,) are blind, they are ignorant, (inuendo, will not see the dangerous designs of his Excellency,) yea, they, (the Governor and Council meaning,) are greedy dogs which can never have enough, (inuendo, enough of riches and power.)

"Such an instance as this seems only fit to be laughed at; but I may appeal to Mr. Attorney himself, whether these are not at least equally proper to be applied to his Excellency and his ministers, as some of the inferences and inuendos in his information against my client. Then, if Mr. Attorney is at liberty to come into court and file an information in the king's name, without leave, who is secure, whom he is pleased to prosecute as a libeller? And, as the crown law is contended for in bad times, there is no remedy for the greatest oppression of this sort, even though the party prosecuted is acquitted with honor. And give me leave to say, as great men as any in Britain have boldly asserted that the mode of prosecution by information, when a grand jury will not find a bill of indictment, is a national grievance, and greatly inconsistent with that freedom which the subjects of England enjoy in most other cases. But, if we are so unhappy as not to be able to ward off this stroke of power directly, yet let us take care not to be cheated out of our liberties by forms and appearances; let us always be sure that the charge in the information is made out clearly, even beyond a doubt; for though matters in the information may be called form, upon trial, yet they may be and often have been found to be matters of substance upon giving judgment.

"Gentlemen the danger is great in proportion to the mischief that may happen through our too great credulity. A proper confidence in a court is commendable; but as the verdict (whatever it is) will be yours, you ought to refer no part of your duty to the discretion of other persons. If you should be of opinion that there is no falsehood in Mr. Zenger's papers, you will, nay, (pardon me for the expression,) you ought to say so; because you do not know whether others, (I mean the court,) may be of that opinion. It is your right to do so, and there is much depending upon your resolution, as well as upon your integrity."

After some other remarks of similar application Mr. Hamilton concluded as follows:

"I am truly unequal to such an undertaking, on many accounts. And you see I labor under the weight of many years, and am borne down by many infirmaties of body; yet old and weak as I am I should think it my duty, if required, to go to the utmost part of the land, where my service could be of any use in assisting to quench the flame of prosecutions upon informations set on foot by the government, to deprive a people of the right of remonstrating, (and complaining too,) of the arbitrary attempts of men in power. Men who injure and oppress the people under their adminis-

tration provoke them to cry out and complain, and then make that very complaint the foundation for new oppressions and prosecutions. I wish I could say there were no instances of this kind. But to conclude, the question before the court and you, gentlemen of the jury, is not of small or private concern; it is not the cause of a poor printer, nor of New York alone, which you are now trying. No! it may, in its consequences, affect every freeman that lives under a British government, on the main of America. It is the best cause; it is the cause of liberty; and I make no doubt but your upright conduct, this day, will not only intitle you to the love and esteem of your fellow-citizens, but every man who prefers freedom to a life of slavery, will bless and honor you as men who have baffled the attempts of tyranny; and by an impartial and uncorrupt verdict, have laid a noble foundation for securing to ourselves, our posterity, and our neighbors, that to which nature and the laws of our country have given us a right—the liberty—both of exposing and opposing arbitrary power in those parts of the world at least, by speaking and writing truth."

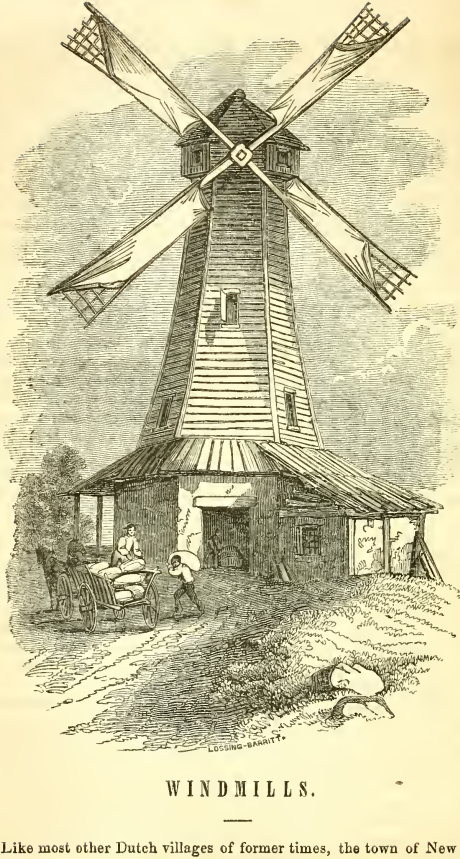
The address of Mr. Hamilton was listened to with intense interest by a crowded audience, and was received with every possible mark of favor. At the conclusion of it, the Attorney General briefly replied, and the Chief Justice as briefly charged the jury, to the effect, that as the defendant had confessed the publication of the words complained of, the only question for the jury was, whether the words were libellous, and this being a question of law, they might safely leave it to the court. The jury withdrew, and in a short time returned into court with a verdict of *not guilty*.

The verdict was received with shouts. The judges threatened the leader of the tumult with imprisonment, when a son of Admiral Norris declared himself the leader, and invited a repetition of the huzzas. The judges had no time for a reply, for the shouts were instantly repeated, and Mr. Hamilton was conducted from the hall, by the crowd, to a splendid entertainment. The whole city renewed the compliment at his departure, and the next day he entered the barge under a salute of cannon. The Common Council of New York presented him the freedom of the city, "under a grateful sense of the remarkable service done by him to the city and colony by his learned and generous defence of the rights of mankind, and the liberty of the press." A splendid gold box, in which to enclose the certificate of the freedom, was also purchased by subscription, on which the arms of the city were engraved, encircled with the words, "DEMERSAE SLEGES—TIMEFACTA LIBERTAS—HAEC TANDEM EMERGUNT;" in a flying garter, within, "NON NUMMIS, VIRTUTE PARATUR;" and on the front, "ITA CUIQUE EVENIAT UT DE REPUBLICA MERNIT."

The argument of Mr. Hamilton, although open to criticism as a legal production, must be regarded as a most able performance under the circumstances of the case. The law was undoubtedly against him, but his exposition of its difficulties and absurdities was clear and able, while his address to the jury, and his whole management of the defence were skillful,

and well calculated to accomplish the object he had in view. But it was, in a political point of view, that this trial became of great importance. The political opinions so boldly promulgated by Mr. Hamilton, within the jurisdiction of the most arbitrary governor in America, and before judges of his own creation, were eagerly responded to by the whole country. The result of the trial was proclaimed as a triumph of the people over arbitrary power, and gave a confidence to infant opinions, which caused it to be regarded as the morning star of American freedom. "But it was not one light alone that ushered in the dawn of our independence; the stars of a whole constellation sang together for joy."*

*Chandler's Criminal Trials.



WINDMILLS.

Like most other Dutch villages of former times, the town of New Amsterdam exhibited to the traveler a striking feature in its windmills, which being generally situated on elevated points, towered above the humble edifices of the town, and spread their wings invitingly toward the vagrant breezes.

It must be remembered that windmils were very important machines in those days, when there was no water power convenient without going into the wildernesses of Westchester county and Jersey, and exposing Christian lives to the murderous savage; when steam was not thought of as a motor, and when the whole subject of economy of power was divided between the rival claims of horse power and wind power. There was a horse mill erected here almost as soon as the colonists settled the island, (its locality being the present South William street, near Broad street,) but upon the whole, as capital enlarged, it found its way into windmills in preference to the other method of wearing and tearing horse flesh; and indeed, upon the whole, it must be confessed that the greater popularity of this form of machine, was well deserved. Albeit its great unwieldy arms, its varying motion and the creaking of the sails, as they favored the course of the wind, were not exactly in accordance with the more scientific systems of machinery of modern days.

In the perspective view of the city, made by that accomplished merchant, Augustus Heermans, in 1656, the windmill adjoining the fort, and standing upon the present State street, was the most prominent object in view of the traveler approaching the city; and no doubt it was a pleasing one to the weary wanderer from a far-off home of civilization. It recalled the scenes of the old country. It spoke of habits of industry, and the realization of ideas of bread, at least, in this new scene of future residence.

Another windmill occupied the eminence immediately north of Wall street, the owner being Jan Vinje, at once farmer, brewer and miller. A curious sight it must have been to see the farmer's wagons laden with grain traversing the shore along the East river, winding up the romantic valley now called Maiden lane, and depositing their loads at this edifice then standing in the midst of a clearing of forest trees of native growth. The snug little stone farm house, with its loop hole windows to keep out marauding savages, the low door way with its bull's-eye windows in the panels, the motley assemblage of domestic animals and slaves of all sorts and sizes, which then formed the great part of a domestic establishment, the waving grain of the adjoining fields, the newly planted orchard, all formed a picture which can hardly now be idealized in connection with that ancient and long populated part of the city.

Farther eastward on the heights along the East river shore was another windmill, opposite the ferry landing from Long Island. Here also was a brewery, and likewise a house of entertainment wherein the farmer solaced himself while waiting during the tedious intervals of the passage of the ferry boats. Some localities have their peculiar topics of conversation, and here it naturally turned to a discussion upon the changes of the tide, the probable duration of detention, the chances of the traveler reaching his home during the day, and kindred subjects. The "ferry" was as well known in those times as the City Hall is now.

Another windmill stood upon the south part of the present Park, then

a desert spot, covered by stinted bushes and "hoop-pole" saplings, and offering no annoyance of forest trees to the free course of the winds above the underwood. It was here that the miller presented the attractions of his establishment to such of the farmers as cultivated the "vlachte" or flats of Harlem, then the agricultural garden of Manhattan Island, the rough road through the Commons bushes running directly past his door, which was in full view, though at a considerable distance from the city.

Then to attract the Jersey farmers, those venturesome men who had penetrated the wilderness and planted the fertile region of Hackgingsack, and those too along the Jersey shore, in sections called by the Indians Ahasimus, Hoboken hacking and Carnocuipa, there was another windmill erected on the North river shore, below the present St. Paul's church.

These and several others, erected from time to time, on prominent points of the landscape, were distinguishing features of the Dutch city of New Amsterdam. The business of miller was one of the most profitable of that day, for this city was for a long period the staple port where all flour designed for exportation was bolted, and whence all flour was exported. It was said that this was the principal cause of its prosperity in early times; and that when the privilege was taken away the prosperity of the city was reduced one half.

OBSOLETE NAMES OF LOCALITIES ON MANHATTAN ISLAND.

The Potters Field—In 1794.—The triangular piece of ground at the then junction of the Post and Bloomingdale roads, (now Madison square,) was appropriated to the use of the Alms-house for a burial-ground, and received the name of the Potters Field.

In 1797.—A portion of the Corporation property in that vicinity was granted to the State for arsenal purposes, and about the same time the place was abandoned as a public burial-place, on account of the opposition made to the public exhibition of funerals on the much frequented roads leading to this spot, and it was resolved to purchase a more secluded locality for the Potters Field.

A piece of ground, containing about ninety lots, parcel of the land of William S. Smith, bounded on the road leading from the Bowery lane, at the two mile stone, to Greenwich, having been purchased at public auction, and offered to the Corporation as a proper place for a public burial-ground, at the price of £1,800, it was resolved to purchase the same.

Opposition was made to this by the property owners in the vicinity, and the matter being referred to a committee, they reported, "That they had viewed a piece of ground which the petitioners will purchase at their own cost, and convey the same to the Corporation for a public cemetery, and find it well calculated for the purpose, so far as that it is removed a convenient distance from the Greenwich and Albany roads. That the soil is sandy and covered with brush, which will hide the graves and yet not interfere with digging them. But the Committee are obliged to remark, that to get to this ground the hearse (the great subject of complaint) must travel either of the roads above-mentioned."

The Board, however, refused to alter their purpose, and in spite of great opposition, the ground, recently purchased, was established as the new Potters Field. This was the present Washington square.

Crummashie Hill, was an eminence near Governor Stuyvesant's farm. Mr De Witt, in his compilation of the old farms of New York, has written the name *Krom-messie*, and given a derivation of that name to the shape of the farm upon which it was situated, as being that of a shoemaker's knife. The present *Gramercy* park is said to have derived its name from the old Crummashie hill.

Rose Hill was the name of the country seat of John Watts, Esq., prior to the Revolution. The estate covered some twenty-five blocks in the present Eighteenth Ward.

Bosch Bouwery, or Bush farm, was an old estate in the vicinity of the present Seventh avenue and Twenty-fifth street.

Horen Hook, a somewhat equivocal Dutch cognomen, given to the point

of this island opposite Hell gate, was in after years changed to Horn's hook.

Brannon's Garden was about the year 1765, established as a place of public resort along the Greenwich road, on the North river shore, about the present foot of Canal street.

Fitzroy Road formerly led from Greenwich village to the present Forty-second street. It was originally a part of the *Great Kiln Road*, leading to a rivulet known as the Great Kill brook, near which was a glass furnace, on the northerly boundary of an estate of Sir Peter Warren.

The Parade.—This name was given, at an early period, to the space in front of the old Fort, now known as the Bowling Green.

1770.—Permission was granted that the equestrian statue of King George III, be erected thereon, on its arrival.

1770.—*Ordered*, That a temporary fence be erected round the Bowling green of posts and rails, not to exceed five rails high.

1771.—*Whereas*, The General Assembly of this province, have been at the great expense of sending for an equestrian statue of his majesty, (George III,) and erected the same on the Bowling Green, before his majesty's fort in this city, and this Board, conceiving, that unless the said Green be fenced in, the same will very soon become a receptacle for all the filth and dirt of the neighborhood, in order to prevent which, it is ordered that the same be fenced with iron rails, in a stone foundation, at an expense of £800.

1785.—A petition of Thomas Pool, praying that he may be permitted to exhibit some feats of horsemanship in the Bowling Green, was read and rejected.

1786.—A request of Mr. Daniel Ludlow, that he may be permitted to have the care and use of the Bowling Green, at the lower end of the Broadway, for two years, he being willing, at his own expense, to manure the ground, and sow the same with proper grass seed, and have it well laid down as a green; and a request of Mr. Chancellor Livingston, that the direction and use of the said Bowling Green may be granted to him, were respectively read.

Ordered, That the direction and use of the said Bowling Green, be granted to Mr. Chancellor Livingston, on the terms offered by Mr. Ludlow.

1789.—A Committee to remove the Federal ship * out of the Bowling Green, to have the fence repaired, and to let out the Bowling Green.

1791.—The Street Committee reported, that in their opinion, the Bowling Green, in front of the Government house, ought to be preserved, and that it will be necessary the fence should be raised in proportion to the regulation of Broadway. Agreed to.

1795.—*Ordered*, That the inclosed ground, commonly called the Bowling

* Federal ship HAMILTON, used in the procession, on the adoption of the new Constitution by the State of New York.

Green, in front of the Government house, be appropriated to the use of the Governor, for the time being.

1798.—*Ordered*, That Mr. John Rogers may have the use of the Bowling Green, on condition that he keep it in good order, and suffer no creatures to run in it.

Thysen's Garden.—A place of public resort, just on the outer side of the wall of New Amsterdam, along the present Wall street, was kept by Elizabeth Thysen. The town gate lay just by her door, and the nine o'clock evening bell has often in the olden time, hurried her loitering visitors to hastily betake themselves through the closing portals, or be shut out of the city for the night.

The Ould Kill.—This was the Dutch name of the stream which emptied the waters of the Fresh Water pond, into the East River; at about the present foot of James street. A bridge crossed the Ould Kill, at about the present junction of Roosevelt and Chatham streets, on the line of the principal highway to the city, from the north.

The Cherry Orchard.—This orchard, which gave the name to the present Cherry street, was originally planted by Govert Loockermans, one of the earliest Dutch settlers. It was situated on the present Chatham square, on the slope of a hill, leading down toward a swamp, which is now covered by Roosevelt, James and other streets. It was, no doubt, one of the earliest plantations of cherry trees on this island.

The Old Ferry.—We have formerly given particular descriptions of this locality, which was a point of great interest, in very early times, being situated at the present Peck slip.

Corlaer's Plantation.—A tobacco farm, from which the name of the present Corlaers hook is derived, lay along the East river, in the vicinity of the point so denominated. Its origin is of very ancient date.

Domine's Bowery.—This property which has been in litigation as a part of the Trinity Church property, has been several times particularly described in former numbers of the Manual.

Golden Hill.—The popular name of a place of public resort, in early times called Vandercliff's Orchard was situated along the East river, in the vicinity of the present John street, at its junction with Cliff street. This tavern was, for over fifty years, one of the most frequented suburban houses of entertainment; its location was esteemed the most agreeable at that period. It gave the name to a part of the present John street, which for many years was called Golden hill.

The "Waal."—When people, in the days of New Amsterdam, spoke of going down to the "Waal," they referred to a business locality, facing the East river, along the present northerly side of Pearl street, between the present Coenties slip and Hanover square. The name arose from the siding of boards along the river, to keep the tide from washing the street.

The Cingle.—What is now generally known as having been the city wall of New Amsterdam (along the present Wall street,) was, in those

days, commonly called the *Cingle*, which was supposed to have been a Dutch term in fortifications.

Monument Lane.—Formerly forming part of the fashionable drive in the suburbs of New York, was established in 1768, as appears by the following record.

"*Whereas*, Francis Marschalk, one of the city surveyors, on Thursday, the 11th of February, preferred a plan of two roads leading from the Bowery lane to the hill or sand bank toward Greenwich, for the approbation of this Board; they thereupon made choice of the widest of the two, and ordered that the persons claiming lands contiguous thereto, have notice to show cause on the Monday following, at the Common Council chamber, why the same should not be recovered, and to remain a public road forever; and whereas, no sufficient cause has since been shown to this Board to the contrary, this Board, thereupon ordered that the same be accordingly recorded a public road;" which said road, as agreeable to the plan now filed, runs from the old house, fronting the Bowery lane, north, seventy-three degrees and thirty minutes; west six chains and eighty-five links thence north sixty four degrees and forty five minutes, west twenty-two chains and thirty links, to the brook called by the Indian name Minetta water."

The name of Monument lane was given to this road (of which the present Greenwich avenue is a portion), arose from its northern extremity being opposite an obelisk, raised in memory of General Wolfe.

Incleuberg.—Or Fire beacon hill, a name of Dutch origin, and of very ancient date, would seem to denote a locality which had served the purpose of telegraphing to the people of New Amsterdam, the approach of savage foes from the more northern part of the island. This hill was situated near the present Thirty-sixth street and Fourth avenue; it was formerly a part of the common lands of the city, and was sold by the Corporation in 1806, for sixty-two thousand dollars; the property embraced thirty acres of land.

In 1751 the following order was made, in favor of Oliver Delancey, Esq., whose country residence was in that vicinity.

Ordered, That Mr. Oliver Delancey, have leave to lay out a road all round *Inclamvenberg* for the conveniency of riding round the same, under direction of a Committee of the Board, and under advice of a surveyor.

Sailors' Snug Harbor.—The property, formerly so called, consisted of land lying in the present Fifteenth Ward of this city, containing twenty-one acres, one rood, thirty-four perches and one hundred and thirty-two feet, which was left by the will of Captain Robert Richard Randall, together with other property, to certain trustees, to erect and build thereon "an asylum or marine hospital, to be called the Sailors' Snug Harbor, for the purpose of maintaining and supporting aged, decrepit and worn-out sailors." Captain Randall, who had previously resided on this place, died in 1801. It was the intention of the donor to have the hospital built upon

a part of the ground situated in the Fifteenth Ward, but in consequence of the rapid growth of the city, and of the great rise of property within its limits, and also considering the habits and character of seamen, the trustees became fully convinced that the benevolent design of the testator would be more extensively carried into effect, by reserving the whole of the ground in their possession, as a source of revenue for the support of the institution, and that the taste of the subjects of the charity would be more gratified, and their comfort greatly promoted by purchasing a site for the hospital on the river shore. They accordingly procured an act of the legislature, in 1814, authorizing them to purchase land for that purpose, and to lease the lots in the Fifteenth Ward. In May, 1831, the trustees purchased the farm on Staten island, now known as Sailors' Snug Harbor, containing one hundred and thirty acres of land, and subsequently added twenty acres to the original tract. The income of the property belonging to the Sailors' Snug Harbor, which in 1806 amounted to four thousand dollars per annum, amounted, in 1848 to thirty-seven thousand dollars per annum, arising, principally, from the ground rent of the property in the Fifteenth Ward.

"*The Locust Trees*," a hill on the North river shore, shaded by locusts, overlooking the river, with a fine view of the bay, was one of the places visited by loiterers and pleasure-hunting youth of New Amsterdam. It was on the outskirts of the tower being on the south-westerly side of the present Trinity church-yard, which was then inclosed and cultivated as a vegetable garden, for the use of the public officers of the West India Company.

Bylevelt's Bowery—One of the early farms, laid out by the Dutch authorities, was originally granted by the government to Leendert Aerden in 1645. It contained about eighty acres, and lay east of the Bowery.

Pannebacker's Bouwery.—Also one of the early farms, set out by the government, laid east of the present Chatham square.

Bowery No. 5, was originally granted in the year 1645, to Cornelis Clasen Switz, and contained fifty acres; it laid east of Chatham square.

Laslaes Plantation and *Van Twiller's Plantation*, both cultivated as tobacco lands, were in the present Eighth and Ninth Wards, near Sapocanican or Greenwich.

Potter's Hill, along the shores of the Collect pond, was so called from Crolius' Pottery, established at an early period, between the present Chambers and Reade streets.

Schaape Waytie, or sheep pasture, a hill-side which, in the times of the Dutch, was not yet occupied for building purposes, running down from Wall street, the upper part of the present Broad street having been a part of the pasture.

Bestevaer's Cripple Bush.—This was the Dutch name for what was afterward called Beekman's Swamp, covered by the present Ferry, Gold, and adjacent streets.

The *Company's Valley or Marsh.*—There were several marshy sections

on the island, which, soon after the settlement, received distinctive names. The above name was applied to the present locality of Broad street, which was originally a meadow traversed by an inlet.

The late *Vauxhall*, in the Bowery, was formerly the property of Jacob Sperry. This gentleman was born in Zurich, in Switzerland, in the year 1728, and emigrated to this country in 1748. He was educated a physician, and after obtaining his diploma, he abandoned the profession. Being fond of study and of flowers, he became a florist. Shortly after his arrival, he received funds from his parents, and purchased the above property when in a rough state, and established himself as a horticulturist. He there reared nine children, five daughters and four sons. There is but one grand son by that name now living in this city, Henry C. Sperry, who was born on the property in 1800. In 1803, Jacob Sperry sold the property to John Jacob Astor for £9,000, ($45,000). He then purchased a house and garden from a Mr. Jordan, on the corner of Nicholas William street, (now Seventh street.) In 1808 he died, in his eightieth year. Mr. Astor then gave a twenty-one year's lease to a Frenchman by the name of Delacroix, and he named it Vauxhall Garden. Mr. Delcroix moved the green house broad side on the Bowery, and converted it into a saloon. Subsequently the dwelling took fire, and partially burned down, but most of the timbers of the house and green-house remained until last fall, when the Astor heirs demolished them to make room for larger buildings.

Catiemut's Hill, along the Collect Pond, in former times kept as a public garden and place of entertainment. It was at the present south-west corner of Chatham and Pearl streets.

Rotten Row.—In the last century, a collection of houses facing the East river, and lying along the present Water street, north of Old slip.

Spring Garden, a place of public resort in the last century, situated on the present site of the Astor House; at one period known as the "Drover's Inn."

Saw-mill Creek—Near Harlem.

Canvas Town.—The place so called, was made after the great fire in 1776. It lay toward the East river, and from Broad street to Whitehall street. It was so called from the temporary construction of the houses, and their being generally covered with canvas instead of roofs. Lewd and dissolute persons were generally their tenants, and gave them their notoriety and fame.*

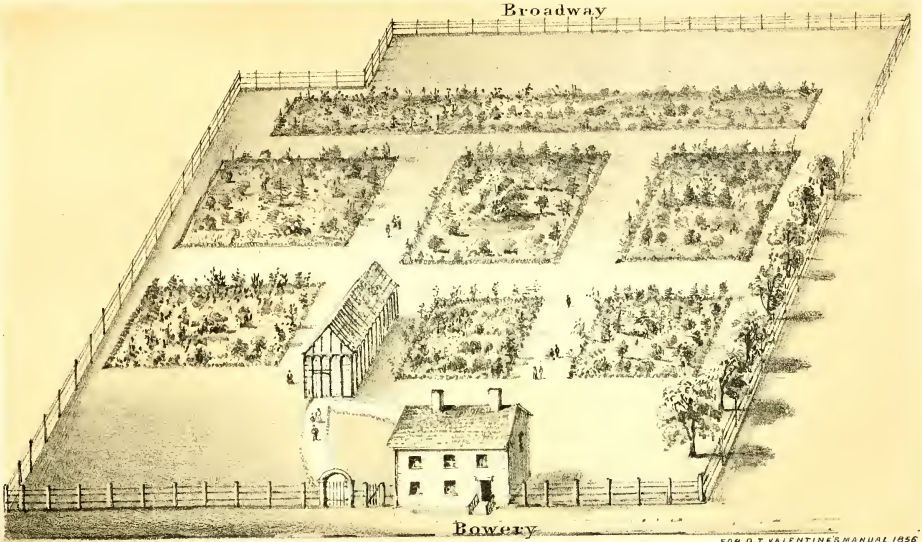
The Vly.—The common name during the last century for the East river side of the city above Wall street. Derived from the Smith's Valley of the Dutch times.

The Mall.—The British army, about the time of the Revolution, gave this name to their parade in front of Trinity Church.

Chapel Hill, (well-known to the boys in sleighing seasons,) descended from the present St. George's Chapel in Beekman street.

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* Watson's Annals.



LITH. BY G. HAYWARD 120 WATER St. N.Y.

FOR O.T. VALENTINE'S MANUAL 1856

VAUXHALL GARDEN 1803

The Barracks, erected about the time of the "Old French War," extended from the present Chatham street to Broadway, along Chambers street.

Vlattenbarck Hill—Formerly the name of a lane leading from Broadway to a bark mill on the present corner of Broad street and Exchange place. It is now known as a part of Exchange place. The same is supposed to be derived from its original use of leading to the *bark*-mill.

Cowfoot Hill—On the borders of the Collect Pond.

Jacob's Well—A mineral spring in Beekman's Swamp, now in Jacobs street.

Mount Pleasant—See "Bunker Hill."

Bunker Hill.—This pleasant eminence, from the top of which an extensive view was to be had of the lower section of the island, was, prior to the Revolutionary War, called Mount Pleasant, and from early times, was a place of resort for excursionists and parties from the city. It stood a short distance westerly from the Bowery Lane, the precise locality being on the blocks now within the boundaries of Centre, Grand, Broome and Elizabeth streets. On the south it sloped down to the meadows which surrounded the Collect Pond. On the north it was bounded by a line leading through Mr. Bayard's farm. On the west by the garden of Mr. Bayard, and on the east it descended gradually to the Bowery road. The hill was, after the Revolution, excavated, and the earth used to fill up the Collect Pond. At one period it was known as "Bayard's Mount."

Crown Point Road.—This was the name of the country road which, before the Revolutionary War, was the usual way of reaching Crown Point or Corlaer's Hook, from the Bowery. It lay along the present line of Grand street. It passed over a high hill, commonly called Jones' Hill, on the summit of which was then the residence of Thomas Jones, Esq. Jones' Hill was near the present junction of Division and Grand streets.

Green Hill—See "Jones' Hill."

Clover-waytie, or Clover pasture, a large field, belonging originally to the Damen farm, and situated on the south side of the present Maiden lane, in the vicinity of Nassau and William streets. This field, from having furnished pasture to the cattle of such of the town people, as desired to give their animals better pasture than the Commons afforded, became a well-known locality to the towns' people

Oyster Pasty.—This name was commonly applied to a locality on the shore of the North river, opposite the present Exchange place. The small lane, leading from Broadway west, (now a part of Exchange place,) was formerly called Oyster Pasty alley, and a fortification at the end of this lane, was known as the "Pasty Mount."

Pie Women's Lane, was the original name of the present Nassau street.

Schreyers's Hook.—This was the Dutch name of a triangular point of land on the North river side of the city, in the rear of the present Trinity church-yard.

Nortwick—A settlement on the North river, in the upper section of the island, was so called in the times of the Dutch.

Ranelagh.—A fashionable place of resort, named after the famous pleasure garden so called, in the vicinity of London, in the last century. Our Ranelagh was situated near the site of the present Hospital, (on the west of Broadway,) occupying an extensive section of land, diversified by ornamental gardens, laid out in the geometrical style, in fashion in those days, with umbrageous alleys and mysterious labyrinths, sacred to the sentimental wanderings of the romantic youth of the city. The view from Ranelagh was very pleasant, stretching away to the west over the Hudson, and eastward over the Fresh Water or Collect pond, while to the southward lay the inhabited parts of the town. The approach to Ranelagh from the city, was by a road nearly on the present line of Broadway, though that thoroughfare was not then extended beyond the present St. Paul's church.

Vauxhall Garden.—In early times called the Bowling Green Garden, was for many years one of the chief places of resort for pleasure-hunters from the city. Its situation wason the shore of the North river, about the present junction of Warren and Greenwich streets. The name was changed to Vauxhall about the year 1750; from which time New York had its Ranelagh and Vauxhall, as well as its great prototype, London. The gardens were highly ornamented, and were laid out in alleys, with shady walks, stretching along the northerly side of the present Warren street, from the river shore to the present Church street. Soon after the Revolution its rural aspect became lost in the maze of streets, although we believe the old house stood for many subsequent years on the corner of Warren and Greenwich streets, still occupied as a place of public resort, but not of the first fashion as of old.

Love Lane—New York, like many other villages, had at different times, its romantic, secluded and shady lanes, or by-roads, where youthful couples loved to wander from the more public paths, and to enjoy a summer walk, without fear of annoyance from obtrusive persons. The first of these umbrageous lanes was that called by the Dutch the "Maedge paetje," or Maidens path, now Maiden lane; the next, some century later, was situated near the present line of East Broadway, extending from the present Chatham square, nearly half a mile eastward; it was a road through the farm of Colonel Rutgers, and was quite secluded, no objection was made by the proprietor to the romantic intruders, and hence the name "Love Lane," was given to the road. Through the centre of the road ran a brook, which emptied into the East river, near the late Rutger's mansion, after passing through an artificial pond, on the premises.

Jones' Hill.—A circular hill, formerly situated about the present junction of Grand and Division streets, was the most prominent landmark on the eastern part of the island. It received its name from being the residence of Thomas Jones, Esq., a leading member of the legal profession in this

city. We believe Mr. Jones occupied the mansion on the summit of the hill, from about the year 1765. In after times, this became known as the Green hill, and was a prominent object, viewed in the distance from the City Hall. The mansion on the summit had been transformed into a tavern and place of public resort, under the name of the Belvedere.

Old Wreck Brook.—There are several very old descriptions of localities which seem to have been given before local causes gave names to places and which are curious for that reason, although we are unable, with certainty, to point out the precise place which these names represent; among these is that above-mentioned, which we find referred to in one of the oldest deeds on record, viz., in 1639, it is set forth in a grant to Peter Vanderlinden, tobacco planter, as "land on this island, where Tunis Kray lies next adjoining, beginning at the little brook called the Old Wreck till to Claes Sybrauts', stretching along the East river three hundred paces, of three feet each." The same observations as those above, with respect to the kill (or brook) called the "Old Wreck," applies to two other streams, one called

"*The Kil where the water is running over the stones*, and

The Kil where the tree lies over the water.—If our readers have curiosity to search out these localities we will give them all the information in our power to aid them. The description being found in a grant dated in 1641, of "land on Manhattan island, in breadth betwixt the two creeks where the water is running over the stones, and the tree lies over the water, with the same breadth betwixt the two creeks into the woods. We think, however, that it means between the present Kip's Bay and Turtle Bay. But while upon this intricate subject, we may as well go on a little further, in respect to those names of early times, and refer to that vicinity known, in 1639, as

Deutel Bay.—Since corrupted into Turtle Bay. We find it thus mentioned at the above date, in a grant to two tobacco planters, "land on this island, extending in breadth from Deutel Bay along the East river till to the

"*Hill of Schempoes*," where

The beach tree lies over the water, one hundred rods deep in the woods.

The Great Kill, or (Great Creek,) present Harlem river, known as above in time of the Dutch.

The Otter's Poor, or Otter Track. The name of land along the East river, near Harlem, date 1645.

Bylevelt's Bowery.—In the time of the Dutch, was the name of a farm of about eighty acres on this island.

Corlaer's Plantation.—In the vicinity of Corlaer's Hook.

Flatland.—The region about Harlem was known to the Dutch by this name.

Rutgers' Park—By this name was formerly known the triangular unenclosed space, now called Chatham square. The old Rutgers' mansion, (not the one at the eastern part of the farm,) occupied by Captain Har-

man Rutgers, stood at the present junction of Division street and East Broadway, facing the south. In front, their door-yard, at one period surrounded by a picket fence, extended in front of the mansion and was commonly called Rutgers' Park. In after times, this was the usual stand of hay wagons, and was thrown open to the public. When streets were laid out through Rutgers' Farm, the street in the rear of the house was called after Captain Rutgers' wife, Catharine, by which it is still known; while that now known as East Broadway was named after himself Harman, by which it was for a long time known.

The Two Ponds.—Along the Bowery road, in the vicinity of the present Grand street, formerly were two ponds, one on each side of the road, within the fence and opposite each other; they were at the foot of Mount Pleasant or Bunker hill, referred to in another place, and were probably the natural cisterns into which the waters from this hill were gathered.

Burnt Mill Point.—A jutting point on the East river, at present known as the Dry Dock. The name above-mentioned arose from the circumstance that in former times a wind mill had been erected on Governor Stuyvesant's property, upon a small elevated island in the marsh at this point of the river. The old mill had been long destroyed by fire, but being situated upon this desert spot, was permitted to stand in ruins for many years and being a prominent mark from the river, gave a name to the locality.

Crown Point.—This name was for a time applied to the present Corlear's hook, the latter, however is the more ancient name, its origin running down to the time of the Dutch possession.

Elgin Garden.—A large estate, so called about the commencement of the present century, situated on the Fifth avenue and Fiftieth street and the adjacent blocks.

Deacon's House.—As the poor house in the times of the Dutch was called, was situated on the present Beaver street, north side west of Broad street.

The Plain.—The present Bowling Green was so called, in 1671.

Spikendevil.—This name has been recently more generally known as Spuytenduyvel; but the former is the orthography of the earliest mention we find of it in the records, which occurs in the 1695 or nearly one hundred and sixty-five years since. At that period a proposition was made to build a bridge over it. The privilege, which was, in the first instance, granted by the legislature to the City of New York, but was surrendered by the Corporation to Frederick Phillipse, who became, about that time, the patentee of a great part of Westchester county, and who was about establishing his residence on his manor, and leasing out his lands. The bridge was a necessary way of communication, by land, with the city. It was about that time that Kingsbridge road was laid out through the wooded hill along the northerly part of Manhattan Island.

Stille's Bouwery.—The fact is pretty well known that *Bouwery* was the Dutch name of land under cultivation. When the Dutch first settled this

island they divided up such parts of the land as was best adapted for cultivation, into convenient parcels, and granted them to individual settlers. There were two or three below the Park, and some along the North river, toward Sapokanican, or Greenwich, but the most fertile lay along the present Bowery, which received its original name, "Bouwery lane," from its passage through these farming lands. Stille's Bouwery was one of the original farms in the times of the Dutch. It was, when originally laid out, called "Bouwery No. 6." It lay along the present south-east side of Chatham square, coming down to Pearl street.

Schipper Louw's Point.—This, in old Dutch times, was the designation of the outlet of the Fresh Water Creek into the East river, (then known as Ould Kill,) at about the present foot of James street. The word schipper designated the captain of a vessel, and it is probable this locality was, at a very early period, the residence of Captain Louw. This designation has, of course, been obsolete for a great many years.

Van Cenlen's Neck designated in the Dutch period, a point of land near Harlem.

Steenwyck's Orchard.—A part of the farm belonging to the eminent Dutch merchant of that name, lay along the present westerly side of the Bowery and Chatham square. Orchards were, in those days, much esteemed and cultivated by those citizens who could indulge in luxuries. The Bowery road was adorned with orchards. Next above Steenwyck's was situated Heerman's orchard, belonging to Augustyn Heermans, another wealthy merchant in the times of New Amsterdam.

Sapokanican.—This is one of the few Indian names of localities on this island, which have been preserved and can be identified. The name was applied to the vicinity afterward called Greenwich, and now in the Ninth Ward of the city. The name of Sapokanican to this locality was the common appellation in the times of the Dutch, and among their descendants it continued to be used for several generations after the Dutch era. But among the English the name of Greenwich prevailed, and finally, threw out of use, entirely, the euphonious name which had been sent down from Indian times.

Rechawan.—This is another Indian name, and was applied to the vicinity of the present village of Harlem. This name was soon lost among the Dutch, and gave place to New Harlem, as that portion of the island was termed.

The Marsh.—In different eras, this name was popularly known. Thus, in very early times of the Dutch, (1643,) it was understood as designating the present locality of Broad street. As this part of the city became drained, filled up and occupied, the marshes on the outskirts of the city received this appellation. Thus, (taking them in order, we may mention Beekman's Swamp, Wolfert's Meadows and the Collect Swamp, which are more particularly mentioned in other places.

Zant Berg, or *Sand Hill*, was an elevated range of hills, traversing a part of the city through the Eighth and Fifteenth Wards. There were

several prominent points on the Zandt Berg. The residence of Abraham Mortier, Commissary in the British army, was erected, about the year 1760, on one extremity of this range. This building was subsequently called the Richmond Hill House. The position of this house was near the present corner of Varick and Charlton streets. Andrew Elliott, Esq., erected a country seat near the other extremity of the range. His garden was laid out upon a round hill, having a carriage-way winding to its summit. The last named place was near the present junction of Eighth and Greene streets. To the north of the Zant Berg hills lay a valley, through which ran the brook called, by the Indians, Minetta, and by the whites *Bestevaer's Killetje*, or Grandfather's Brook, which traced its course, through meadow lands, from the springy marshes occupying the present locality of Washington square; thence wending, in a course nearly west, and emptying in the North river, near the present Hamersley street. On the south lay the Zant Berg hills, covered by a growth of forest trees; on the north, the cultivated fields, which an hundred years ago were a part of the farm of Admiral Sir Peter Warren, near Greenwich.

The Boree.—In the times of the Dutch, this name was given to a part of the Bowery road.

The "*Drovers' Inn*," a tavern of distinction, on the outskirts of the town, situated near the present site of the Astor House. It was, at one period, known as the *Spring Garden*, a place of public resort. It is believed to have been, originally, the farm-house attached to what was called the King's Farm, stretching along, north of Fulton street, as far as Chambers street, and from Broadway to the river. This farm was one of those originally laid out by the Dutch, on the first settlement of the island, and was reserved to the special use of the Company. Upon the conquest, by the English, it became government property, and was afterward leased to Trinity Church, in perpetuity.

Wolphert's Valley.—The Dutch name of a swamp covered by the present Roosevelt, James, Cherry and adjacent streets. The name arose from its original proprietor, Jacob Wolphertsen Van Cowenhoven, a brewer of New Amsterdam, who, at a very early period, received a grant of this natural meadow, a sort of land highly esteemed by the Dutch as pasturage.

The *Great Meadow.*—By this name the swamp covered by Canal street and neighborhood was formerly known in early times.

Shoemakers' Pasture.—The farm of the four shoemakers, lying north of and along Maiden lane, east of Broadway, south of Ann and west of Gold streets, was commonly known by this name. And it is one indication of the moderate value of the land in those days, (about one hundred and sixty years since,) that a farm, on the immediate borders of the town, should have been allowed to go into hands whose principal inducement was the actual produce of the land. It lay along the tan pits in Maiden lane.

LIST OF CITIZENS

ADMITTED AS FREEMEN OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, FROM 1749 TO THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR.

In the first volume of the History of the City of New York, the compiler furnished a complete list of persons admitted to the privileges of citizens up to and including the year 1748. To present a full list from that period up to the time of the Revolution, it is supposed, will be satisfactory to many to whom the names and occupations of the business men of olden times is a matter of curiosity. These have been arranged alphabetically, as a more convenient form than to follow the records according to dates.

A

1749.

Alsop, John, gent, att'y at law.
Acker, William, laborer.
Appleby, George, blacksmith.

1751.

Ackerman, Abraham, laborer.
Alexander, Duncan, tailor.
Ackerman, Nicholas, laborer.
Ackling, Anthony, cooper.
Anderson, Joseph, laborer.
Anderson, Edward, laborer.

1752.

Anthony, Peter, cordwainer.
Anthony, Nicholas, cordwainer.
Ackerman, Jacobus, laborer.

1753.

Arden, Thomas, cordwainer.

1754.

Allener, John, shipwright.
Allenar, Abraham, shipwright
Amory, John, merchant.

1755.

Allan, William, mariner.

1756.

Allen, Benjamin, tailor.
Armstrong, John, laborer.

1757.

Abrahams, Emanuel, distiller.
Anderson, George, laborer.
Allen, John, laborer.
Atkins, Robert, laborer.
Allie, Albert, laborer.

1758.

Alexander, Robert, merchant.
Ackerman, Hendricus, laborer.
Adolphus, Isaac, merchant.
Amerman, Albert, baker.

1759.

Alger, William, merchant.

1760.

Anderson, John, joiner.
Allen, Jacob A., gunsmith.
Andriesen, Abram, laborer.
Aersen, Benjamin, butcher.

1761.

Annelly, Edward, gunsmith.
Arden, Francis, bricklayer.
Alstyn, Jeronimus, blacksmith.
Allan, Richard, brass-founder.

1765.

Abeel, James, merchant.
Anderson, Elias, blacksmith.
Abeel, Garret, merchant.
Anthony, Nicholas W., tanner.
Andrews, Robert, whitesmith.
Arden, John, carpenter.
Acker, Philip, carpenter.
Auxberry, Alex., cordwainer.

1768.

Armstrong, John, peruke-maker.
Aersen, Aaron, baker.
Allison, Robert, carpenter.
Amerman, Richard, cooper.

1769.

Allcock, Joseph, gentleman.
Armstrong, James, grocer.
Arthur, John, gentleman.
Allen, William, cordwainer.
Anderson, Elias, wheelwright.
Alner, James, felt-maker.
Allgelt, Jacobns, boatman.
Ackerman, Lewis, cartman.
Allen, William, gunsmith.
Amory, Charles, mariner.

1770.

Arnold, Elijah, cooper.
Anthony, John, cordwainer.
Atwood, Thomas B., druggist.
Algea, John, mariner.
Arnold, William, rope-maker.
Arents, James, peruke-maker.
Austin, Thomas, carpenter.
Anderson, Nicholas, laborer.
Anderson, Alexander, joiner.

B

1749.

Brower, Petrus, laborer.
Bogart, Simon, mariner.
Bagley, Josiah, mariner.
Brown, Daniel, shopkeeper.
Bulsen, Cornelius, turner.
Brower, Everardus, felt-maker.
Bussing, James, cooper.

1750.

Brane, Thomas, merchant.
Bailey, Samuel, yeoman.
Berrian, John, boatman.
Brewer, Jeremiah, merchant.
Burge, Richard, turner.
Bullock, Edward, gentleman.
Byvanck, Henry, Jr.
Bokee, Abraham, cooper.
Beekman, William, Jr., mariner.
Brown, John, carpenter.
Beaun, Rene, confectioner.

1751.

Bury, John, tailor.
Bancker, Nicholas, laborer.
Bailey, Jonathan, laborer.
Beekman, Gerardus W., merch't.
Bussing, John, baker.
Bookhoudt, Peter, laborer.
Barnes, Andrew, merchant.

1752.

Baldwin, Stephen, cordwainer.
Brazier, Isaac, blacksmith.
Bancker, Abraham, laborer.
Bingham, John, cordwainer.
Bagley, Josiah, Jr., carpenter.
Bagley, William, laborer.

1753.

Bowen, John, carpenter.
Brasell, John, laborer.
Bodine, Vincent, cooper.

1754.

Blanck, Jeremiah, cordwainer.
Benson, Garret, laborer.
Baudoine, Jeremiah, stay-maker.
Bernard, Isaac, laborer.
Brown, David, laborer.

1755.

Burbank, Thomas, laborer.
Brinkerhoff, Dirck, shopkeeper.
Beekman, David, merchant.
Byvanck, Petrus, merchant.
Byvanck, John, merchant.
Brass, Adolph, Jr., merchant.
Boyle, Robert, pewterer.
Brown, Samuel, bookbinder.
Banta, Jacob, laborer.

1756.

Bogert, Henry A., laborer.
Burk, Joseph, laborer.
Brown, William, joiner.
Brower, John, laborer.
Brevoort, Henry, blacksmith.
Bewer, Nicholas, laborer.
Banks, James, laborer.

1757.

Brock, Walter, laborer.
Bernard, Daniel, cordwainer.
Bush, Staats, laborer.
Brower, Aldrick, laborer.
Bush, Isaac, laborer.
Burger, Johannes, mariner.
Brower, Jacob, laborer.
Brower, David, laborer.

1758.

Bailey, Elias, laborer.
Brewer, Charles, laborer.
Blauvelt, Isaac, laborer.
Bedford, Thomas, laborer.
Burchell, Henry, laborer.
Brown, John Hendrick, baker.
Benson, Benjamin, laborer.
Brevoort, Alexander, laborer.

1759.

Bogart, James, baker.
Brown, John, baker.
Birch, John, shipwright.
Butler, Michael, laborer.
Butler, William, saddler.

1760.

Bennett, Isaac, cooper.
Burling, Lancaster, shipwright.
Banker, John, carpenter.

1761.

Burns, Thomas, cooper.
Blanck, Paul, cordwainer.
Bunnell, Elias, blacksmith.
Burger, Marius, cordwainer.
Brewington, Geo., Jr., gentlem'n.
Bennett, William, blacksmith.
Burns, Robert, cooper.
Bennett, Cornelius, cordwainer.
Beckett, John, cordwainer.
Boyd, Robert, Jr., blacksmith.

1765.

Ball, Isaac, carpenter.
Bell, Andrew, blacksmith.
Bickers, William, hatter.
Bickers, Victor, batter.
Brower, Jacob, carpenter.
Barclay, David, peruke-maker.
Beekman, Henry, peruke-maker.
Blanck, Andrew, cartman.
Brower, Jacob, baker.
Becker, Nicholas, cordwainer.
Byvanck, Evert, Jr., merchant.
Benson, Christian, mariner.
Bussing, Timothy, cordwainer.
Burger, Peter, peruke-maker.
Burger, Daniel, blockmaker.
Barry, John, baker.
Baldwin, William, stay-maker.
Bogert, Jacobus, baker.
Bussing, Isaac, cooper.
Bussing, Hermanus, shopkeeper.
Brinkerhoff, Henry, cordwainer.
Banta, Paulus, carpenter.
Bates, John, breeches maker.
Brinkerhoff, Abm., shopkeeper.
Brinkerhoff, Dirck, shopkeeper.
Banta, David, mason.
Bell, George, laborer.
Bennett, James, coppersmith.
Brown, David, tailor.
Brower, John, upholsterer.
Brugman, Godfried, mason.
Burt, Richard, blacksmith.
Bates, Samuel, breeches-maker.
Buys, Matthew, blacksmith.
Boulton, Anthony, cordwainer.
Burgiss, Oliver, carpenter.
Boiss, Vandle, baker.
Boggs, James, cooper.
Brown, Jacob, carpenter.
Beekman, William, butcher.

1766.

Barnes, Conrad, batter.

1767.

Bancker, Richard, merchant.

1768.

Brown, John, yeoman.
Burger, Gilbert, scrivener.
Bickers, Henry, hatter.
Bickers, Walter, hatter.
Baldwin, T., carpenter.

1769.

Byers, James, brass founder.
Boyd, Samuel, blacksmith.
Bleecker, Anth'y L., gentleman.
Barr, Frederick, painter.
Ball, George, merchant.
Byvanck, William, shipwright.
Bancker, Evert, shopkeeper.
Bill, Benjamin, felt-maker.
Butler, William, scrivener.
Bassett, Frederick, pewterer.
Burling, Thomas, cabinet-maker.
Bennett, Christopher, gent.
Barclay, Thomas, merchant.
Bend, Grove, shopkeeper.
Booth, Benjamin, gent.
Blancke, Jacob, carpenter.
Bleecker, John, gent.
Beck, George, butcher.
Bonnett, James, jeweler.
Bolton Richard, innholder.
Bunce, Samuel, joiner.
Brower, John, carpenter.
Brower, Abraham, tailor.
Bogert, John N., brazier.
Burrows, John, joiner
Brown, Evert, blacksmith.
Boyer, Samuel, peruke-maker.
Brush, Crean, gentleman.
Beekman, Gerard G., Jr., merch.
Barwick, John, cartman.
Brazier, Abm., Jr., saddler.
Bertine, Peter, mariner.
Bogert, Nicholas P., mariner.
Brashier, Philip, merchant.
Burck, Francis, scrivener.
Bayeau, Thomas, innholder.

1770.

Bohtha, John, distiller.
Bronkhurst, John, sugar refiner.
Berrian, John, Jr., mariner.
Bostwick, Ephraim, carpenter.
Brasier, Lawrence, felt-maker.
Buckstone, John, baker.
Brandon, John, mariner.
Banker, Aaron, bricklayer.
Brewerton, Jacob, gentleman.
Bancker, Isaac, cordwainer.
Burrows, Benjamin, cordwainer.
Banfield, Thomas, cooper.
Brown, Thomas, mariner.
Barnet, Thomas; gentleman.
Bussing, Benjamin, Jr., tailor.
Beck, Joseph, stay-maker.
Boles, John, scrivener.
Brownjohn, Wm., Jr., surgeon.

1773.

Blagge, John, gentleman.
Blagge, Edward, gentleman.

1774.

Buchanan, John, mariner.
Bell, William, breeches-maker.
Betts, John, cabinet-maker.
Bardin, Edward, innkeeper.

1775.

Brannon, Chs. John, innkeeper.
Burke, Thomas, tin plate maker.
Bushart, Jacob, carpenter.
Bell, Robert, tailor.

C

1749.

Corby, John, laborer.
Clardock, Benj., shipwright.
Clifton, Benj., shipwright.
Churchwell, John mast-maker.
Crilin, William, mariner.
Connolly, Alexr., physician.
Carlisle, William, mariner.

1750.

Crawford, Jos., dancing master.



G. HAYWARD LITH. 180 WATER ST. N.Y.

FROM D. T. VALENTINE'S MANUAL 1856

WORKS NEAR Mc GOWANS PASS. 1814

Care, Gabriel, saddler.
Carryl, Patrick, shopkeeper.
Clarkson, David, Jr., gentlem'n.
Collins, Thomas, carpenter.
Cosine, John, cooper.
Chadwick, John, laborer.
Crampshire, Thomas, wig-maker
Carter, Daniel, painter.
Canstin, Isaac, yeoman.

1751.

Carstang, Isaac, rope-maker.
Carpenter, Stephen, yeoman.

1752.

Carmen, Benj., laborer.
Crane, Josiah, tobacconist.
Covenhoven, Paulus, laborer.
Crum, Peter, laborer.
Coon, Samuel, merchant.
Connelly, Peter, laborer.
Corater, Barthus, tailor.

1753.

Cowdrey, Samuel, felt-maker.
Colden, Alex., merchant.
Crum, John, leather dresser.

1754.

Carrell, James, butcher.
Cargill, John, butcher.
Cornell, Jacob, weaver.
Cornwell, Richard, shipwright.

1755.

Crawford, John, laborer.
Cannon, Andrew, merchant.
Cartwright, Corns., merchant.
Clarke, Luke, laborer.

1756.

Cobham, William, shopkeeper.
Conklin, Isaac, laborer.
Cursen, Richard, gentleman.
Cheeseman, Thomas, shipwright.
Caverly, Peter, shipwright.
Cornell, Peter, bricklayer.

1757.

Clements, Moses, cabinet-maker.
Conrow, Isaac, bricklayer.
Cree, John, cordwainer.
Campbell, Archibald, laborer.

Clapham, George, laborer.
Coales, Nathaniel, laborer.
Cooley, Francis, mariner.

1758.

Coolback, John, laborer.
Comfort, Benj., laborer.
Crisp, John, ship carpenter.
Campton, Samuel, tinman.

1759.

Cock, Abraham, cooper.
Crosby, Samuel, laborer.
Chatterton, Shadrick, laborer.
Cargill, James, butcher.
Clawson, Jacob, butcher.
Cowlet, William, cooper.
Cob, William, mariner.

1760.

Cannon, Arnout, carpenter.
Chadwine, Joseph, cooper.

1761.

Carter, Vincent, laborer.
Cox, Joseph, upholsterer.
Campbell, Duncan, tailor.
Campbell, John, potter.
Cooper, Cornelius, hatter.
Cooper, Wolfert, laborer.
Carr, William, tailor.
Cochran, Joseph, carpenter.

1762.

Clopper, Corns., Jr., baker.

1764.

Cebra, James, merchant.

1765.

Carrow, Isaac, cabinet-maker.
Campbell, James, cordwainer.
Carolius, Peter, cordwainer.
Cregier, Simon, cordwainer.
Cregier, Corns., cordwainer.
Cree, John, Jr., cordwainer.
Corsa, Isaac, shopkeeper.
Cruger, John Harris, merchant.
Cruger, Nicholas, merchant.
Carnes, John, merchant.
Cosine, Walter, shopkeeper.
Clock, Jacob, carpenter.
Caverly, Joseph, shipwright.

Cready, James, cordwainer.
Crawford, Wm., soap boiler.
1767.
Crawford, William, cooper.
1768.
Crannell, Robert, mariner.
Clarke, John, turner.
Child, John, sugar baker.
Conard, Darling, bricklayer.
1769.
Campbell, Thomas, potter.
Campbell, William, gentleman.
Collister, Thos., cabinet-maker.
Carrow, John, cordwainer.
Cowdrey, Jonathan, carpenter.
Clem, John, blacksmith.
Clarke, Alexander, weaver.
Clarkson, Savinus, merchant.
Crabb, Thomas, gentleman.
Cannon, Abraham, cordwainer.
Cornish, Richard, inn-holder.
Curry, Archibald, gentleman.
Crimshier, John D., att'y at law.
1769.
Creamer, Balthazar, hosier.
Cherbacker, John, laborer.
Chapple, Peter, stocking weaver.
Crosskoop, John G., baker.
Connolly, James, cordwainer.
Cannon, Abraham, baker.
1770.
Clarke, John, shagreen case mkr.
Colegrove, Francis, felt-maker.
Child, Francis, scrivener.
Cuyler, Barent, merchant.
Crolius, William, potter.
Cobham, James, inn-holder.
Crossley, William, armorer.
Chartres, Joseph, wheelwright.
Corby, William, gardener.
Craig, John, weaver,
Covenhoven, Francis, painter.
1775.
Conner, Bryan, inn-keeper.

D

1749.
Devoor, David, Jr., weaver.
Dalley, John, laborer.
Dudley, Fras., house carpenter.
De Duysten, Barent.
Darlington, Wm., peruke-maker.
Duryea, Folkert, shopkeeper.
Delancy, Jr., Abm., felt-maker.
Demaree, Joost.
1750.
Dodge, Amos, carpenter.
Delametre, Isaac.
Duncan, James, gentleman.
Duryea, Jacob, baker.
Duryea, John, baker.
Dow, William, cooper.
1751.
Dibblee, Jonathan, inn-holder.
Delap, Joseph, carpenter.
Deivers, Johames, rigger.
Dickson, Robert, joiner.
Devoe, Nicholas, laborer.
1852.
Donaldson, William, merchant.
Demaree, Christian, laborer.
Dawson, Roner, merchant.
Durell, Jonathan, potter.
1753.
Dunlap, Thomas, merchant.
1754.
Davis, John, joiner.
Duncan, Jr., George, gentleman.
Derham, Henry, shipwright.
Duryea, Dirck, baker.
1755.
De Pabia, Roland, merchant.
Dally, Jr , John, shipwriwht.
Devoe, Jacobus, laborer.
Davis, James, laborer.
Devoe, Nicholas, laborer.
Douglass, Benjamin, tailor.

1756.

Dutcher, Wilhelmus, laborer.
Demaree, David, laborer.
Davis, David, laborer.
De Groot, John, laborer.
Dillingham, Sylvanus, shipwright
Delamater, Samuel, cordwainer.
Delamater, Isaac, laborer.

1757.

Derry, Patrick, tailor.
Denny, John, cordwainer.
Devoe, Daniel, laborer.
Dutchie, James, wig-maker.
Davis, John, laborer.
Dalglish, John, merchant.
De Van, John, leather dresser.

1758.

Doughty, Philip, tailor.

1759.

Demaree, John, bricklayer.
Dickson, James, shipwright.
Delucena, Samuel, shop-keeper.
Desch, John Baltus, tinman.

1761.

De Groot, Samuel, laborer.
Dominick, Francis, carpenter.
Davis, John, tailor.
Dominick, George, bricklayer.
De Voe, Frederick, cordwainer.
De Reymour, Nicholas, hatter.
De Groot, John, joiner.
Dudley, John, baker.
Dudley, William, carpenter.
De Blan, Waldron, weaver.
De Grove, Walter, cooper.
De Klyn, Leonard, joiner.

1765.

De Peyster, Gerard, merchant.
De Peyster, Jr., Wm., merchant.
De White, William, cordwainer.
Dunscomb, James, cooper.
Dyckman, Samuel, carpenter.
De Foreest, John, sail-maker.
Delamontagnie, John, painter.
De Peyster, Nicholas, merchant.
Dodge, Thomas, shipwright.
Deal, Samuel, hosier.
De Grusha, Abm., shipwright.
De Grusha, Jr., Elias, rope-mkr.
Drake, Joseph, shop-keeper.
De Milt, Peter, tailor.
Duryee, Jr., John.
Devoe, Jr., Joseph, cordwainer.
Delanoy, Abm., bricklayer.
Dunn, Cary, goldsmith.
Deas, James, peruke-maker.
Deane, Elkanah, coach-maker.
Deane, Nisbet, hatter.
Davis, William, mariner.

1768.

De Revier, Abraham, cartman.
De Foreest, Bernard, shopkeeper.
Dally, Gifford, tailor.
Detloff, Henry, laborer.
Dover, John, tailor.
Dunkley, Joseph, painter.

1769.

Duncan, Thomas, merchant.
Demaree, Peter, carpenter.
De Riemer, Peter, goldsmith.
Dawson, John, jeweler.
De Witt, Jr., John, wheelwright.
Devoe, Aaron, carpenter.
Dunscomb, Samuel, mariner.
Davenport, Vivian, gardener.
Dobbs, Adam, cordwainer.

1770.

Deeling, John, shopkeeper.
De Foreest, Henry, block maker.
Doughty, Edward, shopkeeper.
Davis, John, leather dresser.
Dowdon, John, carpenter.
De Groot, Jacob, joiner
Day, William, cooper.
De Grusha, Corns., rope maker.
Dixon, John R., mariner.

1771.

Duychiuk, Christr., sail maker.

1772.

Drummond, Donald, mariner.

1774.

Dennis Patrick, mariner.

E

1749.

Eagan, John, boatman.
Elsworth, Nicholas, hatter.
Edmundson, George, mariner.

1751.

Evans, John, laborer.

1754.

Edmonds, Samuel, bricklayer.

1755.

Ellis, John, glazier.

1757.

Earle, Morris, hatter.
Earle, Marmaduke, laborer.
Ennis, Peter, laborer.

1758.

Ellis, Samuel, joiner.

1759.

Emmitt, John, cordwainer.

1761.

Elsworth, Vardine, baker.

1765.

Ellsworth, Frederick, gunsmith.
Ecker, Frederick, carpenter.
Elliott, John, tailor.
Edwards, Richard, cooper.
Earle, Peter, shipwright.

1768.

Elsworth, Wm. J., pewterer.
Eagles, William, carpenter.

1769.

Ebert, Philip, baker.
Ebbets, Jr., Daniel, painter.
Emly, William, merchant.
Edwards, Henry, tailor.
Etting, Benjamin, goldsmith.
Etridge, James, saddler.

1770.

Earnest, Jr., Matthew, merchant.
Ellison, Thomas, gentleman.

1773.

Elting, Peter, gentleman.

F

1749.

Farrell, John, soapboiler.
Fay, John, laborer.
Ferris, Eliphalet, laborer.

1751.

Furman, Joseph, merchant.
Flanagan, Wm., merchant.
Frisch, Philip, mariner.
Franklin, Thomas, merchant.
Franks, Moses B., tailor.
Fenton, Benjamin, laborer.

1752.

Freeman, James, laborer.

1753.

Franklin, Thomas, felt maker.
Fine, John, laborer.

1754.

Forrester, Andw., peruke maker.

1755.

Francis, Samuel, inn-holder.
Ferdon, Isaac, cordwainer.
Ferdon, Abraham, cordwainer.
Fay, John, leather dresser.

1757.

Fritz, Elias, laborer.
Farr, Stephen, mariner.
Fitzpatrick, Stephen, tailor.
Forster, Samuel, dyer.

1758.

Forgison, Elijah, laborer.
Flanagan, Richard, laborer.
Field, Jeremiah, laborer.

1759.

Foneter, Daniel C., goldsmith.

1760.

Fish, Nathan, storekeeper.
Frederick, Andrew, baker.

1761.

Fincher, Abraham, carpenter.
Forbes, John, carpenter.

Forbes, Wm., cordwainer.
Fleming, David, soap-boiler.

1765.

Florentine, Abrm., cordwainer.
Franklin, Henry, shopkeeper.
Finch, Jr., Alex., butcher.
Fisher, Thomas, shopkeeper.
Forshire, Daniel, tobacconist.
Fasch, Henry, cordwainer.
Fay, Jacob, cordwainer.
Fox, Anthony, currier.
Farquharson, James, shopkeeper.

1768.

Forster, John, butcher.
Falkenham, Saml., leather dresr.
Forster, Marmaduke, carpenter.
Forbes, James, innkeeper.
Farrill, Martin, laborer.

1769.

Fisher, Daniel, tailor.

1770.

Forbes, Gilbert, shopkeeper.
Freeborn, Wm., ship chandler.
Fardon, Abraham, scrivener.
Foy, Martin, currier.
Faulkner, John, butcher.
Fitzpatrick, John, laborer.
Finch, Adam, butcher.
Fish, John, shopkeeper.
Fisher, John, tanner.
Francis, John, weaver.

1771.

Fowler, John, innholder.

1773.

Forbes, Wm. G., goldsmith.

1775.

Fuster, Lewis, goldsmith.

G

1749.

Giraud, Daniel, bricklayer.
Gerribrantz, Perisidias.
Gossinor, John, laborer.
Gilmour, Charles, wig-maker.
Gaulidet, Thos., peruke-maker.

1750.

Gilliam, Henry, joiner.
Gelasbie, John, laborer.
Gilbert, John, hatter.

1751.

Griffith, Jr., Robert.
Garretsen, Cornelius, laborer.

1752.

Gardiner, Hermanus, laborer.

1753.

Germaud, Jr., Isaac, innholder.
Glentworth, John, tailor.
Gray, Owen, mariner.

1754.

Giffing, George, innholder.

1755.

Goff, Hudson, bricklayer.

1756.

Garrets, Jacob, laborer.

1757.

Gilbert, Aaron, measurer.
Gibson, Patrick, laborer.

1758.

Garret, Magnis, laborer.
Garrabrant, Peter, carpenter.
Graham, Peter, laborer.
Gillespie, James, laborer.

1759.

Goebel, Moritz, baker.
Gresman, Ludwig, tailor.
Genter, John H., laborer.

1760.

Gosforth, William, laborer.
Gallaudet, John, peruke-maker.

1761.

Graham, John, laborer.
Graig, Henry, carpenter.
Gibbons, Stephen, merchant.

1765.

Grigg, William, silversmith.

Grim, David, cordwainer.
Gilchrist, Adam, cordwainer.
Gasner, John, glazier.
Gartner, David, tailor.
Gress, Michael, saddler.
Gobell, David, baker.
Goodperlet, John, tailor.
Gromwell, James, tailor.

1768.

Gaus, Bernard, laborer.
Giles, Charles, laborer.

1769.

Gleen, James, tailor.
Gouverneur, Abraham, trader.
Gold, Edward, gentleman.
Gillilan, John, cooper.

1770.

Gilbert, John J., shopkeeper.
Guion, Isaac, surgeon.
Grant, Edward, laborer.
Gilbert, Benjamin, hatter.
Goodwin, Josiah, carpenter.

1773.

Gage, Thomas, General.

1774.

Gillilan, James, schoolmaster.
Garson, Peter, compass-maker.

H

1749.

Huych, Johannes, laborer.
Haspier, Gideon, turner.
Hendrickson, Robert, scrivener
Hadley, Joseph, laborer.
Hallet, Robert, cordwainer.
Hyatt, Gilbert, cordwainer.
Horsen, George, gunsmith.
Hurit, Jeremiah, laborer.
House, Joseph, laborer.
Haddon, Richard, mariner.
Hodge, Samuel, peruke-maker.
Hunt, Davis, carpenter.
Hansen, Jacob, blacksmith.
Harding, Robert, joiner.

1750.

Hardenbrook, John, cordwainer.
Hardenbrook, Wm., tinman.
Hageman, Dennis, baker.
Hinchman, Joseph, physician.
Haywood, James, sawyer.
Harsen, Bernard, gunsmith.

1751.

Hondtwalt, Adrian, merchant.
Hardcastle, Henry, carver.
Harnsworth, S., merchant.

1752.

Hildreth, Benjamin, distiller.
Hutcheson, John, merchant.
Holland, Thomas, victualler.
Hopper, Jacob, laborer.
Hughes, Hugh, currier.
Halshart, Hendrick, laborer.
Henrick, Henry, laborer
Huff, Cornelius, laborer.
Hay, David, physician.
Hammond, David, laborer.
Hutchins, John N., schoolmaster
Hyatt, Arnold, laborer.

1753.

Hopper, Paulus.
Halstead, John, innholder.

1755.

Hoffman, Michael, cordwainer.
Hardy, Sir Charles, Governor.
Harriway, James, laborer.
Hamersly, Andrew, saddler.
Husty, William, blacksmith.

1756.

Huff, Henry, laborer.
Hays, Thomas, merchant.
Horton, Nathan, shipwright.

1757.

Hilligan, George, laborer.
Hamilton, Lewis, peruke-maker.
Hopson, George, butcher.
Harrison, Peter, laborer.
Harwood, Thomas, laborer.

1758.

Hubbell, Ezra, mariner.
Hunt, Jesse, tailor.
Horton, Joseph, laborer.
Harris, David, laborer.
Hoaglant, Francis, cooper.
Hilliard, James, laborer.

1759.

Hardenbrook, Gerardus, bricklayer.
Hubner, George, laborer.

1760.

Hunt, Ward, joiner.
Hadden, Joseph, shopkeeper.
Hynes, Patrick, mariner.
Hyer, Walter, cordwainer.
Haywood, William, block-maker
Holmes, David, shipwright.
Hutton, George, laborer.

1761.

Harson, Jacob, laborer.
Howell, Thomas, cooper.
Harner, George, pewterer.
Hustick, Henry, blacksmith,
Heath, John, silversmith.
Hyer, Cornelius, hatter.
Hopper, Andrew, blacksmith.
Hoyer, Matthew, baker.

1763.

Hicks, Whitehead, lawyer.

1765.

Hyer, Walter, jr., tailor.
Horne, Philip, carpenter.
Hopper, John, farmer.
Hopper, Matthew, blacksmith.
Hopper, Yellis, cordwainer.
Hopper, Vessel, farmer.
Howes, John, wheelwright.
Hallett, James, jr., wheelwright.
Hyer, Walter, cooper.
Hogelant, Benj., carpenter.
Hosier, Peter, carpenter.
Hallett, Samuel, carpenter.
Housman Aert, baker.
Houseworth, Michl., tobacconist.
Horneger, Hendrick, baker.
Hounan, James, shopkeeper.

1766.

Heyser, Hendrick, carpenter.

1768.

Helme, Benj., attorney-at-law.
Hutton, Timothy, cordwainer.
Hayes, Barrack, vendue-master.
Hart, Jacob, Mason.

1760.

Henderson, Thomas, inn-holder.
Hazard, Ebenezer, gentleman.
Roffman, Nicholas, gentlemen.
Harris, Richard, clerk.
Horsfield, Thomas, brewer.
Harn, Coenraet W., baker.
Herbert, Richard, cordwainer.
Harrison, Richard, attorney.
Hallet, Jacob, tailor.
Hardenbrook, Gerardus, skinner.
Herbert, John, butcher.
Hunt, John, gentleman.
Hall, Peter, mariner.
Hannon, James, gardener.
Holland, Henry, jr., merchant.
Hopper, John, farmer.
Hailerman, Matthias, laborer.
Harris, John, shipwright.
Hayes, Andrew, goldsmith.
Hamilton, John, plasterer.
Heron, Isaac, watchmaker.

1769.

Hargrave, Robert, surveyor.
Houseman, John, painter.
Haws, Pelatiah, jr., cooper.

1770.

Hardenbrook, John, blacksmith.
Hazard, Thomas, shopkeeper.
Holmes, John, shopkeeper.
Hipler, Christian, cordwainer.
Hayes, Michael S., watchmaker.
Halloway, Richard, laborer.
Handley, Edward, inn-holder.
Hutchins, Joshua, butcher.
Hadley, Charles, armorer.
Hopper, John, carpenter.
Hamilton, John, cordwainer.
Huliek, Peter, stay-maker.

Higby, George, farmer.
1772.
Henning, Joseph L., baker.
1773.
Hinde, John, cloth-worker.
1775.
Heathley, Thomas, staymaker.

I—J.

1751.
James, Christ'r, stocking-weaver.
1752.
Janse, Isaac, weaver.
1754.
Judah, Hilliard, shopkeeper.
1755.
Jeacocks, David, laborer.
1757.
Johnson, Robert, peruke-maker.
Jabine, Peter, laborer.
1759.
Johnson, John, saddler.
1760.
Jeffrey, Charles, mariner.
1761.
Jackson, Thomas, cooper.
Imlay, John, merchant.
1765.
Johnson, John, tailor.
Jabwaine, John, cooper.
Johnson, John, brass-founder.
1768.
Judah, Moses, merchant.
1769.
Jackson, Thomas, saddler.
Jones, James, laborer.
Jones, Benjamin, druggist.
Irving, William, gentleman.
Jones, Thomas, attorney.
Judah, Samuel, merchant.
Jones, Samuel, attorney.
Jones, Asher, cordwainer.
Jones, Isaac, cooper.
1770.
Jones, David, gentleman.
Johnston, David, gentleman.
Isaacs, Abraham, tailor.
Ivers, Thomas, rope-maker.
Johnson, Michael, sail-maker.
1774.
James, Benjamin, gentleman.

K.

1749.
Keech, Robert, shipwright.
King, John,
Kindereck, John, cordwainer.
Kain, Thomas, scrivener.
1751.
Knecht, Martin, mason.
Kipp, Isaac, cooper.
1753.
Kennedy, Wm., tallow-chandler.
Koff, Jacob, jr., laborer.
King, Peter, laborer.
Knapp, Samuel, inn-holder.
Kean, William, inn-keeper.
1755.
Keene, Joseph, laborer.
1757.
Kleeck, David, shipwright.
1758.
Kelly, William, laborer.
Keating, John, merchant.
Kilby, Christopher, jr., merchant.
1760.
Knickerbacker, Abm., laborer.

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Kirkwood, James, shipwright.
1761.
Kip, Evert, currier.
1762.
Kove, Johannes, cordwainer.
1765.
King, Thomas, cooper.
Kemble, Lawrence, tinman.
King, John, cordwainer.
Kip, John, cordwainer.
Kennedy, Christian, tailor.
Keene, John, peruke-maker.
Killman, Nicholas, inn-holder.
Kip, Abraham, painter.
Kemmera, Englebert, surgeon.
Keitz, Jacob, laborer.
1768.
Kissam, Benjamin, attorney.
Kip, Garret, baker.
1769.
Kenning, Philip, surgeon.
Kendall, Anthony, mariner.
Kelly, Edward, mariner.
Klyn, George, baker.
Kecht, Fred. W., gentleman.
Kip, Michael, cooper.
Keily, John, scrivener.
Kain, John, mariner.
Kranskoop, L., farmer.
Kelly, John, gentleman.
1770.
Knowlton, David, cabinet-maker.
Keane, James, breeches-maker.
Kell, John, inn-holder.
Kirby, John, inn-holder.
King, Anthony, carpenter.
Kiersted, James, baker.
Kiersted, Luke, baker.
1774.
Kelso, John, chair-maker.
1775.
Kingston, John, goldsmith.
Kip, Richard, upholsterer.

L.

1749.
Lynch, Elijah, shipwright.
1750.
Lott, Abraham, gentlemen.
Lyndsey, Alex'r, peruke-maker.
Lyon, Abraham, baker.
Lispenard, Leonard, merchant.
Levy, Hayman, merchant.
1751.
Long, John, merchant.
Lane, Samuel, cordwainer.
Lockwood, Ephraim, laborer.
Lorin, Peter, jeweler.
1752.
Lasher, Fred'k, peruke-maker.
Lasher, Jacob, cordwainer.
Lyons, David, carpenter.
Levy, Joseph.
1753.
Lightfoot, Alex'r, inn-holder.
1754.
Leach, Stephen, tailor.
Low, Nicholas, shop-keeper.
Latham, John, shipwright.
1755.
Lawrence, John, bolter.
Leroy, Jacob, merchant.
Lowreer, Edward, cooper.
1756.
Light, James.
Lozie, Abraham, laborer.
Lozie, Andrew, laborer.
1757.
Lambert, John, mariner.
Lewis, John, mariner.
Lozier, Luke, laborer.
Lugg, Charles, rigger.
Lorine, Benj., cordwainer.
1758.
Loghead, James, tailor.

1759.

Lewis, Joseph, laborer.
Lasier, Jacob, bricklayer.
Lasier, Oliver, bricklayer.
Lewis, John, mariner.

1760.

Lewis, Richard, merchant.
Lane, Stephen, carpenter.

1761.

Le Mesne, Isaac, laborer.
Lowrier, John, rope-maker.
Ling, Robert, laborer.
Lyng, John B., silversmith
Lester, Samuel, tailor.
Lindner, Benjamin, physician.
Laback, Jacob, cordwainer.
Lawson, William, cordwainer.

1765.

Lawrence, James, chairmaker.
Lewis, John, peruke-maker.
Labagh, Henry, cooper.
Leacraft, Richard, brass-founder.
Lynsen, Abraham, merchant.
Laback, Isaac, cooper.
Laback, Abraham, cooper.
Lupton, William, retailer.
Low, Peter, merchant.
Lewis, Richard, laborer.
Lawrence, Samuel, coach-maker.
Lorillard, Peter, tobacconist.
Lester, Joseph, leather-dresser.
Lisk, William, carpenter.

1768.

Lispenard, Leonard, jr., gent.

1769.

Ludlow, Wm. W., merchant.
Lispenard, Anthony, gentleman.
Ludlow, Gabriel Wm., merch't.
Ludlow, George, merchant.
Lynesen, Joseph, peruke-maker.
Lamb, John, merchant.
Lindsay, George, stone-cutter.
Laboyteaux, John, tailor.
Le Mersney, Rich'd, cordwainer.
Lent, James, blacksmith.
Leonard, George, butcher.
Ludlow, Gabriel H., merchant.
Livingston, Philip, jr., attorney.
Lucum, John George, butcher.
Loutherkeen, James, gentleman.
Lardner, Andries, baker.
Leonard, William, baker.
Lowery, Thomas, inn-holder.
Ludlow, Thos., jr., merchant.
Lyle, William, founder.
Lockhart, John, printer.
Livingston, Robert C., merchant.
Livingston, Philip J., attorney.
Low, Isaac, gentleman.
Low, Nicholas C., gentleman.
Lawrence, John, cooper.
Livingston, Richard, mariner
Laight, William, merchant.
Low, Rinier, tobacconist.
Labateaux, Joseph, cordwainer.
Lefferts, Garret, shopkeeper.
Lott, Abraham E., shopkeeper.

1774.

Livingston, Robt. K., gentleman.
Lewis, Foster, inn-holder.
Lamply, John, inn-holder.

M.

1749.

McGuire, Richard, laborer.
McCollar, Charles, laborer.
McIntosh, Ennis, laborer.
Montgomerie, John, peruke-mak.
McKenlis, David, butcher.

1750.

Miller, David, weaver.
May, Tulip.
Miseroy, George, cordwainer.

1751.

Messier, Abraham, saddler.

Miller, Godfrey, laborer.
McMullen, John, cooper.
McGee, John, cordwainer.
Marshall, John, cordwainer.
McKindless, Robert, butcher.

1752.

McNab, John, laborer.
Moore, Lambert, attorney.
Maerschalk, Andrew, baker.
McIvers, Duncan, laborer.
McCall, Hugh, laborer.
McCudden, John, laborer,
McDougall, Duncan, laborer.
McKinney, Barney, laborer.
Morris, John, cordwainer.

1753.

Murphy, Alex., laborer.
Maverick, Andrew, painter.
McCartney, James, mariner.

1754.

Mors, Aaron, peruke-maker.
Mare, John, laborer.
Murray, Robert, mariner.
Myer, John, weaver.
Montgomery, Alex'r, inn-holder.
McNeema, Francis, laborer.
McCarthy, John, laborer.

1755.

Murray, James, druggist.
Martin, Josiah, tallow-chandler.
McEver, Danl., laborer.
Miller, Godfrey, breeches-maker.
Marston, Nathaniel, jr., gent'n.
Mott, John, laborer.
Myer, Asher, brasier.
Muckelroy, Edward, tailor.

1756.

Moore, William, mariner.
McNeil, Arthur, mariner.
McDougall, Angus, inn-holder.
Magra, James, laborer.
Martin, Peter, goldsmith.

1757.

Miller, Samuel, shipwright.
Myer, Isaac, inn-holder.
Mulliner, Thomas, cordwainer.
McKinley, William, laborer.
McQuinn, John, stay-maker.
McCulligan, Pat'k, cordwainer.
Montagnie, Thomas, blacksmith.
Martin, Barent, laborer.
McMullen, James, laborer.
McKenzie, James, shipwright.
McCallister, John, laborer.
McGee, Samuel, joiner.
Muckleroy, Arch'd, peruke-mak.
McIntosh, John, laborer.
McDaniel, John, laborer.
Myer, Cornelius, laborer.

1759.

McDaniel, Patrick, tailor.
Marlin, Abraham, jr., laborer.
Myers, Manuel, shop-keeper.
Morris, Sylvester, silversmith.
McDaniel, Thos., cooper.

1761.

Murphy, Michael, mariner.
McDougall, Alex., blacksmith.
McDougall, Duncan, cordwainer.
McDougall, Duncan, laborer.
Mucklevane, Wm., baker.
Mashet, Peter, brasier.
Marlin, John, blacksmith.

1761.

Mombruste, John, peruke-maker.
Miller, Paul, mariner.
Marriner, Wm. cordwainer.
Marston, Thomas, merchant.

1765.

Mildeberger, John, cordwainer.
McGuire, Dennis, baker.
Miller, Henry, cordwainer.
Mulligan, Hercules, tailor.
Minthorn, Mangle, cooper.
Mott, James, breeches-maker.
Miller, Wm., cordwainer.
Mare, John, Jr., limner.
Marschalk, James, baker.
Myer, Jacobus, baker.
Marschalk, Andrew, baker.
Martlin, Abraham, cordwainer.
Meeks, Edward, blacksmith.

Murray, John, shopkeeper.
Montagnie, John, baker.
Miller, John, surgeon.
Monat, John, cabinet-maker.
Morris, David, carpenter.
McShcyser, George, laborer.
Mellow, David Henry, mariner.
Morrill, Mat'w, stocking-weaver.
Moore, Blazey, tobacconist.
Millenberg, Ol'r, leather-dresser.
Mott, Edmond, carpenter.
Merrill, Andrew, cordwainer.
Miller, Charles, baker.
McKindless, David, butcher.
Miller, Arid, weaver.
Myer, John, blockmaker.
Moore, Sir Henry, Governor.
McWilliams, Robert, laborer.

1766.

Moses, Isaac, cordwainer.

1768

Montagnie, Benj. blacksmith.
McKisson, John, attorney.
Mail, Charles, leather-dresser.

1769.

McComb, John, bricklayer.
Meeks, Joseph, cordwainer.
Meeks, Joseph, Jr., cordwainer.
McComb, Eleazer, gentleman.
Malcolm, Wm., rope-maker.
Marston, John, merchant.
Montagnie, Ab'm., block-maker.
Moore, John, merchant.
Mulligan, Cook, merchant.
McClean, Donald, surgeon.
McDougall, Wm., gentleman.
Marshall, John, mariner.
Moore, John, gentleman.
McDavitt, Patrick, gentleman.
McKenney, Neil, laborer.
McDugey, Daniel, tailor.
Macket, John, saddler.
Miller, Thomas, mariner.
McGillivray, John, laborer.
McDermott, Wm., carpenter.
Moore, Thos. Wm., gentleman.
McCormick, Daniel, gentleman.
Mullock, Josiah, gentleman.
Morton, John, gentleman.
Moore, John B., blockmaker.
Matlock, White, clock-maker.
McDougall, Alex., gentleman.
Matthews, David, attorney.
Moore, Jacob, farmer.
McCarthy, Thomas, carpenter.
Mott, John, butcher.
McVickar, Archb'ld, gentleman.

1770.

Moore, Benj., Jr., mariner.
Manning, Thomas, cooper.
McLean, Alex., yeoman.
McDonald, Alex., inn-holder.
Marriner, Nathaniel, painter.
McDowell, Hugh, baker.
Moore, Richard, mariner.
Murphy, Patrick, laborer.
Man, David, butcher.
Meade, Joseph, laborer.
McEwen, Malcolm, pewterer.
Marble, Francis, butcher.
Miller, Christopher, mariner.
Man, John, cordwainer.

1771.

McGinnis, Alex., chocolate-mak.
McLean, Peter, cordwainer.

1773.

Minifa, Richard, fuller.
McCullen, James, cooper.

1774.

Marden, Moses, inn-holder.
Meredith, Thomas, cordwainer.

1775.

Milbourne, Wm., shop-keeper.

N

1749.
Neilson, John, laborer.
Nehill, Edward.
1750.
Nesies, Peter, laborer.
1752.
Navarro, David, snuff-maker.
1753.
Noel, Garret, schoolmaster.
1755.
Nutter, William, carpenter.
1756.
Nowland, Thomas, laborer.
1757.
Neavin, James, cooper.
1760.
Nicholl, Wm., tailor.
1761.
Nesbitt, Robert, rope-maker.
Norris, John, peruke-maker.
Needham, John, tailor.
1765.
Norwood, Vandercliff, block-mk.
Norwood, Richard, brasier.
Norwood, Tobias, cordwainer.
1768.
Needham, William, bricklayer.
Norwood, William, butcher.
1769.
Nicoll, Edw., Jr., merchant.
Norwood, Matthew, scrivener.
Nixon, James, gentleman.
Norris, Richard, stay-maker.

O

1749.
Oakley, Nehemiah, laborer.
1751.
Ousterman, Fred'k, sugar-baker.
Outenbogert, Joseph, butcher.
1752.
Osborne, Henry, laborer.
1756.
Outenbogert, Garret, laborer.
1757.
Oblimis, John, laborer.
Outenbogert, Rich'd, bricklayer.
1758.
Ogden, Benjamin, carpenter.
1759.
Outenbogert, John, butcher.
1761.
Ogden, Caleb, hatter.
Ogilvie, Thomas, carpenter.
Oveler, John, hatter.
1765.
Outenbergh, Peter, cordwainer.
Outhout, John, shopkeeper.
Ogilvie, Alex., shipwright.
Outenbogert, Ab'm, butcher.
1768.
Ott, Jacob, butcher.
1769.
Oswald, Philip, baker.
1770.
Ousterman, John, sugar-boiler.
Ogden, Henry, tailor.

P

1749.
Parker, James, printer.
Pool, Isaac, cordwainer.
Poor, Richard, laborer.
Pain, Amos, rigger.
Piper, David, tailor.
Paul, Joseph, laborer.
Pullen, Thomas, joiner.
1750.
Proctor, William, merchant.

Pell, Roger, gentleman.
Patterson, Josiah, surgeon.
Parcells, Nicholas, blacksmith.
Porter, Richard, cordwainer.
Palmer, William, joiner.
Pelletrau, Elias, goldsmith.
Philips, David, wig-maker.

1751.

Perry, Thomas, watch-maker.
Pine, John, laborer.
Peters, George, joiner.

1752.

Phœnix, Alex'r, Jr., sail-maker.
Peterson, Peter, laborer.
Parcell, John, bolter.

1753.

Patten, William, laborer.

1754.

Posta, Isaac, laborer.
Parsons, John, joiner.
Pierson, John, merchant.

1756.

Parcell, Thomas, surgeon.
Post, Martinus, laborer.
Peet, William, shipwright.
Palmer, John, carpenter.
Provoost, Barent, gentleman.
Pine, Michael, laborer.

1757.

Porterfield, John, laborer.

1758.

Parsill, William, laborer.

1759.

Post, James, carpenter.
Palmer, Richard, laborer.
Palmer, Thomas, laborer.
Price, Edward, laboror.
Patterson, John, baker.

1760.

Pendergrast, Martin, blacksmith.
Post, William, painter.
Paulding, James, cordwainer.

1761.

Panton, Francis, peruke-maker.
Pool, Thomas, mariner.
Provoost, Robert, Jr., mariner.
Paulding, Joseph, Jr., baker.

1765.

Paine, Philip, book-binder.
Piercy, Jonathan, carpenter.
Provoost, David, gunsmith.
Post, John, cooper.
Peper, John, cordwainer.
Post, David, blacksmith.
Parcell, Nicholas, blacksmith.
Peeck, Isaac, felt-maker.
Peger, Michael, cordwainer.
Pell, Gilbert, shipwright.
Peckwell, Henry, schoolmaster.
Pontius, John C., tailor.
Prior, John E., carpenter.
Painter, John, shopkeeper.
Poysbart, Peter, blacksmith.
Pierce, Christian, cordwainer.
Palmer, James, blacksmith.
Piero, John, cordwainer.

1768.

Palmer, Henry, blacksmith.

1769.

Pierson, Joseph, carpenter.
Post, Anthony, carpenter.
Patterson, Alexander, laborer.
Philipse, Adolph, merchant.
Parisien, Otho, silversmith.
Parker, William, gentleman.
Provost, Burger, blacksmith.
Perry, Marvin, watch-maker.
Philips, Jonas, retailer.
Piper, Jacob, cordwainer.
Poole, William, peruke-maker.
Pagan, William, gentleman.
Place, Robert, mariner.

1770.

Piper, Isaac, cordwainer.
Perkins, James, farmer.
Peter, John, gardener.
Picket, Richard, blacksmith.

1773.

Parcell, Thomas, cordwainer.
Poser, Jacob, baker.

1774.

Perry, John, gentleman.

Q

1753.
Quackinbush, Rynier, laborer.
1760.
Quackinbush, Rynier, cordw'er.
1765.
Quick, Jacobus, tanner.
Quackinbush, Benj., Jr., carpent.
Quereau, Benj., carpenter.
Quick, Luke C., baker.
Quackinbush, Nicholas, baker.
Quackinbush, Walter, baker.
Quackinbush, John, Jr., baker.
Quackinbush, Peter, baker.

R

1719.
Relay, Lewis, cordwainer.
Ross, James J., merchant.
Rose, James, laborer.
1750.
Reade, Leonard, cooper.
Robinson, Patrick, laborer.
Robinson, David, tobacconist.
Romee, Paul, cordwainer.
Rycken, Peter, blacksmith.
1751.
Rochell, James, merchant.
Risber, Andrew, gardener.
Rushton, John, saddler.
Rafter, Hugh, cordwainer.
1752.
Richardson, Charles, butcher.
1753.
Robinson, Thomas, mariner.
Ryder, Samuel, laborer.
Rapelje, Garret, merchant.
Roberts, John, gentleman.
1754.
Richardson, Wm., mariner.
Rhinelander, Wm., cordwainer.
Roose, Lodwick, laborer.
Ryder, Hugh, blacksmith.
1755.
Robuck, Jarvis, cork-cutter.
1756.
Rogers, Samuel, merchant.
Reade, Jacob, tailor.
1757.
Rogers, Richard, laborer.
1758.
Ryder, Robert, laborer.
Runshaw, John, cordwainer.
Ryer, Michael, laborer.
Rigby, Joseph, cordwainer.
1759.
Remsen, Jacob, bolter.
1760.
Reade, James, cordwainer.
Ruger, John, laborer.
Ryker, Henry, joiner.
Richards, Stephen, merchant.
1761.
Ruston, Crossfield, currier.
Roomer, Peter, blacksmith.
Roorback, Garrett, baker.
1765.
Richardson, Wm., cordwainer.
Romine, Nichs., carpenter.
Redet, Matthew, cordwainer
Roosevelt, Corns., gentleman.
Rutgers, Anthony, Jr., merch.
Ruslaer, Jacob, tallow chandler.
Ryan, Corns., breeches-maker.
Raushier, Fredk., cooper.
Riker, James, gentleman.
Ritler, Henry, cordwainer.
Ritter, Michael, tailor.
Rossell, Peter, cordwainer.
Ross, David, carpenter.
Ryckman, Arie, cordwainer.
1768.
Reade, Joseph, Jr., Esq.
Ritzeman, Rudolphus, attorney.

Rice, Abraham, carpenter.
Reynolds, James, cordwainer.
1769.
Rivington, James, bookseller.
Ramsay, John, turner.
Ranage, Smith, gentleman.
Ray, Richard, merchant.
Rapelje, Stephen, gentleman.
Raymond, Eliakim, Jr., merch.
Regler, Andries, butcher.
Ross, Hugh, cartman.
Ross, David, cartman.
Robertson, Alexander, gentlem.
Royse, Thomas, tailor.
Ries, John, farmer.
1770.
Ray, Samuel, shopkeeper.
Remsen, George, shopkeeper.
Roomer, Corns., hatter.
Randle, Joseph, shop-keeper.
Rice, John, organist.
Riker, Henry, mariner.
Roberts, Samel, armorer.
Ryan, John, laborer.
Ryneck, William, cordwainer.
Rominie, John, silver-smith.
Ryker, Henry J., mariner.
1771.
Rhinelander, Fred., shopkeeper.
1772.
Rutter, John, shipwright.
1773.
Roome, John L. C., gentleman.
1775.
Rinedollar, Emanuel, tailor.

S

1748.
Sherer, Gilbert, tailor.
Sawyer, Peter, laborer.
Scarp, J. J., laborer.
Smith, Henry, shopkeeper.
Stell, Pontius, merchant.
Stemer, John, laborer.
Stilwell, Richard, physician.
Stanton, Henry, mariner.
Seymour, Thomas, mariner
Speeder, Daniel, laborer.
1750.
Schulthorp, John, peruke-maker.
Smith, Simon, tailor.
Stagg, William, laborer.
Sackett, John, merchant.
Sickles, James, yeoman.
Snyder, Hendrick, cordwainer.
Sickles, John, cordwainer.
Schenck, John, bolter.
Schuyler, David, painter.
1751.
Sharpe, Richard, merchant.
Smith, John, baker.
Shephard, Thomas, carpenter.
Saunders, Robert, mariner.
Sickles, Michael, cooper.
Sickles, Charles, cordwainer.
Smith, Michael, laborer.
Stilwell, Nicholas, cordwainer.
Stiles, Daniel, merchant.
Stagg, James, cordwainer,
1752.
Shrieve, Thomas, carpenter.
Stimas, Jacob, laborer.
Shaw, Timothy, laborer.
Somerindyke, Tunis, laborer
Sullivan, Charles, laborer.
1753.
Sarzadas, Abraham, merchant.
Sackett, Samuel, tallow chandler.
1754.
Shaw, Daniel, joiner.
Stilwell, Thomas, laborer.
Sullivan, Nathaniel, laborer.



G. HAYWARD LITH. 120 WALKER ST. N.Y.

FOR D.T. VALENTINE'S MANUAL 1856

VIEW FROM FORT FISH AT Mc GOWANS PASS

looking towards Harlem

1755.

Sullivan, Dennis, laborer.
Stagg, Nicholas, butcher.
Sevenburgh, Christ'n, watch-mr.
Sheader, Alexander, stone-cutter.
Smith, Gilbert, peruke-maker.
Steward, James, baker.

1756.

Simonson, William, laborer.
Spack, Jonas, innholder.
Skinner, Abraham, goldsmith.
Swartwout, Bernard, laborer.
Singer, James, peruke-maker.
Sullivan, John, laborer.
Somerindyke, Isaac, laborer.
Swartwout, Thomas, laborer.

1757.

Stryker, Jacobus, laborer.
Sennatt, Christian, mariner.
Stynmets, Peter, laborer.
Sherrard, Simon, laborer.
Steward, Lewis, mariner.
Stanton, Henry, laborer.
Shute, Isaac, laborer.

1758.

Swartwout, Abraham, laborer.
Sphere, Albert, laborer.
Steward, Walter, laborer.
Storm, Abraham, laborer.
Sherrard, Gephan, laborer.
Scott, William, laborer.

1759.

Storm, John, laborer.
Shiverkirt, Peter, chocolate-mr.
Sweverdas, Carl, tailor.
Slover, Isaac, cordwainer.
Saxon, John, laborer,
Smith, John, copper-refiner.

1761.

Sergeant, William, laborer.
Scandrett, Wm., brass-founder.
Scott, David, hatter.
Slidell, Nicholas, blacksmith.
Stoutenberg, Isaac, Jr., gun-sth.
Shire, Martin, cordwainer.
Slidell, John, tallow-chandler.
Smith, John, cooper.
Simmons, John, mariner.
Stymets, Benjamin, carpenter.
Scandredth, Timothy, carpent'r.
Smith, William, block-maker.

1762.

Sharpe, Jacob, baker.

1763.

Sherwood, Moses, carpenter.

1765.

Somerindyke, Tunis, farmer.
Skaats, Rymer, sail-maker.
Smith, Jacob, turner.
Stynmets, Christ., Jr., carpenter.
Salover, James, carpenter.
Somerindyke, Richard, farmer.
Schuyler, Hermanus, painter.
Shardevine, Isaac, Jr., carpenter.
Stoutenberg, Tobias, baker.
Silvester, John, cooper.
Sawyer, John, carpenter.
Shire, Henry, cartman.
Steward, Thomas, gentleman.
Skinner, Jonathan, carpenter.
Stynmets, Jasper, cordwainer.
Shardavine, Elias, carpenter.
Slydell, Joshua, silversmith.
Somerindyke, John, bookbinder.
Speere, Barnet, cordwainer.
Stickler, John, cordwainer.
Slydell, Michael, soap-boiler.
Shafer, Jacob, scrivener.
Sickles, Henry, joiner.
Stagg, John, baker.
Stevens, John, currier.
Shourt, Jacob, carpenter.
Stagg, John, bricklayer.
Stonebeck, Anthony, cordwainer.
Shepherd, John, mason.
Shoneret, Fredk., shop-keeper.
Sullivan, John, tailor.
Sickles, Henry, carpenter.

1767.

Stynmets, Jasper, measurer.

1768.

Sackett, James, merchant.

1769.

Smith, Elias, carpenter.
Shipman, William, shop-keeper.
Sheape, Robert, stone-cutter.
Slater, James, laborer.
Shire, Martin, cartman.
Spranger, Henry, carpenter.
Sherbrook, Miles, gentleman.
Sanders, Abraham, cordwainer.
Sherrin, Joseph, laborer.
Shire, Hulin, cartman.
Sitcher, John, tailor.
Smith, Bernardus, tailor.
Sinclair, Robert, gentleman.
Smith, Samuel, gentleman.
Seixas, Benjamin, saddler.
Styles, John, physician.
Shaw, John, mariner.
Smith, John W., attorney.
Stairer, Joseph, peruke-maker.
Schultz, J. C., baker.
Shrum, Michael, laborer.
Schotler, Garret, painter.

1770.

Springell, Gregory, gentleman.
Stilwell, Elias, cooper.
Samler, John, sugar-refiner.
Sheldon, Isaac, mariner.
Skinner, Samuel S., distiller.
Steward, James, mariner.
Smith, Roger, tailor.
Sperry, Jacob, gardener.
Staple, William, shopkeeper.
Seaman, James, shipwright.
Steward, James, merchant.
Smith, Joshua Hett, gentleman.
Sidney, William, gentleman.
Schuyler, John Jr., merchant.
Styles, James, carpenter.
Seaton, William, gentleman.
Stagg, Thomas, baker.
Smallwood, John, inn-keeper.
Seabring, Cornelius, J., bolter.
Steward, Alx., Jr., ship-chand'r.
Stynmets, Adrian, carpenter.
Sutton, William, rope-maker.
Sweedland, Christoph., armorer.
Simmons, Philip, peruke-maker.
Stephens, Richard Nassau, gent.
Sickles, Daniel, cordwainer.
Steele, William Snow, gent.

1771.

Shaddle, David, wheelwright.

1772.

Stilwell, Thomas, hatter.

1773.

Sawyer, Francis, wheelwright.
Stout, John, baker.

1774.

Stevenson, Thomas, gentleman.

1775.

Snyder, Simon, stone-cutter.
Seagrove, James, gentleman.
Shaw, John, gentleman.

T

1749.

Thorne, Richard, merchant.
Thompson, Andrew, mason.
Thompson, John, stock'g-weaver.
Taylor, Ebenezer, mason.

1753.

Taylor, Henry, tailor.
Trainer, Peter, blacksmith.

1754.

Thompson, Burnet.
Thompson, Richard W., merch.
Taylor, William, laborer.
Tiger, James, inn-holder.
Thorp, Richard, laborer.
Tilyou, Vincent, turner.

1757.

Torrey, John, shipwright.
Tompkins, John, carpenter.
Tenbrook, John, laborer.
Tuckey, William, tailor.

1759.

Ten Eyck, Richard, baker.

1760.

Taylor, Willett, mariner.

1761.

Taylor, William, block-maker.
Taylor, Peter, carpenter.
Tiebout, Henry, bricklayer.
Thodey, Francis, merchant.
Tilyou, William, chair-maker.
Thompson, John, scrivener.
Tomlinson, John, tailor.
Tharger, John, cordwainer.

1765.

Ten Eyck, Andrew, joiner.
Tilyou, Peter, jr., turner.
Turck, Ahasueris, jr., inst. makr.
Tellar, William, saddler.
Taylor, Moses, jr., tailor.
Thodey, Michael, merchant.
Thibou, Lewis, saddler.
Tiers, Matthew, blacksmith.
Tout, Robert, cordwainer.
Taylor, John, brasier.
Tiebout, Tuuis, bricklayer.
Thorp, John, blacksmith.
Thorn, William, tailor.

1768.

Tervillian, Francis, inn-holder.
Taylor, John, inn-holder.

1769.

Treat, Malachi, surgeon.

1769.

Taylor, John, merchant.
Tudor, Samuel, mariner.
Turner, William, mariner.
Tucker, Thomas, merchant.
Todd, Adam, joiner.
Timmerman, Hendk., carpenter.
Tremper, Michael, peruke-makr.
Templeton, Oliver, gentleman.
Thompson, John, shopkeeper.
Tyley, Nathaniel, cordwainer.
Terhune, Stephen, painter.
Thomas, Walter, silversmith.
Tier, Daniel, laborer.
Trail, George, snuff-maker.

1770.

Tingley, Daniel, mariner.
Tyler, Jacob, schoolmaster.
Thomas, Henry, carpenter.
Taylor, Edward, cordwainer.
Thompson, Philip, tailor.
Turck, Cornelius, baker.
Thomas, Richard, cooper.
Tier, John H., laborer.

1771.

Turner, John, shopkeeper.
Tryon, William, governor.

1774.

Traphagan, Chas., shopkeeper.

U

1751.

Utt, James, butcher.

1764.

Ute, John, butcher.

1865.

Utterberg, John, peruke-maker.

Underhill, Benj., shopkeeper.
Ustick, Stephen, carpenter.
Utt, Christian, leather-dresser.

1769.

Upton, William, miller.

V

1749.

Van Boskerk, David, cooper.
Van Boskerk, Andrew, laborer.
Van Duersen, Philip, cordwainer.

1750.

Valentine, Jacob, mason.
Van Evere, Ede, blacksmith.
Van Borsom, Cornelius, brazier.

Van Nostrand, Albert, baker.
Vredenberg, John, jr., cordwainer
Van Aerman, Isaac, hatter.

1751.

Vandenham, Henry, inn-holder.
Van Voorhis, Jacob, mariner.
Van Zandt, Peter Pra, inn-hold.
Van Tassell, Tunis, laborer.
Van Cortland, Augustus, att'y.
Van Orden, Andrew, laborer.
Van Blanham, Wm., laborer.
Van Wagenen, H., schoolmaster.
Van Aerman, Isaac, laborer.
Van Orde, John, laborer.

1752.

Van Wart, Garret, laborer.
Van Vielan, Abm., laborer.
Van Dalsen, John, bricklayer.
Van Wagenen, Jacob, weaver.
Volch, Abraham, laborer.

1753.

Van Wagenen, Jacob, baker.
Van Blarcum, Cornelius, laborer.
Van Blarcum, Lucas, laborer.
Van Tassell, John, laborer.

1754.

Van Wart, George, bricklayer.

1755.

Varian, Joseph, butcher.
Van Dyck, Abram, felt-maker.
Van Wart, Abram, laborer.
Van Kleeck, Baltus, laborer.
Van Aart, Abraham, bricklayer.

1756.

Van Orden, Cornelius, laborer.
Vandervoort, Peter, laborer.
Van Bourick, Garret, weaver.
Van Orden, Andrew, laborer.
Vervela, Jacobus, laborer.
Van Pelts, John, bricklayer.

1757.

Van Horn, Francis, laborer.
Veltman, Henry, laborer.
Van Dyck, Francis, razor-grinder.
Van Buskirk, Abram, laborer.
Vanderhooff, Egbert, gunsmith.
Van Kleeck, Johannes, laborer.
Van Schryver, John, laborer.
Vervelen, Frederick, laborer.

1758.

Van Gelder, Isaac, laborer.
Van Wynele, Simon, laborer.

1759.

Van Gelder, Abram, gunsmith.

1761.

Van Sice, John, shipwright.
Vandenberg, Corns., yeoman.
Van Wart, Jacob, laborer.

1762.

Van Orden, Wessel, blacksmith.
Van Sice, Cornelius, laborer.

1765.

Van Zandt, Tobias, block-maker.
Vredenberg, John W., hatter.
Van Benthuysen, Peter, hatter.
Van Ness, Henry, painter.
Van Sice, Jacobus, merchant.
Vredenberg, Isaac, cordwainer.
Vredenberg, Matthias, hatter.
Van Gelder, Garret, chair-makr.
Van Dyck, James, cutler.
Van Antwerp, Jacobus, tailor.
Van Ranst, Abram, merchant.
Vandervoort, Peter, shop-keeper.
Van Dursen, Abm., tallow chand.
Vandenberg, Garret, farmer.
Van Torne, John, peruke-maker.
Van Buren, Michael, cordwainer.

1766.

Valleau, Franconier, saddler.
Vavasor, Jonas S., mariner.

1769.

Van Brackle, James, cartman.
Valentine, Christian, cordwainer.
Van Antwerp, Simon, sail-makr.
Valtu, Manassah, baker.
Van Orden, Jacobus, farmer.
Van Dam, John, merchant.
Vredenberg, Jacob, peruke-mak.

1770.

Van Wyck, Abram, merchant.
Van Voorhis, Stephen, schoolm'r

Van Duersen, Isaac, blacksmith.
Van Vincola, Jacob, bricklayer.
Van Sice, Cornelius, cooper.
Van Evera, Andrew, blacksmith.
Van Wagenen, Francis, carpt'r.
Van Hook, Aaron, jr., gentleman.
Van Duersen, Abram, cooper.

W

1749.

White, Daniel, shipwright.
White, Robert, shipwright.
Wright, Daniel, tailor.
Wyley, Alexander, peddler.
Weytman, Johannes, laborer.
Wheeler, Isaac, carpenter.
Welch, George, cooper.
Williams, Thomas, laborer.
Winter, Benjamin, ship-joiner.

1750.

Wiley, Thomas, cooper.
Wilson, Martin, laborer.
Wessells, John, chair-maker.
Willett, Abraham, baker.
Wall, Thomas, chocolate-maker.
Woodhouse, Robert, cordwainer.

1751.

Wessells, John, baker.
Wessells, Gilbert, sail-maker.
Wall, Godfrey, blacksmith.

1752.

Woodside, Samuel, mariner.
Waldron, Peter, laborer.
Wright, Wm., tallow chandler.

1753.

Winter, John, laborer.
Wiltse, Martin, laborer.
Wilson, John, merchant.

1754.

Wylley, John, distiller.
Weeks, Francis, cornwainer.
Wyncoop, Benjamin, saddler.
Wright, Jonas, shipwright.
Wodden, James, shipwright.

1755.

Warner, Richard, laborer.
Williams, Thomas, butcher.
Wyman, William, butcher.

1756.

White, John, cordwainer.
Westervelt, Jacob, laborer.
Wall, Joseph, laborer.
Wright, John, shipwright.
Weeks, Job, shipwright.
Wortman, Dennis, shipwright.
Wyncoop, Cornelius, saddler.
Walter, John, laborer.
Warner, William, laborer.
Wrandle, Daniel, laborer.
Walter, Thomas, surgeon.
Webbers, Wolfert, laborer.
Wool, James, laborer.
Westervelt, Jacobus, laborer.
Winter, Gabriel, carpenter.
Walker, Andrew, laborer.

1759.

Wright, Thomas, merchant.
Wolhaufer, Gotlieb, turner.
Will, John, pewterer.
Weiss, Frederick, cutler.

1760.

Wandle, Jacob, shipwright.
Will, John Michael, cordwainer.
Wendover, Hercules, cordwainer.
Welsch, Francis, stay-maker.
Warne, Robert, block-maker.
Wright, Peter, blacksmith.
Wilson, Abram, peruke-maker.

1761.

Wyncoop, Jacob, shop-keeper.
Wallace, John, tailor.
Wells, James, cordwainer.
Wiggins, Charles, joiner.
Williams, Abram, carpenter.
Wyley, John, tailor.
Williams, John, mariner.
Woodruff, Joseph, painter.

1765.

Wessells, Lawrence, jr., baker.
Wool, Jeremiah, last-maker.
Wheeler, Abram, laborer.
Webster, Francis, cordwainer.
Wool, William, heel-maker.
Walter, John, joiner.
Williams, William, shopkeeper.
Wheeler, Charles, joiner.
Whitefield, Thomas, shipwright.
Warner, Leonard, turner.
Wessels, Evert, cordwainer.
Willett, Mowries, cabinet-maker.
Wiggins, Thomas, carpenter.
Warner, William, turner.
Will, Henry, pewterer.
Whiteman, Henry, button-maker
Wessells, James, peruke-maker.
Waldron, Garret, bricklayer.
Winterton, William, mason.
Weaver, Michael, cordwainer.
Waldron, William, mason.
Woolhampton, David, turner.
Wilt, George, butcher.

1766.

White, Thomas, joiner.

1768.

Welch, Patrick, laborer.
Wall, Samuel, carpenter.

1769.

Welch, Thomas, shop-keeper.
Welch, Thos., jr., shop-keeper.
Willett, Thos. C., shop-keeper.
Waddell, William, merchant.
Wilkins, Jacob, brass-founder.
Williams, Samuel, shop-keeper.
Wilmarth, Henry, gentleman.
Waddle, Robt. R., gentleman.
Walsie, Peter, cordwainer.
Wallace, Alexander, gentleman.
Webbers, Peter, wheelwright.
Walgrove, George, jr., cooper.
Witnell, William, collar-maker.
Waldron, Adolph, baker.
Watts, John, boatman.
Watts, Robert, merchant.
Warner, John, tailor.
Woolrich, George, laborer.

1770.

Watts, John, gentleman.
Warner, Joseph, blacksmith.
Webb, William, cooper.
Whiteman, John, jr., farmer.
Willis, George, jr , bricklayer.
Waldron, Oliver, carpenter.
Wynkoop, Corns. C., shop-keepr.
Warner, Theo., jr., chair-maker.
Wilson, James, cordwainer.
Wenman, Richard, upholsterer.
Watson, John, cabinet-maker.
Wool, Ellis, heel-maker.
Waterman, James, inn-keeper.

1772.

Wilson, Joseph, mariner.

1773.

Wentworth, William, scrivener.
Webster, George, grocer.

Y

1752.

Young, Joseph, laborer.
Young, David, laborer.
Yeoman, Francis, carpenter.
Young, Alexander, laborer.

1761.

Young, Thomas, cooper.

1765.

Young, William, peruke-maker.

1768.

Young, John, schoolmaster.
Young, Hamilton, gentleman.

1770.

Young, William, shop-keeper.
Young, James, shop-keeper.

Z

1759.

Zeigler, Gothart, butcher.

1765.

Zwinkle, Johannes, stone-cutter.

1768.

Zarbone, Vandel, tanner.

VERREZANO'S VOYAGE.

NOTE.—It has been a question considerably discussed whether Hudson is entitled the place in our history, commonly accredited to him, of having been the first European discoverer of the mouth of the Hudson river. By some it is supposed (and we confess ourself among the number) that Verrezano was the actual discoverer, nearly an hundred years previous to the visit of Hudson. That our readers may form an opinion on this subject from the original report of the voyage, as well as peruse an interesting account of one of the earliest European expeditions to the American coast, we furnish a copy (in which the ancient English orthography is preserved) of Verrezano's letter to his Royal Master, the King of France, under whose auspices the expedition sailed.

TO THE MOST CHRISTIAN KING OF FRANCE, FRANCIS THE FIRST:

The Relation of John De Verrezano, a Florentine, of the Land by him discovered in the name of his Maiestie. Written at Diepe the eight of July, 1524.

I wrote not to your Maiesty, most Christian King, since the time we suffered the tempest in the north partes, of the successe of the four shippes which your Maiesty sent forth to discover new lands by the ocean, thinking your Maiesty had bene already duely enformed thereof. Now by these presents I will giue your Maiesty to understand how by the violence of the windes, we were forced with the two shippes, the Norman and the Dolphin, (in such evil case as they were,) to land in Britaine, where, after wee had repayred them in all poynts as was needeful, and armed them very well, we took our course along by the coast of Spaine, which your Maiesty shall understand by the profite that we received thereby. Afterwards with the Dolphin alone we determined to make discouerie of new countries, to prosecute the nauigation we had already begun, which I purpose at this present to recount unto your Maiesty, to make manifest the whole proceeding of the matter.

The 17th of January, the yeere 1524, by the grace of God, we departed from the dishabited rocke by the isle of Madeira, apperteining to the King of Portugal, with 50 men, with victuals, weapons and other ship-munition, very well prouided and furnished for eight months: and sailing westward with a faire easterly winde, in 25 dayes we ran 500 leagues, and the 20 of Februarie, we were ouertaken with as sharpe and terrible a tempest as euer any saylors suffered, whereof with the diuine helpe and mercifull assistance of almighty God, and the goodnesse of our shippe, accompanied with the good happe of her fortunate name, we were deliuered, and with a prosperous winde followed our course west and by north. And in other

25 dayes we made aboue 400 leagues more, where we discouered a new land, neuer before seene of any man either ancient or moderne, and at the first sight it seemed somewhat low, but being within a quarter of it, we perceiued by the great fires that we saw by the sea coast, that it was inhabited; and saw that the lande stretched to the southwards. In seeking some convenient harborough, wherein to anchor and to have knowledge of the place, we sayled fiftie leagues in vaine, and seeing the lande to runne still to the southwards, we resolved to returne backe againe towards the north where we found ourselues troubled with the like difficultie. At length, being in despaire to find any porte, wee cast anchor upon the coast, and sent our boate to shore, where we saw great store of people which came to the sea side; and seeing us approach they fled away, and sometimes would stand still and looke backe, beholding us with great admiration; but afterwards being animated and assured with signes that we made them, some of them came hard to the sea side, seeming to rejoyce very much at the sight of us, and marvelling greatly at our apparel, shape and whitenesse, shewed us by sundry signes, where we might most commodiously come alande with our boate, offering us also of their victuals to eat. Now I will briefly declare to your Maiesty their life and maners, as farre as we could have notice thereof: These people goe altogether naked, except only that they cover their privie parts with certain skins of beastes, like unto martens, which they fasten unto a narrow girdle made of grasse very artificially wrought, hanged about with tayles of divers other beastes, which, round about their bodies, hang dangling down to their knees. Some of them weare garlands of byrdes feathers. The people are of colour russet, and not much unlike the Saracens: their hayre blacke thicke, and not very long, which they tye together in a knot behind, and weare it like a little taile. They are well featured in their limbes, of middling stature, and commonly somewhat bigger than wee, broad breasted, strong armed, their legs and other parts of their bodies well fashioned, and they are disfigured in nothing, saving that they have somewhat broade visages, and yet not all of them, for we saw many of them wel favoured, having blacke and greate eyes, with a cheereful and steady looke, not strong of body, yet sharpe witted, nimble and exceeding great runners, as farre as we could learn by experience, and in those two last qualities they are like to the people of the east partes of the world, and especially to them of the uttermost partes of China. We could not learne of this people their manner of living, nor their particular customes, by reason of the short abode we made on the shore, our company being but small, and our ship ryding farre off in the sea. And not farre from these we found another people whose liuing wee think to be like unto theirs (as hereafter I will declare unto your Maiestie) showing at this present the situation and nayture of the foresayd land. The shoare is all covered with small sand, and so ascendeth upwards for the space of 15 foote, rising in form of little hills, about 50 paces broad. And sayling forwards, we found

certaine small rivers and armes of the sea, that fall downe by certaine creeks, washing the shoare on both sides as the coast lyeth. And beyond this we saw the open country rising in height above the sandy shoare, with many faire fields and plaines, full of mightie great woods, some very thicke, and some thinne, replenished with divers sorts of trees as pleasant and delectable to behold as is possible to imagine. And your Maiestie may not thinke that these are like the woods of *Hercynia* or the wilde deserts of *Tartary*, and the northerne coasts, full of fruitlesse trees; but they are full of palme trees, bay trees, and high cypresse trees, and many other sortes of trees unknowen in *Europe*, which yield most sweete savors farre from the shoare, the propertie whereof we could not learn for the cause aforesaid, and not for any difficultie to passe through the woods, seeing they are not so thicke but that a man may passe through them, neither doe we thinke that they partaking of the east world round about them, are altogether voyd of drugs or spicery and other riches of golde, seeing the colour of the land doth so much argue it. And the land is full of many beastes, as stags, deere and hares, and likewise of lakes and pooles of fresh water, with great plentie of fowles, convenient for all kinde of pleasant game. This land is latitude 34 degrees, with good and wholesome ayre, temperate betweene hot and colde; no vehement windes doe blowe in those regions, and those that doe commonly reign in those coasts, are the northwest and west windes in the summer season (in the beginning whereof we were there) the skie cleere and faire with very little raine; and if at any time the ayre be cloudie and mystie, with the southern winde, immediately it is dissolued and wareth cleere and fayre againe. The sea is calme, not boysterous, the waves gentle, and although all the shoare be somewhat sholde and without harborough, yet it is not dangerous to the saylers, being free from rockes, and deepe, so that within 4 or 5 foote of the shoare there is 20 foote deepe of water without ebbe or flood, the depth still increasing in such uniform proportion. There is very good ryding at sea, for any ship being shaken in a tempest can never perish there by breaking of her cables, which we have proved by experience. For in the beginning of March (as it is usual in all regions) being in the sea oppressed with northerne windes, and ryding there, we found our anchor broken before the earth fayled or moved at all. We departed from this place still running along the coast which we found to trend toward the east, and we saw everywhere very great fires, by reason of the multitude of the inhabitants. While we rode on that coast partly because it had no harborough, and for that we wanted water, we sent our boat ashore with 25 men; where by reason of great and continuall waves that beat against the shoare being an open coast without succour, none of our men could possibly goe ashore without losing our boate. We saw there many people which came into the shoare making divers signes of friendship, and shewing that they were content we should come aland, and by tryal we found them to be very courteous and gentle, as your Maiestie

shall understand by the successe. To the intent we might send them of our things, which the Indians commonly desire and esteeme, as sheetes of paper, glasses, bels, and such like trifles, we sent a young man one of our mariners ashoare, who swimming towards them, and being within 3 or 4 yards of the shoare, not trusting them, cast the things upon the shoare; but seeking afterwards to returne, he was with such violence of the waves beaten upon the shoare, that he was so bruised, that he lay there almost dead; which the Indians perceiving, ranne to catch him, and drawing him out they carried him a little way off from the sea. The young man perceiving they caried him, being at the first dismaied, began then greatly to feare and cried out piteously: likewise did the Indians which did accompany him, going about to cheere him and to give him courage, and then settling him on the ground at the foote of a little hil against the sunne, they began to behold him with great admiration, marvelling at the whitenesse of his flesh: and putting off his clothes, they made him warme at a great fire, not without our great feare which remained in the boate, that they would have rosted him at that fire, and have eaten him. The young man having recovered his strength, and hauing stayed a while with them, shewed them by signes that he was desirous to returne to the ship, and they with greate love clapping him fast about, with many embracings, accompanying him into the sea, and to put him in more assurance, leaving him alone, went unto a high ground and stood there, beholding him untill he was entred into the boate. This young man observed as we did alsoe, that these are of colour inclining to blacke as the others were, with their flesh very shining, of middling stature, handsome visage, and delicate limnes, and of very litle strength, but of prompt wit, farther we observed not

Departing from hence following the shore which trended somewhat toward the north in 50 leagues space we came to another land which shewed much more faire and full of woods, being very greate, where we rode at anchor; and that we might have some knowledge thereof, we sent 20 men aland, which entred into the country about 2 leagues, and they found that the people were fled to the woods for feare. They saw only one old woman, with a young maid of 18 or 20 years old which seeing our company hid themselves in the grasse for feare; the olde woman carried two infants on her shoulders, and behind her necke a child of 8 yeares old. The young woman was laden likewise with as many, but when our men came unto them, the women cried out, the olde woman made signes that the men were fledde unto the woods. As soone as they saw us to quiet them and to win their favour, our men gave them such victuals as they had with them, to eate, which the olde woman received thankfully, but the young woman disdained them all, and threw them disdainfully on the ground. They tooke a childe from the olde woman to bring into France, and going about to take the young woman which was very beautiful and of tall stature, they could not possibly, for the great outeries that she made, bring

her to the sea; and especially having great woods to pass through and being farre from the ship, we purposed to leave her behinde, bearing away the childe only. We found those folkes to be more white than those that we found before, being clad with certain leaves that hang on boughs of trees, which they sew together with threds of wilde hempe; their heads were trussed up after the same maner as the former were, their ordinary foode is of pulse, whereof they have great store, differing in colour and taste from ours, of good and pleasant taste. Moreover they live by fishing and fowling, which they take with ginnies, and bowes made of hard wood, the arrowes of canes, being headed with the bones of fishes and other beastes. The beastes in those parts are much wilder than in our Europe by reason they are continually chased and hunted. We saw many of their boates, made of one tree 20 foote long and 4 foote broad, which are not made with yron or stone or any other kind of metall (because that in all this countrie for the space of 200 leagues which we ranne, we never saw one stone of any sort;) they help themselves with fire, burning so much of the tree as is sufficient for the hollownesse of the boate. The like they doe in making the sterne and the fore parte, until it be fit to saile upon the sea. The land is in situation, goodnesse and fairnesse like the other; it hath woods like the other, thinne and full of divers sortes of trees but not so sweete, because the countrie is more northerly and colde.

We saw in this countrie many vines growing naturally, which growing up, took holde of the trees as they do in Lombardie, which if by husbandmen they were dressed in good order, without all doubt they would yield excellent wines, for having oftentimes seene the fruit thereof dryed, which was sweete and pleasant, and not differing from ours, we think that they doe esteeme the same, because that in euery place where they growe, they take away the under branches growing round about that the fruit thereof may ripen the better. We found also roses, violets, lilies and many sortes of herbes and sweete and odoriferous flowers different from owrs. We knewe not their dwellings because they were farre up in the land, and we judge by many signs that we saw that they are of wood and of trees framed together. We doe believe also by many conjectures and signes that many of them sleeping in the fields have no other covert than the open skye. Farther knowledge have we not of them; we think that all the rest whose countries we passed, live all after one maner. Having made our aboade three days in this country, and ryding on the coast for want of harboroughs, we concluded to depart from thence, trending along the shore betweene the north and the east, sayling only in the daye time, and ryding at anker at night. In the space of 100 leagues sayling we found a very pleasant place situated among certaine little steepe hills; from amidst the which hils there ranne downe to the sea an exceeding great streme of water, which within the mouth was very deepe and from the sea to the mouth of the same with the tide, which we found to rise 8 foote, any greate ship laden may passe up. But because we rode at anker in a place well fenced

from the wind, we would not venture ourselves without knowledge of the place, and we passed up with our boate onely into the sayd river, and saw the country very well peopled. The people are almost like unto the others, and are clade with the feathers of fowles of divers colours; they came towards us very cheerfully, making great show of admiration, showing us where we might come to land most safely with our boate. We entered up the said river into the lande about halfe a league, where it made a most pleasant lake aboute 3 leagues in compasse, on the which they rowed from the one side to the other, to the number of 30 of their small boats, wherein were many people which passed from one shore to the other to come and see us. And behold upon the sudden (as it is woont to fall out in sayling) a contrary flaw of winde comming from the sea, we were inforced to returne to our ship leaving this land to our great discontentment, for the great commodity and pleasantnesse thereof, which we suppose is not without some riches, all the hils shewing mineral matters in them We weyed anker and sayled towards the east for so the coast trended, and so alwayes for 50 leagues being in the sight thereof, we discouered an islande in forme of a triangle distant from the mainland 10 leagues, about the bignesse of the island of Rhodes. It was full of hils covered with trees, well peopled, for we saw fires all along the coast; We gave it the name of your maiesties mother,* not staying there by reason of the weather being contrary.

And we came to another land lying 15 leagues distant from the island, where we found a passing good haven, wherein being entered, we found about 20 small boats of the people, which with divers cries and wonderings came aboute our shippe, coming no nearer than 50 paces towards us; they stayed and beheld the artificialnesse of our ship, our shape and apparel, then they all made a loud showt together declaring that they rejoyced. When we had something animated them, using their gestures they came so neere us, that we cast them certain bels and glasses, and many toyes, which when they had received, they looked on them with laughing, and came without feare on board our ship. There were amongst these people 2 kings of so goodly stature and shape as is possible to declare, the eldest was about 40 yeeres of age, the seconde was a yong man of 20 yeeres olde, their apparell was on this manner; the elder had upon his naked body a harts' skin wrought artificially with divers branches like damask, his head was bayre, with the hayre tied up behind with divers knots; about his neck he had a large chaine, garnished with divers stones of sundry colours, the young man was almost apparelled after the same manner. This is the goodliest people and of the fairest condition that we have founde in our voyage. They exceede us in bignesse. They are of the colour of brasse, some of them incline more to whitenesse others are of yellow colour, of comely visage, with long and black hair, which they are very careful to trim and decke up: they are black and quick-eyed, and of sweete and pleasant countenance imitating much the old fashion. I write not to your

*Claudian Island.

maiestie of the other partes of their body, having all such proportion as appertaineth to any handsome man. The women are of the like conformitie and beautie, very handsome and well favored, of pleasant countenance and comely to behold: they are as well mannered and continent as any women, and of good education, they are all naked save their privy partes, which they cover with a deeres skin branched or embroydered as the men use; there are also of them which weare on their armes very rich skins of *Luzernes* they adorne their heads with diuers ornaments, made of their owne hair, which hang downe before on both sides of their brestes, others use other kind of dressing themselves like unto the women of *Egypt* and *Syria*, these are of the elder sort: and when they are maried they wear divers toyes, according to the usage of the people of the east as well men as women.

Among them we saw many pieces of wrought copper, which they esteeme more than goolde, which for the colour they make no account, for that among all other it is counted the basest; they make most account of *azure* and *red*. The things that they esteeme most of all those which we gave them, were bels, christal of azure colour, and other toyes, to hang at their eares or about their necke. They did not desire clothe of silke or of golde, much lesse of any other sort, neither cared they for thyngs made of steele and yron, which we often showed them in our armour which they made no wonder at: and in beholding them they onely asked the arte of making them; the like they did at our glasses, which, when they beheld they suddenly caught, and gave them us againe. They are very liberal, for they giue that which they haue; we became great friends with these, and one day we entered into the haven with our ship, whereas before we rode a league off at sea, by reason of the contrary weather. They came in great companies of their small boats unto the ship, with their faces all bepainted with diuers colours, shewing us that it was a signe of joy; bringing us of their victuals, they made signes unto us where we might safest ride in the haven for the safeguard of our ship, keeping still our company, and after we were come to an anker, we bestowed 15 dayes in prouiding ourselues many necessary things, whither every day the people repayred to see our ship, bringing their wives with them, whereof they were very ielous, and they themselves entering aboard the ship and staying there a good space caused their wives to stay in their boates, and for all the entreatie we could make, offering to giue them divers things, we could neuer obtaine that they would suffer them to come aborde our ship. And oftentimes one of the two kings, comming with his queene, and many gentlemen for their pleasure to see us, they all stayed on the shore 200 paces from us, sending us a small boat to giue us intelligence of their comming, saying they would come and see our ship; This they did in token of safety, and as soone as they had answere from us, they came immediately and hauing staied awhile to behold it, they wondered at hearing the cryes and noyses of the mariners. The Queene and her maids staied in a very light boat, at an iland a quarter of a league off, while the King abode a

long space in our ship uttering diuers conceits and gestures, viewing with great admiration all the furniture of the shippe, demanding the property of euery thing particularly. He tooke likewise great pleasure in beholding our apparell, and tasting our meats, and so courteously taking his leave departed. And sometimes our men staying two or three daies on a little iland the ship for divers necessaries (as it is the use of seamen) he returned with 7 or 8 of his gentlemen to see what we did, and asked of us oftentimes if we meant to make any long abode there offering us of their provision; then the King drawing his bow and running up and downe with his gentlemen, made much sporte to gratifie our men. We were oftentimes within the land 5 or 6 leagues, which we found as pleasant as it is possible to declare, very apt for any kinde of husbandry, of corne, wyne and oyle; for there are plaines 25 or 30 leagues broad open and without any impediment, of trees of such fruitfulnesse that any seed being sowen therein, wil bring forth most excellent fruit. We entred afterwards into the woods which we found so greate and thicke, that any army were it never so greate, might have hid itself therein, the trees whereof are okes, cipresse trees and other sortes unknowen in Europe. We found Pome, Appil, damson trees and nut trees and many other sortes of fruit differing from ours; there are beastes in great abundance as harts, deere, luzernes and other kinds which they take with their nets and bows which are their chief weapons, the arrowes which they use are made of great cunning and instead of yron, they head them with flint, with Jasper stone and hard marble and other sharp stones which they use instead of iron to cut trees and to make their boates of one whole piece of wood making it hollow with greate and wonderful art, wherein 10 or 12 men may set commodiously, their oares are short and broad at the end, and they use them in the sea without any danger, and by maine force of armes, with as great speedinesse as they left themselves. We saw their houses made in circular or round forme 10 or 12 paces in compasse made with half circles of timber separate one from another without any order of building, couered with mattes of straw wrought cunningly together, which save them from the winde and raine: and if they had the order of building and perfect skill of workmanship as we have there were no doubt but that they would also make eftsoons great and stately buildings. For all the sea coastes are ful of clear and glistening stones and alabaster, and therefore it is ful of good havens and harboroughs for shippes. They moove the foresaid houses from one place to another according to the commodity of the place and season wherein they wil make their abode and only take off the mattes; they have other houses builded incontinent. The Father and the whole Family dwell together in one house in great number, in some of them we saw 25 or 30 persons. They feede as the other doe aforesaid of pulse which grow in that country with better order of husbandry than in the others. They observe in their sowing the course of the Moone and the rising of certaine starres, and divers other customs spoken of by antiquity. Moreover they live by hunting and fishing. They live long and are seldom sicke and if they chance to fall sicke

at any time they heal themselves with fire without any physician, and they say that they die for very age. They are very pitifull and charitable towards their neighbours, they make great lamentations in their adversitie, and in their miserie, the kindred reckon up all their felicitie. At their departure out of life, they use mourning mixt with singing, which continueth for a long space. This is as much as we could learne of them. This Land is situate in the Paralele of Rome in 41 degrees and 2 terces but somewhat more cold by accidentall causes and not of nature (as I will declare unto your highnesse elsewhere) describing at this present the situation of the foresaid countrie, which lieth east and west. I say that the mouth of the haven lieth open to the south half a league broad and being entred within it between the east and the north it stretcheth twelve leagues where it weareth broader and broader and maketh a gulfe about 20 leagues in compasse wherein are five small islands very fruitful and pleasant, full of hie and broad trees among the which islandes any great navie may ride safe without any feare of tempest or other danger. Afterwards turning towards the south in the entring into the haven, on both sides there are most pleasant hils, with many rivers of most cleare water falling into the sea. In the middest of this entrance there is a rocke of free stone growing by nature, apt to build any castle or fortresse there for the keeping of the haven. The fift of May being furnished with all things necessarie we departed from the said coaste, keeping along in sight thereof, and we sailed 150 leagues finding it alwayes after one manner, but the land somewhat higher with certaine mountaines all which beare a show of minerall matter, wee sought not to land there in any place, because the weather serued our turne for sailing; but wee suppose that it was like the former, the coaste ran eastward for fiftie leagues. And trending afterwards to the north, wee found another lande, high, full of thicke woods, the trees whereof were firres, cipresses and such like as are wont to grow in cold countries. The people differ much from the other, and looke how much the former seemed to be courteous and gentle, so much were these full of rudeness and ill maners, and so barbarous that by no signes that ever wee could make, we could have any kind of traffic with them. They clothe themselues with beares skinnes, and luzernes and seales and other beastes skinues. Their foode as farre as we could perceive, repairing often to their dwellings, we suppose to be by hunting and fishing, and of certaine fruites, which are a kind of roots which the earth yieldeth of her own accord. They have no graine, neither saw we any kind of signe of tillage, neither is the land for the barrennesse thereof, apt to beare fruit or seed. If at any time we desired by exchange to have any of their commodities they used to come to the sea shore upon certaine craggy rocks; and we standing in our bootes; they let downe, with a rope what it pleased them to give us, crying continually that we should not approach to the land, demanding immediately the exchange, taking nothing but knives, fish hooks, and tooles to cut withall, neither did they make any account of our courtesie. And when we had nothing left to exchange with them, when we separated from them the

people shewed all signes of discourtesie and disdaine, as were possible for any creature to invent. We were in despight of them 2 or 3 leagues within the land, being in number 25 armed men of us. And when went on shore they shot at us with their bowes, making great outeries and afterwards fled into the woods. We found not in this land any thing notable or of importance, saving very great wood and certaine hils, they may have some mineral matter in them for we saw many of them have beadstones of copper hanging at their eares. We departed from thence, keeping our course northeast along the coaste, which we found more pleasant champion and without woods, with high mountains within the land; continuing directly along the coast for the space of fiftie leagues we discovered 32 islands, lying al neare the land being small and pleasant to the view high and having many turnings and windings between them, making many fair harboroughs and chanels as the doe in the gulf of *Venice* in *Slavonia* and *Dalmatia*, we had no knowledge or acquaintance with the people; we suppose they are of the same maners and nature as the others are. Sayling north east for the space of 150 leagues wee approached the land that was in times past discouered by the Britons, which is in fiftie degrees. Having now spent all our provision and victuals, and having discovered about 700 leagues and more of new countries, and being furnished with water and wood we concluded to returne to France. Touching the religion of these people which we have found, for want of their language we could not understande, neither by signes nor gestures, that they had any religion or laws at all, or that they did acknowledge any first cause or mouer, neither that they worship the heaven or starres, the sunne or moon, or other planets, and much lesse whether they be idolaters; neither could we learne whether they used any kind of sacrifices or other adorations, neither in their villages have they any temples or houses of prayer. We suppose that they have no religion at all and that they liue at their own libertie. And, that all this proceedeth of ignorance, for they are very easie to be persuaded, and all that they see us Christians doe in our divine service they did the same with the like imitation as they saw us doe it.

ADDENDUM.

There has been, as the compiler remarked in the note introductory to the account of Verrezano's voyage, considerable discussion as to the probability of his having entered the bay of New York, as there are, it has been supposed, discrepancies in his account of the two harbors visited by him, which do not adapt either of them to the actual description of New York bay; but, to us, his narrative seems so plainly to point out the two harbors of New York and Newport as being those described by him, that our conviction is quite settled on the subject; and we think that the whole difficulty in reconciling his account with the supposition rests upon the difference in which the words "in compasse" are used in the ancient and

modern vocabulary. While we of the present day give to those words the signification of "in circumference," they of the olden time gave them signification as "in diameter." This is proven by various passages in Verrezano's letter; as he says, for instance, the Indian houses were ten or twelve paces in compass, and yet that large families dwell therein. This could hardly be in a house ten or twelve feet in diameter, (which would be the size of a house thirty to thirty-six feet in circumference,) while in one from thirty to thirty-six feet in diameter it might very well be, and this latter was, doubtless, the size of the Indian domicils, as we know from contemporary accounts. The word "compass," in the old signification, was not a geometrical term, but one having the same sense of our word "size," and being commonly applied to circular forms the "size" or "compass" was understood as the extent across.

Taking this explanation, we find that Verrezano left latitude thirty-four degrees and sailed along the coast, without material variation of his course, a little east of north, and always in sight of land, for near one hundred and fifty leagues. That he then entered a sheltered cove, with hills in the vicinity. That a river emptied among the hills. That within the mouth of the river was deep water. That from the sea to the mouth of the river any great ship might pass up. That he entered the river with a boat sent from his sheltered anchorage, and found, when a mile and a half within the entrance, that it formed a lake about nine miles "in compass." This all corresponds with the actual description of New York bay and harbor. Further, that when he left his anchorage he sailed east, along the coast, fifty leagues, (about the extent of the Long Island shore.) That he discovered an island ten leagues distant from the main land, about the bigness of the island of Rhodes, (answering the description of Block Island.) That at fifteen leagues distance from the island he entered a harbor situated in latitude forty-one degrees two minutes. The mouth of the harbor lying open to the south and being half a league broad. That within, it stretched twelve leagues between the east and north, and became still broader further on, forming upon the whole a gulf twenty leagues "in compass" or length, wherein are five small islands. On both sides of the entrance there were pleasant hills, and in the middle of the entrance a rocky projection above the water. All this applies, with precise accuracy to the harbor of Newport, Rhode Island. That the coast thence trended eastward fifty leagues, and turned afterward, (around Nantucket,) toward the north, until he finally came to Newfoundland. It is to be remembered that in his estimate of distances Verrezano does not pretend to be precise, by measurement, but approxmate, as well as he could judge.

WOODLAWN MANSION.

This picturesque property is beautifully situated on the Bloomingdale road, and was a well known hostelry or antique inn, as far back as the era of the Revolution. It was then called the "Strawberry Hill Hotel," and was a famous resort of the young people of our city up to the close of the last century. About that time, the manor came into the possession of John James, and was divided by him into smaller estates, and the manor house, as it now stands, put up for a rural residence. It subsequently passed into the possession of the Haywards, and on the partition of their estates, about the year 1845, became the property of the present owner, Wm. B. Moffat. The house commands a fine water prospect, as the eye, on a clear day, can enjoy a view of the lordly Hudson for many miles north and south, and descry objects from Sing Sing to the Narrows. In the future of this city, the manifest destiny of Woodlawn will probably be in fifty years the site of a large ship building yard, where monster steamships will be launched, amid the clink of hammers and the roar of steam.

NEWSPAPER EXTRACTS IN OLDEN TIMES.

To his Excellency the Earl of Bellomont, Captain General and Governor of the Province of New York, &c.

The humble petition of Samuel Clowes, showeth:

That your Excellency's petitioner being very desirous to be some way serviceable to his Majesty and your Excellency in the province, doth hereby humbly offer himself, and request your Excellency would graciously please to invest him with the employ of Comptroller or Surveyor of the Customs, or any other post your Excellency shall think him qualified for, and your Excellency's petitioner shall (as in duty and gratitude bound) ever pray, &c.

SAM'L CLOWES.

March 31, 1669.

Great sickness in New York and over the land in general. Some persons are daily swept away, and many more lying on their languishing beds, expecting each hour their dissolution. A day of humiliation is ordered by the Governor, who complains of swearing, the intemperate way of drinking, and all manner of impieties, as being prevalent in the province.—(*November*, 1668.)



LITH. BY G. HAYWARD, 120 WATER ST. N.Y. FOR D. T. VALENTINES MANUAL 1856

STRAWBERRY HILL HOTEL, NOW, WOODLAWN.

RANDOM EXTRACTS FROM THE CITY RECORDS.

The First Merchants' Exchange.

1752.—*Whereas*, Several gentlemen, in this city, having voluntarily subscribed toward erecting an Exchange, at the lower end of Broad street, near the long bridge, Mr. John Watts appeared before the Board with a plan thereof, and desired their approbation, to which plan they unanimously agreed, and for the encouragement of so laudable an undertaking, voted, that Mr. Mayor issue his warrant to the Treasurer, to pay one hundred pounds toward carrying on said building.

Bedlow's Island.

February, 1758.—*Ordered*, That Alderman Livingston and Alderman Lispenard do immediately wait upon Archibald Kennedy, Esq., and purchase of him, for this Corporation, the island commonly called Bedlow's Island, for any sum not exceeding one thousand pounds, in order to erect thereon a pest house, and make report thereof to this Board, how, and in what manner they have treated with him for the same.

The Committee, after conference with Mr. Kennedy, reported that they had agreed to give him one thousand pounds, in two payments, viz:—Five hundred pounds on 1st May next, and five hundred pounds on 1st May, 1759; which was approved.

January 30, 1759.—*Ordered*, That a pest house be erected on the island commonly called Bedlow's Island, recently purchased by the Corporation, for that purpose.

April, 1760.—*Ordered*, That the Clerk of this Board prepare a lease to Isaac Will, of the city of New York, gardener, for the island commonly called Bedlow's Island, for the term of one year, upon the following conditions, to wit:—That this Corporation will find and provide for said Will a pettiauger and one cow, and that the said Will is not to be permitted to sell or retail any strong liquors, or entertain any company on the said island, during the continuance of this lease; and, that if the said lease shall not be continued longer than for a year, that at the expiration thereof he shall leave the cow, for the use of the said Corporation, and shall repay them the price they paid for the said pettiauger; and that the said Isaac Will shall be obliged to continue on said island, during the continuance of the lease, in case any sick shall be lodged there, and afford them his and his family's assistance.

March, 1764.—It is agreed and ordered by this Board, that John Brown, of the said city, laborer, be, and is hereby appointed overseer and manager of Bedlow's Island, during the pleasure of the Corporation.

September, 1769.—*Ordered*, That Samuel Rogers, the present tenant of this Corporation, on the island commonly called Bedlow's Island, do forthwith remove himself and family from thence, this Board having no further service for him there; and ordered that Evert Pells be permitted to occupy the same, until he shall receive an order from this Board to the contrary.

July, 1772.—It is agreed that Elias Stilwell be permitted to take into his possession the island commonly called Bedlow's Island, and to occupy the same, until he shall receive an order to the contrary from this Board.

September, 1773.—Mr. Mayor informed the Board, that Col. Robinson signified his desire to obtain leave of the Corporation, to put a number of soldiers on Bedlow's Island, in the hospital there, and that he would engage to repair any damage that they may do to the same; Ordered, therefore, that he have leave accordingly, until the further order of this Corporation.

The present Chatham street, (previously the Old Post Road,) surveyed as a Street.

1760.—Mr. Marschalk, one of the City Surveyors, produced to this Board the draft or plan of a road which he hath lately laid out, by the direction of this Corporation, in the West Ward of this city, and is in the following manner, viz:—Beginning from the Spring Garden House, where the street now is of the breadth of eighty-two feet six inches, and extending from thence north thirty-seven degrees, east thirty minutes, until it comes to the ground of the late Widow Rutgers, leaving the street thereof fifty feet in breadth; which is approved of by this Board.

Lighting of the Streets.

January, 1762.—*Ordered*, That a Committee be appointed to purchase, for the use of the Corporation, such a number of lamps and lamp-posts as they may conceive to be necessary for the illuminating of this city, agreeable to an act of assembly of this province.

Same date.—*Ordered*, That notice be given in the public gazettes, to such persons as are willing to contract with this Board, for lighting such lamps as will speedily be erected.

February, 1762.—*Ordered*, That a Committee be appointed, (in pursuance of an act of assembly, authorizing the raising of a sum not exceeding one thousand eight hundred pounds, by tax, for fixing of lamps, and providing a sufficient number of watchmen,) to erect lamps in such parts of the city as they shall judge most convenient.

General System of numbering the Streets adopted.

1793.—The Street Committee on Numbering the Streets, presented the following report: "That the following method, in the opinion of your Committee, will be the most simple and convenient, beginning at the next house in every street terminating at either of the rivers, where such street

intersects the main street, next to the river, and all houses below such intersecting streets to be numbered separately, beginning with No. 1, looking upward in all the main streets, and downward in all the slips, on the one side of the street, and No. 2 on the opposite side, and so on to the end of the street or slip. That a board be put up at each end of every street with the name of the street, and an index or hand, pointing towards the street, painted thereon.

Paving of Broadway.

1790.—The Committee appointed to propose a plan for paving Broadway, from the new pavement at the Lutheran church, (formerly on the corner of Rector street) northwards, report: That in the execution of this duty, they have paid that attention which the importance of so principal a street required, and have obtained an accurate survey of the same, which accompanies this report. The result of their opinion is, that the regulation ought to take place from the corner of the Bridewell fence, and that the crown of the street be continued in a right line from that place, until it joins the new pavement at the Lutheran church, by which means a regular uniformity will be preserved, which will contribute to the beauty as well as the convenience of the street. To accomplish this desirable object, few difficulties occur in leading the water off to the westward, as the different avenues to the North river, in general, afford every facility that can be wished. Some inconveniences occur on the east side, to overcome which, two modes present themselves; the one, to lower the several streets leading from the Broadway to Nassau street, and eastward, the other, by constructing common sewers under the intended pavement of Broadway, at the places hereafter designated. The Committee, as well as the surveyors employed on this occasion, are unanimously of opinion that the latter is the most desirable, as well as most practicable mode, and cannot be attended with such a charge to the Corporation as to render it objectionable.

The places where the difficulty of leading off the water occurs, are, the head of Fair street, (now Fulton street), Little Queen street, (now Pearl street,) and Trinity church, opposite Wall street. Fair street is nearly a dead level, to William street, which being already paved, a material injury would arise to dig it down so as to lead the water eastward from Broadway. Here, therefore, a common sewer appears decidedly preferable, perhaps in the course of the operation the water may be led from the head of Little Queen street, eastward, or partly through the channel on the east side of Broadway, which may be left to the decision of the Committee employed to superintend the work. At Trinity church, a common sewer appears indispensably necessary, to lead the water into Wall street, as the distance between Provost street (now Franklin street,) and Mr. Cortland's corner, (Exchange Place,) is too great to drop sufficient to carry off the water. Although the Committee recommend the *regulation*

to take place from the corner of the Bridewell, they propose that the *pavement* should only extend as far as Vesey street, consequently any future regulations must correspond and preserve the uniformity of Broadway, an object they consider of the utmost importance to the beauty of the city, as well as the credit of the Corporation." Which plan was adopted.

Alderman Bayard's Election.

1784.—Nicholas Bayard, was returned elected Alderman of the Out Ward, whereupon, Alderman Ives presented a representation to the Board, setting forth his objections to the eligibility of Mr. Bayard, for the following reasons. That Mr. Bayard, after having left the town, did voluntarily return thereto, enjoyed his property, and held employment under the British government during the war. Second, that upon examination, it will be found that a great number of persons voted at the election who ought not have been permitted to vote.

Mr. Ives' objections were, however, overruled, and Alderman Bayard was admitted to his seat as Alderman.

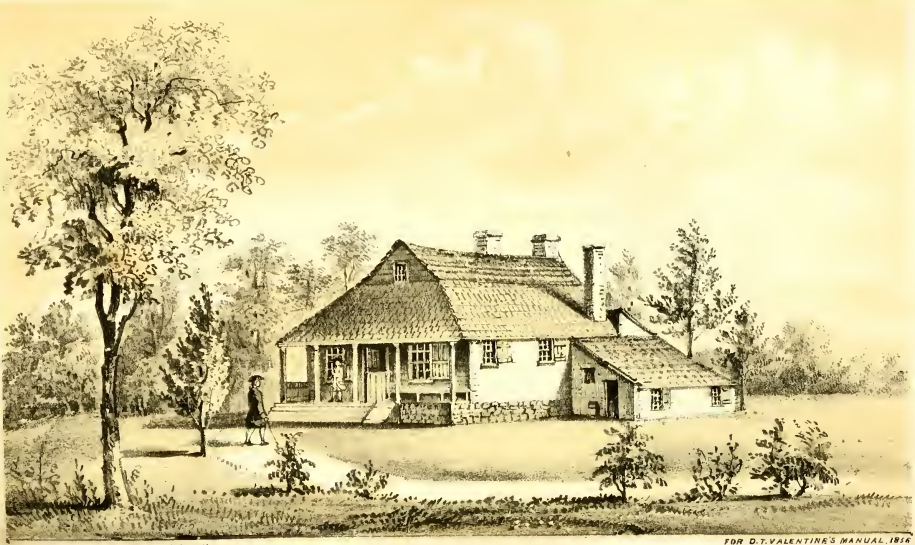
The Fort.

1789.—The Board having visited the ground at the Fort and Battery, which, by the Legislature, have been reserved for the public use, and for continuing the Broadway through to the river. The Mayor communicated to the Board, that the Governor had proposed to remove as much of the Fort as obstructed the line of the Broadway to the river, at the expense of the State, and signified, that it would be proper for the Corporation to run a wharf or bulkhead in the river, along the Battery, from Ell's corner to the Flat Rock, to receive the earth to be removed from the Fort, and to enlarge the area of the Battery. Whereupon, resolved, that this Board will run a wharf, in manner as above is suggested, and that a Committee be appointed to report the expense.

1790.—*Ordered*, That Messrs. Torboss, Van Zant and George Janeway, be appointed Commissioners to superintend the taking down the stone, and removing the earth of the Fort.

Harlem Bridge.

1774.—Colonel Lewis Morris, of the manor of Morrisiana, in Westchester County, made application to this Board, and informed them that the present post-road, between this city and Eastchester, is twenty miles long, and passes over many high and steep hills, which render it very inconvenient. That a road between the places aforesaid, through Harlem, Morrissiana and the borough of Westchester, will be less than sixteen miles over a more level tract of country; that he the said Lewis Morris, and those who are tenants in fee of the soil adjoining Harlem river, through



LITH BY G. HAYWARD 120 WATER St. N.Y.

FOR D.T. VALENTINE'S MANUAL. 1856

OLD VARIAN HOUSE BLOOMINGDALE ROAD.

which such road must pass, will bestow upon the public the land which shall be necessary for laying out the same, and that to render the said road really beneficial, it will be requisite to build a bridge across Harlem river, which cannot be affected without the leave and permission of this worshipful Board, first had and obtained, and therefore hoped that this Board would indulge him with a grant and permission of the same.

This Board taking the same into consideration, thereupon ordered, that the said Lewis Morris, have permission, accordingly, to erect a bridge across Harlem river, for the public use only, and not for private emolument.

VARIAN'S HOUSE.

The dwelling house represented by the engraving on the opposite page, was taken down some ten or fifteen years since to make room for the splendid edifices which now beautify the portion of the city in which it was situated. It was the residence of Isaac Varian, and the birth-place of his children, among whom were ex-Mayor Isaac L. Varian and the present Alderman, George W. Varian, and was occupied by him as his home at the time of his death, a few years since. The farm attached to the property contained about twenty-seven and a half acres, fronting originally on the Bloomingdale road, and covering the blocks within the present limits of Broadway, Twenty-sixth to Thirtieth streets, and extending nearly to the Seventh avenue. The northerly seventeen and a half acres were purchased by Mr. Varian of the executors of John De Witt, to whom the same were conveyed by Jacob Horn in 1751. The southerly ten acres were purchased from Adam Vanderburgh. The property is said to have been in the family about eighty years, and was cultivated as farming land. The old house is said to have shown evidences of having been in part constructed out of a ship's cabin, but from whence this relic was derived, we have no account. The building itself was a noticeable object in late years, when seen from the fashionable drive near which it was situated, partly owing to its humble appearance in the midst of a rapidly improving neighborhood, and partly from the pertinacity evinced by its wealthy occupant, who, although raised to very affluent circumstances by the rise in value of his land, yet clung to the humble homestead of his childhood, where his father had lived before him, until his grasp was released by death.

BROADWAY MODERNIZED.

Those who remember our great city artery twenty years since must, on reflection, often feel surprised, if not delighted, at the many splendid edifices which have been erected within that short period. Nowhere, however, is the change more apparent than from Park row up to Canal street. Most of the quaintical looking edifices, erected by our Dutch ancestors, have been torn down, and their sites occupied with lofty structures of marble, brick or brown stone. We present a view of a large building, owned by Dr. Wm. B. Moffat, at the corner of Broadway and Anthony, as it used to be written, but which has changed its cognomen to Worth street. Before the Broadway Theatre was erected, in 1847, there stood on this spot a wooden structure, known to the denizens thereabout as the "Old Porter House." It was torn down the same year the Theatre was opened, and in a very summary manner. The occupant refused to quit after receiving legal notice, and an order of dispossession being granted by a Judge of the Supreme Court; the ground was cleared, in about six hours, of every stick or stone which made up the "Old Porter House," and the new edifice commenced forthwith.

NEWSPAPER EXTRACTS IN OLDEN TIMES.

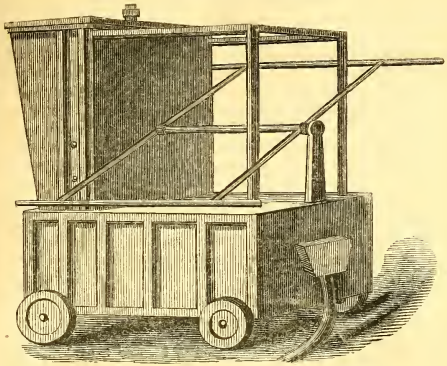
Peter Ellet, of Bedford, pretended to see sights and visions at the Fort in New York, for which he is ordered to be arrested, as it tends to the disquiet of his Majesty's subjects in these parts.—(*February* 16, 1664.)

Great drought prevails—no wheat or wheat-meal is allowed to be exported from the port of New York.—(*July* 3, 1666.)

There were great struggles at the elections in New York, broken heads and fighting. Nichols, late of the Council, rode about the country electioneering. The leading desire is to get rid of a *Revenue System*, and to be on a footing with the other colonies. The two parties are the Leislerites and the Jacobites. The former (being mostly Dutch) voted for the revenue, and are the supporters of Gov. Bellomont, who put them in all the good places at his disposal.—(*Governor's Letter, May* 15, 1699.)

A malignant disease, like a plague, was brought into New York from St. Thomas, West Indies, in a bale of cotton.—(*Assembly Journal*, 1702.)

FOR VALENTINES MANUAL 1858



Style of Engine used about the year 1732.

SKETCH OF THE ORIGIN OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, AS AT PRESENT ORGANIZED.

The Firemen of the city of New York form one of the most notable fraternities known in our municipal history, and have become appreciated as a highly efficient organization even in the old cities of Europe. It is but recently, we believe, that the present sagacious Emperor of the French, who had formerly some personal opportunity of witnessing the alacrity of our firemen, complimented them by modeling parts of the dress and regulations of the Paris department upon those of our city. Our department is, besides, the parent stock from which the peculiar genius and spirit which now animate those of other cities and villages in the Union, has been derived. In its own circle, it has become concentrated into a powerful fraternity, banded together for charitable objects toward the widows and orphans of its deceased members, as well as a great organization, operating powerfully for the public good.

Our young men, enjoying the freedom of a participation in public affairs, and called upon for an active contribution toward the general welfare, find in this employment a sphere of co-operation well suited to those who delight in active physical exercise. The excitement, the dangers and (it may be so called) the glory of participation in the salvation of life or property from the devouring element, are attractions well suited to the tastes of this class of our people. Life is boldly ventured in the discharge of the duty, and, not unfrequently, hazards are taken with fatal results to the

heroic firemen. In such cases the fraternity honor their deceased associates with ceremonious funeral; raise monuments of the most splendid description to their memory, and their names are recorded in the annals of the department, as men whose memories their friends delight to honor. A history of the deeds of self-sacrifice and disinterested valor, connected with the Fire Department of New York, would, of itself, furnish an instructive lesson equal to many stories of ancient and romantic heroism, with which history is ornamented.

In contemplating the present extensive scheme of our Fire Department, it is curious to go back to those ages of our municipal history, when the first germ of its organization sprung up. Look for instance at that earliest ordinance, adopting a system for the prevention of fires, which reads in these words:

(*Translated from the Dutch.*)

"*Whereas*, The Burgomasters of the city of Amsterdam, in New Netherland, have observed that within this city there is but little attention paid to the subject of fire and to the necessity of keeping the chimnies clean, in consequence of which there have already occurred several fires, and further dangers are to be apprehended, from the reason that the greater part of the houses in this town are built of wood, and among them some are covered with reeds and have wooden or platted chimnies: Therefore have we, with the approbation of the Director General and Councillors of New Netherland, appointed as Fire Wardens, Hendriek Hendrickson Kip, Govert Loockerman, and Christian Barents, who are hereby authorized to visit all the houses and chimnies within the city jurisdiction, and to perform their duties as Fire Wardens according to the custom of our fatherland. Done this 26th day of February, 1656."

This is one of the first acts of the city authorities after the incorporation of New Amsterdam, and is in prosecution of an order to the same effect by the Director General and Council, in 1648. Within a year or two, the resolution was taken to provide buckets at the public expense, of which proceedings the following is the record:

1 *August*, 1658. Coenraet Ten Eyck, Reinhout Reinhoutzen, Ariaen Van Laer, Pieter Van Haalen, shoemakers, being sent for, appear in the Court of Burgomasters and the President stated to them that it was intended to have a considerable number of fire buckets made, showing them with that view two made in this country, and requesting from them an estimate of the lowest price they will make them for.

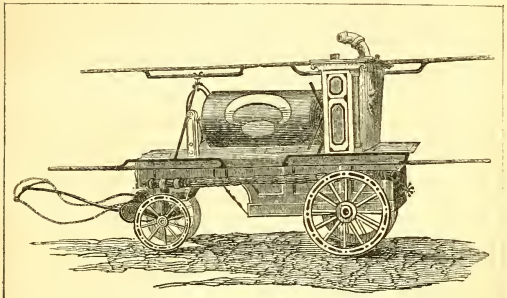
"Whereupon, Coenraet Ten Eyck is heard and declared his unwillingness to make a proposition, and Pieter Van Haalen declares there are no materials to be had.

"The Burgomasters thereupon enter into an agreement with Reinhout Reinhoutzen and Ariaen Van Laer on the following conditions,

"Reinhoutzen undertakes to make the aforesaid buckets, and to do every thing that shall be necessary to them, except cordage, for each of

which buckets he shall receive six guilders, ten stuyvers, half seawant (Indian bead-money) half-beavers (beaver skins which passed current.) It being well understood that the fourth part of the beavers shall be half beavers (beaver skins divided in two parts) and three fourths whole beavers; and upon such terms a contract is entered into with him to make one hundred buckets.

"On the same conditions Arien Van Laer agrees to make fifty buckets."



Style of Engine used in 1812.

On the completion of the leathern buckets, a few months afterward, the Burgomasters resolved to hang them up in the houses of the following persons:

Numbers	1 to 50	In the City Hall.
"	51 to 62	In the tavern of Daniel Litschoe.*
"	63 to 74	In Abraham Verplanck's house in the Smith's Valley.†
"	75 to 86	At Johannes Van Brugh's house.‡
"	87 to 98	At the Heer Paulus Leendersen Vandiegrifts.‖
"	99 to 110	At the Herr Nicasius D'Lilles' house in the Sheep Pasture.§
"	111 to 122	At the house of Heer Pieter Wolfersen Van Couwenhoven.**

* Present Pearl street, near Wall.

† Present Pearl street, near Fulton.

‡ Present Hanover square.

‖ Broadway, nearly opposite Exchange place.

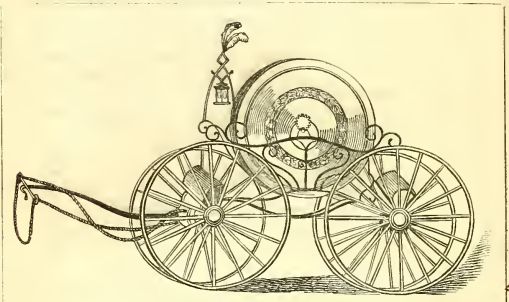
§ Present south-east corner of Broad street and Exchange place.

** Present northwest corner of Whitehall and Pearl streets.

Numbers 1 to 12 At the house of Jan Jansen, Jr.
" 13 to 24 At the house of Hendrick Hendricksen Kip.*
" 25 to 36 At the house of Jacob Backer.†

These primitive efforts at an organization for the prevention and extinguishment of fires, were made at a time when this city was but a village of less than two thousand inhabitants.

It will be seen that as respects the system adopted in anticipation of alarms of fire, the buckets were distributed through the city at convenient places of deposit, which, being made known to the public, they could resort to the most convenient depot without loss of time. There were at that time no other public utensils to assist in extinguishing fires. But in the actual



Style of Hose Carriage of 1835.

scene of a conflagration, we are of course to fancy the domestic auxiliaries furnished in the shape of tubs, pails, blankets, etc. The firemen were not organized as a body, and the active co-operation of men, women, children and slaves, was counted upon in the emergency; the kitchen poured out its sooty domestics, and the parlor, (if there were such things in those days,) its worthy master and mistress of the household to join in the labor for the common weal. Each property-holder was then his own insurer, and the citizen could not then as now look on the conflagration of his houses, barns and all his worldly property, with the consoling conviction that somebody beside himself was the loser.

This latter circumstance occasioned great care that every precaution should be taken for the *prevention* of fires, and the "searchers of chimnies," as they were called, were kept in a constant state of activity in

* Present Bridge street, north side, between Whitehall and Broad streets.

† Present Broad street, east side, between Stone and South William streets.

making periodical examinations of the premises through the town. These worthy officers, whose duty led them into those parts of the domestic establishment, where they were not always welcome, and were sometimes, albeit they were men of high personal character, the victims of abuse and ridicule. The following minute of a trial before the court of Burgomasters, exhibits something of the spirit of the times on this subject.

"1658.—Complaint is made of Madaleen Dircks, for having presumed to insult the Worshipful Fire-wardens of this city on the public highway, and to make a street riot.

"Defendant Madaleen Dircks appears alone in Court, and admits that she and her sister passed by the door of the firewarden Litschoe, and as they always joked when the firewardens came to their house, she said there is the chimney sweep in the door, his chimney is well swept, and not another word was said about it.

The judgment of the Court is, that as such things cannot or ought not to be tolerated, on account of its bad consequences, the defendant is condemned in a fine of two pounds Flemish, to be applied one half to the church and one half to the poor."

Under this system the city continued during a period of sixty years, with some trifling alterations, such as the following ordinance.

"*February*, 1687. Whereas great damages have been done by fire in this city by reason of the want of instruments to quench the same; Now, for the prevention thereof it is ordered that every inhabitant within the city, whose dwelling house has two chimnies, shall provide one bucket for that use, and every inhabitant whose dwelling house has more than two hearths shall provide two buckets. That all brewers shall have six buckets and all bakers three."

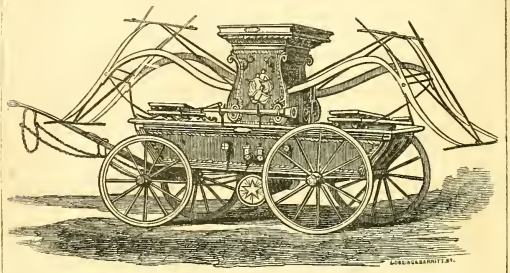
After a fire, and the consequent confusion, it was the custom for the town crier to give notice of a general exchange of buckets which had gotten into wrong hands.

Having thus given a general view of the condition of the Fire Police of the city up to that period when fire engines were first introduced in New York, from England, it will be interesting to trace the history of fire engines in the old country.

The oldest machines used for conveying water through a hose, or through pipes, to a fire, are described, by Roman historians, as being leathern bags, filled with water, and fastened to long pipes in such a manner that by pressing the bags the water would be forced through the pipes to the place which was in flames.

In the year 1657 a traveler was struck with admiration, on seeing, at Nuremberg, a fire engine which had been made there by John Hautsch; it stood on a sledge ten feet long and four feet wide; the water cistern was eight feet in length, four in height and two in width. It was moved by twenty-eight men, and forced a stream of water an inch in diameter to the height of eighty feet, consequently over the houses. The machine was drawn by two horses. Hautsch distributed, through Germany, an engraving of it, with an offer of constructing similar ones at a moderate

price, and teaching the use of them. But, at this period, the engines were still very imperfect; they had neither an air chamber or buckets, and required a great many men to work them. They consisted merely of a sucking pump and a forcing pump, united, which projected the water only in spirts, and with continual interruption. Such machines, on each movement of the lever, experienced a stoppage, during which no water was thrown out, and the pipe being fixed, it could not convey water to remote places, although it could reach a fire at no great distance where there were doors and windows to afford it a passage; at the same time the workmen were exposed to danger from the falling of the house on fire.



Style of Engine used in 1842.

In England, at the close of the sixteenth century, *hand squirts* were in use for extinguishing fires. They were made of brass, of the capacity of from two to four quarts. A syringe capable of discharging two quarts of water was about two and a half feet long and one and a half inches in diameter, that of the nozzle being half an inch. Every syringe required three men to work it; one man on each side, grasped two of the handles of the instrument with one hand and the nozzle with the other, while a third man worked the piston, or plunger. Several of these instruments are still preserved in some of the museums at London.

Newsham's engine was patented in England in the early part of the last century, and continued in use in that country until the year 1832, when the insurance offices in London having combined in forming a general fire engine establishment, adopted an improved form of engine.

Newsham's engine consisted, essentially, of a strong oak cistern, about three times as long as it was broad, mounted upon four wheels. The pump and air vessel were inclosed in a case, from the top of which issued the jet-

pipe. The suction pipe was of strong leather, with a spiral piece of leather running throughout its length, to prevent it from collapsing as soon as the air within it became rarified by the first working of the pump. One extremity of this pipe was secured to a nozzle at the lower end of the cistern, the other extremity being furnished with a strainer immersed in the water. In cases where the suction pipe could not be used, water was poured, by means of buckets, into a wooden trough, furnished with a strainer, from whence it passed into the cistern. A three-way cock, situated beneath the hinder trough, was turned according as the water was drawn through the suction pipe or was poured in by hand. The piston rods were connected by chains with a double sector. There were two chains to each piston, one passing from the top of the sector to the lower end of the piston rod; the other from the top of the piston rod to the botton of the sector. The chains were riveted to the sector, and attached to the piston rod by screw nuts. Long handles, connected with the sectors, could be worked on each side; with such an engine the water could be thrown, in a continuous jet, to the height of sixty or seventy feet, and with such a velocity as to break windows. The engine was successful on its first introduction. Its reputation found its way to New York, and the city authorities, in the year 1731, resolved to import two of these machines from London. From this period may be dated the origin of the Fire Department of this city, as at present organized.

The following extracts exhibit the proceedings of the city authorities on the first organization of an enrolled Fire Department.

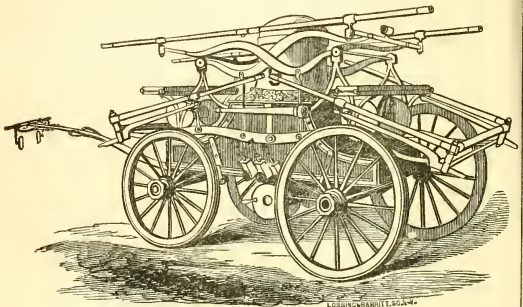
"*May* 6, 1731. *Resolved*, That this Corporation do, with all convenient speed, procure two complete fire engines, with suction and materials thereunto belonging, for the public service. That the sizes thereof be of the fourth and sixth sizes of Mr. Newsham's fire engines, and that Mr. Mayor, Alderman Cruger, Alderman Rutgers and Alderman Roosevelt, or any three of them, be a committee to agree with some proper merchant or merchants to send to London for the same by the first convenieney, and report upon what terms the said fire engines, &c., will be delivered to this Corporation."

"*June* 12, 1731. The Committee appointed to procure two fire engines for the use of this Corporation, do report that they have proposed to Messrs. Stephen Delancey and John Moore, merchants, to send for two fire engines to London, by the ship Beaver, of Mr. Newsham's new invention, of the fourth and sixth sizes, with suctions, leathern pipes and caps, and other materials thereunto belonging; and that the said Mr. Delancey and Mr. Moore will undertake to purchase and procure the same, and deliver them to this Corporation on the return of the said ship Beaver to this Port, at the rate of one hundred and twenty per cent. advance on the foot of the invoice (exclusive of commissions and insurance) and that the money be paid for the same within nine months after the delivery thereof. Which report is approved, and ordered the said Committee agree with the said Mr. Delancey and Mr. Moore for the said fire engines accordingly."

"*December* 1, 1731. *Ordered* that Alderman Van Gelder and Alder-

man Roosevelt be a Committee to employ workmen to fit up a convenient room in the City Hall of this city, for securing the fire engines of this Corporation, with expedition." "And further *ordered*, that the said fire engines be cleaned and the leathers oiled and put into boxes that the same may be fit for immediate use."

"*April* 15, 1736. *Ordered* that a convenient house be made, contiguous to the Watch-house in the Broad street, for securing and well keeping the fire engines of this city."



Style of Engine built in 1855.

"The Committee appointed 24th January, 1735, for agreeing with an overseer of the fire engines, &c., have made their report in the words following, to wit: In obedience thereto we have agreed with Jacobus Turk, gunsmith, to take care of the fire engines from the 1st day of May, 1736, for one whole year to keep them clean and in good repair, upon his own cost, for the sum of ten pounds per annum, 'except some of the material should give way, which should be upon the cost of the Corporation.'

"Which report is agreed to, and further ordered that the sum of Ten pounds be advanced to said Jacobus Turk to enable him to go on with finishing a small fire engine he is making for an experiment."

October 19, 1737.—*Ordered*, That the legislature be petitioned that leave be granted the Corporation to appoint four and twenty able-bodied men, inhabitants, within this city, (who shall be called the firemen of this city,) to work and play the fire engines within the same, upon all occasions and emergencies, when they shall be thereunto required by the overseer of the said engines or the magistrates of the said city; and that the said firemen,

To His Excellency George Clinton Esq.r
Governor of the State of New york in Ameri-
-ca &c.a &c.a &c.a

May it please your Excellency

As the Change of Government has now taken place on the Arrival of your Excellency in this City — We the Fire Enginees of the Several Fire Engines and Companies belonging to the Same, beg leave to lay before your Excellency, the State and Condition of the Fire Engines &c.a — as also of the Several Companies and Numbers of Men now belonging to the Same.

We further beg leave to Represent to your Excellency That the Fire Engines with the other emplements belonging, were before the late Fire all in good Condition and the Companies under good Order and Regulations; And as there are at present a Number of Fire Buckets Wanting, and Also Some Necessary to be done (Occasioned by the late Fire) to the Several apparatus belonging to the Engines, which Require immediate dispatch, not knowing how Soon they may be wanted — We think it Our duty, and therefore take this early Opportunity to Represent this matter to your Excellency, as the Safety and preservation of this Metropolis at Times depend greatly in keeping the Engines in good Order. —

We now beg leave to inform your Excellency that we

we held a Commission Jointly and Severally, under the late Governor Robertson, and are happy to say we always gain'd applause from the Citizens for our good Conduct in the Alarming time of Fire in this City — Should it please your Excellency to Continue us in this office under your Administration we will always Act with such Conduct, as we make no Doubt will, when Called upon in Time of Fire gain the applause of your Excellency, as well as in the late Fire we have of the Citizens. — — We

Remain with Great Respect

your Excellency's Most Obed.t &
Most Hum.e & Serv.ts

John Balthazar Dash

George Stanton

Francis Dominick

Jeremiah Alstyne

New York 27th November 1783.

A List of the Names of the Foremen and Commissioners belonging to the several Fire Engines, with the Numbers of the same, —

		Men
Engine — No. 1	Jacob Bodine, Fireman	12.
2.	John Burt Lyng ——— Do. ———	12.
3.	John C. Cuntzius ——— Do. ———	16.
4.	John Corl ——— Do. ———	13.
5.	Daniel Ten Eyck ——— Do. ———	22.
6.	Nicholas Carmer ——— Do. ———	21.
7.	Ahasures Turk ——— Do. ———	24.
8.	Henry Riker ——— Do. ———	23.
9.	Charles Doughty ——— Do. ———	16.
10.	Isaac Meade ——— Do. ———	22
11	Christophus Hennigar ——— Do. ———	16.
12.	John B. Dash Junr ——— Do. ———	12.
13.	Richard Deane ——— Do. ———	12.
14.	Benjamin Birdsall ——— Do. ———	10.

Men belonging to Ladders and hooks —

No. 1	Daniel Cotton ——— Fireman ———	12.
2.	William Wright ——— Do. ———	10

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as a recompense and reward for said service, be excused and exempted from being elected and serving in the office of a constable, or being enlisted, or doing any duty in the militia regiment, troop or companies in the said city, while acting as such firemen."

A LAW FOR REGULATING AND DECLARING THE DUTY OF FIREMEN IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

September 19, 1738.—*Whereas*, By an act of the General Assembly of this colony, made in the eleventh year of his present majesty's reign, entitled "an act for the better extinguishment of fires that may happen in the city of New York," among other things it is thereby enacted, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the said city, to make rules for the government of persons nominated as firemen, and to impose fines upon them for neglect of duty. Therefore, be it ordained:

First.—That when fires, happen within this city, the firemen, upon first notice thereof, shall repair to the engines and draw them to the fire, and there, under direction of the magistrates or the engineer or overseer of the engines, "*shall, with their utmost diligence, manage, work and play the said fire engines, and all other tools and instruments, at such fire, with all their power, strength, skill and understanding*," and when the fire is out shall draw the engine back.

Second.—Any fireman, absent from a fire, without reasonable excuse, to be fined twelve shillings.

Third.—Once in each month the firemen are to exercise the engines, and wash and cleanse them.

Fourth.—Any person taking upon himself the office of fireman and neglecting his duty, to be removed from office.

Fifth.—The firemen shall be exempt from serving as constable, surveyor of highways, juror, or on inquests, or serving in the militia or any of the independent companies.

Sixth.—The fines upon the firemen to be disposed of, one-half to the informer, the other half to the city.

The names of the firemen first appointed are as follows:—John Tiebout, block-maker; Hercules Wendover, blacksmith; Jacobus Delamontagine, block-maker; Thomas Brown, cutler; Abraham Van Gelder, gunsmith; Jacobus Stoutenburgh, gunsmith; Wm. Roome, Jr., carpenter; Walter Hyer, Sr., bricklayer; Johannes Alstein, blacksmith; Everet Pells, Jr., repe-maker; Peter Lott, carman; Peter Brower, bricklayer; Albertus Tiebout, carpenter; John Vredenberg, carpenter, John Dunscomb, cooper; Johannes Roome, carpenter; Peter Marschalck, baker; Petrus Kip, baker; Andrew Myer, Jr., cordwainer; Robt. Richardson, cooper; Rymer Broger, blacksmith; Barnet Bush, cooper; David Van Gelder, blacksmith; Johannes Van Duersen, cordwainer; Martinus Bogert, carman; Johannes Vredenbergh, cordwainer; Johannes Van Sys, carpenter; Adolph Brase, cordwainer, and John Man, cooper, "*all strong, able, discreet, honest and sober men.*"

(The concluding portion of the above will be given in the next issue.)

CHRONOLOGICAL SKETCH

OF THE

PROGRESS OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

TIL THE CLOSE OF THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR.

1609. (Sept. 6.) A crew of five men, from Hudson's vessel, (then anchored within Sandy Hook,) passed through the Narrows in a small boat, and discovered Manhattan Island.

1611. A vessel dispatched by Amsterdam merchants, to Manhattan Island, to establish a trading depot.

1613. The trading post on this island consisted of four houses, Hendrick Corstraeusen being the chief of the traders.

1614. The first vessel built on this island, to supply the place of an European yacht which was burnt.

—— A fort erected on the south extremity of the island.

1621. The Dutch West India Company chartered.

1624. Peter Miniut arrived at this island as director.

1626. The island of Manhattan estimated then to contain 22,000 acres, purchased from the Indians for $24.

1629. Charter of privileges to the colonists, granted.

1632. Director Miniut returned to Holland.

—— Wouter Van Twiller arrived as Director.

1633. The privilege of "staple right" granted to New Amsterdam, whereby all vessels trading along the coast, were obliged to unload at this port, or pay certain fixed duties in lieu thereof.

—— The first schoolmaster (Adam Roelantsen,) arrived in the town.

—— The first church erected of wood, in the present Bridge street; the domine or pastor being the Rev. Everardus Bogardus.

1635. The fort finished at an expense of $1,688.

—— The first English settlers domiciled in New Amsterdam.

1638. Willem Kieft succeeded Van Twiller as Director.

1641. Cattle fairs established in New Amsterdam, two in each year. The first war between the Dutch and Indians commenced.

1642. A stone tavern built in New Amsterdam, at the head of present Coenties slip.

—— A new stone church commenced within the walls of the fort, estimated to cost $1,000.

—— The first city lots granted to individuals, before that all were "squatters."

643. The suburbs of New Amsterdam, devastated by the Indians.

—— The houses in the city at this period were mostly one story cabins, with roofs of straw and chimneys of wood.

1647. *Peter Stuyvesant*, succeeds Kieft as Director General.
—— An excise imposed on liquors retailed in the city.
—— Fence viewers appointed to regulate the public streets, and hog-pens and "little houses" ordered to be removed from along the highways.
1648. Every Monday declared a market day.
—— A wooden wharf completed on the East river, on the present line of Moore street, being a continuation of the first wharf constructed in the city.
1649. An order first established for the regulation of weights and measures.
1650. The first lawyer, (Dirk Van Schellyne,) commenced practice in this city.
1652. A municipal form of government granted to the city.
1653. Palisades erected along the outskirts of the town (along Wall street,) in apprehension of invasion by the English.
—— A City Hall first established, the city tavern at the head of present Coenties slip having been granted to the city for that purpose.
—— (Feb.) The first magistrates, (burgomasters and schepens) appointed.
1655. The city invaded by a band of savages, who were repulsed with loss.
1656. The city first surveyed, and the streets, (17 in number,) laid down on a map.
—— A market place for stand of country wagons established on the "strand," at present foot of Whitehall street.
—— A census of the city taken, which exhibited 120 houses, and 1,000 inhabitants.
—— The shore of the city, along the East river, defended from the tides by a wall of planks stuck into the soil, and filled in behind.
—— The first houses built in Wall street.
1657. The "chest" being empty, the town drummer's salary could not be paid.
—— P. C. Vandervin built the finest house in town, in Pearl street, near the Battery.
—— The ditch through Broad street, sided up with boards.
—— First Treasurer of the city appointed, (Van Cortland.)
—— Average price of the best city lots, $50.
1658. Men and women not allowed to live together until legally married. (It being the custom to "bundle" after publication of bans.)
—— Several of the streets paved with stone, being the first streets paved in this city.
—— A "rattle watch" organized, of eight men.
—— Rent of an average good house, $14 per annum.
—— A market house for sale of meat, erected on present site of Bowling Green, being the first market house in the city.
—— Many large lots on the best streets being unimproved are taxed until built upon.
—— All thatched roofs and wooden chimneys ordered to be removed.

1658. Fire buckets and hooks and ladders first furnished for the town.
—— Jacob Van Corlaer opened a private school, but was interdicted by the authorities.
—— Slaves only to be whipped upon application to the Burgomasters.
—— A stated price fixed on all unappropriated lots, (before given away on condition to build.)
—— A water mill constructed at Deutel Bay (Turtle Bay.)
—— The first public well dug in Broadway.
1659. Hendrick Van Bommel appointed town crier.
—— A Latin school established in the city. Carolus Curtius (Charles Curt) first Rector; salary, 500 guilders and perquisites.
—— The ditch through Broad street lined with plank.
—— Bricks and tiles imported from Holland.
—— A foreign trade first allowed to merchants of this city.
—— Carel Beauvais opens a school.
—— A day of prayer set apart in New Amsterdam on account of the progress of Quaker doctrines.
—— Expedition against the Esopus Indians set out from the city.
—— Harmanus Van Hoboocha town schoolmaster.
1660. The wharf (only one) on site of present Moore street extended four rods.
—— Made the duty of the Sheriff to go around the city in the night; but he complains that the dogs attack him; also, that people occasion frights by halloing "Indian" in the nights; also, that the boys cut "Koeckies."
1661. Governor Winthrop, of Massachusetts colony, visited New Amsterdam.
1664. The city taken by the English and the name changed to New York. Col. Richard Nichols, Governor of the Province.
—— The name of Fort Amsterdam changed to Fort James.
—— Population of the city, 1500.
1665. Manhattan Island incorporated under the government of a Mayor, Aldermen and Sheriff.
—— Jury trials first established in this city.
—— (June 19.) A riot occurred between English soldiers and the inhabitants.
—— The city records kept in both Dutch and English.
1668. Col. Francis Lovelace succeeded Nichols as governor.
1669. The Duke of York sends the Mayor and Aldermen civic gowns, a silver mace and a city seal.
1673. The city retaken by the Dutch, and the old order of municipal government re-established. Anthony Colve, Governor.
1674. The city contained 322 houses.
—— The city and province ceded to England by the Dutch, and the name of New York finally restored. Sir Edmund Andros, Governor.

1676. Vacant lots and decayed buildings ordered to be valued and disposed of to those willing to build.
—— Persons permitted to cut wood on any part of this island at the distance of a mile from a habitation.
—— Two stud horses ordered to be let loose on the commons, for the increase of the animals.
—— The slaughter-houses to be erected over the water at the present foot of Wall street.
—— The tan pits in Broad street filled up.
—— The open ditch in Broad street converted into a sewer.
1677. The new dock (for many years the only one in the city) in course of construction.
—— The number of licensed taverns, fourteen.
—— Seven public wells first erected in the streets of the city—"for the publique good of the cytie."
1678. An Admiralty Court established
—— An act passed giving to the inhabitants of the city the exclusive right to export flour and bread out of this province.
—— The shipping belonging to the city was three ships and fifteen smaller vessels (sloops and barques.)
1682. Population about 2,000 whites, besides negroes and slaves; number of houses 207, besides barns and sheds.
1683. Col. Thomas Dongan, Governor.
—— Dongan's charter granted.
—— First police regulations established under authority given the new charter.
—— City divided into six wards.
1684. No swine permitted to run in streets.
—— The shipping belonging to this port consisted of three ships, three barques, twenty-three sloops and forty-six small boats.
—— The sole privilege given to this city for packing flour and making bread for exportation.
—— Aldermen and Common Councilmen first chosen by the people.
1685. The city takes upon itself the support of public paupers, and in the first place, Top Knot Betty to have 3s. per week, and Scarbank to have a new suit.
—— Assessors' valuation of property, £75,694.
—— A public chimney sweeper appointed to go through the streets "with such noise or cry" as should discover him to the inhabitants.
1686. "Dongan's charter" granted to the city.
—— Seal of the city, with the inscription "Sigillum Novi Eboraci," presented.
1687. The present Water street laid out in the East river, from Whitehall to Old slip.
1688. Wall street laid out thirty-six feet wide.

1691. Leisler hanged. Col. Slaughter, Governor. The latter died suddenly the same year, and was succeeded by Major Richard Ingoldsby.
—— Water street projected from Old slip to present Fulton street.
—— One butcher's shamble established on the site of the present Bowling Green, where only meat was to be sold.
—— A second meat market established "under the trees by the slip," (Hanover square.)
—— A ducking stool (for punishment of criminals) erected on the wharf in front of the City Hall.
—— Wharf erected on Pearl street, from Coenties slip to Broad street.
—— All "poysonous and stinking weeds before every one's door" to be plucked up.
1692. The present Pine, Cedar and adjoining streets laid out through the old Damen farm.
—— (August.) Col. Benjamin Fletcher arrives as Governor.
1693. A new line of fortifications erected across the island.
—— A bell-man (or town crier) appointed and furnished with a livery dress.
—— The first filling in of the present Battery.
—— The first printing press established in this city by William Bradford,
—— "A platform upon the outmost point of rocks under the fort" designated as a place for a battery, there being at the time actual war existing with the French.
—— A bridge built by the city at "Spikendevil."
1694. Queen street, (now Pearl street,) and formerly the Smith's valley, so named.
1695. A bridge over the Fresh Water made at cost of £1 16s. 0d.
—— The streets cleaned by contract, at £30 per annum.
1696. (July.) Capt. Kidd arrived in New York to recruit for his expedition (in which he turned pirate.)
—— Petition for a cartway on the present line of Nassau street.
—— Maiden lane regulated.
—— The first Trinity Church erected; also, the first Dutch Church, in Garden street.
—— Burgers Path, (Hanover square,) "made convenient for carts to go to the water side."
—— Erection of Dutch Reformed Church in Garden street, and Trinity Church, commenced.
—— A sewer constructed in Broad street.
—— Population of the city about 6,000 souls.
—— Coenties slip constructed by Jacobus Van Cortland.
1697. The first regular night watch established, consisting of four men.
—— Lamps first hung out from every seventh house, upon a pole, extending from the window.
1698. (April,) Earl Bellamont arrived as Governor.



NEW YORK

TEN POUNDS. Numb. 21876

BY A Law of the Colony of New-York, this Bill shall be received in all Payments in the TREASURY, for Ten Pounds. New-York, *February* 16, 1771.

Sam^l Verplanck X.L

Theo^s Bache

R Hall

CC

SIGILL · CIVITAT · NOV · EBORAC

2005.

'Tis Death to counterfeit.

1712. Broadway, ...

—— First negro plot in New York, in which a house was burnt, and several whites were killed; nineteen negroes were executed.

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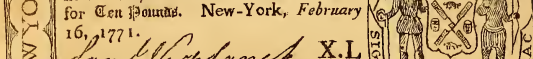
Theo. Bache

Hall



200£.

'Tis Death to counterfeit.



NEW-YORK

FIVE POUNDS.

No. 33183

By a LAW *of the Colony of* NEW-YORK, *this Bill shall be received in all Payments in the* Treasury *for* Five Pounds. NEW-YORK, February 16, 1771.

Sam. Verplanck V.L

W. Franklin

Hall



'Tis Death to counterfeit.

100£.



NEW-YORK

TWO POUNDS.

No. 8486

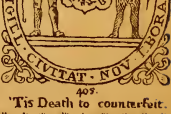
BY a Law of the Colony of *New-York*, this BILL shall be *received in all Payments in the Treasury*, for TWO POUNDS. *NEW-YORK*, February 16, 1771.

II.L.

Bache

Sam. Verplanck

Hall



40£.

'Tis Death to counterfeit.

1699. The old palisades, in Wall street, demolished.
—— City Hall, (in Wall street,) erected; old one disposed of for £920.
—— A brick market-house erected at the foot of Broad street.
—— A market-house erected at the Coenties slip.
—— Leisler's remains dug up from under the gallows, and interred with public demonstrations, in Garden street Church-yard.
—— An hospital for the sick poor first established in this city, (a house hired for the purpose.)
—— Public scavengers first employed to clean the streets.
—— King street, (now William street,) filled up and regulated. Contract for filling £60 and a silver cup of £5.
—— A new City Hall erected in Wall street, on the present site of the Custom-house. The old City Hall sold for £920.
1700. City watch increased to a constable and twelve men, citizens, to serve by turns.
1701. Earl of Bellamont died in this city, and was buried under the chapel in the fort.
—— A market-house erected at the present Old slip, then Burgers path.
1702. A free grammar school first established in this city, (Andrew Clarke appointed schoolmaster in 1705.)
—— Great pestilence in the city.
—— (May,) Lord Cornsbury arrived as Governor.
1703. Trinity Church-yard granted to the church by the city.
—— Population of the city, 5,250.
—— A cage pillory and stocks, for exposure of criminals, erected in front of the City Hall, at Coenties slip.
1704. French Church, in Pine street, erected.
—— Beekman Swamp leased by the city to Rip Van Dam, for twenty-one years, at 20s. per annum.
1707. Lots on the East river, between the present Pearl and Water streets, from Old slip to John street, ordered to be filled up.
—— Broadway paved from Trinity Church to the Bowling Green.
1708.—Inhabitants of Broadway allowed to plant trees before their houses.
—— Lord Lovelace arrives as Governor.
1709. The posts set for tying horses before the houses through the city, ordered to be removed.
—— Market-house built, foot of Wall street.
1710. Lutheran church erected, corner of Broadway and Rector street.
—— Colonel Hunter arrived as Governor.
1711. A purchase made of eighteen rush bottom chairs and an oval table, for the use of the Common Council.
—— Ordered that negro slaves, for hire, stand in rank in the market house, foot of Wall street.
—— The upper end of Broad street declared to be a public market place.
1712. Broadway, between Maiden lane and the present Park, leveled.
—— First negro plot in New York, in which a house was burnt, and several whites were killed; nineteen negroes were executed.

1713. City illuminated in commemoration of declaration of peace between France and England.
1714. The erection of a poor-house proposed.
—— City watch increased to six men.
—— First application for authority to raise a yearly tax, (£150,) for support of the city, (not granted.)
1716. A public clock, with four dials, first put up in this city, (in the City Hall,) presented by Stephen Delancey.
1718. The first rope-walk erected in this city, (along the present Broadway, between Barclay street and Park place.)
1719. Presbyterian Church, in Wall street, erected.
1720. William Burnet, Governor.
1721. Magazine built on the island, in Fresh Water Pond.
1725. The first newspaper, (the New York Gazette,) published in this city by William Bradford.
—— A gallows erected on the Commons, (present Park.)
1728. John Montgomerie, Governor.
—— Jews' burial-ground established near Chatham square.
—— Powder-house built on island, in Fresh Water Pond.
1729. Dutch Church in Nassau street, erected.
—— Greenwich and Washington streets, above the Battery, first proposed, along the lines of high and low water-mark.
1730. Stages to Philadelphia, once a fortnight, in the winter months.
—— Montgomerie's Charter granted to the city.
—— Measles and small pox prevalent in the city.
1731. Governor Montgomerie died in this city.
—— Rip Van Dam, Lieutenant-Governor.
—— (August,) Small pox prevailed in the city.
—— A watch-house built in Broad street, near Wall street.
—— A library of 1,622 volumes bequeathed by Rev. Doctor Wellington of England, presented to the city, and opened as the first public library.
—— Two fire engines first procured in this city, and a Fire Department of twenty-four members established.
—— City divided into seven wards.
—— New piers erected and extended into the East river, at foot of Whitehall and Broad streets.
1732. Market-house erected at foot of Fulton street, North river, for accommodation of people from Jersey.
—— William Corby, Governor.
—— Lord Augustus Fitzroy, son of the Duke of Grafton, arrived in the city, and privately married the Governor's daughter.
1734. A work-house, 46 feet long, 24 feet wide, and two stories high, erected in the present Park.
—— Beekman's Swamp, sold by city for £100.
—— Zenger's Weekly Journal published.

1734. Cortlandt street laid out, and ceded to the city.
1735. City watch increased to ten men and two constables.
—— The first stone of the new battery on Whitehall rocks, was laid by the Governor.
1736. Governor Corby died in this city.
—— George Clarke, Lieutenant-governor.
—— Water street named.
1737. Proprietors from the widow Lowriers (Fulton street, to the hollow on the other side of Mr. Peck's, (Peck slip,) a distance of 400 feet, permitted to make present Water street.
—— Trinity church rebuilt.
1739. Market house erected in the middle of Broadway, opposite Liberty street, 42 feet in length and 25 in breadth.
—— William Sharpas died, having been the city clerk forty-seven years.
—— Trinity church-yard enlarged, and Rector street left open as a public street.
1740–1. Winter of, called "the Hard Winter," continuing from the middle of November to the latter end of March. Snow six feet on a level. The Hudson frozen at New York.
1741. The negro plot; several houses set on fire; many negroes and several whites executed.
—— French church in Pine street rebuilt.
1742. A malignant epidemic prevailed in this city; out of a population of about 8,000, 217 died.
1743. George Clinton, Governor.
—— The newspaper called the "Postboy," published by James Parker.
1746. The College, (now Columbia) first proposed.
1748. Presbyterian Church in Wall street rebuilt.
1749. Beekman and contiguous streets regulated.
—— Ferry street ceded to city.
—— Dey street regulated and paved
1750. Beekman street laid out and paved.
—— Thames street paved.
—— Pearl street dug down near Peck slip.
—— Pearl street regulated, from Franklin square to Chatham street.
—— John street regulated and paved.
1751. The Moravian chapel built in Fulton street.
1752. William Bradford, the first printer in New York, died, aged 94.
—— The first Merchants' Exchange erected at foot of Broad street.
—— St. George's Chapel, in Beekman street, erected.
—— (January.) The East river frozen over, so that a double-horse sleigh passed over to Long Island. Vessels frozen up in the cove at Sandy Hook.
—— Water street paved.
——1753. Sir Danvers Osborn, Governor, committed suicide in this city within a short time after his arrival.

1753. James Delancey, Lieutenant-governor.
1754. The "Walton House," (Pearl street) for some years the finest private mansion in the city, erected by Wm. Walton, a merchant.
—— The first books for the new city library arrived from England.
1755 Ferry established to Staten Island.
—— The gallows removed to near Collect Pond.
—— Preparations to meet the expected invasion by the French.
—— Peck slip constructed and paved.
—— Sir Charles Hardy, Governor.
—— 1,000 stand of arms furnished to supply all the citizens, in case of invasion by the French.
1756. Lottery established in aid of the proposed college.
—— (Aug. 23.) The first stone of the college laid by the Governor.
1757. James Delancey, Lieutenant-governor.
1757. (May.) Troops embark from this city, destined against Canada.
1760. A public clock presented by John Watts, for the Exchange.
—— Dey street regulated.
—— Cadwallader Colden, Lieutenant-governor.
1761. The Narrows frozen over.
—— Fulton street, (then Partition street,) regulated and paved.
—— Frankfort street regulated.
1762. Robert Monckton, Governor.
—— Public lamps and lamp-posts first erected, and lamps lighted at public expense.
1763. Park place, (then Robinson street,) regulated.
—— Cliff street regulated.
—— Powles Hook (Jersey City) ferry established.
——Church street regulated.
—— Law passed to prevent hunting on the grounds near New York by others than the owners.
—— Cadwallader Colden, Lieutenant-governor.
1764. Methodist church erected in John street.
—— Coal began to be thought of in America.
—— (June 13.) Sandy Hook light-house lighted for the first time.
—— A riot in New York by British soldiers.
—— A butcher disfranchised for saying he would sell beef at 4½d. per lb., "in spite of all the wischeads."
1765. A general ordinance that all roofs in the city must be covered with slate or tiles.
—— Henry Moore, Governor.
—— (October 31.) Merchants resolved not to import goods from England. Same day, a public demonstration in opposition to the stamps. The next day a riot, and the Governor's carriage and effigy burnt in the Bowling Green.
—— (Nov. 5.) The stamps delivered by the Governor to the Mayor. The city tranquilized.

1766. The first liberty-pole erected in this city, in the present Park, then fields.
—— (Aug. 10.) The liberty-pole cut down by soldiers.
—— Another liberty-pole erected.
—— News of the repeal of the stamp act arrived in the city.
1767 (March.) The second liberty-pole cut down by soldiers.
—— (March 19.) A third liberty pole erected.
1768. The Brick Church, (Beekman street,) opened for religious services.
—— Roosevelt street, regulated.
—— Murray street, regulated.
—— Vandewater street, regulated.
1769. Robert Murray of New York, reputed "to own more tons of, and and value in shipping, than any house in America."
—— The use of the Exchange in Broad street granted to the Chamber of Commerce.
—— Broadway, opposite the Park, proposed to be regulated.
—— Cadwallader Colden, Lieutenant-governor.
1770. Common Council resolved to sit with open doors.
—— Statue of George III., erected on Bowling Green.
—— Statue of Earl of Chatham erected in Wall street, opposite at junction of William street.
—— John, Earl of Dunmore, Governor.
—— (Jan. 17.) The third liberty-pole cut down by soldiers.
—— The fourth liberty-pole erected on private property, the Corporation having refused permission.
1771. Oswego market, in Broadway, indicted as a nuisance.
—— William Tryon, Governor.
—— Population of the city 21,163.
1772. Oswego market, in Centre and Broadway, opposite present Liberty street removed, and street paved.
1773. The streets in vicinity of the College, proposed to be regulated.
—— Lots on corner of Nassau and Pine streets valued at £150 each.
—— (Sept.) The first stone of New York Hospital laid by Governor Tryon.
—— (29th Dec.) Governor Tryon's house, in the fort, burned down; a servant burned to death.
1774. Sixteen lamplighters employed by the city.
—— Hoboken ferry established.
—— Chatham street, so named.
1775, (Aug.) The frigate Asia, fired on the town.
1776, (April.) The New York Liberty Boys seized a vessel, loaded with lumber for the British army in Boston.
—— (April 14.) Washington arrived in this city from Boston, after expelling the British from that town.
—— The American army in the city numbered 10,235 men.
—— (Aug. 22.) The British army destined to attack New York, landed at Gravesend.

1776. (Aug. 27.) The battle of Long Island, resulting in the defeat of the Americans.

—— (Aug.) The churches and public buildings in New York turned into prisons, for confining Americans taken in battle.

—— (Sept. 13.) Four British men-of-war passed through Buttermilk channel, and anchored opposite the present Dry Dock.

—— (Sept. 15.) The British landed at Kipp's Bay. The American army retreated to Harlem.

—— (Sept. 21.) A great fire in New York, destroying four hundred and ninety-three houses, including Trinity church.

—— The fourth liberty pole cut-down by Captain Cunningham.

—— (Nov.) Battle between Americans and British, at Fort Washington; the Americans defeated. Washington retreated from this island.

1777. Duel at Hull's tavern (site of late City Hotel,) between two British officers, recently arrived; Captain Tellemach killed, Colonel Pennington wounded; fought with swords.

—— (Sept.) A British expedition set out from New York, under General Vaughan, to relieve Burgoyne.

1778, (Aug. 7.) Second great fire in New York; consumed 300 houses.

1779–80. This winter was very severe; a beaten track for sleighs and wagons across the Hudson; horsemen crossed as late as the 17th of March. 80 sleighs with provisions, and a large body of troops, crossed the ice to Staten Island.

1780, (Sept.) Andre set out from the city, to negotiate with Arnold the sacrifice of West Point.

1783, (Nov. 25.) New York evacuated by the British, and General Washington entered the city.

—— (Dec. 4.) Washington departed for Mount Vernon.

1786. Population of New York 23,614.

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tember 1, 1783.

To His Excellency GEORGE CLINTON, Esquire, Governor, and the other the Honourable Members composing the Board, constituted by Law for the temporary Government of the Southern District of the State:

The MEMORIAL of the Subscribers, in Behalf of themselves and others, the REFUGEE CITIZENS of NEW-YORK:

HUMBLY SHEWETH,

THAT your Memorialists were among the first of the citizens of America, who in the early stages of British usurpation, asserted their rights as became freemen; and who openly contended against the unconstitutional and arbitrary measures which were adopted and pursued by the King and Parliament of Britain, to reduce the inhabitants of this continent to the abject state of unconditional submission, to such exercises of power as their avarice or ambition might dictate. And your Memorialists, after a series of unavailing applications to the British court for redress, can also ascribe to themselves the honour of making the first overtures to their then sister colonies for establishing that union among themselves, which, under the protection of Divine Providence, has proved the happy means of their common preservation; and which has enabled them, with such unparalleled success, to repel the powerful exertions of an exasperated enemy, and to close the hazardous contest by compelling even that haughty enemy to acknowledge these United States as a free, sovereign and independent nation.

That your Memorialists, conscious of the rectitude of their intentions, the justice and importance of the cause in which they were engaged, stimulated by the most sacred regard for the civil and religious liberties of their country, and possessing the fullest dependence upon the honour, the exertions, and support of their fellow sufferers, citizens and countrymen, so solemnly promised and pledged by voluntary associations, declaring to the world, that at every hazard, expence and danger, they would defend and maintain their freedom against every invader.---Governed by such motives, and confiding in such assurances, your Memorialists in demonstration of the sincerity of their professions, most cheerfully abandoned their comfortable habitations, their property, and many of them every means of support, upon the approach of the British armament to this state in the year 1776. Perhaps too sanguinely reasoning from the dictates of their own hearts, that a people on whose generosity and gratitude they were thus confidentially depending, and for whose safety, interest and cause they were thus fully devoting themselves, would receive them with the most cordial expressions of friendship, favour and esteem.

At this period, and in the most destitute and dispersed circumstances, commenced the various, aggravated and severe hardships, which, in the course of a seven years exile, your Memorialists have experienced; and, notwithstanding of which, animated by the hope of being eventually successful in the great cause in which they had embarked, they have on all occasions, with fortitude and firmness, continued to manifest their zeal and perseverance, by contributing according to their power and opportunity, whatever has been required from them in common with others, for public use or service: Patiently, though anxiously waiting for that happy day, which would relieve them from such mortifying scenes of misery, by restoring them triumphantly to their native city with liberty and peace.

Such having been the conduct, the sacrifices, and the sufferings of your Memorialists, through the tedious periods of the war, there can be but few among all the citizens of America who have more real cause of rejoicing at the auspicious prospect of an honourable peace.---But when they reflect upon the present circumstances of the city, and compare them with their own:-- When they remember that a very considerable part of it is reduced to ashes, and the residue in the occupation of adherents to the British government, and followers of the British army, possessed, not only of all the advantages derived from trade and business of every kind, but also of wealth and influence to secure those advantages to themselves.---Your Memorialists would be filled with the most painful and alarming apprehensions for their future means of subsistence and support, were they not comforted by the confidence and trust which they repose in the justice and wisdom of that government, which they have done so much to establish.

Your Memorialists have derived great satisfaction and encouragement from the provident measures adopted by the Legislature, which under prudent limitations, constitutes a temporary government for the southern district of the state, especially as they flatter themselves that a generous attention to the case and circumstances of the dispersed and unfortunate citizens of New-York, as a principal end, dictated the expediency and propriety of this judicious and necessary act. And your Memorialists, possessing the same confidence in the justice, generosity and wisdom of your Honorable Board, entertain no doubt but that you will be equally disposed to take your Memorialists under your immediate protection and savour, and to exert the powers with which you are invested for the purpose of promoting their speedy and effectual re-establishment, as far as may be practicable, in their former habitations, or in as comfortable a manner as the reduced condition of the city will permit.

Reduced in property, and destitute as many of your Memorialists are, and notwithstanding they have devoted so many years of the most valuable part of their lives to the common cause of their country, yet they never would think themselves warranted to solicit the interposition of your Honorable Board for their interest or accommodation in any instance where their application or claims would operate against the true interest of the state at large, or with the rights of those who were entitled to the favour of government; but your Memorialists are fully persuaded that when the merits of their present requests are dispassionately and impartially investigated, it will be abundantly evident, that on the one hand, they have given the most ample demonstrations of attachment, perseverance and zeal, through all the vicissitudes of the arduous contest; and that on the other hand, those who are in possession of the city have perhaps, with equal perseverance, exerted themselves to support our enemy and to defeat the measures which have been pursued for the preservation of our lives, liberty, and the establishment of our freedom and independence; nor can there be a doubt, but that exasperated by their disappointment and disgrace, they will retain the same vindictive rage and enmity against our happy constitution and government; and instigated by their unconquerable prejudices, will exert every means in their power to attempt their subversion. And when it is considered how far the influence, principles and examples of the citizens of the metropolis prevail through the remote parts of the state, there can be as little doubt about the policy of guarding against the dangerous effects which reasonably might be apprehended from excluding the whig inhabitants and suffering the capital of the state to remain an asylum for the disaffected, and a nursery of tory principles.

Having thus freely, but they hope, with becoming respect, stated to your Honorable Board the peculiar embarrassments and distresses of their present situation; and also taken the liberty to suggest such arguments as they trust, will sufficiently vindicate the justice and propriety of their claims: your Memorialists take leave to represent, that many of them were tenants, and rented houses either by the year, or upon lease for a term of years, which they abandoned, and with the American army retired from the city in the fall of the year 1776. That others of your Memorialists occupied houses their own property, which, since the enemy have had possession of the city, are consumed by fire, and that comparatively, there are but very few of those citizens who withdrew from New-York upon the approach of the enemy, who have either the means or prospect of being able to procure a covering for their families upon their return, especially as in their present circumstances, they cannot afford to pay such extravagant rents as are demanded by the proprietors, particularly by those who have adhered to the enemy or remained within their power and protection during the war, and which are frequently given by disaffected and strangers, as your Memorialists apprehend, thereby to gain a residence and establishment in the state.

Under such a complication of difficulties, your Memorialists are constrained to present their case and claims to your Honorable Board:--- They again declare that they wish for nothing incompatible with the rights of whig citizens, or which would embarrass government in their decisions; and they flatter themselves, that while they only claim to be provided for, as faithful and zealous citizens and subjects, in preference to those who have been open and avowed enemies, their applications will neither be deemed unreasonable, nor rejected by a government convinced of the truth of the facts which they assert, and friendly to the principles of our glorious revolution.

Your Memorialists do therefore most earnestly request, that your Honorable Board will be pleased to take their case into consideration, and as soon as conveniently may be, to make an ordinance, authorizing such of your Memorialists who either occupied, rented, or leased houses in the year 1776, from persons who have either remained, or removed within the enemy's lines, to repossess the same upon their return to the city. Also directing that such houses as are part of confiscated estates be appropriated, until the Legislature shall otherwise determine for the further accommodation of your Memorialists; and prescribing such other methods and means of providing houses for the Refugee Citizens as a due sense of their merits, their necessity, and your wisdom may suggest.

And in order to prevent as much as possible those irregularities and confusion, which, on such an occasion may be apprehended, as well as for the convenience of the citizens, your Memorialists beg leave further to request, that a competent number of prudent persons may be appointed by your Honorable Board for the purpose of distributing the houses, agreeable to such ordinance as your Honorable Board shall be pleased to pass in favour of your Memorialists, who as in duty bound, shall ever pray, &c.

New Burgh, September 1, 1783.

Samuel Loudon

Richd Norwood

Richard Leayecraft

Geo Taylor

Hugh McConnel

Michael Brooks

Alex Lamb

Thomas Postell

Samuel Myer

Samuel Jordon

Abraham Jordon

Peter Montanye

Benjamin Montanye

Peter Montanye junr

Thomas Montanye

Henry Peckwell

Abraham Lazelere

Abm Ingram

Jams Ogden

Jno Harrison

Jno Tyson

William Frazer

Robert Patton

Samuel Halloway

Peleg Seaman

Benjn Montanye

Amos Hunt

William Heard

Aaron King

Lawrence Myer

David Currie

James McKenney

Isaac Van Hook

Nicholas Kortright

Nicholas Kortright junr

Stephen Smith

John Currie

John Montanye

James McCredie

Chas Billinghurst

Michael Tremper

John Bailey

Jno Keese

Wm Keese

Mc Kenney

on Hook

Kortright

Kortright junr

Smith 6

Curre

Montanya

McCalley

Illingsworth

Thompson

Bailey

Keefe

Keeler

THE PUBLIC LIBRARIES OF NEW YORK.

BY R. G. HORTON.

Probably no institutions in this city are so justly a matter of pride to its citizens as its public libraries. They mark the increasing attention given to scientific and literary pursuits, and their support and encouragement afford a fair criterion whereby to judge of the intelligence of the people among whom they are founded. To be sure, we cannot boast of any such gigantic collections of books as do many cities of Europe, nor are our library-rooms fitted up in such a style of magnificence as those of the ancients are represented to have been, the floors of which are said to have been paved with marble, their walls covered with glass and ivory, and their shelves and desks composed of ebony and cedar, though it may be justly claimed that we are closely approximating this sumptuous degree of elegance in some of the library edifices recently erected in our city. When we consider, however, that modern libraries have all sprang up in the space of less than four hundred years, and also remember the stern battles our forefathers were compelled to fight to wring from an uncultivated soil a scanty subsistence, we are surprised that we have developed that degree of literary taste, of which so many library institutions furnish a convincing proof.

In the beginning of the fourteenth century, the library of Louis IX. contained only four classical authors; and that of Oxford, in England, in 1300, consisted of a few tracts, kept in a chest. In 1316, an old abbot died in Germany, who had amassed about two thousand manuscripts, a literary treasure which excited such general attention, that princes and eminent men of that day traveled very far to visit it. But the multiplication of books by the art of printing worked a wonderful change in respect to the extent of all libraries, both public and private. The Paris National Library is said to contain 824,000 volumes; Munich Royal, 600,000; St. Petersburgh Imperial, 446,000; Copenhagen Royal, 412,000; Gottengen University, 360,000; Berlin Royal, 500,000; and the London British Museum, 490,000. From a calculation made by an English author, we learn that computing the books in the various libraries of the minor states of Germany, there are 450 books to every one hundred of the population; in Denmark, 412; in Prussia, 200; in Hungary, 167; in Russia, 75; in Great Britain, from 63 to 53. The very small position which England holds, and even which the United States would undoubtedly hold in comparison to the continental states, in respect to the extent of their public libraries, may appear, at first glance, improbable. But in England, as well as in this country, books are doubtless more generally distributed among the popu-

lation, while on the Continent they are more usually confined to the libraries. But one feature of the public libraries of Europe deserves particular notice and commendation; they are nearly all free. In France there are 107. In Paris alone there are 7, in Vienna 3, in Florence 6, but in London, up to 1850, there were none. Since that time efforts have been made to establish some, and, we believe, have succeeded; the Marylebone and Finsbury being the most prominent ones. In 1853 a free library was opened at Bolton. One was also opened in Liverpool, on the 18th of October, 1852, with 13,456 volumes to commence with. The other free libraries in England are at Manchester—Chetham's Library, founded nearly three hundred years ago, and the Free Library, established in 1851.

If we are asked to point to our free libraries we can, with pride, refer to that munificent monument of private liberality, the Astor Library, or, if more is asked, we may, with equal satisfaction, call attention to the 11,748 Public School Libraries of our State, containing, in the aggregate, according to the last report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, no less than 1,505,370 volumes. Nothing like this has yet been attempted in any country, if we except the effort made to establish libraries for teachers in France. There can be no doubt that in small collections and general diffusion of books, the United States is ahead of any country in the world. If we compare the different cities of Europe, as regards the number of books they contain, with New York, "the Empire City" is shorn of its laurels. In 1848 Paris contained 1,474,000 volumes in her public libraries, while the aggregate number in our own city, at present, as we have ascertained it, falls short of 350,000. This is higher than it has ever before been estimated, Norton's Literary Register, for 1854, putting the number at 295,000. The same author gave the number of volumes in the libraries of Boston, as 150,000; Philadelphia, 238,000; Providence, 69,300, and Albany, 87,000. New York has only fairly commenced her career of intelectual greatness. Most of the more prominent libraries have for years been laboring under severe financial embarrasments, and these difficulties have been augmented, in some cases, recently, by the building of new edifices, indispensable for their proper accommodation. Through the generous liberality of our citizens the darkest days of many of these institutions have been passed, and there is now before them a brilliant career of usefulness and prosperity. In the details which follow, it will not be wholly uninteresting to watch the steps a young but mighty city has made in the attention it has bestowed upon letters. The charge is too often made, that we have neglected learning, and that the prodigious development of the physical capacities of our country has excluded advancement in the more polite and genial accomplishments of literature. This assertion is easily disproved by facts, for, considering the difficulties we have been forced to encounter, it is doubtful whether any people ever made an equal advancement in the same space of time with ourselves, either in bibliography, science, or art. In the list of libraries we have noticed, there are some which do not come under the designation of public, but we have chosen to include

them, in order to give a general glance at the attention which has been paid to the collection of books in our city. Besides those we have enumerated, there are several parish, church and circulating libraries, in addition to which, many of the Ward Schools have considerable collections of books for the use of the scholars.

THE ASTOR LIBRARY.

While the other libraries of our city have been collected together by the laborious care of years, the Astor Library is a sudden monument of generous munificence. John Jacob Astor, its founder, is too well known to require at our hands an extended notice. An uninterrupted residence in this city of over sixty years, where, by uncommon business talents, he had acquired a collossal fortune, made him not only well known here, but rendered his reputation world-wide. The history of the Astor Library commences with the clause in his will establishing it, which is as follows:

"Desiring to render a public benefit to the city of New York, and to contribute to the advancement of useful knowledge and the general good of society, I do, by this codicil, appropriate four hundred thousand dollars out of my residuary estate to the establishment of a public library in the city of New York." By the same instrument this sum is to be applied and disposed of

"First, in the erecting of a suitable building for a public library.

"Second, in furnishing and supplying the same, from time to time, with books, maps, charts, drawings, paintings, engravings, casts, statues, furniture, and other things appertaining to a library for general use, upon the most ample scale and liberal character.

"Third, in maintaining and upholding the buildings and other property, and in defraying the necessary expenses of taking care of the property and of the accommodation of persons consulting the library.

"The said sum shall be payable, one-third in the year after my decease, one-third in the year following, and the residue in equal sums in the fourth and fifth years.

"The said library to be accessible at all reasonable hours and times for general use, free of expense to persons resorting thereto, subject only to such control and regulations as the trustees may, from time to time, exercise and establish for general convenience.

"The affairs of the institution shall be conducted by eleven trustees, to be, from time to time, selected from the different liberal professions and employments in life, and the classes of educated men.

"All the property and effects of the institution shall be vested in the said trustees. They shall have power to direct the expenditure of the funds, the investment, safe keeping and management thereof, and of the property and effects of the institution; also, to make such ordinances and

regulations, from time to time, as they may think proper for the good order and convenience of those who may resort to the library or use the same; also, to appoint, direct, control and remove the superintendent of the library, and all librarians and others employed about the institution; and, also, they shall have and use all powers and authority for promoting the expressed objects of this institution, not contrary to what is herein expressed."

Other clauses in the will fix the site of the library edifice, limit its cost to seventy-five thousand dollars, exclusive of the lot; authorize an expenditure of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars in the purchase of books and for other purposes, and direct the residue to be invested as a permanent fund for its maintenance and gradual increase.

Something was done toward collecting books for the library previous to Mr. Astor's death, in 1848. The first purchase was made in 1839, at the sale of Major Douglass' books, and those formed the nucleus of the present gigantic collection. Mr. Astor, himself, purchased Audubon's Birds of America, the only work in the library of which the same remark can be made. Not more than 1,000 volumes, however, were bought previous to the death of its founder, and the collecting of books cannot be really said to have commenced until about nine months after his decease. In October, 1848, Dr. J. G. Cogswell, who had been selected by the trustees as librarian, was authorized to go to Europe and expend twenty thousand dollars in the purchase of books. He visited London, Paris and Brussels, and obtained a valuable collection of books, many of which were purchased at the auction sale of the Duke of Buckingham's large library in the first-mentioned city. The collection now numbered about 20,000 volumes, which were placed temporarily in a house in Bond street, rented by the trustees for that purpose. In 1851 the librarian again visited Europe and obtained about 25,000 volumes more. The next year he again returned to Europe, and collected nearly 20,000 volumes more, making now a total of some 75,000 or 80,000 volumes.

During the time occupied in collecting the books the library edifice in Lafayette place had been in the course of erection. The corner-stone was laid on the 14th of March, 1850, and the entire building was completed in July, 1853. By December of the same year the books were arranged on the shelves, and ready for use. On the 9th of January, 1854, the library was opened for inspection, and on the 1st of February finally thrown open to the public for use.

The Astor Library cannot be said, strictly speaking, to be a popular one, that is, the books do not consist of ephemeral works of fiction. It is intended as a library for reference and study, embracing works in all languages. Three of its most distinctive features are Scandinavian and Oriental literature, and the transactions of learned societies. There has been added to these, by the liberality of W. B. Astor, Esq., son of the founder, a special department, devoted to the industrial arts. It proves a valuable and important addition to the institution.

The library is perfectly free to visitors. Small tickets are used, upon which the applicant is required to write the title of the book wanted, and deliver it to the attendant. On the reverse of these tickets are the following regulations:

"ASTOR LIBRARY REGULATIONS."

"1. The library is open every day, except Sundays and established holidays, from 10 A.M., until half an hour before sunset.
"2. Admission free to all persons over sixteen years of age.
"3. When a book is wanted, its title is to be written on this ticket, with the name of the applicant. The ticket is then to be given to an attendant, who will look out the book, if in the library, and put it into the hands of the reader without delay.
"4. Readers must return their books before leaving the library, and take back their tickets, otherwise they continue responsible for the books.
"5. No one is allowed to enter the alcoves, or remove a book from its place, unless accompanied by an officer of the library.
"6. Readers wishing to consult costly works of art, must make special application for that purpose.
"7. In taking notes from books, pencils, not pen and ink, are to be used.
"8. Smoking strictly forbidden in any part of the library."

The library building is erected in the style of the royal palaces of Florence, and presents a very elegant and imposing appearance. It is one hundred and twenty feet in length by sixty-five wide. The library hall on the second floor is one hundred and fifty feet in length by sixty in width, and fifty in height. It is surmounted by a grand sky-light, fifty-four feet long by fourteen broad, and formed of thick glass, set in iron. Upon each side of the room are the alcoves, which being open front and rear, afford great space for books. On the first floor are the lecture and reading rooms, the latter being located on each side of the building, while the lecture room is in the rear. The entire edifice is probably the best constructed and the most admirably adapted for the purpose for which it was intended, of any in our country. Joseph G. Cogswell, LL.D., Librarian.

THE NEW YORK SOCIETY LIBRARY.

The Rev. John Sharp, chaplain to the Earl of Bellamont, Governor of the province of New York, is believed to have been the founder, in the year 1700, of "the Public Library of New York," from which the present institution originated. In 1729, the English Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, presented to the city of New York the library bequeathed to them by the Rev. Dr. Millington, Rector of Newington. Both of these collections appear to have been known for several years under the name of the Corporation Library. But after the death of Rev. John Sharp, that efficient care which it had received from the

outset was not bestowed upon it, and it fell into disuse and neglect. At length, in 1754, a number of gentlemen organized themselves into a society and founded the present institution. The Corporation Library, above alluded to, having been closed for some time, on account of mismanagement, a resolution was adopted, giving the Society Library the charge of it, and also the privilege of depositing their own collection with it, in the City Hall. From this time the library increased and prospered. In 1772, a charter was granted to it by King George III, and, in the language of the instrument, sundry persons, "who conceived a public library would be useful as well as ornamental, to our said city of New York," were constituted a corporate body, under the name of the "New York Society Library." There are enumerated in this charter, as members at that time, twenty-eight esquires, twenty merchants, three gentlemen, two distillers, one D.D., one printer, one apotheeary, one surgeon, and one widow.

Upon the reorganization of the library, valuable books were imported, and the collection soon became an important one for that early day. But the revolutionary war dispelled all the flattering prospects of its usefulness, and the members were driven from their homes by the disasters which attended the American arms. The records were closed, and its books, which were deposited in the old City Hall in Broad street, fell a prey to the fortune of war. Upon the testimony of Mr. John Pintard, it is stated that the enemy's soldiers, then in possession of the town, were in the habit of lugging off knapsack loads of books to barter for grog!

The confusion of the times almost destroyed the library. For fourteen years, or from the last Tuesday in April, 1774, to the 21st of December, 1788, no meeting of the trustees was held. At that time, the following gentlemen were chosen trustees: Hon. Robert R. Livingston, Robert Watts, Brockholst Livingston, Samuel Jones, Peter Kettletas, Walter Rutherford, Mathew Clarkson, Samuel Bard, Hugh Gaine, Daniel C. Verplanck, Edward Griswold, and Henry Remsen. The next year, the old charter was revived, and the society once more commenced the collection of books. In 1793, a building of considerable eleganee for the time, was erected in Nassau street, near Liberty; and here, for a long time, the society continued, increasing its collection, and affording to the public an agreeable and advantageous place of resort. At length the pressure of commercial demands drove the society to seek new quarters, and in 1836, the property in Nassau street was sold. In 1838, the New York Athenæum was merged into the Society Library.

The library removed to temporary rooms in the Mechanics' Society's building, in Chambers street, where it continued until the new building in Broadway, corner of Leonard street, was erected, in which the institution was finally established in 1840. In 1849, the society received a bequest of $5,000 from Mrs. Demilt. The brief period of a dozen years barely elapsed, when the society found itself again obliged to change its location, and remove to the upper or dwelling part of the city. It found temporary

accommodations at the Bible Rooms in Astor Place. A lot of ground, however, one hundred and four by seventy feet, was immediately purchased in University place, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, and a new library building commenced in April, 1855.

The new edifice has fifty-two feet front, leaving a space unoccupied on each side, so as to give light by windows to the interior. Toward the rear, however, the building spreads out and covers the whole width of the lot. The front is in the Italian style of architecture. The entrance is ornamented with coupled Corinthian pilasters, supporting the entablature over which is a balustrade inclosing a small balcony. The door is surrounded by an architrave with keystone. The wall is faced with ashlar, with horizontal grooves cut into it, and supports a cornice. Above the first story is a pedestal, on which rest the piers and window ornaments. The angles of the piers have rustic quoins running up to the cornice at the top of the building. The windows in the side divisions are ornamented architraves and pilasters supporting consols, which in turn support the cornice and pediment. The middle window contains a triple window with Corinthian pilasters and entablature, in the frieze of which is the inscription "Founded A. D. 1754." Over the windows are stone panels. Those in the side divisions are filled with ornaments. The one over the middle window contains the name of the building, "Society Library." The walls are faced with fine bricks above, which is a massive entablature of iron consisting of an architrave, frieze and cornice, over which is a continued balustrade between pedestals.

On entering the front door, the visitor finds himself in a hall forty-seven feet long and twelve wide, handsomely paved with tesselated pavement. On the left hand is a comfortable room for a ladies' reading room, sixteen feet by thirty. A similar room on the right is used as a conversation room. At the end of the hall are folding doors opening into the large reading room, thirty-one feet by seventy-three, well lighted and well furnished with papers and periodicals. In the hall, near the entrance to the large reading room, an easy flight of stairs leads to the library, which offers to view a noble apartment, thirty-five feet high, and taking in the whole depth and width of the building, having pleasant and quiet alcoves below, with two galleries rising above and receding as they rise, leading the eye up to the oblong dome of the roof, that with its fine large skylight sends down a flood of light on all below. The galleries are also divided into alcoves, and the whole building most conveniently and comfortably arranged, affording room for 100,000 volumes.

The first catalogue (octavo, ninety-nine pages,) of this library was published in 1793; others were published in 1813, 1838 and 1850. The catalogue of 1850, the last one, is a well arranged work, and was prepared by Mr. P. J. Forbes, late librarian. The library now numbers about 40,000 volumes, a few manuscripts of modern date, maps and charts of great value, a few sheets of ancient church music on vellum, numerous collections of engravings, a small but beautiful collection of bronze medals, one

set of casts of the Elgin marbles, forty-eight in number, and one set of Waterloo medals, fifty in number. One of the most curious collections of books in the library, is one of about 275 volumes, presented to the society by the late Francis B. Winthrop, formerly the property of his ancestor, John Winthrop, first governor of Connecticut. They relate chiefly to alchemy and magic, including books in regard to the Rosicrucians. A very important feature of the library is its extensive files of newspapers, both of the present and last century. No library has taken more pains to obtain and preserve these daily records of current events. Their great utility for reference, both for public and private affairs, is demonstrated almost daily. The collection of historical and biographical works, and also that of voyages and travels, is full, interesting and important. The number of French and Italian works is also considerable—the latter having been mostly presented to the society some years since by Mr. Du Ponte.

The library is open daily, (Sundays excepted,) from eight, A.M., until sunset. The reading rooms are open until ten, P.M.

Persons entitled to the use of the library are, members who pay twenty-five dollars for a right, and then six dollars per annum, or the annual payments can be commuted for seventy-five dollars, making a free share cost one hundred dollars. Temporary subscribers, ten dollars per year. Strangers may be introduced and enjoy the use of books, reading room, &c., for one month.* John MacMullen, Librarian.

THE MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

This association arose out of a very obvious public necessity. Young men who enter the mercantile business almost always do so at a comparatively early age, and before they have had time to enjoy that mental training so absolutely necessary to any degree of general intelligence. After they go "behind the counter," it is impossible for them to receive the usual advantages of a school; and that very important period of a young man's life which is usually denominated "the teens," is more than likely, unless some particular influence draws him out, to be passed in slothful indifference as regards all attempts at literary attainments. There may be individual instances, as those of Sherman and Franklin, where a love of study has been so powerful as to rise superior to the ordinary transactions of life; but the majority of mankind are not so—they need some stimulus to animate the wavering desire for knowledge; and in a large city where innumerable inducements for recreation and amusements exist, this is emphatically true.

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* The writer is indebted to John MacMullen, Esq., and P. J. Forbes, Esq., for a portion of the foregoing sketch; also, to Robert Mook, Esq., architect, for the description of the new library building.

The Mercantile Library Association owes its origin to a desire on the part of a few energetic, public spirited individuals to afford the advantages of a reading-room and circulating library to the merchants' clerks of this city, thereby furnishing both an opportunity and, by the interest which pride, if nothing else, would compel them to take in its success, an incentive to mental cultivation.

The first public meeting of merchants' clerks, as we learn from the reports of the association, for the purpose of considering the expediency of establishing a library and reading-room, was held on the 9th of November 1820. A constitution was adopted and officers elected at a subsequent meeting, on the 27th of the same month. The library was opened on the 12th of February, 1821, in a room at No. 49 Fulton street, and contained at that time 700 volumes. The number of subscribers at the end of the first year was 175, and the volumes had increased to 1000.

The early years of the institution were years of great difficulties and embarrassments. It was indeed an undertaking which required considerable perseverance, and one, too, surrounded with more than ordinary difficulties, for a body of individuals, without capital, to establish a library of any influence or extent. To add to this inconvenience, which, however, was one that its founders anticipated, there was another which they had not the least idea of meeting. This was the opposition of a large number of merchants, who fancied that the attention of clerks to the library would interfere with their obligations to their employers. This narrow-minded notion gave rise to more or less hostility among merchants, and nothing but the practical working of the institution, andthe spread of more liberal and enlightened views, overcome the stupid and ridiculous prejudices.

In 1825, special effects were made to increase the library and extend its usefulness. The first catalogue was published in this year, and so prosperously were its affairs progressing, that the next year it was removed to more spacious apartments in Cliff street, where a reading-room was first established. In 1827, lectures were commenced, and have since become one of the most popular features of the institution. In February, 1828, at a meeting of the prominent merchants who felt interested in the success of the association, it was agreed to raise by subscription a sum sufficient for the erection of a building for the permanent accommodation of the library. The contributors formed themselves into a company called "The Clinton Hall Association," and $33,500 were raised during the year, in sums varying from $1000 to $100. A building was erected on the corner of Beekman and Nassau street, and, under the name of Clinton Hall, was dedicated on the 2d of November, 1830, with appropriate ceremonies, to literature and science. The entire cost of land and building was about $55,000. The Clinton Hall Association stands in the relation of a guardian to the Mercantile Library Association, the latter being assured of a full and perpetual ownership of the property as effectually as if the title were in its own corporate name. The library, when removed to the new building, numbered 6,000 volumes.

In the new location, the library prospered as rapidly as its most sanguine friends anticipated, and although it labored under some embarrassments, yet the debt on the building was gradually liquidated, until the last payment was made in the year 1852. At this time the growth of the library had rendered the accommodation in Nassau street altogether too limited; a large number of books could not be properly placed upon shelves, the reading-room was small, and the encroachments of business which had driven private residences "up-town" seemed to imperatively demand that the library should follow the example. Early in 1853, steps were taken for obtaining a new site, which resulted in the purchase of the Italian Opera House, in Astor place, at a cost of $140,000. The property in Nassau street was sold for $100,000. The Opera house was not entirely demolished, but it was necessary to give it a thorough and complete remodeling, the cost of which somewhat exceeded $100,000. To meet this large expenditure, beyond the means of the association, new stock was issued, which was liberally subscribed for by the merchants of the city. On the first of January last the debt on the building was $75,000, but efforts were being made to get the amount subscribed, and with good prospects of success. When the association is free from debt, the library will have an annual income, arising from the rents of those portions of the building not occupied for library purposes, of $10,000, which must be expended in adding to the collection of books.

The new Clinton Hall is one of the best appointed and most commodious library edifice in the city. In the basement is a lecture room, easily accessible and well ventilated, capable of seating 1,100 persons. The reading-room is on the second floor, 60 feet wide and 90 feet long, agreeably lighted on two sides. The library is on the third and fourth stories, the principal room being on the third; it is elliptical in form, surrounded by Corinthian columns, surmounted by a dome, and has room for the accommodation of 120,000 volumes. The other part of the building, not rented, is occupied by the class-rooms, committee rooms, &c. On the 19th of April, 1854, the first load of books left the old quarters in Nassau street for the new edifice, and on the 8th of June following, the announcement was made that Clinton Hall, in Astor place, would be inaugurated on that evening by appropriate ceremonies, at the Church of the Puritans in Union Square. Addresses were delivered by His Excellency, Governor Seymour, J. Romeyn Brodhead, Esq., and the Hon. Charles King. Since the opening of the library in its present location, it has rapidly extended the sphere of its usefulness, and during the first five months nearly 50,000 visits were made to its reading-room.

A feature of this institution, worthy of special reference, is what is called its "class department." It originated in 1838, and has been in operation every succeeding year. In these classes instruction is furnished to young men in the French, German, Spanish and Italian languages, book-keeping, penmanship, chemistry, music, elocution, drawing, mathematics, and phonography. These classes have generally been fairly attended, though,

it is to be regretted, they have not been fully equal to the expectations of their friends. They afford the means of instruction to those who cannot conform to the hours of teaching in academies and public schools, and thus present to young men, privileges, the value and importance of which cannot be too highly estimated.

The association has a collection of from 2,000 to 3,000 specimens of mineralogy, conchology, geology, fossils, &c., which have been well arranged and labelled by Mr. R. H. Browne, librarian of the Lyceum of Natural History. Steps have been taken to organize a geographical department, by the collection of maps, charts, maritime surveys, and topographical and astronomical information generally. The committee who have had the subject in charge have met with a good degree of success, and hopes are entertained that this department, the want of which has been so long and severely felt by those engaged in commerce and navigation, will soon assume a prominent place among the other features of the institution.

The library now numbers upward of 47,000 volumes. The association has 4,500 members, and an annual revenue of $11,000; more than 25,000 volumes are lent out annually. Merchants' clerks are entitled to the use of the library, on subscribing to the constitution and paying an initiation fee of one dollar, and one dollar for the first six months. Others are admitted on the payment of an annual subscription of five dollars, but are not eligible to office.

The reading-room forms one of the most attractive features of the institution, in its present locality; it contains about 250 newspapers, magazines, &c., of different kinds, embracing all the principal periodical literature of the United States, England, France and Germany; it also contains valuable and important books of reference, including files of a number of the leading newspapers of the world. While this department is free to the members of the institution, it can be subscribed to separately from the library upon payment of three dollars annually.

The removal of the library to Astor place, rendered the establishment of a down-town office necessary, so that persons living in Brooklyn and Jersey city might avail themselves of its advantages. Rooms were accordingly procured at No. 1, Nassau street, where books may be ordered and returned, and other necessary business transacted. S. Hastings Grant, Librarian.

NEW YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

This Society was founded in 1804. The object of it, as stated in its constitution, was "to discover, procure and preserve whatever may relate to the natural, civil, literary and ecclesiastical history of the United States in general, and of this state in particular." The plan of forming a state historical association, appears to have originated with Judge Benson and John Pintard, Esq., more particularly with the latter, who may be regarded

as its founder, and through whose exertions several meetings were held in a room of the old City Hall, in the year 1804. The first regular meeting was convened on the 20th of November of the same year. Eleven persons, among whom was De Witt Clinton and John Pintard, assembled in the picture-room of the above-named edifice, and formed themselves into a society.

The meetings were for some time held in the old City Hall, situated where the Custom House now stands, and often called Federal Hall, from its having been occupied by the Congress of the United States after the adoption of the Federal Constitution. It was in the balcony of this edifice that Washington was inaugurated the first President of the United States. Some of the desks, &c., used in the building for the accommodation of the members of Congress, now serve to furnish the rooms of the society.

On the 4th of September, 1809—it being then just three hundred years since Henry Hudson entered the river which bears his name—the association determined to commemorate the event by a festival. The use of the front court-room in the Federal Hall was granted to the society for the occasion. The Rev. Dr. Miller delivered a learned and interesting discourse, after the conclusion of which they adjourned to the City Hotel, (which stood on the block bounded by Broadway, Cedar, Thames and Lumber streets,) where the members and invited guests—in the language of the minutes of the society—"sat down to an elegant dinner, consisting of a variety of shell and other fish, with which our waters abound, wild pigeons and succotash, (the favorite dish of the season,) with the different meats introduced into the country by the European settlers."

The first volume of "Collections" of this society was published in the year, 1809. Addresses were frequently delivered before the association. They were usually given on the annual festival, commonly celebrated on St. Nicholas day, the 6th of December. The customary place of dining on these occasions was, for several years, at Kent's Hotel, No. 42 Broad street. In the same year, the society removed to rooms in the Government House, which was immediately in front of the Bowling Green. Where this building stood was originally the site of Fort Amsterdam., which, after the conquest of New Netherlands, and the defeat of the intrepid Dutch Governor, Pieter Stuyvesant, in 1664, was called Fort James, in compliment to the Duke of York. In the reign of William and Mary it was called Fort William; and in the following reign, Fort Anne and Fort George. In 1790, the legislature passed an act authorizing the Corporation to demolish Fort George, and, at the same time, to erect a proper house to be used by the government of the state, and also for the temporary use and accommodation of the President of the United States, during such times as Congress should hold their sessions in this city. Such was the origin of the Government House. It was, however, never occupied by the President, as intended, Congress being about the same time removed to Philadelphia. In 1815, the Government House was sold, and rooms appropriated for the library in the large building, formerly in rear of the City Hall, and called the New City Hall.



LITH BY G. HAYWARD 120 WATER ST. N.Y.

FOR D.T. VALENTINE'S MANUAL 1858

FORTS FISH & CLINTON. 1814.

In 1832, the society again removed, and took possession of a new hall in Remsen's building, corner of Broadway and Chambers street. The payment of rent here, and other causes, combined to seriously embarrass its finances; and, in 1837, having the offer of rooms in the Stuyvesant Institute, (then just completed) free of any charge for rent, it was induced to remove to that building. In 1841, it took possession of the rooms it at present occupies in the New York University.

The pecuniary embarrassments to which this society was subject, during the earlier years of its existence, were distressing and severe; but the resolute determination of some of its members to keep the institution alive, reflects the highest credit upon their intelligence and patriotism. They were actuated by the noble determination to rescue from destruction the innumerable records of our colonial history, which were scattered in every form all over the land.

And exceedingly well have they succeeded. The library contains about 25,000 volumes, which bear, in a direct manner, upon the early history of our State, and the habits and customs of its primitive Dutch inhabitants. It has, beside printed books, nearly 2,000 volumes of bound newspapers, some 15,000 MSS. original letters, papers, &c.; a variety of maps, charts and engravings, and about 2,000 medals and coins. It has also a considerable collection of Indian relics and curiosities, together with portraits and busts of many of the distinguished men of our Revolutionary era.

The society has now a new building in process of erection in Second avenue, corner of Eleventh street, which will be completed during the present year. It is a fine stone edifice, and will afford ample accommodations for the library. The terms of membership to the society, and use of the library, are an initiation fee of five dollars, and five dollars annually as dues; or, in lieu thereof, a life membership fee of fifty dollars, as a commutation of all regular dues and fees. George H. Moore, Esq., Librarian.

THE GENERAL SOCIETY OF MECHANICS AND TRADESMEN.

There is a tradition among some of the members that this society was organized before the Revolution, and was broken up by the events of that period; but there does not appear to be any well-established facts to warrant this opinion. If it were established at that time, no records of it exist, though these might have been scattered and destroyed by the British soldiers, who occupied the city at the time.

The prime moving cause of the organization of the General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen, was probably the fact of the very low and impoverished state of the arts and manufactures in the country at the close of the Revolutionary War, though it may have arisen from the idea of "mutual benefit," which was the motive of all the early societies among the different trades. To form a union by which these societies could act

in concert, and to adopt such measures for their mutual advantage as might be deemed advisable, was also another thought which gave rise to this institution, which has, since that time, adopted so many excellent features, and gradually extended its usefulness in almost every department of human advancement and benevolence. To assist the industrious, protect the distressed, succor the widow, befriend the orphan, and afford the means of intellectual attainments to a large class of the youth of our country, who will eventually become so emphatically the bone and sinew of the land, have been its distinguishing features.

The first record of its organization is dated the 17th of November, 1785, when a meeting was held as the house of Walter Heyer, which it is believed was located in the lower part of Pearl street, near Cedar. At this meeting, Robert Boyd was appointed chairman. From this time until 1792, the society does not appear to have been any thing more than a kind of Congress, to which all the mechanics' societies in the country sent delegates, and hence arose the name of the *General* Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen. The society started on the principle of economically saving its funds; and one of the resolutions adopted at the first meeting gave an earnest of its future usefulness and prosperity. It voted to purchase a chest for the purpose of depositing in it the funds; "said chest to be provided with three locks, and the price thereof to be £7." As illustrating the object of the formation, as well as showing the feeling of the public mind upon a question which has been greatly agitated since, we may state that on the 24th September, 1788, the society received a letter from the associated mechanics of "the town" of Boston, complaining of the course of the government in neglecting to protect American manufactures, in which they say that "the system pursued since the peace, of importing such articles as can be manufactured among ourselves, tends to discourage the whole body of tradesmen and manufacturers of these states; and this practice, unless speedily checked by the prudent exertions of those who are more particularly interested, must eventually prove ruinous to every mechanical branch in America." On the 26th of February, 1789, they received a letter from the mechanics of Baltimore of the same import. At this period, the various mechanic societies in different parts of the country united in a petition, asking of Congress the adoption of a tariff for the protection of American manufactures, and it is believed that the passage of the first tariff act, under the Federal Constitution, was owing, in a great measure, to the efforts of this society.

An interesting incident in the history of the society, and which is fully detailed in its minutes, is the annual meeting of the society on the 8th of January, 1789, which was celebrated at "Samuel French's Tavern," then located at No. 39 Cortlandt street. Among the toasts given on that occasion were the following:

"May we breakfast with health, dine with friendship, drink a bottle of wine with mirth, and sup with contentment."

"A cobweb pair of breeches, a porcupine saddle, and a hard trotting horse to all the enemies of freedom."

"May we live, and our enemies know it."

On the 14th of March, 1792, an act was passed by the Legislature, incorporating the society, and at this time it is believed that the feature of affording support to the indigent members of the corporation, and to the widows and children of persons having been members of it, was established. In 1811, this act having nearly expired by its own limitation, another was passed, by which the powers and privileges of the society were considerably increased. In 1821, an amendment was made to this act, by which the rociety was empowered to appropriate such a part of its funds as it may deem expedient "to the establishment and maintenance of a school for the education of the children of its indigent or deceased members, and also to the establishment and support of an apprentices' library, for the use of the apprentices of the mechanics of New York." In 1842, this act was renewed and extended to the year 1860, and the society was authorized to receive pay for tuition in its school from pupils other than those who were entitled to gratuitous instruction. Such is a rapid survey of the advancement of the society, and shows how the commencement of one good work leads the way to the adoption of another.

The benevolent operations of the society are confined strictly to the widows and children of its deceased members, who are in indigent circumstances. Widows, whose names are on the pension list, are entitled to twenty-five dollars per annum, and each child, under five years old, to five dollars. A child, who has no parents living, is entitled to fifteen dollars per annum. The committee of almoners are also authorized to relieve urgent cases, which will not admit of delay, at the rate of ten dollars per month for each applicant, during the continuation of their necessities. We cannot state the progress of the society more clearly than by quoting a portion of an address delivered by the late M. M. Noah, at the opening of the library and reading rooms at their present place, No. 472 Broadway, in 1850. He says:

"For thirty-five years—that is to say, from the year 1783 to 1830—the operations of the Mechanics' Society were confined chiefly to benevolent objects, the relief of its indigent members, their widows and orphans; and in 1820 the school and library were established. The object of the school was to relieve the less fortunate mechanics from what they deemed the humiliation of sending their children to a charity school, by having them educated in the same school with pay scholars—the knowledge of pay and free scholars being confined to members of the school committee. The practice, delicate and proper in itself, is still maintained. The school improved rapidly, and is now, I am pleased to state, in a flourishing condition, and ranks as high as any in the city. It has been sustained at considerable cost to the society, receiving from the public only the usual allowance for the number of free scholars taught, and has about five hundred scholars, and

about twenty teachers, each department, male and female, arranged into separate classes, taught in separate class-rooms. The library was established at the same time, receiving small contributions of books and money from our fellow-citizens, and was opened at the time I have before stated, in the old free school building, at the corner of Chatham street and Tryon row. The new building in Chambers street was erected in the following year. In 1832, the society was enabled to purchase the High School in Crosby street, to accomplish which some aid was received—say five thousand dollars—chiefly from our own members; and that, with about one thousand dollars, received from the late Mechanics' and Scientific Institution, and six hundred dollars from private donations, is all that was received in aid of the important improvements. In 1845, the lot on Broadway was purchased, and an entrance made for the accommodation of the young ladies, and also to the lecture-room."

The society has owned, and continues to own, a considerable amount of property. The first real estate it had, was the building at the head of Chatham square, which is sold to the Corporation. It subsequently purchased the building at the corner of Broadway and Park place, now occupied by William Hall & Son, which it still retains. When the school and library were established, it removed to Chambers street. At the time the State granted the charter of incorporation to the Mechanics' Bank, it granted the right to every member of the society to subscribe to ten shares each. At that time bank stock was not so plenty as at present, and was thought to be a very desirable investment. On account of this, there was a great rush for membership in the society; and as their constitution prohibited the admission of any but those who were regular mechanics, and as there was more or less latitude claimed in the definition of that term, it gave rise to considerable difficulty. At this time Robert Fulton applied to be admitted as a member, *and was refused*, because he was not a practical mechanic.

The library of the society now numbers about 18,000 volumes. During the past year very great improvements have been made. Heretofore, the library has been sadly deficient in a catalogue, but through the exertions of its new librarian, William Van Norden, Esq., a good analytical as well as alphabetical arrangement of the books has been made. New shelving room has been furnished, the books newly arranged, and a large number added. A reading room has been set apart for the use of those who frequent the library, which is well supplied with the leading newspapers, magazines and reviews. The energetic management which has recently been inspired in the society ought to awaken a corresponding animation among its old friends, as well as obtain for it many new ones. The terms on which the library and rooms are open to readers are as follows: To apprentices, or youths employed as apprentices, without charge; to journeymen, teachers, students in academies or colleges, youths in the offices of lawyers, physicians or artists, one dollar per year; mechanics, tradesmen, artists, &c., in business on their own account, two dollars per year.

THE NEW YORK FREE ACADEMY.

The Free Academy of the city of New York, located in Twenty-third street, at the corner of Lexington avenue, was established in 1848, by an act of the legislature, passed the year previous. It is under the superintendence of the Board of Education, and the care, management and government of an Executive Committee appointed by the board. All the expenses of the institution are defrayed out of the public treasury. The students are admitted in annual classes, and the full course of study embraces five years, though a more limited period is allowed to those who prefer it. No student can be admitted to the academy unless he be a resident of the city, is thirteen years of age, shall have attended the common schools in the city eighteen months, and can pass a good examination in the elementary branches.

The Free Academy owes its origin to that spirit of advancement which has contributed so powerfully to exalt and perfect the common schools of our state. The antiquated notions in regard to the means of educational improvement have undergone a great and rapid change in the course of a few years. It is no longer looked upon as heretical to advocate the importance of a system of free education, which affords the opportunity to every person, no matter how limited his means, to furnish to his children advantages which will place them on a level with the graduates of our colleges and universities.

The Free Academy is the key-stone in the arch of this popular system. It was founded for the purpose of fostering and encouraging remarkable talent developed in the common schools, by furnishing, gratuitously, to such talent, without distinction, the means of a higher classical, scientific, and practical education, of which it would otherwise have been wholly deprived. The course of instruction adopted in the institution is practical, and adapted for fitting the students for the ordinary business of life. It has ten departments, embracing mathematics, history and belles lettres, languages and literature, drawing, natural and experimental philosophy, chemistry and physics, anatomy and hygiene, civil engineering, moral and intellectual philosophy, and law and political economy. This course of study commends itself immediately to the good sense of every one. Of the dead languages only Latin and Greek are taught.

The library of this institution is an important and valuable feature. Means for founding and sustaining it are obtained from appropriations made by the Regents of the University of the State of New York, made from the Literature Fund. The amount thus received is from eight hundred to one thousand dollars per annum, The whole number of volumes is about 15,000, two-thirds of which are text books. The miscellaneous portion of the library is devoted to works of general interest, history, biography, voyages, travels, &c. It has a complete set of Niles' Register,

a work now extremely rare. The collection of philosophical, mathematical and chemical apparatus is very good. Some attention has been paid to the establishment of a department of Natural History, and about 3,000 specimens in conchology, mineralogy and geology have been made. Librarian, J. G. Barton; Assistant, J. Oakley Nodyne.

THE NEW YORK LAW INSTITUTE.

The establishment of a law library in this city is owing, in a great degree, to the exertions of the late Judge Kent. The first meeting in relation to its organization was held at the residence of Judge McCoun, about the year 1829. The want of an institution which would furnish an extensive and easily accessible collection of works in every department of legal investigation had long been felt, and it was a desideratum which could not be supplied without some difficulties. The expense of obtaining such books is far greater than that incurred in any other department of literature. This is occasioned partly by the substantial manner in which they are got up, but is mainly owing to their limited circulation. The average cost of works in our public libraries does not generally exceed one dollar per volume; but a large number of the books in this have cost ten dollars a-piece.

The New York Law Institute was incorporated by an act of the legislature in 1830. It was declared to be founded "for literary purposes, the cultivation of legal science, the advancement of jurisprudence, and the formation of a seminary of learning in the law, and the formation of a law library." All counselors, solicitors and attorneys were eligible to membership on the payment of twenty dollars admission fee, and ten dollars annually thereafter; and, by an arrangement of the by-laws, he was declared a stockholder in the institution when the amount he had paid in reached a certain specified sum. All the judges of the United States Courts, judges of the State Courts, all lawyers who do not practice in the city, or in Kings county, and strangers generally, are permitted and invited to visit and use the library. The books are not, however, allowed to be taken from the library, beyond the City Hall. Gentlemen of the bar, while in the argument of causes in the various courts which hold their sessions in the City Hall, frequently need books of reference. In these cases they send an order to the library for such works as they need, and they are furnished by the librarian. Important cases in the Circuit Courts in this state are sometimes adjourned to New York city solely for the purpose of enjoying the superior advantages which this library affords.

It now contains about 6,000 volumes, embracing one of the most extensive and valuable collection of the kind in the United States. Besides the various works upon every department of law, it has the statute laws of the United States, and every state in the Union. It has, likewise, a large

number of the public records of Great Britain and Ireland, which were published in London, under the direction of commissioners appointed for the purpose. These records contain the origin and foundation of English, and consequently American law, as the latter is derived directly from the former. Among these are the Anglo-Saxon laws from Æthelbirht to Canute, laws of Edward the Confessor and William the Conquerer, laws ascribed to Henry I., and the "*Monumenta Ecclesiastica*" from the seventh to the tenth century.

The library is now located at No. 45 Chambers street, where it was removed in April, 1855. It has a large and commodious room on the second story, twenty-five feet wide and one hundred and fifty-two long, running through from Chambers to Reade street. John Anthon, Esq., is the present President of the Institute; Hon. William Kent, Librarian; John L. Tillinghast, Assistant Librarian.

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE.

The library of the American Institute was organized in 1833. A Committee, appointed for the purpose, reported a plan of the library, and the institute made an appropriation, on the 23d of July of that year, of five hundred dollars, toward the purchase of books. At first, only the shareholders in the library were entitled to take books from it, but by a subsequent arrangement the privilege was extended to all the members of the institute. The library was first opened in Liberty street, in 1833, and in 1834 was removed to No 41 Cortlandt street. In 1836 the institute took a lease of the building No. 187 Broadway, where it remained for three years. In 1839 the institute and library were removed to rooms in the new City Hall, (since burned down,) which they occupied until 1848, when the Common Council terminated the lease which it had granted them gratuitously. The institute then removed to the corner of Broadway and Anthony street, but, owing to the want of accommodation for the library, the books remained boxed up until it occupied its present location, No. 351 Broadway. Here it has a library room eighty feet long by twenty-five feet wide, which has been conveniently fitted up, with cases, tables, &c., for the accommodation of books and readers. A reading-room, connected with the library, is well supplied with all the daily papers of the city, and most of the prominent journals throughout the country.

As the institute had, at various times, voted appropriations of money to the library, increasing its value, questions arose as to the relative right of the shareholders and the members of the institute in the library. The members of the institute were not entitled to take a volume from the library until the 1st day of May, 1850, when that privilege was given to them by the new by-laws. For the purpose of settling the questions as to the rights of the shareholders, a paper was drawn up and signed by a number of them, releasing their rights as such, to the institute, and which

was presented at a meeting held on the 11th of April, 1850; whereupon a resolution was passed that shareholders who should release their rights in the library should be made life-members of the institute, and a special vote of thanks to those shareholders who had so released their rights was passed. Since that time nearly all the shareholders have released their rights and become members of the institute for life.

Since 1850 there have been added to the library about 3,000 volumes, and its gradual increase has been provided for by an annual appropriation, passed by the institute in 1851, of five hundred dollars a year, for five years. The library now consists of 7,500 volumes of works in the various departments of science and literature. Although the library is general in its character, it is designed to devote it more particularly to works relating to the objects of the institute, viz: agriculture, commerce, manufactures and the arts.

Mr. Ezekiel A. Harris, the librarian, prepared an entirely new catalogue of the library, which was printed in 1852, and consisted of two hundred and twelve octavo pages. The works were arranged in the catalogue both *alphabetically* and *analytically*, in the same manner as in the last catalogue of the New York Society Library. The works are arranged upon the shelves *analytically*, that is, classified according to their subjects.

The privileges of the library and reading room are confined to the members of the institute. A person may become a member of the institute by submitting a proposition for membership and paying an initiation fee of five dollars. The dues are two dollars a year.

The library is open every day, (Sundays and holidays excepted,) from 9 o'clock, A.M., to 6 o'clock, P.M., and on Tuesday and Thursday evenings of each week until 10 o'clock.

The American Institute Library is now the largest in the lower part of the city. E. A. Harris, Librarian.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE LIBRARY.

About 1757 Mr. Joseph Murray bequeathed to Columbia College, his property, worth about eighty thousand pounds, including his library. This was three years subsequent to the date of its charter, and the donation of books received from him may be considered the first substantial commencement of the present library. Not long after this the Rev. Dr. Bristowe, of London, also bequeathed his library, of about 1,500 volumes, to the college. It also received presents from the Earl of Bute and others, and from the University of Oxford. Indeed, upon the breaking out of the Revolution, it had a very respectable collection, but that stormy period scattered and almost entirely destroyed it. The college was taken possession of by the British troops and converted into a military hospital. The library was deposited in the City Hall, but, without any care, it fell a prey,

like the Society Library, to the rapacity of the soldiers of royalty who, it is said exchanged the books "for grog." Of the books recovered from the wreck 600 or 700 volumes were found, thirty years after, along with about as many belonging to the Society Library, in a room in St. Paul's Chapel, and no one could tell how they came there. In 1792, a large addition was made to the library, by a grant of money obtained from the legislature. Some purchases of private libraries have been made, the most important of which were the library of Professor Kemp, in 1813, and of Professor Moore, in 1838. In the interesting collection of the library may be mentioned an Egyptian papyrus, a series of bronze medals, illustrative of the Elgin marbles, and two marbles bearing Greek inscriptions. The number of volumes is 20,000. William A. Jones, A.M., Librarian. Connected with this institution are two literary societies, the Philolexian, founded in 1802, and the Peithologian, founded in 1806, which have each a library of 2,000 volumes.

LIBRARY OF THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.

This library was founded in 1838, and is called the "Van Ess Library," the principal part of it being the collection of Leander Van Ess, of Germany, the editor of the Septuagint and Vulgate. It was purchased in 1839, and consisted of about 15,000 distinct works. The remainder of the books have been chiefly donated by friends of the institution. The library contains about 450 *Incunabula*, most of them printed before A.D., 1500, and many of them exceedingly rare. Of the original editions of the Reformers, Luther, Melancthon and others, it has some 1,900 distinct works. It embraces the most valuable editions of the Fathers, and many of the largest collections in Church History, viz:—The "Acta Sanctorum," the "Bibliotheca Patrum," and the "Bibliotheca Maxima," the Acts of Councils, the various editions of Baronius, etc. The library is mainly intended for the use of students connected with the seminary, but its use is also allowed to those who may have a permission from a professor. The increase during the past six years has been about 600 volumes a year. About fifty periodicals, mostly religious magazines of this country and Europe are received. There is only a manuscript catalogue. The library is located in the seminary building, No. 9 University place. The number of volumes is about 24,000. Professor Henry B. Smith, Librarian.

GENERAL THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY OF THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

This institution was founded in this city in 1817, but in 1820, was removed to New Haven, Connecticut. The following year, however, it was united with the Diocesan Theological Seminary of New York, and moved back to this city. It was incorporated in 1822, and permanently established under a board of trustees, of which the bishops of the church are *ex officio*

members. It is located between Ninth and Tenth avenues and Twentieth and Twenty-first streets, upon grounds donated to it by Clement C. Moore, LL.D. The present income of the institution is derived mainly from a bequest of one hundred thousand dollars made by Frederic Kohrè, of South Carolina. Peter G. Stuyvesant endowed a Professorship of Church History, with twenty-five thousand dollars. The Library Fund amounts to six thousand dollars, the larger portion of which was given by Trinity Church. From the same source, also, came books, valued at six thousand five hundred dollars, which formed the foundation of their present excellent library. In 1852, the Society for Promoting Religion and Learning, in the Diocese of New York, gave the Seminary three thousand one hundred and forty-four dollars, which was expended for choice volumes of the late Doctor Jarvis' library. There is a reading-room connected with the library which is supplied with most of the American and some of the English Church periodicals. The students of the Seminary have free access to the library, and are allowed to take out books, under certain regulations. Books can be taken out only on Monday and Thursday afternoons, between half past two and half past four o'clock, but the library is open for consultation every day, during the same hours. The present number of volumes is 12,000. Rev. Christian F. Cruse, D.D., Librarian.

LYCEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY.

In 1817, a number of gentlemen, desirous of improving themselves in Natural History, and also of diffusing a taste for the subject, formed the Lyceum of Natural History. It was incorporated in 1818, and since that time, notwithstanding repeated embarrasments of no trifling character, it has steadily pursued its object, and has now a large and valuable museum and library. These have been principally formed by donations from individuals, and from the various scientific societies of this country and Europe. The museum contains extensive collections in mineralogy, geology, fossils, conchology, ichthyology, entomology, amphibia, reptiles, radiata, corals, botany and small collections of birds and quadrupeds. The collection of radiata is probably the best in the United States. The library contains about 3,000 volumes relating to Natural History, including the transactions of the various societies of Europe and America. The society has published five volumes of its "Annals," consisting of papers read before it by its members. The first location of the society was in "the New City Hall," (old Alms-house,) where rooms were appropriated it by the Common Council. It remained there until 1828, when it was removed to the City Dispensary, in White street. After eight years there it took possession, in 1836, of a building between Spring and Prince streets, in Broadway, which place it was compelled to relinquish, owing to the commercial

embarrasments of the time. It subsequently occupied rooms at No. 596 Broadway, and finally at the Medical College, in Fourteenth street. The members are divided into three classes, honorary, corresponding and resident. Among the early friends of the society may be mentioned the names of Dr. Samuel L. Mitchell, Dr. Hosack and the venerable Dr. Francis. In promoting its interests, none have been more indefatigable than R. H. Browne, its present Recording Secretary. The Librarian is O. W. Morris, Esq.

LIBRARY OF THE NEW YORK HOSPITAL.

The Society of the New York Hospital was founded in 1770, but it was not until 1796 that any thing was done toward forming a library. In this year, upon the recommendation of the Medical Faculty of Columbia College, the Governor of the Hospital appropriated five hundred dollars to the purchase of a medical library. This formed the nucleus of the present valuable and extensive collection. Members of the faculty, from time to time, contributed books, and in 1800, the collection was augmented by the purchase of the library of the late Dr. Romayne. In 1805, "The Medical Society of New York" gave its library to it, upon condition that such of the sons of its members as should become physicians should enjoy the free use of the hospital library. Various sums have, from time to time, been appropriated by the Governors of the Hospital to the increase of the library, and valuable additions have thereby been made. One of the most important of these was the excellent botanical library of Dr. Hosack. The library consists of works mostly on medicine and surgery, and the collateral branches of science, such as chemistry, botany, &c. It has many of the most costly and splendid works on anatomy and natural history. Fine rooms have been fitted up for it in the main Hospital buildings in Broadway.

The present number of volumes is 6,000. There is also a valuable pathological cabinet connected with it. It is in contemplation by the Governors of the Hospital to erect a building, distinct from the hospital, for the accommodation of the library and pathological collection. J. L. Vandervoort, M.D., Librarian.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

This association was organized in June, 1852. Its object is the improvement of the religious, mental and social condition of young men, residents of the city, or those who may come here from the country or from other cities. There are each year a large number of young men who, for business purposes, seek the great commercial metropolis of the United States,

and, who arriving here often without friends, need some avenue for proper social intercourse thrown open to them. The ends this association aim to accomplish are, therefore, not confined to a single object. Besides the mental and moral improvement of its members, it has committees organized for the purpose of procuring employment for those who desire it, as well as proper boarding places, church sittings, &c. To aid in the general objects it desires to accomplish, it has secured very attractive rooms in Clinton Hall, Astor place, which are used for the purposes of a library, reading room, and for general intercourse. The reading room is furnished with eight daily papers, fifty weekly and semi-weekly, thirty-two monthly, bi-monthly and semi-monthly, and twelve quarterly publications. A large proportion of the periodicals are religious, including the newspapers and reviews of different denominations, from all parts of this country and Great Britain. The rooms are open from eight, A.M., to ten, P.M.

The library contains about 2,000 volumes, and though not large, is well selected and much used. A weekly prayer meeting is held on every Wednesday evening, and on Sunday afternoons a Bible class, conducted by the President of the Association, Professor Howard Crosby. Each winter a series of lectures is delivered before the association, in the different churches, by the prominent clergymen of different denominations. The annual meeting of the Association occurs on the third Monday of May in each year. The present number of members is about one thousand. Benjamin Lord, Librarian.

LIBRARY OF THE MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

The Mechanics' Institute was founded in 1830, and incorporated April 24, 1833, for the purpose of promoting the general diffusion of useful knowledge among the mechanical classes. For this purpose a library and museum were founded, and classes established in the various branches of natural philosophy, the physical sciences, and most of the modern languages. The resources of the institute have been derived from school fairs, exhibitions, lectures, assessments of members, &c. The success of the institution has not been very flattering. It has met with the usual obstacles incident to all new enterprises, but which seem to have had more than their ordinary effect in retarding its growth and usefulness. The library numbers about 3,000 volumes, which are badly arranged and still more miserably catalogued in a manuscript volume. A new librarian has, however, recently been appointed, and under his supervision there may be a visible improvement. The society also contemplate moving from their present rooms, No. 1 Bowery, to a more advantageous location. The terms on which persons may become members, and with their families enjoy all the privileges of the library, reading rooms, lectures, &c., are, initiation fee, one dollar, and a yearly payment of two dollars; life membership is twenty-five dollars. William H. Chase, Librarian.

PRINTERS' FREE LIBRARY.

This institution is under the control of the New York Typographical Society, which was instituted in 1809, for the purpose of affording relief to indigent members and their families. It was incorporated in 1818, re-chartered for fifteen years, in 1832, and in 1847, incorporated under the general law of the state The library was commenced in 1823, and has been chiefly augmented by donations from members and friends of the society. Publishers have also contributed a large number of the books. This library has been forced to contend with numerous difficulties, the most prominent of which has been a doubt, among the members of the typographical profession, of its utility. The demonstration which a practical example affords has, however, now removed this impediment, and the friends of the library indulge a reasonable hope that their severest difficulties have been surmounted. The Printers' Library enjoys the enviable distinction of being the pioneer of free public libraries in this city, and it is to be regretted that they have not more suitable accommodations to throw open to the public at all hours. The library was first located at No. 300 Broadway, but now occupies lofty rooms at No. 3 Chambers street, which are only open on Saturday evenings. The library contains 3,000 volumes of well selected works in the various departments of general literature. The reading room is supplied with most of the city newspapers and periodicals. John Craw, Librarian.

COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

By an act of the legislature, in 1791, the Regents of the University of the State of New York were authorized to establish a College of Physicians and Surgeons in the State; and in 1807, the Regents, by charter, created the "College of Physicians and Surgeons in the city of New York." The first course of lectures was delivered in the winter of 1807-8. This institution, therefore, occupies a special relation to the Regents of the University of the State, for, while all our colleges and higher schools make their reports to the Regents, none have been established by them except this institution. During the past year the college has removed from its old building in Crosby street, and taken possession of its new edifice at the corner of Fourth avenue and Twenty-third street. Here it has lecture rooms of the largest size and most approved construction, dissecting, hospital apartments, &c. The museum and library are also located in the building. The former contains about 5,000 specimens in pathology and demonstrative anatomy. The library numbers about 1,500 volumes, which, owing to the removal of the college, have not been recently properly attended to. A librarian has been recently appointed, and they are to be arranged in the new edifice and properly catalogued. Gouverneur M. Smith, M.D., Librarian.

LIBRARY OF AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY.

This library is almost entirely biblical and theological. It has grown out of the wants and demands of the society in its work of translating and revising the Scriptures. It has the Bible, or portions of it, in over one hundred different languages and dialects, besides commentaries in English and foreign languages, grammatical works, dictionaries, concordances and miscellaneous works of various kinds, most of which have been presented to it by the friends of the society. Number of volumes, 1,500. Rev. Dr. Bigham, Librarian.

PRESBYTERIAN BOARD OF FOREIGN MISSIONS.

This society has a very interesting collection of books at their rooms, No. 23 Centre street. The library was commenced in 1836, and has now grown to about 3,000 volumes, without any particular effort to bring about the result. The books are mostly donations from missionaries in foreign lands, friends of the society in this country, and other sources. It has a good collection of Bibles in nearly all languages, a fair assortment of dictionaries, grammars, &c. The most curious, and a unique collection, is about 1,000 volumes of Chinese books, donated to the society by D. W. C. Olyphant, Esq., a merchant of this city. No well arranged catalogue of the books has ever been published, though one is understood to be in course of preparation. Walter Lowrie, Librarian.

AMERICAN BIBLE UNION.

This organization was formed in 1850, having for its primary object the re-translation of the Bible. The library contains about 4,000 volumes, most of which have been purchased for the purpose of affording the translators engaged in revising the Bible the facilities for performing their work. Some of the books are very valuable, and others quite rare. It has several editions of the Christian Fathers; Walton's Polyglott Bible, a folio in six volumes, published in 1657; and also, the Paris edition of the Polyglott Bible, 1645, in ten volumes, and in seven different languages, the Hebrew, Samaritan, Chaldaic, Greek, Syriac, Latin and Arabic. A large portion of the library is composed of lexicons in all languages. It has rooms in the First Baptist Church, corner of Broome and Elizabeth streets. Rev. C. A. Buckee, Librarian.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY.

This society has rooms at No. 117 Nassau street, where it has a choice collection of about 1,000 volumes, consisting of ancient and modern editions of the Bible, lexicons, &c. W. D. Ward, Esq., has charge of it.

MERCHANTS' AND CLERKS' LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

This institution was founded in 1853, for the purpose of collecting a library, maintaining a reading-room, &c. The object also seems to have been to secure a more down-town location than any other library now in the city; one clause of the constitution prohibits its removal above Reade street, unless with the consent of two thirds of the members of the association. It has already made considerable progress in the collection of a library, at No. 60 William street, where it also maintains a reading room. Number of volumes 600.

AMERICAN GEOGRAPHICAL AND STATISTICAL SOCIETY.

This society was first organized in 1852, under the general law of the state, and subsequently re-organized under a special charter granted by the legislature on the 12th of May, 1854. The object of the society is the collection and diffusion of geographical and statistical information. But little has as yet been done toward furnishing a library; it has, probably, about 300 volumes mostly relating to topographical science and physical geography. It occupies rooms in the New York University, in University place. Francis L. Hawks, D.D., is President, J. Calvin Smith, Librarian.

SPINGLER INSTITUTE.

This is an educational institution for young ladies; is furnished with an important and valuable library of about 2,000 volumes; they are mostly books of reference, and have been selected by the Rev. Gorham D. Abbott, the principal of the institution, with especial regard for their adaption to the purposes of female education.

RUTGER'S FEMALE INSTIUTE.

This excellent female educational institution, now successfully conducted for sixteen years, has a fine library of 2,190 valumes, embracing a good selection in general literature, history, reference books, &c.; it has also a fine collection of medals, coins and a small mineralogical cabinet, &c. It is located at No. 264 Madison street. There is no regular librarian, the principal, the Rev. D. C. Van Norman, A.M., having its general superintendence.

LIBRARY OF THE NEW YORK UNIVERSITY.

The New York University has a library of about 1,000 volumes, mostly works of reference; Professor Howard Crosby is librarian. Besides this

library there are two others connected with this institution, one belongs to the Euclein and the other to the Philomatheon Society. The former contains about 1,300 volumes and the latter 400. Edward Snyden is librarian of the Philomathean and Thomas Carter of the Euclein.

AMERICAN ETHNOLOGICAL SOCIETY.

The object of this society has been the preparation and publication of original papers on ethnology. It has a small library and cabinet, and occupies rooms in the University. E. Robinson, D. D. President.

NEW YORK BAPTIST HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

This society was incorporated at the last session of the legislature, and something has already been done toward collecting a library. The main object of the organization is to collect and preserve books, documents, &c., bearing upon the historical progress of the Baptist denomination. It, at present, has accommodations at No. 115 Nassau street. David T. Valentine, President. R. G. Horton, Librarian.

CITY LIBRARY, NO. 12, CITY HALL.

Whereas, The Corporation Library room being nearly completed, and as it contains choice and valuable collections, requiring care and supervision, therefore

Resolved, That the especial care and supervision of the Corporation Library be confided to the Clerk of the Common Council, under the general direction of the Committee on Arts, Sciences, and Schools, of both Boards.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, April 2, 1849.

Adopted by the Board of Assistants, June 11, 1849.

Approved by the Mayor, June 20, 1849.

In pursuance with the above resolution, the City Library was opened, under the immediate control of the Clerk of the Common Council, and shortly after a librarian, Mr. Theodore S. Nims, was duly appointed. The library is designated particularly for the use of members of both branches of the city government, but is open and free to the public at all times.

The nucleus of the library was the valuable collection of French statistical works, presented by Mons. Vattemare, on behalf of the city of Paris, but now contains besides, about 2,000 volumes, consisting of all the printed proceedings of the Common Council, since the year 1830; the laws

of this state, and the proceedings and documents of the legislature, a complete set of the New York Directories, from the Year 1789; Niles' Register, Striker's Register, American Almanac, Valentine's Manual, and History of New York, Documentary History of the State, Patent Office Reports, Audubon's Birds and Quadrupeds of America, Congressional Globe, and numerous other statistical and authoritative works. Theodore S. Nims, Librarian.

RECAPITULATION.

	Vols.
Astor Library	80,000
New York Society Library	40,000
Mercantile Library Association	47,000
New York Historical Society	25,000
Apprentices Library	18,000
Library of Free Academy	15,000
New York Law Institute	6,000
Library of American Institute	7,500
" Columbia College and Literary Society	24,000
" Union Theological Seminary	24,000
" Episcopal Theological Seminary	12,000
" Lyceum of Natural History	3,000
" New York Hospital	6,000
" Young Mens' Christian Association	2,000
" Mechanics' Institute	3,000
Printers' Free Library	3,000
Library of College of Physicians and Surgeons	1,500
" American Bible Society	1,500
" Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions	3,000
" American Bible Union	4,000
" American and Foreign Bible Society	1,000
Merchants' and Clerks' Library Association	600
New York City Library	2,000
Library of American Geographical Society	300
" Spingler Female Institute	2,000
" Rutgers' " "	2,190
" New York University, and Literary Societies	2,700
Total	336,290

INTERESTING DOCUMENTS.

FEDERAL PROCESSION

IN HONOR OF

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

To testify the animated joy of the citizens of New York, upon finding the federal constitution of government ratified by a sufficient number of states to make it operative, it was determined, that on the twenty-third day of July, 1788, they should so appear in procession, as to demonstrate to the world the pleasure that, in consequence of this event, had pervaded all ranks and degrees of the community.

The day having been more than once postponed, in the interesting hope that this state,* then in convention, would likewise accede to the union, the committee of arrangements found it impossible any longer to oppose the patriotic ardour of their fellow-citizens. It was remembered, however, that the great object of exultation was not the ratifying of the constitution by any one particular state, but the already present existence of an era in the history of man, great, glorious, and unparalleled, which opens a variety of new sources of happiness, and unbounded prospects of national prosperity! The adoption of the federal plan by this state, though not then expected to be immediate, was, however, with certainty considered among those events which time, increasing light, and an overruling Providence, would bring to our view.

About 10 o'clock, 13 guns were fired from the federal ship *Hamilton*, being the signal for the procession to move; the different bodies of which it was composed, having already collected from their various places of meeting. It now set out from the Fields,† proceeding down Broadway to Great Dock street,‡ thence through Hanover square, Queen,‡ Chatham, Division, and Arundel streets; and from thence through Bullock street§ to Bayard's house, in the following order:

HORSEMEN WITH TRUMPETS.

Company of Artillery, and Field Piece.

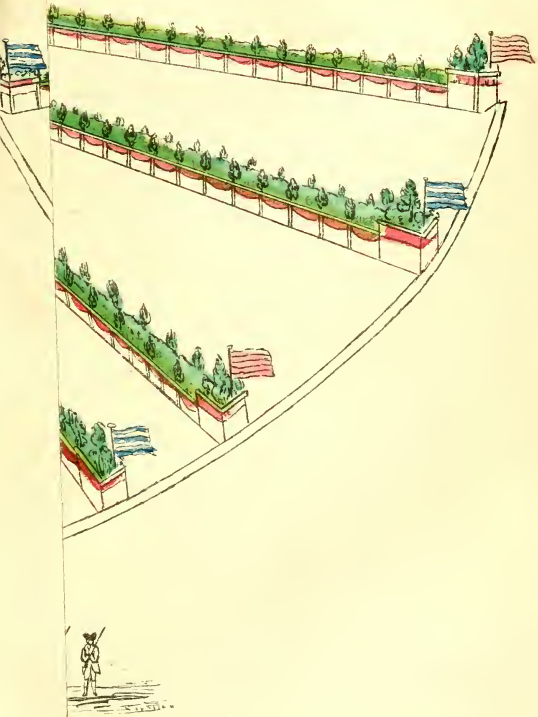
After these, the whole procession was marshaled into ten divisions, each of which was preceded by a white flag, borne to the honour of the ten states that had then acceded to the new constitution.

* This state adopted the constitution three days after.

† Now the Park.

‡ Now Pearl street.

§ Now Broome street.



II.

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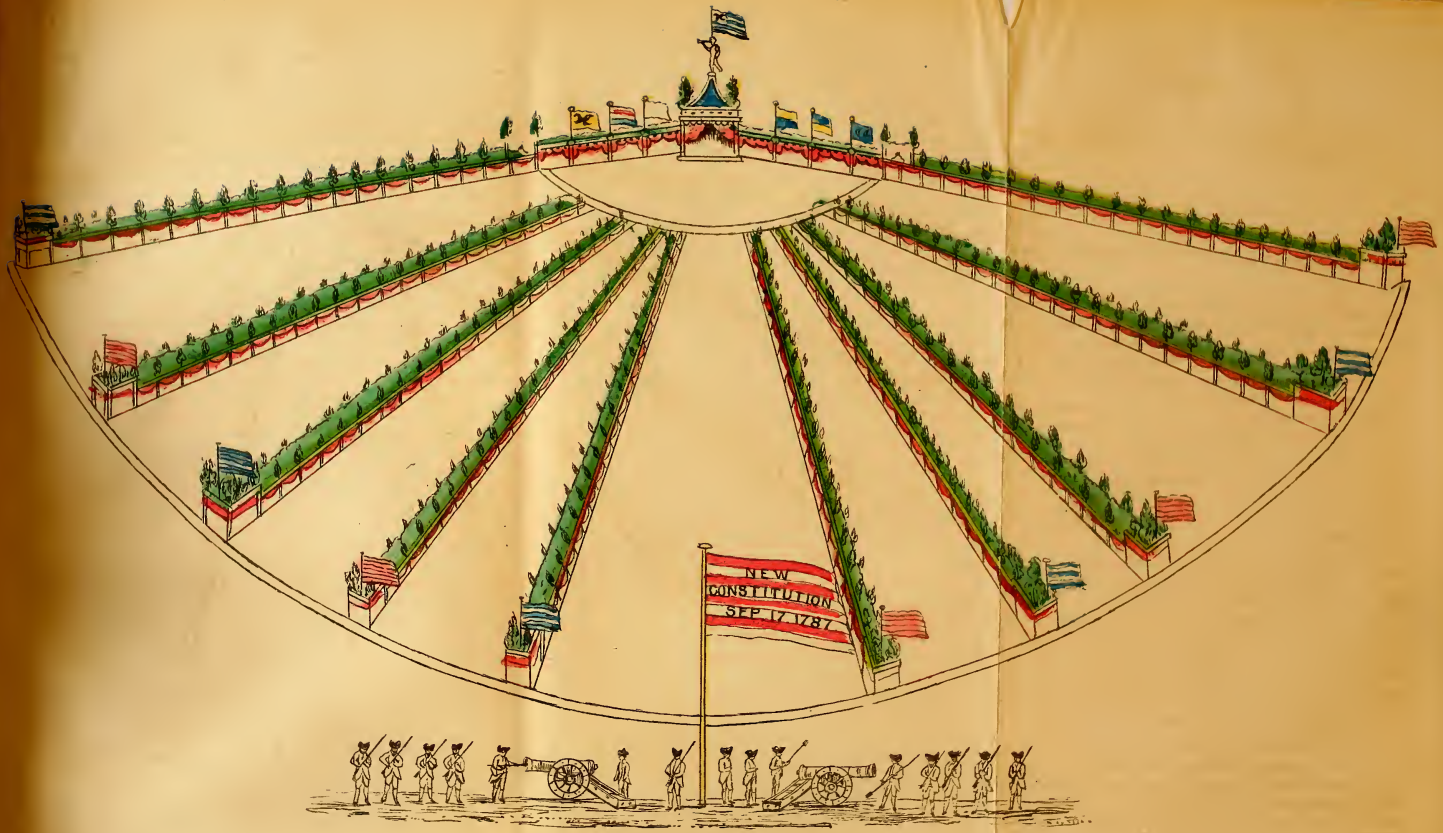
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The New-York Federal Table, as seen from Bunker Hill.

Copied from an original sketch by David Grim, for D. T. Valentine's Manual 1856.

FIRST DIVISION.

Foresters with Axes.

Columbus in his ancient dress, on horseback, represented by Captain Moore.

Foresters with Axes, &c.

A plough, drawn by six oxen, conducted by Nicholas Cruger, Esq., in a farmer's dress, supporting the Farmer's arms; a flag, with a wheat sheaf on the field, on the hand of which was inscribed, "*O Fortunati Agricolæ!*" over which was a rising star.

Two Men Sowing Grain.

A harrow, drawn by two oxen and two horses, conducted by Mr. John Watts, in a farmer's dress.

A number of gentlemen farmers, with every implement of husbandry, displayed in a pleasing manner.

A new invented threshing machine, (which will thresh and clean seventy-two bushels of grain in a day,) conducted by Baron Poelnitz, and other gentlemen farmers, dressed proper, grinding and threshing grain.

United States arms, borne by Col. White, on horseback, supported by the Cincinnati; the horse beautifully caparisoned, and led by two boys in a white uniform.

A number of gardeners with aprons on, and various implements of husbandry.

A Band of Music.

Tailors.

A flag, ten by eleven feet, field sky blue, a fine landscape, Adam and Eve represented naked, excepting fig leaves for aprons, nearly in full stature, in a sitting posture; motto, "And they sewed fig leaves together;" the United States forming a chain or links, upon a large circle, in order as they adopted the constitution, and the names of each state in the middle; in the centre of the circle, "Majority." The sun beaming forth its rays upon those states that have acceeded to federal measures. Rhode Island in mourning, General Washington nearly in full stature, holding a parchment in his hand, with this inscription, "The federal constitution." The federal eagle, with its wings expanded, soaring towards the sun: the whole hung in a large frame, with golden knobs at the tops of the poles, carried by two standard bearers, and supported by two men, one upon each side of the flag, with fine blue and white cord, and elegant tassels in their hands. The flag preceded by a committee of six, three and three, joined together by white handkerchiefs, with buff and blue sashes, and blue and buff cockades; followed by Mr. John Elliot, President, with a blue and buff sash and cockade; two of the committee, with buff and blue sashes and cockades, on each side of the President; followed by the rest of their branch, all wearing blue and buff cockades. The order closed by Mr.

John Banks, Vice-President, with a sash and cockade like the President's, and two officers, with buff and blue sashes and cockades; three flank officers, as adjutants, dressed in sashes and cockades, with white rattans in their hands. The sashes and cockades emblematical of the staff uniform of the American army.

Measurers of Grain.

An ensign with a flag, representing the head of General Washington in the centre, ornamented with thirteen stripes and thirteen stars, with this motto: "His Excellency General Washington;" on the opposite side, the head of Col. Hamilton, beautifully painted; in the centre, a device representing the measures used in the business, on one side of which was inscribed, in capitals, "Equity," surrounded with these lines:

"Federal measures, and measures true,
Shall measure out justice to us and to you."

Two ships, one discharging salt, and the other taking in grain; a store, with a merchant in front, viewing, with a spy-glass, a French ship entering the harbour under full sail; on the reverse, the same, except the Mayor of the City in the place of Col. Hamilton. The order headed by Mr. Van Dyke.

Millers—No Return.

Inspectors of Flour—No Return.

Bakers.

Headed by two masters, Messrs. John Quackinbos and Frederick Stymets.

Ten boys, dressed in white, with blue sashes, each of them carrying a large rose, decorated with various coloured ribands.

Ten journeymen, dressed in white, with blue sashes, carrying implements of the craft.

A stage, drawn by two bay horses decorated.

Four masters, with the federal loaf, ten feet long, twenty-seven inches in breadth, and eight inches in heighth, with the names in full length of the ten states which have ratified the constitution, and the initial letters of the other three.*

A flag, representing the declension of trade under the old confederation. Motto,

"When in confusion I was made,
Without foundation was I laid;
But hope the federal ovens may
My sinking frame full well repay."

On the reverse, the representation of their trade in a flourishing situation, with two ovens. Motto,

* Baked of one whole barrel of flour.

"We are well built, both sound and tight,
We hope to serve the ships in sight,
With the best bread, bak'd with good flour,
When congress have the federal power."

In the centre, the spread eagle and crown, holding on the left the old confederation, on the right, the new constitution; Fame, with her trumpet, over it; followed by eighty masters, journeymen and apprentices, with white aprons.

Brewers.

A standard, carried by Mr. Samuel Boyer, ornamented with the brewers arms, proper, barley sheaves and porter casks, encircled with hop vines; crest, an eagle with extended wings, holding a thermometer in his beak. Motto, "Home brewed." The federal brewery; a horse and dray loaded, in full speed to Bunker's Hill; and other devices suitable to the occasion.

Messrs. A. Lispenard, Appleby and Matlack, with each an elegant gilt mashing oar in hand, and barley heads in their hats, followed by two horses and drays, ornamented with hop vines and barley. First dray loaded with a store cask, containing three hundred gallons of ale, a porter cask and barrel; on the top of the large cask was fixed a ton, with a living Bacchus, a very handsome boy, of eight years old, dressed in flesh coloured silk, sewed tight round, from his chin to his toes; a cap, ornamented with hop vines and barley, a silver goblet in his hand, drinking and huzzaing the whole day with the greatest cheerfulness, performing his part to admiration. Below him sat Silenus, attendant on Bacchus, on a porter hogshead. Motto, "Ale, proper drink for Americans."

Second dray, loaded with porter casks and hop bags, followed by brewers and maltsters, with mashing oars, malt shovels, &c., twenty in number, ornamented with barley and hop vines in their hats.

Distillers—No Return.

SECOND DIVISION.

Coopers.

Thirteen apprentice boys, thirteen years of age,* dressed in white shirts, trousers and stockings, the trousers drawn at the ancle with a green riband, their hats ornamented with thirteen pillars, coloured green and white, with ten branches springing from them, representing the ten states which have adopted the constitution, decorated with an oak branch and green riband; a keg† carried under the left arm, slung with a broad green riband, with a bow of the same, green and white, on their right shoulder, round their right arms a green and white riband with a bow; each boy carrying a white oak branch in his right hand, and wearing white leather aprons. Headed by Mr. Peter Stoutenburgh, carrying a small flag, with the Coopers' coat of arms. Motto, "Love as brethren."

* Charles Devoe, &c.

† Neatly bound with white hoops.

Forty-two apprentices, dressed clean, with a green oak branch in their hats, and carrying a branch in their right hand.

The stage, drawn by four bay horses, dressed with ribands, and decorated with green oak bows. On the stage was erected a standard, with a flag ten feet square, representing trade and commerce; a federal cooperage; Coopers at different kinds of work; the Coopers' coat of arms. Motto, "Love as brethren." Workmen at work on the stage, Mr. John Post, master. On the stage, a cask that had been put up during the session of the convention at Philadelphia, and which wanted repair; but notwithstanding one of the best workmen belonging to the branch was industriously employed great part of the time of the procession, it was found impracticable: this branch, considering this emblematical of the old confederation, determined to make a new cask,* representing the new constitution, which was done according, while the procession was marching.†

Next the stage was one hundred and thirty-eight masters and journeymen coopers, their hats decorated with green oak boughs, carrying an oak branch in their right hand, the rear brought up by Mr. Daniel Dunscomb, carrying a small flag, the same as in front. The order conducted by two masters, wearing green and white cockades, and each carrying a green hoop-pole, with the leaves left on the upper end.

Butchers.

Headed by Mr. Jotham Post, Alexander Fink, John Lovel, and Jacob J. Arden; a flag of fine linen, neatly painted, displayed; on the standard, the coat of arms, viz: three bullock's heads, two axes cross-ways, a boar's head, and two garbs, supported by an ox and a lamb; motto,

"Skin me well, dress me neat,
And send me 'board the federal fleet."

A slaughter-house, with cattle drest, and killing; a market, supported by ten pillars, one pillar partly up; under it was written, "Federal Market supported by ten," in gold letters. Federal Butchers; a ship, with smaller vessels. The standard carried on a stage drawn by four bright bay horses, dressed with ribands; a boy dressed in white rode and conducted each. On the stage, a stall, neatly furnished, two butchers and two boys on the stage at work, splitting the lambs, &c., followed by one hundred of the branch drest with clean white aprons, and steels on; a band of music; two banners, with the proper coat of arms; motto, "Federal Butchers," one in the front, supported by Mr. William Wright; one in the rear, supported by Mr. John Perine. A capital bullock, of a thousand weight in his quarters, roasted whole by the Butchers for the honour of the day, was presented to the procession in general.

Tanners and Curriers.

Arms on the flag; Azure, a flesher, and a currying-knife; or, crest, a bull's head, horned; or, supporters, on the dexter side, a Tanner in his

* As emblematical of the new Constitution.

† This Cask held good old Jamaica, for the Coopers, many years after.

frock and trousers, holding in his dexter hand a Tanner's skimmer, proper; on the sinister, a Currier in his working dress, apron turned up, holding in his sinister hand a currying-knife, proper, a sun rising from beneath the union flag. Motto, "By union we rise to splendor." Behind all, an oak tree.

Skinners, Breeches Makers, and Glovers.

Headed by Messrs. Alsop Hunt, Benjamin Gatfield, James Mathers, Leonard Rogers, and James Hays; a flag of cream coloured silk, borne by James Mott and John Peal, supported by Henry Frederic and Jacob Grindlemeyer; coat of arms, a pair of breeches and three gloves, supported by two rampant bucks; crest, a buck's head; a green field, with a ewe and two lambs, one lying down, the other standing. Motto, "Americans, encourage your own manufactures;" followed by thirty-one of the trade, in buckskin waistcoats, faced with blue silk, breeches, gloves and stockings, with a buck's tail in their hats. To these, Mr. W. Thompson, the parchment manufacturer, attached himself, with a standard of parchment, and the inscription, "American manufactured."

THIRD DIVISION.

Cordwainers.

Headed by Mr. James M'Cready, who supported a small flag representing the arms of the craft; motto, "Federal Cordwainers;" followed by twelve masters, representing twelve states.

A stage, drawn by four white horses, with two postillions in livery; a shop on the stage, with ten men diligently prosecuting their business, emblematical of the ten states that have adopted the constitution, with colors extended over the whole length of the shop, representing, in front, his Excellency General Washington coming out of the state house at Philadelphia, and presenting the constitution to Fame; she receiving it standing in her Temple, and ready to proclaim it to an astonished world! On the reverse, a full view of our own harbour, with the arrival of a ship with Crispin, who is joyfully received by St. Tammany.

Then followed the main body, three hundred and forty men. Mr. Anthony Bolton in the rear, with a small flag, as in front.

FOURTH DIVISION.

Carpenters.

Four masters, with each a rule in his hand; Vice-President, with a blue riband at his breast, with a scale and dividers, and a drawing square in his hand; secretary and treasurer, with a green sash and architect book in their hands; the apprentices in sections, each bearing a white wand of five feet long in his hand; the standard borne by eight journeymen with red sashes, representing, under the standard of the United States, a portraiture of General Washington: motto, "Freedom's favorite Son." Two Corinthian pillars, supporting a pediment half finished, expressive of the yet

unsettled state of the Union; under this, thirteen pillars, gilt, united by one entablature, with a purple riband; ten of them bearing the names of the states, in the order of their adopting the new constitution. A motto on the frieze, "The Love of our Country prevails;" in the pediment a shield; motto, "Honour God."

The journeymen in sections; the masters in sections; the President with a blue riband at his breast, with scale and dividers, and a star or union on his left breast, and a drawn square in his hand. Four masters, with two feet rules in their hands, two hundred and two rank and file.

Furriers.

Messrs. Lot Merkel, and John Siemon, carrying a white valuable fox skin, manufactured; followed by an Indian, properly accoutred, with the dress and habiliments of his nation, as just coming out of the woods, loaded with various kinds of raw furs, as if bringing them for sale; followed by journeymen, each of them carrying furs and manufactures, the produce of this country. Likewise, a horse, with two bears, each sitting on a pack of furs, led by an Indian in a beaver blanket and round hat with black feathers, followed by two journeymen furriers in their working habits, with master aprons, their coats trimmed with black martins, their hats decorated with black feathers and white cockades.

A red flag, on which a tyger, as large as life, was displayed, and above it a large muff of real ermine, as an emblem of the craft; followed by two journeymen in like habits as the first. In the rear of these, came Mr. Lyon Jonas, dressed in a superb scarlet blanket, and an elegant cap, ornamented with a beautiful plumage, smoking the Indian pipe and tomahawk.

Hatters.

Preceded by ten men in their working dresses, ornamented with blue sashes, and carrying bows, decorated with blue ribands. The flag, displaying the emblems of the branch, on a blue field, supported by two masters. Journeymen and apprentices, followed by masters, being sixty in number, with blue cockades and blue aprons, headed by Mr. Walter Bicker.

Peruke-makers and Hairdressers.

To the number of forty-five. Standard and flag. The arms, a wig in quarters, and three razors on the top of the arms. The amicable society of peruke-makers. Motto, "May we succeed in our trade, and the union protect us."

Two small flags on a barber's pole, ten links in each, emblematical of the ten adopting states.

Artificial Florists.

Rear of the fourth division brought up by the Artificial Florists, carrying a white flag, ornamented on the edges with artificial flowers, with thirteen blue stars, three of which drooping, repreſenting the three states that had not adopted the constitution, supported by two boys in white, with blue sashes, and their heads set off with feathers. Motto, "*Floreati America.*"

FIFTH DIVISION.

Whitesmiths.

Carrying an elegant pedestal of open scroll-work, supporting the arms of the trade, Vulcan's arm and hand hammer. Motto in gold,

"By hammer and hand,
All arts do stand."

Below, the name of the trade, embellished with gold ornaments in swags of laurel; a highly polished finished lock was herein likewise exhibited, with a key at entrance. Over the same a bell rung continually during the procession, and at the top a finished jack, kept likewise in motion by the wind; followed by the masters singly, then two wardens, masters, journeymen, and apprentices, all with blue cockades.

Cutlers.

Two master cutlers, wearing breastplates, and drill-bows in their hands, and green silk aprons, embellished with the company's arms, richly painted, bound with red riband.

Four journeymen with green baize aprons, bound with red riband, and the company's arms.

Four apprentices, with green baize aprons, bound with red riband.

Confectioners.

Bacchus's cup, made of sugar, richly ornamented, four feet six inches in circumference; round the goblet's edge the inscription, "The Federal Confectioners." the letters of different colours, sugar-plumbs in the cup; the federal cake, ornamented with preserved fruit, made and carried by Mr. Pryor.

Stone Masons.

Flag; on the front an elegant plan of the President's (of Congress) house; at a distance was displayed a remote view of the temple of fame, supported with thirteen pillars, ten finished, and three unfinished; over the temple these words inscribed:

"The foundation is firm, the materials are good,
Each pillar cemented with patriot's blood."

Over the centre of the flag a spread eagle; below the temple, a gentleman, and a stone mason showing him a draught of the temple; between the president's house and the temple; a grove of trees, and an elegant walk.

On the reverse, an elegant figure of the master mason; over his head was displayed the American flag, with the mason's coat of arms; at a distance a mason's shop in a shade of trees, a man at work in it; at a little distance, two men cutting stone; near the bottom of the flag, a man sawing marble, with a number of blocks and tools of all kinds lying round.

The order, consisting of thirty-two, headed by Mr. George Lindsay and William M'Kinney.

Bricklayers.

Preceded by Mr. John M'Comb, one hundred and two in number, supporting a flag, representing, under the colours of the United States, a medallion of His Excellency General Washington, encircled with laurel; in the centre, the bricklayer's arms. Motto, "In God is all our trust." Over the arms, a riband, written, "The Amicable Society of Bricklayers," all in gold letters; on the lower part of the flag, a building with scaffolding, and men at work, attended with labourers. The whole painted on white silk.

Painters' and Glaziers' Flag.

A view of a street with a number of buildings, one nearly painted, and a man in the attitude of painting on a ladder, the front of a house; a ship, and a man painting the stern; a pillar with ten stripes circular; above the pillar the union flag, standing on the platform, supported by ten pillars, three pillars lying down underneath; in the two upper corners, two men in each, at different work, painting and glazing; in the centre of the two, the arms of the painters and glaziers. Arms, or three shields gule; on the first a hammer, proper; in the second a diamond; in the third a lederkin; on the two upper shields a rule; in the centre of the field a paint pot and brush; crest, a glass cap; supporters, on the dexter side, a man holding a pillar and pencil; on the sinister, a man holding a sash frame. Motto, "May we succeed." Over the two poles that supported the banner, a scroll, surmounted with a star; this motto, "May Trade Flourish and Industry be Rewarded."

Cabinet Makers.

Headed by Messrs. Carmer, Rucker and Anderson. Robert Carter, bearing the arms of the profession, followed thirty apprentices, four abreast; twenty journeymen in the same order.

Stage drawn by horses, on which, during the march, a cradle and table were completed; on the stage, colours fixed, representing a furniture warehouse, where the different species of their craft were displayed. Motto, "Unity with Fortitude." Sixteen master workmen, four and four, closed the order.

Windsor and Rush Chair Makers.

Headed by Messrs. Thomas and William Ash, of the Windsor, and Jacob Smith and Mr. Dow, of the rush chair manufactory, followed by sixty men, with green and red cockades in their hats, emblematical of their business; the standard, borne by two men,* representing a large manufactory shop, with a number of workmen at work; in front of the shop, a view of the river, several vessels bound to different parts, taking in chairs; boys carrying them to the wharves; in one corner, the American union; in the other, the chair maker's arms; a turning lathe, and two windsor chairs properly emblazoned. Motto, "Free Trade."

"The Federal states in union bound,
O'er all the world our chairs are found."

* Francis Tillou, &c.

Ivory Turners and Musical Instrument Makers.

Headed by Mr. Ahasuerus Turk, and other masters of the above business, two and two. They bore a beautiful standard; in the upper part was the figure of Apollo, (the god of music,) sitting in the clouds, playing on a lyre; round his head were brilliant rays of gold. In a festoon, from Apollo to the corners, and down the sides, hung the different instruments of music, in the manner of trophies. Underneath Apollo, was America, standing hand in hand with Europe, Asia, and Africa, emblematical of love and friendship with all the world.

"Divine Apollo strikes his sacred lyre,
Our breath he fills with true federal fire;
All nature smiles on this auspicious day,
When love and friendship join the new æra."

Motto, "Federal Musical Instrument Makers."

Drum Makers.

A flag; drum maker's arms; two drums in the corners; a sheaf of flax in the centre at top; a lamb underneath; on the left of the arms, an oak tree; on the right, a man leaning on the arms, representing the drum maker. Motto, "Federal Drum Makers."

"Tho' peaceably inclin'd we are,
Let us prepare, lest there be war;
Our enemies may overcome,
Should we neglect the federal drum."

Upholsterers.

Accompanying the federal chair of state, a most elegant exhibition, each carrying a banner ornamented with fringe, painted to represent the different articles of their business. Ten of these were topped with brilliant stars, and three with stars obscured in different degrees. The federal chair was carried upon a handsome stage, covered with the richest carpet; over it stood a magnificent canopy, nineteen feet high, overlaid with blue satin, decorated with beautiful festoons, fringe, &c., and various emblematical figures. On the right stood a comely lad,* in the character of Liberty, suitably dressed, and bearing her staff and cap, with a roll of parchment, inscribed, "Federal Constitution, 1788." On the left, another, in the character of justice, carrying the sword and balance. On the back of the chair were seen two angels elevating a laurel wreath, with this motto, "The reward of virtue," and on its top stood the bird sacred to Minerva. On the highest part of this beautiful canopy stood the American eagle with expanded wings, supported by a globe representing the United States; a variety of other emblematical circumstances might be noted, such as two watchful tygers, in a recumbent posture, intimating the necessary union of strength and prudence. On the front of the stage, a banner, representing Fame in a flying posture, carrying the constitution, was supported by one

* John De Grushe.

in the habit of a native American, but richly decorated with feathers, plumes, &c. The motto, "May the Federal Constitution be supported by Liberty and Justice."*

Lace and Fringe Weavers.

Bearing orange colours, elevated on a gilt standard, ornamented by their own manufactory; the device, an angel holding out a scroll with the words, "Federal Constitution," and underneath,

"O never let it perish in your hands,
But piously transmit it to your children."

Paper Stainers.

A flag displayed, representing a piece of paper of a verditure blue ground, printed with a figure of General Washington, with the words "New York Manufacture," in blue letters, on a gold ground, borne by Mr. John Colles, attended by an apprentice in a coat and cap of paper laced with bordering, and others carrying decorated tools. In the centre of the flag an oval figure, including ten golden stars, for the ten ratifying states; and on the exterior, three stars in silver, representing the states that have not acceded to the constitution. On the borders of the flag, "Under this constitution we hope to flourish."

Civil Engineers.

Carrying a design for erecting a dock for building and repairing men of war and and other large vessels.

SIXTH DIVISION.

Shipwrights' Flag.

In front a large oak tree, a ship in frame, with pieces of timber lying promiscuously. Noah's ark above, with the motto, "The bulwark of a nation." On the extended corner, an eye.

Blacksmiths and Nailors.

A flag with two smiths' shops represented; in one, a number of men forging an anchor; in the other, men shoeing a horse and making nails. Their coat of arms, three hammers crowned; over which was seen an eagle; under, the words, "The new constitution." Between the two shops, a large anchor. Motto,

"Forge me strong, finish me neat,
I soon shall moor a federal fleet."

A man with his arm extended, with a hammer, in it, with this motto:

"By hammer in hand,
All arts do stand."

The number, one hundred and twenty, in order, headed by Mr. John M'Bain. During the march the blacksmiths exerted themselves in the federal cause. They began and almost completed an anchor upon the

* Prepared by William Mooney, Upholsterer.

stage, besides making a number of other articles, as hooks and thimbles, horse-shoes, nails, &c.

Ship Joiners.

A flag, with their arms; in the field various instruments of the craft displayed, crested with a ship, and ornamented. Motto,

"Our merchants may venture to ship without fear,
For pilots of skill shall the Hamilton steer.
This Federal ship will our commerce revive,
And merchants, and shipwrights, and joiners shall thrive;
On the ocean of time she's about to set sail,
Fair Freedom her compass, and Concord the gale."

Boat Builders.

Headed by two masters. Barge rowed by proper bargemen in proper dress. Flag, field, thirteen stars and stripes; a print of His Excellency General Washington, and under him a boat building, axe and addice across, and drawing knife and plane. Motto,

"Accept, great chief, that share of honour's praise.
A grateful people to your merit pays;
Verse is too mean your virtues to display,
And words too weak our meaning to convey."

The Block and Pump Makers.

Finished a pump, turned three dozen sheaves and pins, made thirteen blocks, sheaved and pinned complete, on the stage during the procession. A flag, with thirteen different kinds of blocks painted in an oval form, a pump boring in the centre. Motto, "May our industry ever recommend us to employment under the Federal Government."

A ship off the stocks with only her lower masts in. Motto,

"Block me well, my spars sheave neat,
And join me to our Federal fleet."

Sail Makers.

A stage drawn by four horses, on which was displayed their flag, representing the flag of the United States; directly below, the ship New Constitution under full sail; in the centre of the flag, Colonel Hamilton, the new constitution in his right hand, and the confederation in his left; Fame, with a trumpet, and laurels to crown him; under, this motto:

"Let steadiness our steps pursue,
May justice be our guide;
The Federal plan we keep in view,
We fall if we divide."

Below this, on the left, the inside of a sail-loft; the master workman cutting out sails, with men at work. On the right of this, a view of a river; a ship at anchor, representing Commerce; a boat taking in sails to carry on board; the outside of a sail-loft, at which men are reefing sails,

During the procession was finished on the stage, a ship's fore-top-mast-stay-sail, a steering sail cut out, on which was sewed about fifty-six yards, which was performed by four men in white shirts and trousers, their sleeves tied up with blue riband The remainder of the branch (thirty-seven in number) followed the stage, carrying in their hands yards and measure lines, &c., the boys dressed in canvass vests and trousers, a blue sash tied round their waists, and a pine branch in their hats, with blue ribands; in the branch ten stars, in honor of the ten states that have adopted the constitution. Headed by Mr. George Warner.

Riggers.

The whole number, forty-one, with blue ribands in their hats, two drummers and fifers, a flag with thirteen stripes and thirteen stars, and a ship just from the carpenters, with men heaving her foremast in with the windlass, and a rigging loft on the wharf, with seven men at work, three of them serving a rope; one with a bowl of punch, drinking success to the new constitution. A cartman, with a cart load of rope at the left door; Fame, with a trumpet, sounding "Federal Riggers;" the motto,

"Fit me well, and rig me neat,
And join me to the Federal fleet."

On the other side, a ship almost finished, with men at work aloft; likewise, a rigging loft, with men at work. A cartman taking out a gang of rigging from the loft; the motto,

"Now I am rigged, both neat and strong,
And joined to the Federal throng."

The standard borne by Mr. Richard Clark.

SEVENTH DIVISION.

Federal Ship Hamilton.

A frigate of thirty two guns, twenty-seven feet keel, and ten feet beam, with galleries, and every thing complete and in proportion, both in hull and rigging; manned with upwards of thirty seamen and marines, in their different uniforms; commanded by Commodore Nicholson, and drawn by ten horses.

At the hour appointed for the procession to move, thirteen guns were fired from the ship as a signal for marching. She then got under way, with her top-sails a-trip, and courses in the brails, proceeding in the centre of the procession. When abreast of Beaver-street, she made the proper signal for a pilot, by hoisting a jack at the fore topmast-head, and firing a gun. The pilot boat appeared upon her weather quarter, the frigate threw her main-topsail to the mast; the boat hailed, and asked the necessary questions; the pilot was received on board, and the boat dismissed. The frigate then filled, and moved abreast of the fort, where the crew discovered the president and members of congress. She immediately brought to and fired a salute of thirteen guns, which was followed by three cheers, and politely answered by the gentlemen of congress. The procession then

moved; when the ship came opposite to Mr. Constable's, the crew discovered at the window, Mrs. Edgar, who had generously honoured the ship with the present of a suit of of silk colours; immediately they manned ship and gave three cheers. When she arrived abreast of the Old slip, she was saluted by thirteen guns from his Most Catholic Majesty's packet, then in the harbour, which was politely returned. She then made sail, and proceeded through Queen-street* to the Fields,† when squalls came on, and the wind ahead, she beat to windward by short tacks, in which the pilot displayed his skill in navigation, heaving the lead, getting ready for stays, putting the helm a-lee, by bracing and counter bracing the yards, &c. In the Fields, she had to descend several hills, in raising which she afforded a delightful prospect to the spectators, her topsails appearing first, and then her hull, in imitation of a ship at sea; exhibiting an appearance beyond description splendid and majestic. When she arrived at her station abreast of the dining tables, she clued up her topsails, and came to, in close order with the rest of the procession, the officers going ashore‡ to dine. At four o'clock, she gave the signal for marching, by a discharge of thirteen guns, when the procession moved by the lower road.§ The manner in which the ship made her passage through the narrow part of the road was highly interesting and satisfactory, being obliged to run under her fore top-sail, in a squall, and keep in the line of procession; this was accomplished with great hazard, by the good conduct of the commander, and the assiduity of the seamen and pilot; she arrived at her moorings abreast of the Bowling Green at half past five, amidst the acclamations of thousands; and the different orders, in procession, as soon as they were dismissed, honoured her with three cheers, as a mark of approbation for the good conduct of the commodore and his crew.

Pilot Boat.

Eighteen feet in length, and four feet in breadth, commanded by Mr. Edward Wilkie, with four lads; embellished with two flags, representing the Lighthouse, Highlands, Staten-Island, and the sea; ships going in and out, the pilot boats attending them; drawn on a wagon by two horses.

Pilots.

Marine Society.

President with a gold anchor at his left breast, suspended by a blue riband, and two vice presidents, treasurer, secretary and attorney. Standard bearer, with a white silk flag, representing a ship cast on shore; a dead body floating near her; a woman and children in great distress, lamenting the sad catastrophe, are consoled by Hope, leaning with one hand on a large anchor, and pointing with the other to Charity, who holds a chart, inscribed, "New-York Marine Society;" in the upper part, handsomely

* Now Pearl street.

† Now the Park.

‡ Now Broome-street, and in a line with Mott-street.

§ Now Broadway.

ornamented, is written, "Marine Society, state of New-York;" in the lower, in gold letters, the societies' motto, "To Charity add Knowledge."

Former Officers—Standing Committee.

Society and strangers; masters of vessels, four abreast.

Printers, Book Binders and Stationers.

Preceded by Messrs. Hugh Gaine and Samuel Loudon, on horseback.

The standard alternately supported by Messrs. Bryce, Carroll, Harrison and Purdy.

A handsome stage, drawn by four horses. Upon the stage, the federal printing-press complete; cases, and other typographical implements, with pressmen and compositors at work. During the procession, many hundred copies of a song and an ode, adapted to the occasion, were struck off, and distributed, by Messrs. A. M'Lean and J. Russel, among the multitude.

A small flag on the top of the press, on which was inscribed the word "Publius," in gold letters. Mr. John Loudon, representing a herald, mounted on the back of the press, dressed in a flowing robe, and a cap, on which were written the words, "The Liberty of the Press;" with a brazen trumpet in the right hand, proclaiming, "The epocha of Liberty and Justice," pending from the mouth of the trumpet. In the left hand, a parchment scroll, representing the new constitution. The master Printers, Booksellers and Bookbinders, with their journeymen and apprentices, four abreast, following the stage.

Description of the Standard.

Fame, blowing her trumpet, and supporting the medallion of his excellency Doctor Franklin; Liberty attending, holding her cap over his head; the electric fluid darting from below; on the upper corner, the union flag, and Stationers' arms; and below, the Bible and federal constitution, representing the religious and civil constitution of our country. Mottos,

1st. "*Ars artium omnium conservatrix.*"

2d. "May the liberty of the Press be inviolably preserved, as the palladium of the constitution, and the centinel of freedom."

And surrounding the medallion of his excellency Doctor Franklin, the following words: "Where liberty dwells, there is my country."

EIGHTH DIVISION.

Cartmen.

A cart painted red, with the words, "Federal cart," in white letters; ornamented with green boughs, and drawn by an elegant bright bay horse, neatly caparisoned, and "Union" inscribed under each ear; driven by Mr. Edward Fowler, dressed in a white frock and overalls, with a blue sash and white bow. On the cart was erected a standard, with a broad flag; one side representing Murray's wharf, Stewart and Jones's store, and three vessels discharging and taking in cargoes; carts passing and repassing; the harbour; a view of Long Island; the rising sun; a vessel under sail, named

the "Federal Ship Hamilton;" a coat of arms; motto, "By this we live," in yellow letters. On the reverse, Jones's wharf and store-houses, with a view of the river, Long Island, horses and carts, the rising sun, and federal ship; over which, on both sides, were these lines:

"Behold the Federal ship of fame,
The Hamilton we call her name;
To every craft she gives employ,
Sure cartmen have their share of joy."

Followed by three hundred cartmen, each wearing a laurel in his hat, and conducted by Messrs. T. Amerman, A. Mattiny, J. Demeroy, and W. Furman.

Horse Doctor.

Walter Gibbons, horse-doctor, dressed in an elegant half shirt, with a painted horse on his breast, a balling iron in the horse's mouth, and the Doctor putting a ball of physic down his throat, with implements of farriery ready for use. Over the horse written, "Federal Horse Doctor." At the bottom, "Physic." On his back a horse skeleton, the doctor examining the head; over his head, "Federal Horse Doctor," at bottom, "Dissection."

Mathematical Instrument Makers.

In an oval compartment, encircled with ten stars, a Hadley's quadrant, telescope, azimuth compass, and time-glass, with suitable decorations. Motto, "Trade and Navigation;" supported by Mr. Thomas Biggs.

Carvers and Engravers.

The Carvers and Engravers (united) were led by Messrs. Richard Davis and Peter Maverick; the banner supported by R. B. Davis. On the banner, which was of silk, bordered with an elegant fringe, of American manufacture, were displayed the arms of the United States, viz: a chief, azure on thirteen pieces, argent and gules. In the centre was placed an escutcheon, parted, proper, pale. Argent, a chevron, or, between two gravers in chief, proper, a copper-plate on a sand bag in base, proper, for Engravers. Argent, a mallet and gouge, proper, for Carvers. Motto, "*Arte et Labore.*" This banner was suspended by the two upper ends to a gilt staff, which was crowned by a circle, two feet diameter, of thirteen stars, ten of which were gilt, three ungilt. In the centre the American eagle soaring. On a carved riband, between the banner and the stars, this motto, "*Nous brillerone tous bien tot.*"

Coach and Coach-harness Makers.

A stage in front, drawn by ten black horses, three postillions dressed in yellow, and jockey caps trimmed yellow. Four workmen on the stage at work in the different branches. The flag extended on the stage, representing a coach-maker's shop, with doors open; hands at work, a coach finished. At the door, a vessel lying at the wharf, taking on board carriages for exportation. Over the shop, the union flag; over the ship the nine federal members from this country. In the centre, the coach and coach-harness-

makers' arms, on a blue field, three open coaches, supported by Liberty on one side, holding in her left hand a cap of liberty; on the other side by Peace, holding in her right hand a cornucopia of plenty; Fame, blowing her trumpet over their heads; motto, "The Federal star shall guide our car." A genteel green monument, supported by ten pillars, with an union in the centre. Crest on the top of the arms, an eagle soaring from a globe.

Coppersmiths.

Headed by Messrs. Asher Myers and Chas. White. A standard emblematical of the branch. Motto, "May the labour of the industrious be crowned with success."

Founders' Colour.

Furnace, sand-trough, two pillars, an urn, cannon, two moulds. Motto, "May the Founders, through principles of Amity, agree in Unity."

Tin Plate Workers.

Headed by Messrs. Kempton, Hardenbrook, and other masters, followed by their journeymen and apprentices, with white cockades, emblematic of their business; their standard borne by two of their profession, exhibiting a square; on the other side, the Federal Tin Manufactory; on the other, the Federal Tin Warehouse; in the square are raised ten pillars, with lamps to each, lighted, emblematical of the ten states that have adopted the constitution. On each of the ten pillars is a different article of tin manufactory; in front is a view of the river; the federal man of war appears, and shows the poop lantern; at a great distance appears a light-house, and a ship in the offing. The ship of war shows the federal flag of ten stripes. On the manufactory are inscribed the words "Federal Constitution," and

"When three more pillars rise,
Our union will the world surprise."

Pewterers.

Bearing an orange-coloured silk flag, on which was elegantly painted the United States' colours; underneath which, the pewterers' arms, supported by two miners, holding burning lamps in their hands. Motto, "Solid and pure," in gold letters; on the front part of the flag, the words, "Society of Pewterers," with the representation of a Pewterer's workshop, in which the different branches were at work, and some of their work finished. Above this were the following lines, viz:

"The federal plan, most solid and secure,
Americans their freedom will ensure;
All arts shall flourish in Columbia's land,
And all her sons join as one social band."

Gold and Silversmiths.

A gold Federal Eagle on the top of the standard. The goldsmith's emblematical arms on white silk, emblazoned, the crest representing Justice, sitting on a helmet, holding in one hand the balance, in the other the

touchstone; the arms supported by two savages, the field quarterly, or, two eagle's heads cross'd, azure two cups inverted between two gold buckles; the motto, "Justice is the Queen of Virtues." The supporters resting on a globe, representing the United States. Standard supported by the four senior goldsmiths, followed by twenty-five.

Potters.

A flag, on which was represented specimens of stone and earthen-ware. A stone-ware kiln in full flame, with different parts of both branches. A stage drawn by two horses, three hands at work, turning a number of vessels of different forms. Motto on the flag, "The Potter hath power over the clay."

The Chocolate-maker's Device.

The old Constitution represented by the naked body of a man, denoting Congress, without power, with thirteen heads, looking different ways, showing the clashing interest of the states in union, with these lines :

"When each head thus directing,
The body naught pursues;
But when in one united,
Then energy ensues."

The ten men, well dressed, representing the ten states, supporting the head of a man, representing the new constitution united in a federal head. Across the loins of the naked man, in a circle, a scroll from the right hand to the left, pointing with the fore finger to a rising sun, and the federal head, with these lines in it :

"In all creation my like is not,
Adopt the new, and let me be forgot
Behold how beams yon bright and rising sun,
O happy era! tyranny is fled;
Since federal government is now begun,
United in one presidential head."

On the pedestal on which it stands are these words, "The Old Constitution." Beneath, a hand-chocolate-mill, with two men grinding chocolate. On the opposite side of the flag, thirteen stripes, representing that no alteration can dissolve the federal compact entered into by the first congress, when they declared independence.

Tobacconists.

Headed by Mr. Dennis M'Ready, displaying a white silk flag, on which was elegantly painted, gilt, (encompassed by thirteen tobacco plants,) their arms, on a superb shield. Motto, "Let brotherly love continue." Their flag was preceded by thirteen boys, dressed in white, with blue ribands each carrying a hand of tobacco with eleven leaves bound close together; then followed the masters and journeymen, to the number of forty-five.

Dyers.

Headed by John Morrison and Robert Dodds. Journeymen, apprentices; arms, three madder bags. Motto, "Give glory to God."

Brushes.

Headed by Messrs. Cooper and Watson, carrying a white flag, decorated with ribands, representing the brushmaker's arms. Motto,

"May love and unity support our trade,
And keep out those who would our rights invade."

Joined by journeymen and apprentices, each wearing their aprons, and carrying, upright, a large brush, called a Turk's head, staffs twelve feet long.

Tallow Chandlers.

A flag with thirteen stripes; under these the figure of General Washington, with these words over him, "The illustrious Washington, may he be the first president of the United States." At the opposite end was placed the figure of Col. Hamilton. Between the two, the coat of arms of the branch, over which were placed thirteen candles, with the name of the state each represents; those representing the ratifying states were all burning, and united in one common flame. At the top of the flag, New York and North Carolina were lighted, but not joining the rest.

Saddlers, Harness and Whip-makers.

Saddlers, to the number of twenty-four. Mr. J. Young, Mr. Henry Broadwell, and Mr. J. Amory, the principal whip-makers.

Then followed their emblematical figure of their profession; an elegant horse, decked with a bun hunter saddle, and rich scarlet furniture, with broad gold lace round the whole, and ornamented with embroidered tassels, making a very brilliant appearance. The bridle was grand, and displayed much taste in the ornaments. The horse was led by a groom, dressed in character, carrying an elegant whip, and attended by two black boys as ostlers. The other masters and journeymen following in the rear.

NINTH DIVISION.

The gentlemen of the bar in their robes, two and two, preceded by the sheriff and coroner. In the centre of their body, the constitution of the United States, elegantly engrossed on vellum, and decorated with ribands, emblematical of the union, was borne by John Lawrence, Esq., counsellor at law, suppported by John Cozine and Robert Troop, Esqrs., counsellors at law. Ten students at law followed, singly, bearing in order the ratifications of the constitution by the several states as they came into the union. The rest two and two.

The Philological Society.

The secretary, bearing a scroll, containing the principles of a federal language.

Vice president and librarian; the latter carrying Mr. Horne Tooke's Treatise on Language, as a mark of respect for the book, which contains a new discovery, and as a mark of respect for the author, whose zeal for the American cause during the late war subjected him to a prosecution.

Josiah Ogden Hoffman, Esq., the president of the society, with a sash of

white and blue ribands. The standard bearer Mr. William Dunlap, with the arms of the society, viz:—Argent, three tongues gules, in chief, emblematical of language; the improvement of which is the object of the institution. Chevron, or, indicating firmness and support, an eye, emblematical of discernment, over a pyramid, or rude monument, sculptured with Gothic, Hebrew, and Greek letters. The Gothic on the light side, indicating the obvious origin of the American language from the Gothic. The Hebrew and Greek upon the reverse, or shade of the monument, expressing the remoteness and obscurity of the connexion between those languages and the modern. The crest, a cluster of cohering magnets, attracted by a key in the centre, emblematical of union among the members of the society in acquiring language, the key of knowledge, and clinging to their native tongue in preference to a foreign one. The shield, ornamented with a branch of oak, from which is collected the gall used in making ink, and a sprig of flax, from which paper is made; supported on the dexter side by Cadmus, in a robe of Tyrian purple, bearing in his right hand leaves of the rush, or flag *papyrus*, marked with Phœnician characters, representing the introduction of letters into Greece, and the origin of writing. On the sinister side, by Hermes, or Taaus, the inventor of letters, and god of eloquence, grasping his caduceus, or wand. Motto, "*Concedat Laurea Lingue*," expressive of the superiority of civil over military honours. The flag, embellished with the Genius of America, crowned with a wreath of thirteen purple plumes, ten of them starred, representing the ten states which have ratified the constitution. Her right hand pointing to the Philological Society, and in her left a standard, with a pendant, inscribed with the word "Constitution." The members of the society in order, clothed in black.

University.

A flag, emblematical of science, motto, "Science and Liberty mutually support and adorn each other." Supported by a standard bearer, preceding two large globes. The President and professors, in their academical habits, followed by the students, bearing different kinds of mathematical and astronomical instruments; after these moved the medical students, and the instructors of schools.

Merchants and Traders.

The merchants and traders were preceded by John Broome, Esq., president of the chamber of commerce, and William Maxwell, Esq , vice-president of the Bank, in a chariot, together with William Laight, Esq., secretary to the chamber, on horseback, bearing a standard with an oval field, surrounded by thirteen stars. The field, a Mercury standing on the shore, holding in his hand the arms of the city, surrounded by the emblems of commerce; the motto, "*Non nobis nati solum*," not born for ourselves alone. The spear terminating in an American eagle, gilt, bearing on his breast the arms of the United States.

TENTH DIVISION.

Physicians, Strangers and Gentlemen. Porters.

A blue flag, with thirteen stripes, on one of which was inscribed, "September 17th, 1787." Thirteen stars on the field, and a standard supported by two porters, with the words "ten to three, we carry it." Under the Stripes, "stands, we stand—falls, we fall."

Artillery and Field Piece.

The line of procession, containing nearly five thousand people, extended upwards of a mile and a half. The march was slow and majestic, and the appearance of the scene as far surpassed every one's expectation, as mere description must fall short of it. While numberless crowds were pressing every side, the doors and windows of houses were thronged by the fair daughters of Columbia, whose animated smiles and satisfaction contributed not a little to complete the general joy. As this splendid, novel, and interesting exhibition moved along, an unsuspected silence reigned throughout the city, which gave a solemnity to the whole transaction suited to the singular importance of the cause. No noise was heard but the deep rumbling of carriage wheels, with the necessary salutes and signals. A glad solemnity enlivened every countenance, while the joyous expectation of national prosperity triumphed in every bosom. The whole body having arrived at Bayard's house, were disposed in a line, and reviewed; after which, the varied insignia of the procession being left upon the Fields, the citizens were conducted to their several dining tables. Here they were honoured by the company of congress, of many foreigners of distinction, and the patriotic and respectable clergy of the city.

The two principal sides of the building provided for this entertainment, consisted of three large pavilions, connected by a colonnade of about one hundred and fifty feet front, and forming two sides of an obtuse angle; the middle pavilion majestically rising above the whole, terminating with a dome, on the top of which was a figure of Fame with her trumpet, proclaiming a new era, and holding in her left hand the standard of the United States, and a roll of parchment, on which was inscribed, in large characters, the three remarkable epochs of the late war; independence, alliance with France, peace. At her side was the American eagle, with wings extended, resting on a crown of laurel, placed on the top of the pedestal. Over six of the principal pillars of this colonnade were placed small escutcheons, inscribed with the cyphers of the several powers in alliance with the United States, viz: France, Spain, Sweden, Prussia, Holland, Morocco; and over these were displayed the colours of these respective nations, which added greatly to the brilliancy of the entablature, already beautifully decorated with festoons and branches of laurel. The extremities of this angle were joined by a table forming part of a circle, and from this ten more colonnades were extended, each four hundred and forty feet in length, as the rays of a circle, the whole having one common

centre, viz: the centre of the middle pavilion, where sat the president of congress. At the extremity of each colonnade was a pavilion nearly similar to the three before mentioned, having their outside terminated in a pediment crowned with escutcheons, on which was inscribed the names of the ten states which had then ratified the constitution. The whole of the colonnades were adorned with curtains elegantly folded, and with wreaths and festoons of laurel every where dispersed.

In the area contained within the angle first described, was placed the music, but so disposed as not to intercept the prospect from the seat of the president through the whole length of the ten colonnades above mentioned. This noble and beautiful edifice, erected in less than five days, covered a surface of ground eight hundred and eighty-feet by six hundred, and was calculated to accommodate six thousand persons.

The taste and genius of Major L'Enfant, so often displayed on other public occasions, and to whom the city is indebted for the design and execution, appeared in the present instance to have derived additional brilliancy from the dignity of the object on which it was employed.

Dinner being ended, the following toasts were drank:

1st. The United States.

2d. The states which have ratified the new constitution.

3d. The convention of the state of New York; may they soon add an eleventh pillar to the federal edifice.

4th. General Washington.

5th. His Most Christian Majesty.

6th. His Catholic Majesty.

7th. The States General of the United Netherlands.

8th. The friendly powers in Europe.

9th. The patriotic framers of the present national constitution.

10th. The memory of those heroes who have fallen in defence of American liberty.

11th. Success to agriculture, manufactures, and the sciences.

12th. May trade and navigation flourish.

13th. The day; may the union of the states be perpetual.

After each of which, ten cannon were fired; and in order to diffuse the joy to all classes of citizens, an ample proportion of the entertainment was detached to the prisoners in jail.

The repast ended, the procession returned in the same manner to its place of setting out; and the citizens were dismissed by half past five o'clock.

In the transactions of this day, a variety of circumstances might be noted, upon which the reflections of the patriot, the politician, or the philosopher, might dwell with pleasure. A procession inexpressibly magnificent, formed not to gratify the pride or ambition of an individual, but to manifest to the world the attachment of a people to a government calculated to secure and perpetuate their civil and religious liberties; the mutual

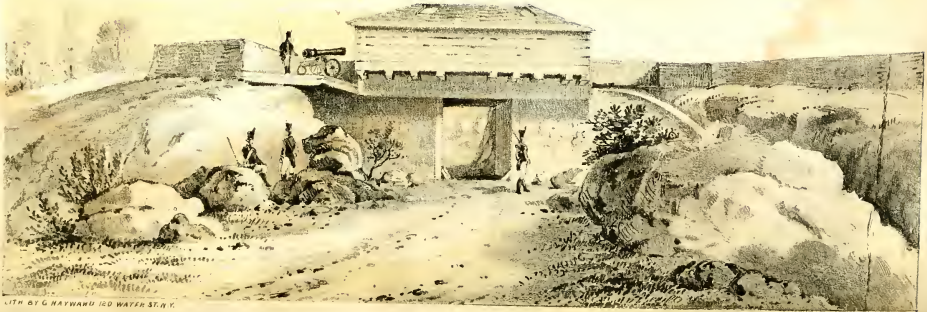
confidence and joy of the various orders of the community; all narrow and bigoted distinctions lost, and absorbed in that noblest of passions, the love of country; the glorious hope, the emulous and patriotic zeal; the dignified and unsullied harmony of the day; and, it may be added, the uninstructed ingenuity of the American mechanic, unfolding itself in the invention of his emblems and motto.

But what most excited surprise in persons unacquainted with the character of American yeomanry, was to see a numberless multitude, in view of a tempting collation, not only adhering to every rule of decorum, unawed by a single bayonet or espontoon; but, though under the influence of public passions, verging to enthusiasm, peaceably, at an early hour, retiring without a single instance of rudeness or impertinence.

To conclude this account of a transaction which will long be remembered, and which reflects infinite honor upon the mild genius of our government, and the inhabitants of this city. Instead of the trophies of war, and of captives in chains, which graced the triumphs of antiquity, we here behold the plough, the ship, and all the implements of useful arts. The wreath of martial glory was exchanged for the garland of peace; and instead of the painful sensations, which in a humane and liberal mind would be excited by the triumphal entry of a conqueror, reeking from the blood and slaughter of thousands of his fellow men, the hearts of all the spectators anticipated with rapture the return of concord, of public and private justice, of individual happiness, and national glory, the constant attendants of a wise, free and efficient system of government.

By order of the committee of arrangements,

RICHARD PLATT, Chairman.



LITH. BY G. HAYWARD 120 WATER ST. N.Y.

FOR D.T. VALENTINE'S MANUAL 1856

GATE AT Mc GOWANS PASS, 1814

PETITION

OF THE

COMMON COUNCIL OF NEW YORK FOR A NEW CHARTER.

(From the Files in the Secretary's Office, Albany.)

[Land Papers X., 130.]

To his Excellency John Montgomerie Esqr., Captain Generall and Governor in chief of the provinces of New York, New Jersey and Territories depending thereon in America, and Vice Admirall of the same, &c. In Councill.

The Humble petition of the Mayor Aldermen and Comonalty of the City of New York,

Sheweth:

That the City of New York is an antient City and the Citizens thereof have antiently held and used and still do hold and use divers and sundry rights, libertyes, priviledges, ffranchises, ffreecustomes, preheminencyes, advantages, jurisdictions, emoluments, imunityes, lands, tenements, publick buildings and hereditaments, as well by the name of the Mayor, Aldermen and Comonality of the City of New York as otherwise, as well to the great improvement of his Majesties Revenue and the sensible encrease of navigation, trade and comerce as to the advancement of the said City in its number of buildings and inhabitants, whereby the said City is become a considerable seaport and exceedingly necessary and usefull to Great Brittain in supplying his Majesties Governments in the Westindies with bread, fflower and other provisions.

That the said Corporation and Citizens have ever been strenuous assertors of the Protestant Religion, and upon all occasions shew'd an hearty and earnest zeal for the protestant succession in his Majesties illustrious house, and have ever demonstrated their sincere loyalty and affection to the Crown of Great Brittain by an unfeigned readyness and alacrity in paying all due regard to the support of the honour and dignity of this his Majesties Government, and in the chearfull payment of those dutyes and taxes for that purpose levyed and raised and in which they bear a voluntary though very great part. And as this City under the influence of his Majesties just, mild and gracious Government as well as that of his royall predecessors, is grown large and populous, and under your Excellencyes wise and prudent administration hath a fair prospect of a numerous accession of inhabitants, the same grows dayly sensible of its want of sufficient power and authority so to regulate and improve these great advantages as might render it of farther use and service to the Crown, to the advancement of morality and true religion, to their trade and naviga-

tion, to the better order, rule and government thereof, and to the generall good of the whole body of people in this his Maties Collony of New York. Wherefore your Excellencyes petitioners most humbly pray that your Excellency and the Honble. Councill of this Collony will be favourably pleased to direct and order his Majesties letters patent under the great seal of this Collony to pass in the royall style for confirming and granting to this City and Corporation by the name, style and title of the Mayor, Aldermen and (Clause the 1st.) Commonality of the City of New York, All their land, tenements, publick buildings and hereditamts., wharfs, dockes, bridges, slips, fferryes, cranes, grants, charters, rights, libertyes, priviledges, ffranchises, ffreecustomes, prehemencyes, advantages, jurisdictions, emoluments and imunityes now and heretofore by them held and enjoyed, and that for the greater ease and encouragemt. of trade the bounds and limits of this City be enlarged and do hereafter extend to and comprehend four hundred feet beyond low water mark on Hudsons river, from a certain Creek or Kill called Bestavers Killitie southward to the ffort, and from thence the same number of feet beyond low water mark round the ffort and along the East river as far as to the north side of a certain hill called Curlaers hook, and that they may have the soil thereof at a reasonable quittrent.

2d. That the Corporation aforesaid may have the sole power and authority of appointing fferryes round this Island, with the profitts, benefitts and advantages arising therefrom with such ffees as shall be regulated by act of Assembly.

3d. That they have the grant of all the markett houses, docks, slips and wharfs with craneage and wharfage and all other profitts which may accrue thereby.

4th. That they have power to appoint Serjeants at Mace, Marshalls, Goalers, Surveyors of fflower and other provisions, Measurers, Porters, Carmen, Guagers, Packers and Cullers, Beadles, Bellmen, Sealors of weights and measures, Scavingers and other necessary officers, and that such officers be appointed by the Mayor by and with the advice and consent of the Comon Councill.

5th. That the Mayor have power to depute one of the Aldermen his Deputy to act as he himself might do, and that the Mayor or in case of his death, sickness or abseuce, the Deputy Mayor or Recorder with any two or more of the Aldermen may hold a Court of comon pleas on every Tuesday in the year and that they have power to adjourn the same to any day not exceeding twenty-eight from the sitting from which such adjournment is made.

6th. That the Mayor and Recorder or either of them with the Major part of [the] Alderman and Assistants may hold comon Councills and make or repeal their by Laws and Ordinances as in their discretion shall seem meet, which By Laws or Ordinances shall continue of fforce for twelve months unless they shall repeal the same.

7th. That the City be divided into Seven wards, which wards may be hereafter sett out at the discretion of the comon Councill, and that each ward have the accustom'd officers to be chosen annually as usuall, with such a number of constables in each ward as the comon Councill shall judge necessary, and that they be the sole Judges of the Elections and Qualifications of their members and officers.

8th. That the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen shall be at all times Justices of the peace for the City and County, and each of them have power severally to hear and determine all pleas of fourty shillings and under, and that the said Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen have power to nominate and appoint proper Officers for that Court.

9th. That the Mayor, Recorder or Deputy Mayor, with any three or more of the Aldermen, have power to administer proper and lawful Oaths to the ffreemen and Officers of this Corporation, and that they have power in the Mayors Court to make such and so many ffreemen as they shall think fitt, and to restrain all unffreemen from exercising any trade or occupation within the same.

10th. That if the day of the Election to be made by Charter, or if the day of the Oath to be administered or taken by any Officer should happen on a Sunday, such election to be made and oath administered the day following.

11th. That the Corporation aforesaid have power to build an house of Correction or other public buildings and appoint proper officers.

12th. That they may sue for their dues and lawful demands in the name of their Chamberlain in their Mayors Court.

13th. That the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen, or any three or more of them, have power to hold general quarter Sessions of the peace for the City and County, and that the Mayor, Recorder and oldest Alderman be of the quorum.

14th. That the Corporation aforesaid have a Confirmation and Grant of the Lands they hold on Nassau Island, the ferry, ferry-houses and appurtenances thereunto belonging and appertaining.

15th. That the Mayor, Recorder, Sheriff, Coroner and (after the decease of Mr. William Sharpas) Town Clerk be elective.

16th. That no Attorney be admitted to practice in the Mayors Court but such as shall be chosen, elected and sworn by the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen, and approved of by the Governour, and that the number of Attorneys to be admitted be limited and appointed by the Governour and nominated in the Charter.

17th. That Mr. William Sharpas may be appointed Town Clerk in the Charter for life, and that

18th. Your Excellency be pleased to grant to the Corporation aforesaid such other powers, libertyes, ffranchises, rights, ffreecustomes, jurisdictions, priviledges, imunityes and things as may be needfull for the good rule and Government thereof. And your Excies. Petitioners as in Duty bound shall ever pray, &c.

REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE OF THE COUNCIL ON THE PETITION OF THE MAYOR, ETC., OF NEW YORK, FOR A NEW CHARTER.

[Land Papers X., 130.]

Att a Comittee of the Councill held at New York, the 7th day of August, 1750.

PRESENT.

Mr. Van Dam,	Mr. Provoost,
Mr. Clarke,	Mr. Kennedy,
Mr. Harrison,	Mr. De Laneey,
Mr. Allexander,	Mr. Courtlandt.

May it please your Excellency:

In obedience to your Exeellencyes order in Councill of the 6th instant, we have considered of the Petition of the Mayor, Aldermen and Comonalty of the City of New York and take the preamble to be true.

First. It's agreed that what's in the 1st paragraph of the petitionary part may be granted, excepting these words at the end of it, vizt. (And that they may have soyl thereof at a reasonable quitt rent.)

As to which words it's agreed that they may have the soil as pray'ed from Bestavers Killitie to the limitts of the ffort of New York upon the North river. From thence leaving out for the use of the ffort all the west side of the street that leads down to Whitehall. Again, it's agreed that they may have the soil from the west side of the said street eastward along the East river to the north side of Corlaers hook. Provided allways, that nothing in the grant shall be construed to impower or intitle them to wharf out before any persons who have prior grants from the Crown of keys or wharfs beyond low water mark, without the aetuall agreement of such persons, their heirs or assigns, owners of such keys or wharfs.

Second Clause agreed to exeepting that it's agreed that the ffees of ffer-radges shall be such as shall be appointed by the Governour and Councill or by Act of Assembly.

Third Clause agreed to.

Fourth Clause agreed to.

Fifth Clause agreed to.

Sixth Clause agreed to.

Seventh Clause agreed to.

Eighth Clause agreed to.

Ninth Clause agreed to.

Tenth Clause agreed to.

Eleventh Clause agreed to.

Instead of the Twelfth Clause it's agreed that they may sue for their dues and lawfull demands in the name of their Chamberlain.

Thirteenth agreed to.

Fourteenth agreed to.

Fifteenth to be reconsidered.

Sixteenth submitted to his Excellency.

Seventeenth submitted to his Excellency.

It's farther agreed under the eighth article that the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen shall at all times, when Comissions of oyer and terminer and General Goal delivery do issue for the said City be Justices mentioned in such Comissions.

Under the same head it is agreed that there be power to the Mayor, Recorder and Town Clerk or any one of them, to administer the proper Oaths to the Aldermen as such and as Justices of the peace and Justices of oyer and terminer and Generall Goal delivery.

Fifteenth upon consideration disagreed to.

Eighteenth. It is agreed that the Mayor for the time being be Clerk of ye. Markett.

That the Jurisdiction of the City do begin at Kings bridge, and from thence to run down by low water mark along the main land untill it comes where ye. shortest distance is from Long Island, so that within the said Jurisdiction be included the two barn Islands from whence running the said shortest distance to low water mark on Long Island, and from thence down by low water mark along Long Island to the red hook, and from thence on a streight line to the southermost part of ye. southermost Oyster Island, and from thence running northerly on the west side of the three Oyster Islands up the stream of Hudsons river to Spitting Devil, and from thence along low water mark to Kings bridge, the place of beginning.

That the wharfs towards the rivers to be made of ffourty foot broad as well for the greater conveniency of Trade as to plant Batteryes upon in case of any necessity appearing for so doing, to do which power is hereby reserved.

The Quitt rent to be ten shillings p. ann. over and above the former quitt rents. All which is submitted to your Excellency by

Your Excellencyes most obedient humble servants,

By order of the Comittee,

Ja. Allexander, Ch.

New York Secrryes Office, Janry the 9th, 1730.

I hereby certifye that the aforegoing purporting to be a copy of the petition of the Corporation of New York for sundry powers and other things to be granted to them by Charter, and of the report of the Councill thereon made, is a true copy of the sd. orginall petition and report, as the same are remaining in the Secrryes Office for the province of New York.

Ffredk. Morris, D. Secrry.

RETURN

OF

SURVEY OF THE WATER LINE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

[Land Papers X., 129.]

Pursuant to his Excellency's Warrant dated the 13th day of August 1730, To me directed.

I have survey'd for the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York the Soil of Hudson's River, extending from a small run of Water called Bestaver's Killitie to the South side of the Street which runs from the Parade before the Fort to Hudson's River, which run of water was shown to me by Leonard Du Grave aged Seventy three years, Johannes Van Guilder aged sixty-six years, Cornelius Clopper aged fifty-eight years, William Hyer aged sixty-one years and Jacob Bloom aged fifty-four years, who all voluntary made oath that they had severally known the said small run of water by the name of Bestaver's Killitie ever since they can remember and that none of them ever heard it called by any other name and in the presence of the above named Persons and of John Chambers, James Levingston, George Lurting, Oliver Rosevelt and Alexander Colden, I began at a Certain place near High Water Mark on the South end of a piece of Upland which lyes between the said River and a piece of Meadow Ground or Marsh being the first piece of Meadow Ground or Marsh near Hudson's River to the Southward of Greenwich and from whence the said Bestavers Killitie runs into Hudson's River. From which place of Beginning to the South side of the said Street from before the Fort running South eighteen degrees thirty minutes west on a Streight line the Distance is One hundred and twenty five Chains which line with the perpendicular breadth of four hundred foot from Low Water Mark into the River contains eighty two acres and one half acre. I likewise survey'd for the Mayor Aldermen and Commonalty aforesaid The soil of the East River, from the North side of Corlaer's Hook to White Hall. Beginning at two large Stones set on the South side of a small Creek or a Marsh on the North side of Corlaer's Hook from thence to the Eastermost point of Corlaer's Hook the Distance on a straight line running South fifteen Degrees thirty minutes East is forty Chains and two rods, and from thence to Whitehall on a streight line running South seventy eight degrees thirty minutes west the distance is one hundred and fifty two Chains, which two lines with the perpendicular breadth of four hundred foot from Low Water Mark contain One hundred and twenty seven acres.

Given under my hand this 2d of Septr. 1730.

CADWALLADER COLDEN.

WARRANT

TO

SURVEY THE WATER LINE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

[Land Paperr X., 129.]

By his Excellency, John Montgomerie Esq., Captain Genl. &c.

To Cadwallader Colden Esq., Surveyor General of the Province of New York.

Whereas, the Mayor Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York by their humble Petition presented unto me and read in Council, here prayed his Majesty's Royal Charter Confirming and Granting to them Sundry Privileges, and among other things that the Crown will be pleased for the Encouragement of Trade, the bounds and limits of this city be Enlarged and do hereafter Extend to and Comprehend four hundred feet beyond Low water mark on Hudson River, from a certain Creek or kill called Bestaver's Killitie Southward to the Fort, and from thence the same number of feet beyond Low Water mark round the Fort and along the East River as farr as to the North side of a certain Hill called Curlaer's Hook.

And Whereas, his Majesty's Council upon taking the same into consideration did on the 13th of this Instant unanimously advise me to Grant to the said Corporation the Soyle as prayed for, from Bestaver's Killitie to the limits of the Fort of New York upon the North River. From thence leaving out for the use of the Fort all the West side of the Street that leads down to Whitehall, and that they may have the Soyle from the West side of the said street Eastward along the East River to the North side of said Corlaer's Hook. You are therefore hereby required to make a survey of the same accordingly, and all Officers both Majesterial and ministerial are hereby Commanded to give you all suitable assistance in the Execution of the premisses and of what you shall have done herein duly to Certify to me.

Given under my hand and Seal at Arms at Fort George in New York, this thirteenth day of August in the fourth year of his Majesty's Reign, Anno Domini 1730.

WARRANT

TO THE

ATTORNEY GENERAL TO PREPARE A NEW CHARTER FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

[Land Papers X., 130.]

By his Excellency John Montgomerie Esq., Capt. Generall and Governour in chief of the provinces of New York, New Jersey, and Territories thereon depending in America, and Vice Admirall of the same, &c.

To Richard Bradley Esqr., his Maties Attorney Generall for the province of New York.

You are hereby required and comanded to prepare Lres patent for a Charter to the Mayor Aldermen and Comonalty of the City of New York, pursuant to the petition of the said Corporation and the report of his Maties Councill thereon made and by me allow'd and approved of, a copy of which said petition and report is hereunto annexed and for so doing this shall be your Suffict warrant, Given under my hand and Seal at ffort George in New York the xiiith day of August in ye fourth year of his Maties reign annoq Dom 1730.

J. MONTGOMERIE.

By his Excellency's Comand,

Ffredk. Morris D. *Secry.*

